

STOR 320 Data Transformation II

Lecture 5

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Data Transformation II Info

- Finish Reading Chapter 5 and Practice the Code in R4DS
- Covers
 - The Pipe
 - Statistical Summaries
 - Grouped Summaries
 - Helpful Functions
- Builds Off Last Tutorial

The Pipe

- Useful for Combining Multiple Steps of Operations
- Represented by %>%
- Reads as "Then"
- Works Like a Composite Function From Algebra

$$f(x) = 3x + 4$$

 $g(x) = 2x$
 $h = 1$
 $f(g(h)) = 3(2(1)) + 4 = 10$
OUT = h %>%
 $g()$ %>%
 $f()$

The Pipe

Chaining with the Pipe

```
```{r,eval=F}
f2e.pipedream =
 # Acknowledge the Original Data
 flights %>%
 # Input Original Data and Perform Mutations
 transmute(dep_hr=dep_time%/%100+(dep_time%%100)/60,
 sched_dep_hr=sched_dep_time%/%100+(sched_dep_time%%100)/60,
 arr_hr=arr_time%/%100+(arr_time%%100)/60,
 sched_arr_hr=sched_arr_time%/%100+(sched_arr_time%%100)/60) %>%
 mutate(dep_delay_hr=dep_hr-sched_dep_hr,
 arr_delay_hr=arr_hr-sched_arr_hr) %>%
 mutate(percent_dep_delay_hr=percent_rank(dep_delay_hr)) %>%
 # Input Modified Data and Filter the observations
 filter(percent_dep_delay_hr<0.1|percent_dep_delay_hr>0.9) %>%
 # Input Modified Data and Sort according to percent_dep_delay_hr
 arrange(desc(percent_dep_delay_hr))
```

dep_hr <dbl></dbl>	sched_dep_hr <dbl></dbl>	arr_hr <dbl></dbl>	sched_arr_hr <dbl></dbl>	dep_delay_hr <dbl></dbl>	arr_delay_hr <dbl></dbl>
23.35000	8.166667	1.583333	10.33333	15.18333	-8.750000
22.95000	7.983333	1.350000	10.43333	14.96667	-9.083333
22.71667	8.500000	1.000000	11.10000	14.21667	-10.100000
23.40000	10.266667	1.233333	12.45000	13.13333	-11.216667
19.35000	6.250000	21.583333	8.70000	13.10000	12.883333

# The Pipe

#### Why use

- Avoid nested functions
- Minimize number of local variables
- Easier to add steps in the sequence

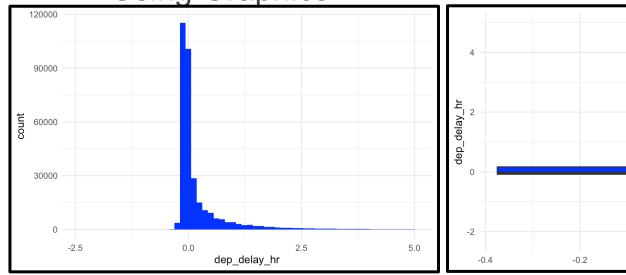
#### Why not to use

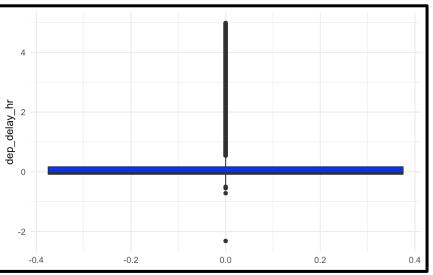
- Debug
- Can't handle multiple inputs
- Can't handle complex code structure

# summarize()

Summarizing All Data

Using Graphics





Both the histogram and the boxplot are made from summary statistics.

(Statistical Transformations in Ch. 3)

#### summarize()

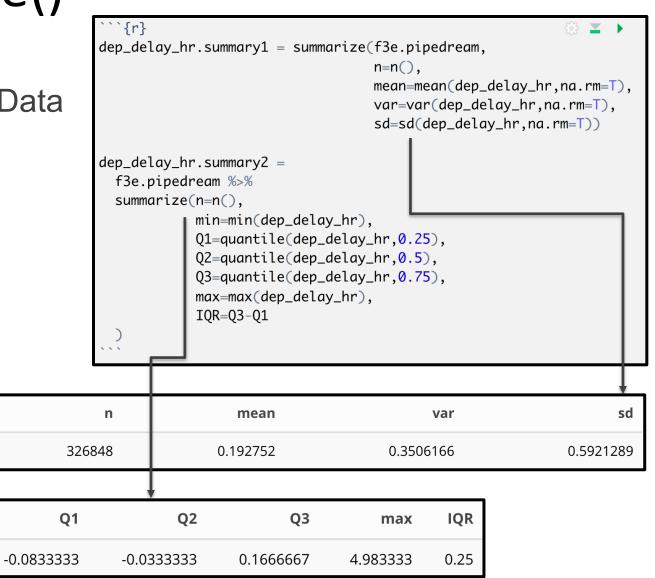
min

-2.316667

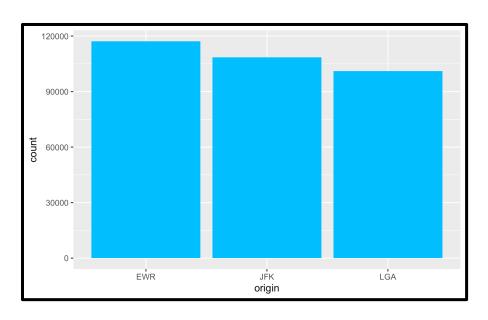
n

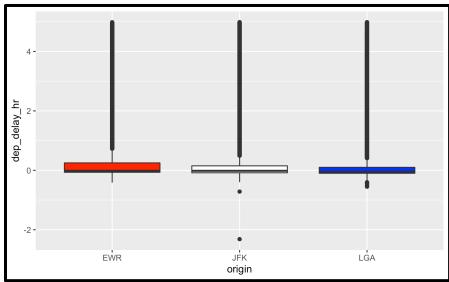
326848

Summarizing All Data



- Summarizing Data by Groups
  - Using Graphics





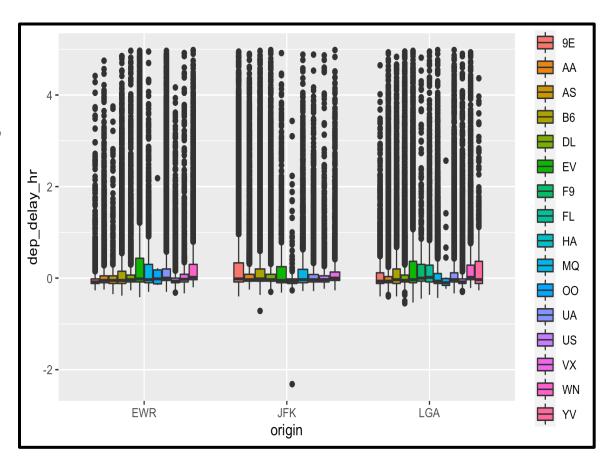
- Summarizing
   Data by Groups
  - Using Tables

