

Agenda

- Data Introduction
- Exploratory Data Analysis
- Automated ML
- ML Pipeline Designer
- Business Suggestions

OBJECTIVE

Automate The Loan Eligibility Process

in real-time based on customer details provided in the online application form.

Dataset Introduction

Categorical (7):

- Gender
- Married
- Dependents
- Education
- Self_Employed
- Credit_History
- Property_Area

Numerical (4):

- ApplicantIncome
- CoapplicantIncome
- LoanAmount
- Loan_Amount_Term

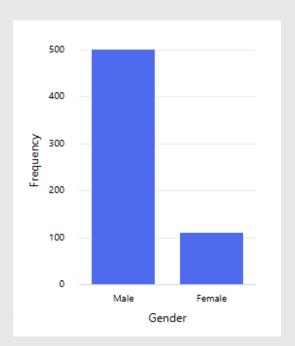
| Feature | Count | Unique Value Count | Missing Value Count |
|-------------------|-------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | l | l |
| Gender | 601 | 2 | 13 |
| Married | 611 | 2 | 3 |
| Dependents | 599 | 4 | 15 |
| Education | 614 | 2 | 0 |
| Self_Employed | 582 | 2 | 32 |
| ApplicantIncome | 614 | 505 | 0 |
| CoapplicantIncome | 614 | 287 | 0 |
| LoanAmount | 592 | 203 | 22 |
| Loan_Amount_Term | 600 | 10 | 14 |
| Credit_History | 564 | 2 | 50 |
| Property_Area | 614 | 3 | 0 |
| Loan_Status | 614 | 2 | 0 |

