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1 pro JupiterPlasma, loc, M, zeta, plasma_info, lam, phi, $
2   ElecTherm=ElecTherm, ElecEner=ElecEner, IonTherm=IonTherm, IonEner=IonEner
3
4 common constants
5 common ratecoefs
6 common plasma
7
8 ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
9 ::
10 :: Determines the plasma density and temperature as a function of location in
11 :: the IPT
12 ::
13 :: OUTPUTS:
14 ::   ElecTherm: state of the thermal electrons
15 ::   IonTherm: state of thermal ions
16 ::   ElecEner: state of the energetic electrons
17 ::   IonEner: state of energetic ions
18 ::
19 :: Version History
20 ::   3.1: 1/31/2011
21 ::   3.0: 12/6/2010
22 ::   * updating
23 ::   2.0: 5/27/2009
24 :: Starting over from scratch. Removing all the variability and using a simple
25 :: offset, tilted dipole. Can add other effects in later.
26 ::
27 ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
28
29 num = n_elements(*loc.t)
30
31 ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
32 :: State of the thermal electrons
33 if ((kappa.eimp) and (plasma_info.thermal)) then begin
34   n_e = interpol(*plasma.n_e, *plasma.L, M)
35   t_e = interpol(*plasma.t_e, *plasma.L, M)
36   H = interpol(*plasma.h_e, *plasma.L, M)
37
38   hq = where(n_e LE 0, hct) & if (hct NE 0) then n_e[hq] = 0.
39   hq = where(t_e LE 0.01, hct) & if (hct NE 0) then t_e[hq] = 0.01
40   hq = where(H LE .1, hct) & if (hct NE 0) then H[hq] = .1
41
42   q = where(M GT max(*plasma.L), nq)
43   if (nq NE 0) then begin
44     t_e[q] = 0.01
45     H[q] = .1
46   endif
47
48   n_e = n_e * exp( -(zeta/H)^2 )
49   ElecTherm = {n_e:ptr_new(n_e), t_e:ptr_new(t_e)}
50 endif
51

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52  ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
53  ;; State of the energetic electrons
54  if ((kappa.eimp) and (plasma_info.energetic)) then begin
55      n_ehot = interpol(*plasmahot.n_e, *plasmahot.L, M)
56      t_ehot = interpol(*plasmahot.t_e, *plasmahot.L, M)
57      Hhot = interpol(*plasmahot.h_e, *plasmahot.L, M)
58
59      hq = where(n_ehot LE 0, hct) & if (hct NE 0) then n_ehot[hq] = 0.
60      hq = where(t_ehot LE 0.01, hct) & if (hct NE 0) then t_ehot[hq] = 0.01
61      hq = where(HHot LE .1, hct) & if (hct NE 0) then HHot[hq] = .1
62
63      q = where(M GT max(*plasmahot.L), nq)
64      if (nq NE 0) then begin
65          t_ehot[q] = 0.01
66          Hhot[q] = .1
67      endif
68
69      n_ehot = n_ehot * exp( -(zeta/Hhot)^2 )
70      ElecEner = {n_e:ptr_new(n_ehot), t_e:ptr_new(t_ehot)}
71  endif
72
73  ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
74  ;; State of the Thermal ions
75  if ((kappa.chx) and (plasma_info.thermal)) then begin
76      nion = n_elements(kappa.ions)
77      ThermDen = fltarr(num, nion)
78      ThermH = fltarr(num, nion)
79      for i=0,nion-1 do begin
80          ;; For each ion in the rate coefficient, determine the ion density and scale height
81          q = (where(*plasma.ions EQ (kappa.ions)[i]))[0]
82          if (q NE -1) then begin
83              ThermDen[*i] = interpol((*plasma.n_i)[*,q], *plasma.L, M)
84              ThermH[*i] = interpol((*plasma.h_i)[*,q], *plasma.L, M)
85          endif
86      endfor
87      hq = where(ThermDen LE 0, hct) & if (hct NE 0) then ThermDen[hq] = 0
88      hq = where(ThermH LE 0.1, hct) & if (hct NE 0) then ThermH[hq] = 0.1
89
90      ii = replicate(1., nion)
91      ThermDen = ThermDen * exp(-((zeta#ii)/ThermH)^2)
92      ThermT = ThermH*0. ;; Currently do not include effects of ion thermal motion
93
94      IonTherm = {n_i:ptr_new(ThermDen), t_i:ptr_new(ThermT)}
95  endif
96
97  ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
98  ;; State of the Energetic ions
99  ;; Don't include charge exchange with hot ions
100  ;;if ((chx) and (plasma_info.energetic)) then begin
101  ;;  IonEner = {n_i:ptr_new(0), t_i:ptr_new(0)}
102  ;;endif

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103  
104 end  
105
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