```
``{r}
group.summary1 = f3e.pipedream %>%
 group_by(origin) %>%
 summarize(n=n())
group.summary2 =
 f3e.pipedream %>%
 group_by(origin) %>%
 summarize(n=n(),
 min=min(dep_delay_hr),
 Q1=quantile(dep_delay_hr, 0.25),
 Q2=quantile(dep_delay_hr, 0.5),
 Q3=quantile(dep_delay_hr, 0.75),
 max=max(dep_delay_hr),
 IQR=Q3-Q1,
 nLow=sum(dep_delay_hr<Q1-1.5*IQR),
 propHigh=mean(dep_delay_hr>Q3+1.5*IQR)
```

	origin	n
L	EWR	117209
	JFK	108486
	LGA	101153

origin <chr></chr>	n <int></int>	min <dbl></dbl>	<b>Q1</b> <dbl></dbl>	<b>Q2</b> <dbl></dbl>	Q3 <dbl></dbl>	max <dbl></dbl>	IQR <dbl></dbl>	<b>nL</b> <int></int>	propHigh <dbl></dbl>
EWR	117209	-0.4166667	-0.06666667	-0.01666667	0.25	4.983333	0.3166667	0	0.1259204
JFK	108486	-2.3166667	-0.08333333	-0.01666667	0.15	4.983333	0.2333333	2	0.1372988
LGA	101153	-0.5500000	-0.10000000	-0.05000000	0.10	4.983333	0.2000000	7	0.1466491

- Multiple Groups
  - Using Graphics



- Multiple Groups
  - Using Tables