Exploratory Data Analysis

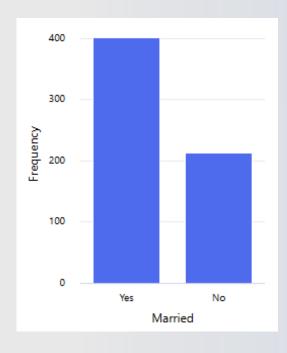


Univariate Analysis - Categorical

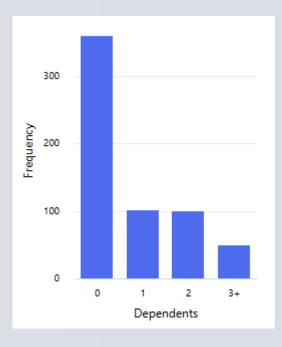
Gender



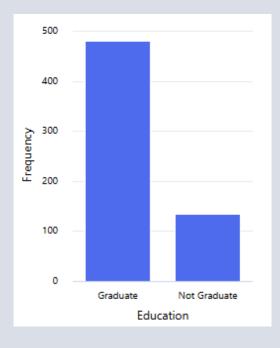
Married



Dependents

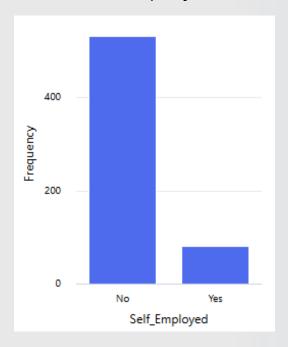


Education

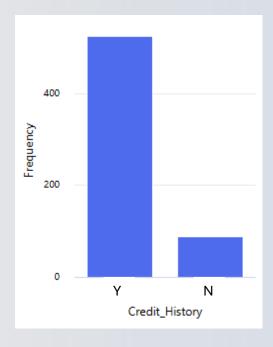




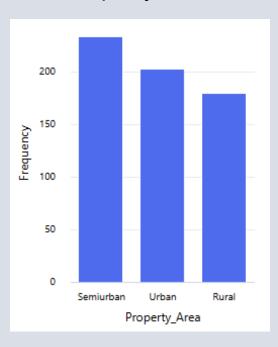
Self_Employed



Credit_History

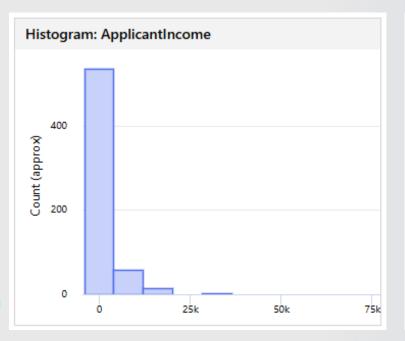


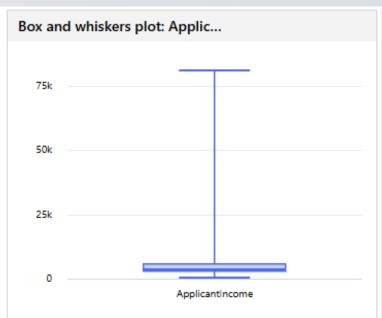
Property_Area





ApplicantIncome

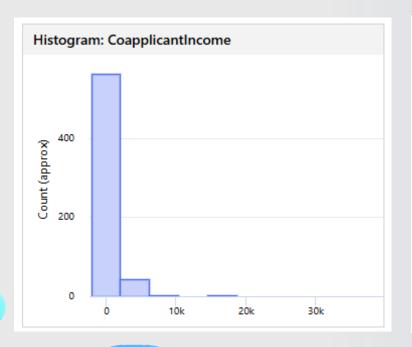


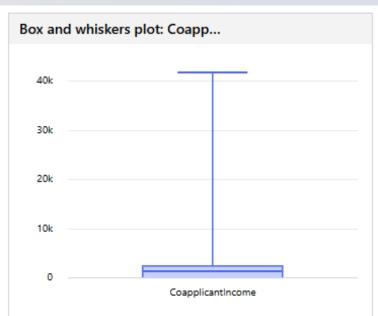


| Min | 150.00 |
|-----------------|----------|
| Q1 (approx) | 2869.36 |
| Median (approx) | 3804.22 |
| Q3 (approx) | 5791.80 |
| Max | 81000.00 |
| | |
| Moments (2) | |
| Moments (2) | 5403.46 |



CoapplicantIncome

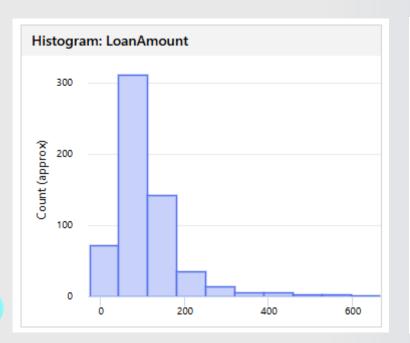


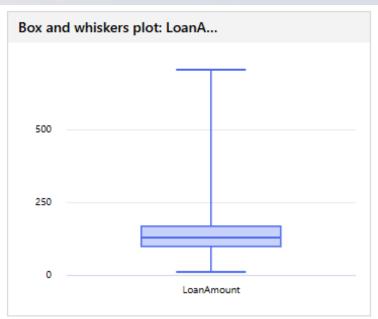


| Min | 0.00 | | |
|-----------------|----------|--|--|
| Q1 (approx) | 0.00 | | |
| Median (approx) | 1178.08 | | |
| Q3 (approx) | 2299.20 | | |
| Max | 41667.00 | | |
| Moments (2) | | | |
| Mean | 1621.25 | | |
| Std deviation | 2926.25 | | |



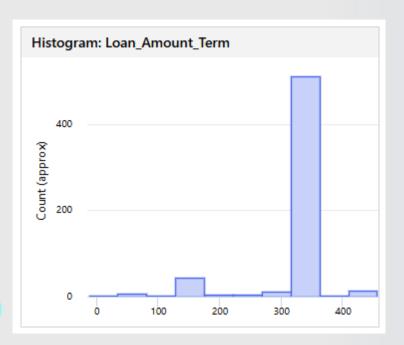
LoanAmount (in 1000)

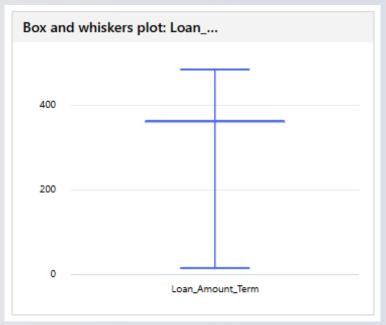




| Min | 9.00 | | |
|-----------------|--------|--|--|
| Q1 (approx) | 100.00 | | |
| Median (approx) | 127.50 | | |
| Q3 (approx) | 167.74 | | |
| Max | 700.00 | | |
| Moments (2) | | | |
| Mean | 146.41 | | |
| Std deviation | 85.59 | | |

