



# **GUIDELINES FOR GEFORCE RTX TECHNOLOGIES**

**Ray Tracing, NVIDIA DLSS, NVIDIA Image Scaling, NVIDIA DLAA, and  
NVIDIA Adaptive Shading**

## NVIDIA DLSS

Deep Learning Super Sampling (DLSS) is an NVIDIA RTX technology which uses a deep learning neural network to boost frame rates and generate beautiful, sharp images for your games. It gives you the performance headroom to maximize quality settings and increase output resolution.

For more details on NVIDIA DLSS, see [DLSS: What Does It Mean for Game Developers?](#) as well as the [NVIDIA Turing GPU Architecture Whitepaper](#). Learn more about [DLSS 2.0](#).

### NVIDIA DLSS: Settings Options

Mode	Description	Resolution Support	GPU Support
<b>OFF</b>	Turns DLSS off.	N/A	N/A
<b>AUTO</b>	Selects the best DLSS Mode for the current output resolution.	ALL RESOLUTIONS	ALL RTX GPUs
<b>QUALITY</b>	Offers higher image quality than balanced mode.	ALL RESOLUTIONS	ALL RTX GPUs
<b>BALANCED</b>	Offers both optimized performance and image quality	ALL RESOLUTIONS	ALL RTX GPUs
<b>PERFORMANCE</b>	Offers a higher performance boost than balanced mode.	ALL RESOLUTIONS	ALL RTX GPUs
<b>ULTRA PERFORMANCE</b>	Offers the highest performance boost. <b>Recommended for 8K gameplay only.</b>	ALL RESOLUTIONS	ALL RTX GPUs

# NVIDIA DLSS: UI

## NVIDIA DLSS

SCREEN RESOLUTION1920 X 1080

UPSCALING<NVIDIA DLSS>

NVIDIA DLSS<QUALITY>OFF, AUTO, QUALITY, BALANCED, PERFORMANCE, ULTRA-PERFORMANCE

SHARPNESS0.5Default is 0.5. Range from 0 to 1.0.

ANTI-ALIASING<DISABLED>AA is restored to previous setting when NVIDIA DLSS is disabled

RESOLUTION SCALE100Resolution scale is restored to previous setting when NVIDIA DLSS is disabled

## DLSS UI Checklist:

- NVIDIA DLSS is disabled when on unsupported hardware or driver
- When NVIDIA DLSS is turned on, make sure the anti-aliasing settings are disabled (both UI, as itself)
- When NVIDIA DLSS is turned on, make sure the resolution scale settings are disabled (UI disables, the application uses render target size from DLSS optimal settings)
- When sharpness is on for DLSS, make sure other sharpening features are disabled

## Order of DLSS Modes

When the UI shows the DLSS modes horizontally or in a left-right scrolling list, the order should be:

- Off, Auto, Quality, Balanced, Performance, Ultra-Performance

When the UI shows the DLSS modes vertically or in an up-down scrolling list, the order should be:

1. Off
2. Auto
3. Quality
4. Balanced
5. Performance
6. Ultra-Performance

## DLSS Auto Mode

The DLSS mode titled “Auto” should be the first option in the UI after Off and be enabled by default when NVIDIA RTX hardware is detected. The Auto mode isn’t itself a true mode and should select the appropriate default mode from the table below depending on the current output resolution.

## DLSS Mode Defaults

These are the default DLSS settings based on output resolution:

Default DLSS Mode	Output (Resolution)	Output
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		(Megapixels)
Disabled	Below 1920x1080	Below 2.03
Quality mode	Equal to 1920x1080, equal or below 2560x1440	Up to 3.68
Performance mode	Greater than 2560x1440, equal or below 3840x2160	3.69 - 8.29
Ultra Performance mode	Greater than 3840x2160 (e.g. 5120x2880 and 7680x4320)	8.30+

## DLSS and Dynamic Resolution Systems

As detailed in the DLSS Programming Guide, DLSS can support dynamically varying input sizes if the renderer has a Dynamic Resolution System (DRS).

If DRS is enabled, the game UI should:

1. Present only two options for DLSS: "Off" and "On"; or
2. If the UI system does not allow the DLSS options to change, disable (hide or gray out) all DLSS Modes and only allow the user to select "Off" or "Auto".

