

3.14 (a) SELECT COUNT (Distinct person.driver_id)
FROM owns as O
WHERE O.license-plate in (SELECT license-plate
FROM accidents-participated WHERE accident.
report-number = participated-report-number AND
accident.year=2017)

3.11 c SELECT dept-name, max(salary) as max-salary
FROM instructor group by dept-name
d WITH dept-max (dept-name, max-salary) as
(SELECT dept-name, max (salary)) as max-salary
FROM instructor Group by dept-name)
SELECT min(max-salary) FROM dept-max

3.12 a INSERT INTO course (course-id, title,
dept-name, credits) VALUES ('CS-001', 'Weekly
Seminar', 'Comp-Sci', 0)

b INSERT INTO section (course-id, sec-id,
semester, year) VALUES ('CS-001', '1', 'Fall', 2017)

c INSERT INTO takes (ID, course-id, sec-id, semester, year)
SELECT ID, 'CS-001', '1', 'fall', '2017' FROM student WHERE dept-name = 'Comp-Sci'

d DELETE FROM takes WHERE ID = '12345'
AND (course-id, sec-id, semester, year) = ('CS-001', '1', 'Fall', '2017')

e DELETE FROM course WHERE course-id = 'CS-001'

当删除 course 元组时, 所有相关的 section 元组也会被删除, 所以删除 CS-001 时所有在 section 中的相关行也会被删, 对 course-id 引用会出错

f DELETE FROM takes WHERE course-id in
(SELECT course-id FROM course WHERE LOWER(title) LIKE '%advanced%')

3.13 CREATE TABLE person (

driver-id int, name varchar(20) not null
address varchar(50) not null PRIMARY KEY (driver-id))

CREATE TABLE carC

license-plate char(8) model varchar(10)

year int, PRIMARY-KEY (license-plate)

CREATE TABLE accidentC

report-number int, year int

location varchar(50) PRIMARY-KEY (report-number);

CREATE TABLE ownsC

driver-id int, license-plate char(8)

PRIMARY-KEY (driver-id, license-plate) FOREIGN-KEY (driver-id) references person FOREIGN-KEY (license-plate) references car);

CREATE TABLE participatedC report-number int, license-plate char(8) driver-id int, damage-amount NUMERIC(10,2), PRIMARY-KEY (report-number, license-plate), FOREIGN-KEY (report-number) references accident, FOREIGN-KEY (license-plate) references car

FOREIGN KEY (driver_id) references person);

3.28 SELECT id, name FROM instructor as i
WHERE NOT EXISTS (SELECT course_id FROM
course WHERE dept_name = i.dept_name) EXCEPT
(SELECT course_id FROM teaches WHERE teaches_id
= i.id) ORDER BY name ASC

4.3 a SELECT * FROM student NATURAL JOIN takes
UNION

SELECT ID, name, dept_name, tot_cred, null,
null, null, null, null

FROM student s1

WHERE NOT EXISTS (SELECT ID FROM takes
T1 WHERE T1.id = s1.id)

b (SELECT * FROM student NATURAL JOIN takes)
UNION

(SELECT ID, name, dept_name, tot_cred, null,
null, null, null, null
FROM student s1)

WHERE NOT EXISTS (SELECT ID FROM takes T,
WHERE T.i_id = S.i_id))

UNION

(SELECT ID, null, null, null, course-id, sec-id,
semester, year, grade FROM takes T,
WHERE NOT EXISTS (SELECT ID FROM
student S) WHERE T.i_id = S.i_id))

4.17 SELECT s.id FROM student s
LEFT OUTER JOIN advisor a ON
s.i_id = a.s_id WHERE a.i_id IS NULL
OR a.s_id IS NULL