Loan_Amount_Term (months)



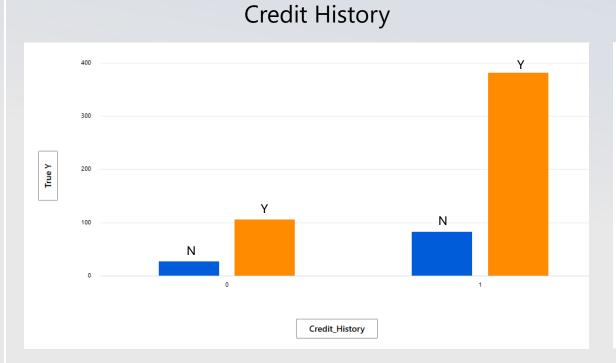


| Min | 12.00 | | | |
|-----------------|--------|--|--|--|
| Q1 (approx) | 360.00 | | | |
| Median (approx) | 360.00 | | | |
| Q3 (approx) | 360.00 | | | |
| Max | 480.00 | | | |
| Moments (2) | | | | |
| Mean | 342.00 | | | |
| Std deviation | 65.12 | | | |

Target Variable



Bivariate Analysis

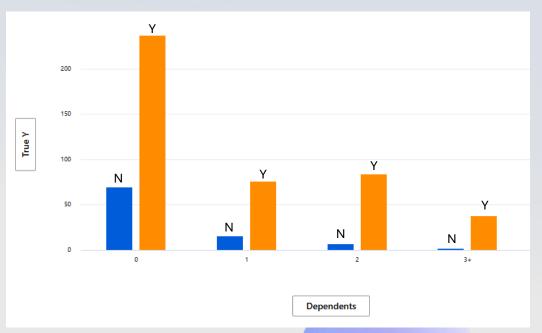




Bivariate Analysis

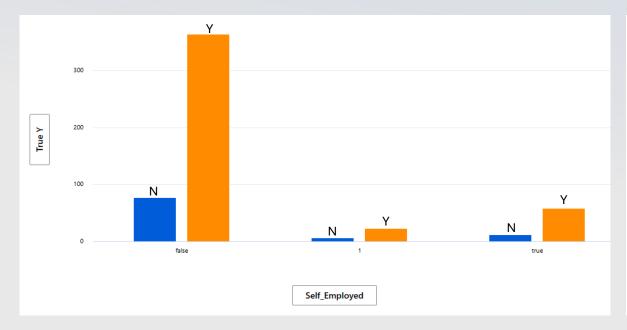