## NVIDIA DLSS: UI tooltip or setting description

- **NVIDIA DLSS** *NVIDIA DLSS uses AI Super Resolution to provide the highest possible frame rates at maximum graphics settings. DLSS requires an NVIDIA RTX graphics card.*
  - **Japanese version:** NVIDIA DLSSは最大のグラフィック設定で可能な限り最高のフレームレートを実現するように使用されます。DLSSを使用するにはRTXグラフィックカードが必要です。

## NVIDIA DLSS: Localization Guidelines

- **NVIDIA DLSS** - *The DLSS package contains a "RTX Developer Localization Strings.zip" file. Inside the zip, there is a READ\_ME.txt that has instructions on how to use the localized strings.*
  - *Here are the following languages localized: ar-SA, cs-CZ, da-DK, de-DE, el-GR, en-GB, es-ES, es-MX, fi-FL, fr-FR, he-IL, hu-HU, it-IT, ja-JP, ko-KR, nb-NO, nl-NL, pl-PL, pt-BR, pt-PT, ru-RU, sk-SK, sl-SI, sv-SE, th-TH, tr-TR, zh-CN, zh-TW*

## NVIDIA IMAGE SCALING

NVIDIA Image Scaling enables developers to complement their NVIDIA DLSS integrations, so they can provide the best image quality with NVIDIA DLSS, and cross-platform support with

NVIDIA Image Scaling. NVIDIA Image Scaling offers best-in-class spatial scaling and sharpening and supports all GPUs.

**Naming Guidelines**

Recommended UI names for NVIDIA Image Scaling.

- “NVIDIA Image Scaling”
- “Image Scaling”

**UI Tooltip or setting description**

- NVIDIA Image Scaling boosts frame rates using GPU scaling and sharpening.

**Mode Defaults**

These are the default NVIDIA Image Scaling Mode settings based on output resolution:

Quality Preset	Scale Factor	Input Resolution for 2160P Output	Input Resolution for 1440P Output	Input Resolution for 1080P Output
Ultra Quality	77%	2954x1662	1970x1108	1477x831
Quality	66.667%	2560x1440	1706x960	1280x720
Balanced	59%	2259x1271	1506x847	1129x635
Performance	50%	1920x1080	1280x720	960x540
Custom	50%-100%	1920x1080 to 3840x2160	1280x720 to 2560x1440	960x540 to 1920x1080

**NVIDIA Image Scaling: UI**

SCREEN RESOLUTION1920 X 1080

UPSCALING< NVIDIA IMAGE SCALING >

NVIDIA IMAGE SCALING< ULTRA QUALITY >ULTRA QUALITY, QUALITY, BALANCED, PERFORMANCE, CUSTOM.

SHARPNESS0.5< >Default is 0.5 Range from 0 to 1.0.

ANTI-ALIASING< TAA >

RESOLUTION SCALE100< >Resolution scale is restored to previous setting when NVIDIA IMAGE SCALING is disabled

SCREEN RESOLUTION	1920 X 1080	▼
UPSCALING	◀ NVIDIA IMAGE SCALING ▶	
NVIDIA IMAGE SCALING	◀ CUSTOM ▶	
CUSTOM RESOLUTION	77%	Custom enables users to select from 50% to 100% Scaling Ratio. Default is 77%
SHARPNESS	0.5	Default is 0.5 Range from 0 to 1.0.
ANTI-ALIASING	◀ TAA ▶	
RESOLUTION SCALE	100	Resolution scale is restored to previous setting when NVIDIA IMAGE SCALING is disabled

## NVIDIA DLAA

Many gamers want maximum frame rates. However, some gamers have plenty of FPS and want to maximize image quality. NVIDIA DLAA (Deep Learning Anti-Aliasing) is an AI-based anti-aliasing mode for users who have spare GPU headroom and want higher levels of image quality. NVIDIA DLAA uses the same technology developed for NVIDIA DLSS, but works on a native resolution image to maximize image quality instead of boosting performance.

### Naming Guidelines

Recommended UI names for NVIDIA DLAA.

- "NVIDIA DLAA"

### UI Tooltip or setting description

- NVIDIA DLAA is an AI-based anti-aliasing mode to improve image quality.