Dependents

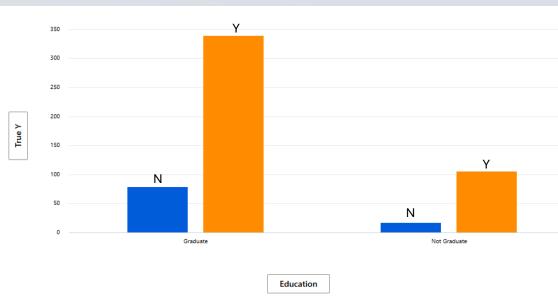


Bivariate Analysis

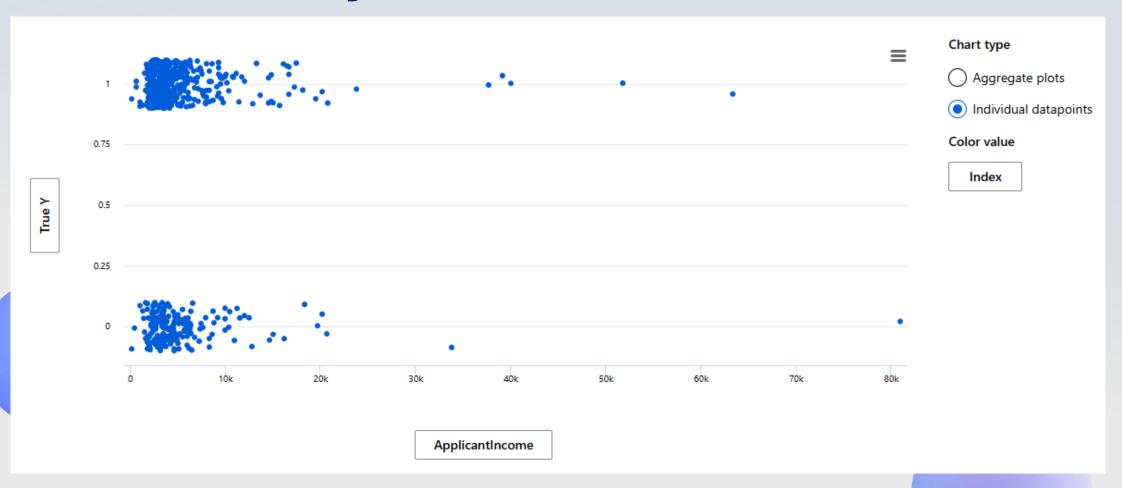
Self Employed



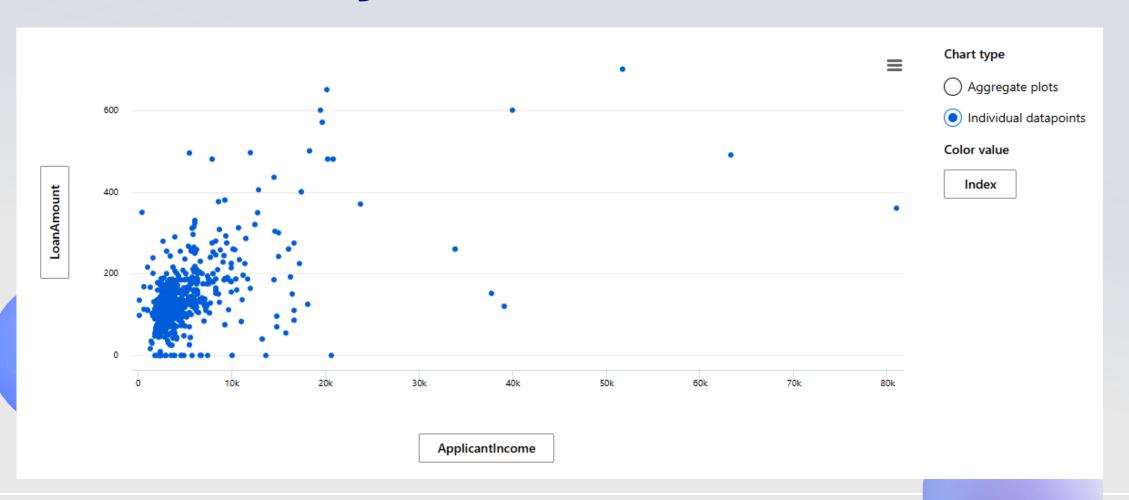
Education



Bivariate Analysis - Applicant Income vs Loan Approval



Bivariate Analysis - Applicant Income vs Loan Amount



Automated ML MODEL EVALUATION

Top Performing Model - Evaluated Across 60 models

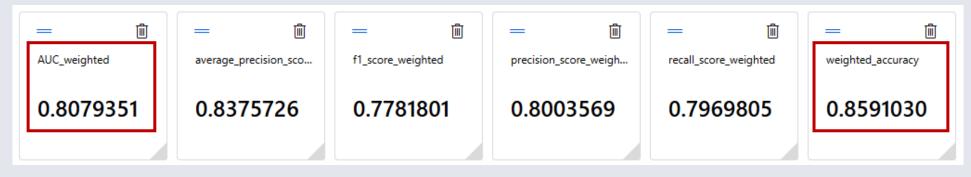
Train 90% | Test 10% | K-Fold Validation: 10

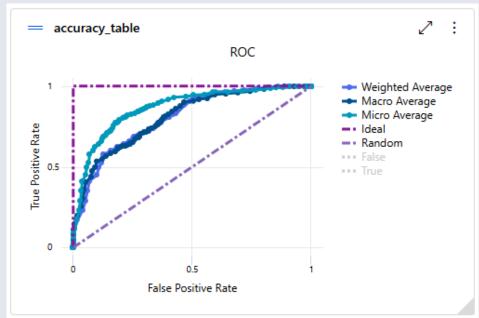
| Algorithm name | Explained | Responsible Al | AUC weighted ↓ |
|---|------------------|----------------|----------------|
| VotingEnsemble | View explanation | | 0.80794 |
| SparseNormalizer, XGBoostClassifier | | | 0.77575 |
| SparseNormalizer, RandomForest | | | 0.77526 |
| SparseNormalizer, XGBoostClassifier | | | 0.77416 |
| SparseNormalizer, XGBoostClassifier | | | 0.77208 |
| StandardScalerWrapper, XGBoostClassifier | | | 0.76910 |
| SparseNormalizer, XGBoostClassifier | | | 0.76863 |
| SparseNormalizer, XGBoostClassifier | | | 0.76655 |
| StandardScalerWrapper, RandomForest | | | 0.76649 |
| StandardScalerWrapper, XGBoostClassifier | | | 0.76635 |
| Standard Scaler Wrapper, XGBoost Classifier | | | 0.76572 |