## NVIDIA DLAA: UI

SCREEN RESOLUTION	1920 X 1080	▼	
UPSCALING	◀ DLSS is Disabled ▶		NVIDIA DLSS is disabled when NVIDIA DLAA is enabled
NVIDIA DLSS	◀ OFF ▶		NVIDIA DLSS is disabled when NVIDIA DLAA is enabled
SHARPNESS	0.0		NVIDIA DLSS is disabled when NVIDIA DLAA is enabled
ANTI-ALIASING	◀ NVIDIA DLAA ▶		
RESOLUTION SCALE	100		Resolution scale is restored to previous setting when NVIDIA DLAA is disabled

## RAY TRACING

Ray tracing is the holy grail of gaming graphics, simulating the physical behavior of light. [GeForce RTX graphics cards](#) have dedicated RT Cores to accelerate ray tracing, enabling higher quality and performance.

For more details on GeForce RTX Technology, see the [NVIDIA Turing GPU Architecture Whitepaper](#). Additional details on Ray Tracing Best Practices can be found [here](#).

### Ray Tracing: Settings Options

The recommended RT settings are “**ON**”, “**HIGH**”, and “**ULTRA**.” When ray tracing is “**ON**,” there should be a noticeable image quality difference. Additionally, there should be a very noticeable difference between each quality level, otherwise fewer setting options are appropriate.

### Ray Tracing: Target Performance

We recommend the following targets for 60 fps average gameplay in your benchmark or areas of the game that are relatively heavy for ray tracing effects.

- **GeForce RTX 3060 Ti:** Ray tracing set to “**ON**” at 1920x1080 with DLSS enabled
- **GeForce RTX 3070/3080:** Ray tracing set to “**HIGH/ULTRA**” at 2560x1440 with DLSS enabled

### Ray Tracing: Recommended UI

DISPLAY **GRAPHICS** ADVANCED

DX12 ENABLED	OFF	ON	DXR requires DX12 to be enabled	
RAY TRACED [REFLECTIONS]	<	ON	>	OFF, ON, HIGH, ULTRA
RAY TRACED [SHADOWS]	<	ON	>	OFF, ON, HIGH, ULTRA

### Ray Tracing: UI tooltip or setting description

- **DXR:** Enable DirectX Raytracing (DXR) for life-like [EFFECT NAME] (i.e., Shadows, Reflections, etc)

- **NON-DXR:** *Enable ray tracing for life-like [EFFECT NAME] (i.e., Shadows, Reflections, etc)*

## NVIDIA ADAPTIVE SHADING (NAS)

NVIDIA Adaptive Shading (NAS) boosts performance by selectively lowering pixel shading rate, without affecting perceived image quality. Screen regions without high contrast details or with fast motion speeds are identified and shaded in lower rate, using the Variable Rate Shading (VRS) feature introduced on Turing.

For more details on GeForce RTX Technology, see the [NVIDIA Turing GPU Architecture Whitepaper](#)

### NAS: Game Options

The recommended NAS settings are **"OFF"**, **"BALANCED"**, **"PERFORMANCE,"** and **CUSTOM**.

### NAS: Recommended UI

DISPLAY GRAPHICS **ADVANCED**

NVIDIA ADAPTIVE SHADING (NAS)	<	BALANCED	>
DETAIL SENSITIVITY	50%	<div style="width: 50%;"></div>	
LOW-LIGHT SENSITIVITY	50%	<div style="width: 50%;"></div>	
MOTION SENSITIVITY	50%	<div style="width: 50%;"></div>	

OFF, PERFORMANCE, BALANCED, QUALITY, AND CUSTOM

#### Notes:

NAS changes to Custom mode when user changes the default settings (Detail sensitivity, low-light sensitivity, and motion sensitivity).

### NAS: UI COPY

- **NVIDIA ADAPTIVE SHADING:** *Boost frame rates by adapting shading rate based on content and motion information. This will disable deferred rendering.*
- **DETAIL SENSITIVITY:** *Shading rate sensitivity to image details*
- **LOW-LIGHT SENSITIVITY:** *Shading rate sensitivity to dark regions*



- **MOTION SENSITIVITY:** *Shading rate sensitivity to motion*

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