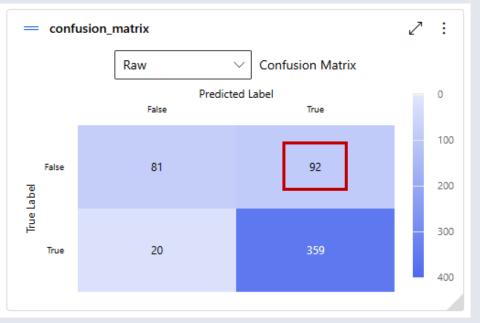
••••

Best Model - VotingEnsemble

Train Dataset

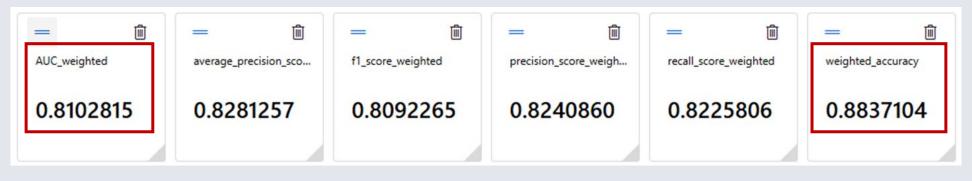


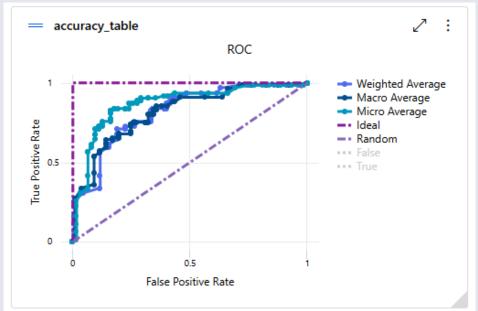


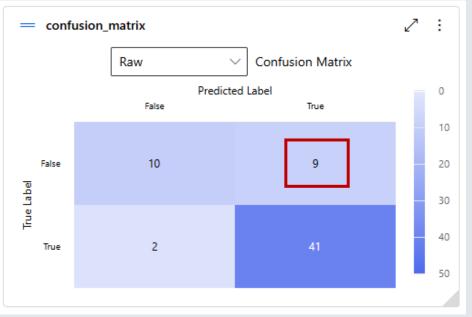


Best Model - VotingEnsemble

Test Dataset

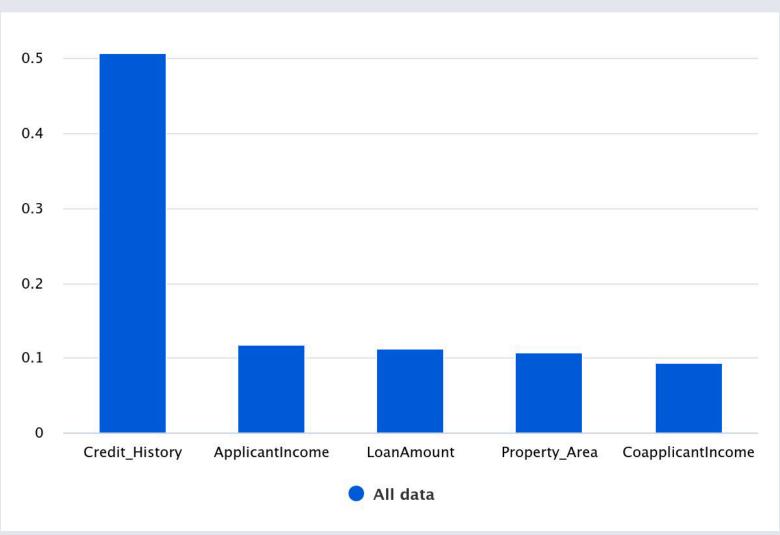






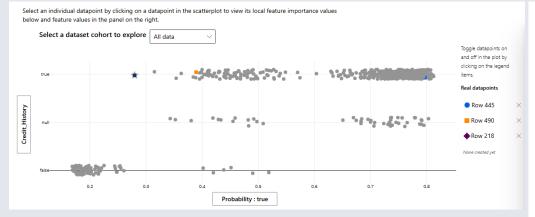
Best Model - VotingEnsemble

Top 5 Feature Importance

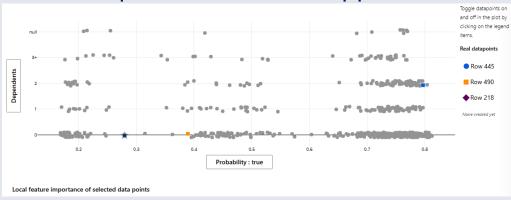


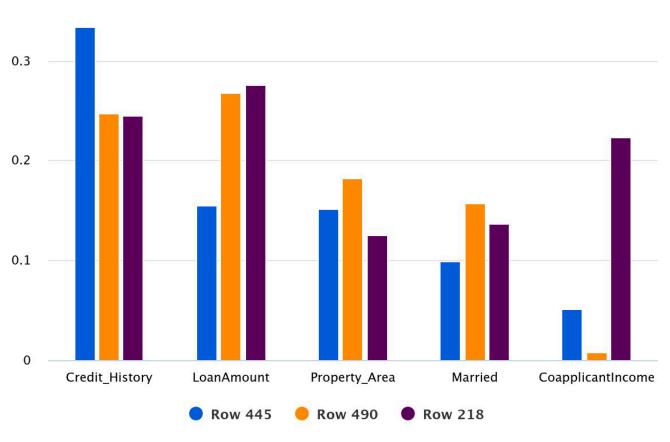
Individual Feature Importance

Credit History vs Loan Approval



Dependents vs Loan Approval





ML Pipeline Designer

Model Pipeline Workflow



Data Preprocessing:

Duplicates, Select columns, Missing Values, Normalization, Encoding

Create Inference Pipeline

Step 2

Step 1

Step 4

Step 3

Model Design:

Split data, Choose Algorithms to train model, Evaluate models

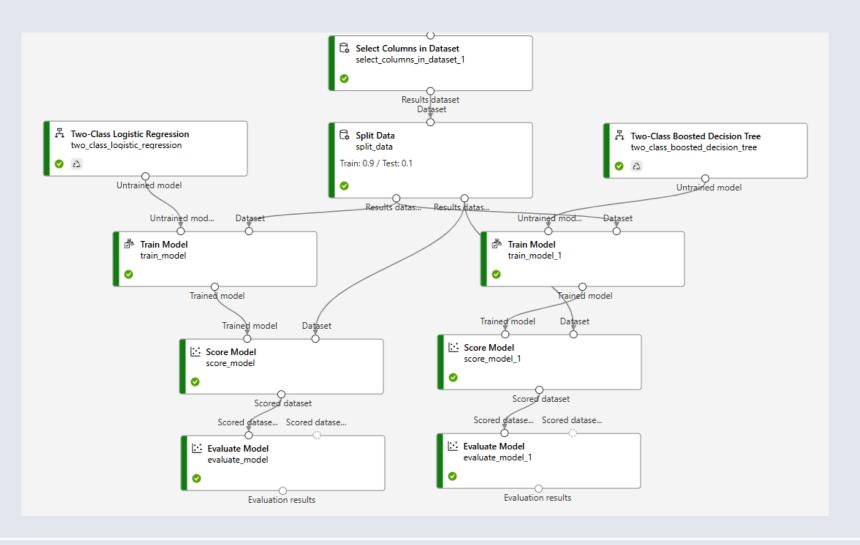
Deploy Selected Model

Data Preprocessing Pipeline



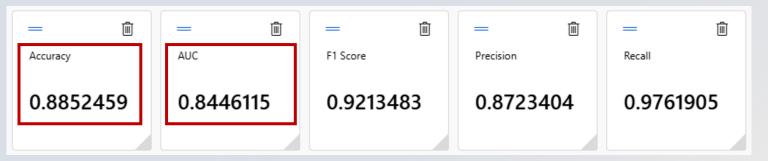


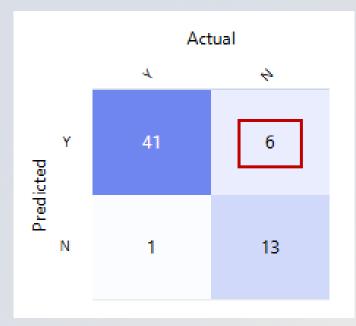
Data Preprocessing Pipeline

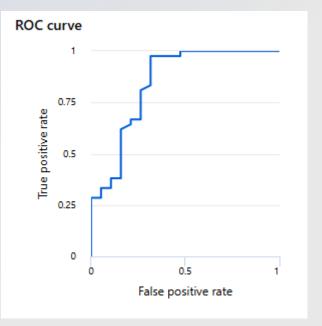


Two-Class Logistic Regression

Model Performance



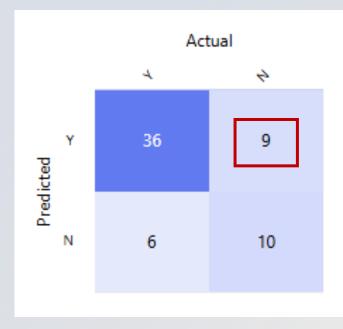


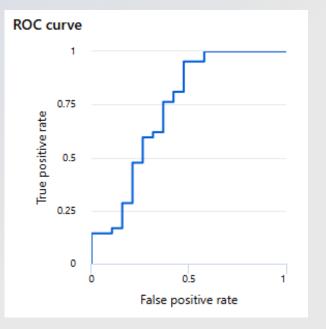


Two-Class Boosted Decision Tree

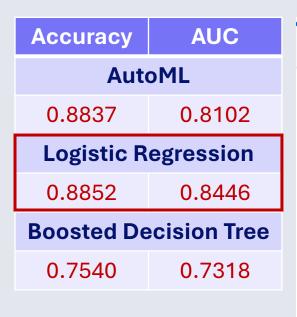
Model Performance

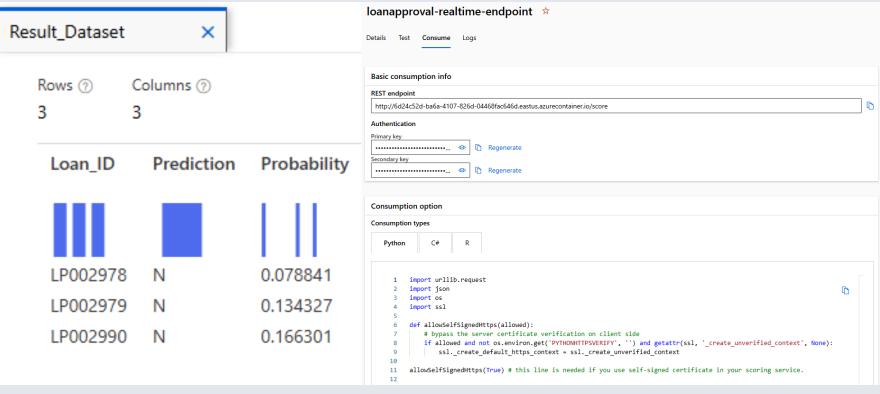






Best Model Deployment Two-Class Logistic Regression





Best Model Deployment

Two-Class Logistic Regression

Loan Approval Predictions: Loan ID Prediction Probability LP001066 0.899938 LP001068 0.444942 LP001109 0.250086 LP001112 0.520912 LP001279 0.283755 LP001356 0.617396 LP001379 0.376486 LP001469 0.984608 LP001915 0.326312 LP001917 0.157632 LP002031 0.209004 LP002053 0.576088 LP002113 0.107611 LP002126 0.383330 LP002151 0.322810 LP002785 0.248333 LP002788 0.180179 LP002983 0.628469 LP002984 0.719709 LP002990 0.496504

Load CSV File to Test

```
import urllib.request
import ison
import os
import ssl
import pandas as pd
def allowSelfSignedHttps(allowed):
   # Bypass the server certificate verification on client side
   if allowed and not os.environ.get('PYTHONHTTPSVERIFY', '') and getattr(ssl, '_create_unverified_context', None):
        ssl._create_default_https_context = ssl._create_unverified_context
allowSelfSignedHttps(True) # This line is needed if you use self-signed certificate in your scoring service.
# Load CSV data
csv_file_path = "loan_data_test.csv" # Replace with your CSV file path
df = pd.read_csv(csv_file_path)
# Convert dataframe to the required JSON format
input_data = df.to_dict(orient="records") # Convert rows to list of dictionaries
# Structure it according to the model input schema
data = {"Inputs": {"input1": input_data}, "GlobalParameters": {}}
# Convert to JSON string
body = str.encode(json.dumps(data))
url = 'http://6d24c52d-ba6a-4107-826d-04468fac646d.eastus.azurecontainer.io/score'
api key = '2wMrAKx6lr5nAMd93WFyZP3ckdNCpa88'
if not api_key:
   raise Exception("A key should be provided to invoke the endpoint")
headers = {'Content-Type': 'application/json', 'Authorization': ('Bearer ' + api_key)}
req = urllib.request.Request(url, body, headers)
try:
   response = urllib.request.urlopen(req)
    # Decode the response and convert to JSON
    result = json.loads(response.read().decode('utf-8'))
    # Extract predictions (adjusting based on API response structure)
    if "Results" in result and "WebServiceOutput0" in result["Results"]:
       predictions = result["Results"]["WebServiceOutput0"]
       # Convert to DataFrame and display the results in a tabular format
        result_df = pd.DataFrame(predictions)
        print("\nLoan Approval Predictions:\n")
       print(result_df.to_string(index=False)) # Print formatted table without index
       print("Unexpected response format:", result)
except urllib error HTTPError as error:
    print("The request failed with status code:", error.code)
    print(error.info())
                                                                                                                . . .
    print(error.read().decode("utf8", 'ignore'))
```

Input Data Manually

```
import urllib.request
import json
import os
import ssl
def allowSelfSignedHttps(allowed):
   # bypass the server certificate verification on client side
    if allowed and not os.environ.get('PYTHONHTTPSVERIFY', '') and getattr(ssl, '_create_unverified_context', None):
        ssl._create_default_https_context = ssl._create_unverified_context
allowSelfSignedHttps(True) # this line is needed if you use self-signed certificate in your scoring service.
# Request data goes here
# The example below assumes JSON formatting which may be updated
# depending on the format your endpoint expects.
# More information can be found here:
# https://docs.microsoft.com/azure/machine-learning/how-to-deploy-advanced-entry-script
    "Inputs":{
        "input1": [
                'Loan_ID': 'LP001233',
                'Gender': 'Male'.
                'Married': 'Yes',
                'Dependents': 0,
                'Education': 'Graduate',
                'Self_Employed': 'No',
                'ApplicantIncome': 1075000
                'CoapplicantIncome': 50000,
                'LoanAmount': 20,
                'Loan_Amount_Term': 120,
                'Credit_History': 1,
                'Property_Area': 'Semiurban'
                'Loan ID': 'LP001036'.
                'Gender': 'Female',
                'Married': 'No',
                'Dependents': 0,
                'Education': 'Graduate',
                'Self_Employed': 'No',
                'ApplicantIncome': 3510,
                'CoapplicantIncome': 0,
                'LoanAmount': 76,
                'Loan_Amount_Term': 360,
                'Credit History': 0.
                                                                                                             . . .
                'Property_Area': 'Urban'
```

Business Suggestions

Expand Data Collection

Incorporate employment history, debt-to-income ratio, and credit data to enhance model accuracy.

Feature Engineering

Develop financial ratios such as loan-to-value to enhance predictive capabilities.

Model Optimization

Adjust hyperparameters and test advanced algorithms to boost performance.

User Feedback Integration

Gather insights from loan officers and customers to refine and enhance predictions.

Regular Model Updates

Continuously retrain the model with updated data to stay aligned with market trends and customer behaviors.

Thank you

Li Wu Metro College of Technology Jan 27, 2025