```
group.summary3 =

f3e_nipedream %>%

group_by(origin,carrier) %>%

summartze(n=n(),

min=min(dep_delay_hr),

Q1=quantile(dep_delay_hr,0.25),

Q2=quantile(dep_delay_hr,0.5),

Q3=quantile(dep_delay_hr,0.75),

max=max(dep_delay_hr),

IQR=Q3-Q1,

nLow=sum(dep_delay_hr<Q1-1.5*IQR),

propHigh=mean(dep_delay_hr>Q3+1.5*IQR)

)
```

origin	carrier	n	min	Q1	Q2	Q3	max
EWR	9E	1199	-0.2666667	-0.1166667	-0.0833333	-0.0166667	4.416667
EWR	AA	3376	-0.2500000	-0.1000000	-0.0500000	0.0500000	4.750000
EWR	AS	712	-0.3500000	-0.1166667	-0.0500000	0.0500000	3.750000
EWR	В6	6446	-0.3833333	-0.1166667	-0.0500000	0.1500000	4.850000
EWR	DL	4281	-0.2666667	-0.0833333	-0.0333333	0.0666667	4.966667
EWR	EV	41592	-0.4166667	-0.0833333	-0.0166667	0.4333333	4.966667
EWR	MQ	2095	-0.3000000	-0.1000000	-0.0333333	0.3000000	4.950000
EWR	00	6	-0.1500000	-0.1250000	-0.0166667	0.1791667	2.183333
EWR	UA	45561	-0.3000000	-0.0500000	0.0000000	0.2000000	4.966667
EWR	US	4326	-0.3166667	-0.1000000	-0.0666667	0.0000000	4.166667
<b>EWR</b>	VX	1554	-0.3333333	-0.0833333	-0.0250000	0.0833333	4.916667
EWR	WN	6061	-0.2000000	-0.0333333	0.0166667	0.3000000	4.983333
JFK	9E	13801	-0.4000000	-0.0833333	-0.0166667	0.3333333	4.950000
JFK	AA	13617	-0.2500000	-0.0666667	-0.0333333	0.0833333	4.900000
JFK	В6	41005	-0.7166667	-0.0666667	-0.0166667	0.2000000	4.966667
JFK	DL	20551	-0.3000000	-0.0666667	-0.0333333	0.0833333	4.983333
JFK	EV	1315	-0.3166667	-0.1000000	-0.0500000	0.2500000	4.916667

# **Useful Summary Functions**

- Measures of Center
  - mean()
  - median()
  - mode()
- Measures of Spread
  - var()
  - sd()
  - IQR()
  - mad()

- Measures of Rank
  - min()
  - max()
  - quantile()

# **Useful Summary Functions**

- Measures of Position
  - Order Matters
  - first() = x[1]
  - last() = x[length(x)]
  - nth(k) = x[k]
- Counts
  - n()
  - n\_distinct()

- Counts/Proportions for Logical
  - sum()
  - mean()
  - Example
    - sum(x>10)
    - mean(x>10)

- Flight Accuracy
  - Accurate Flight Means
    - Departure Delay = 0
    - Arrival Delay = 0
  - Bad Metric

$$Accuracy = delay_{dep} + delay_{arr}$$
  
 $Accuracy = (delay_{dep} + delay_{arr})/2$ 

Good Metrics

$$Accuracy = |delay_{dep}| + |delay_{arr}|$$
 
$$Accuracy = \sqrt{delay_{dep}^2 + delay_{arr}^2}$$

- Summary Table
  - Step 1: Accuracy Variable
  - Step 2: Grouping
  - Step 3: Summarize Info
    - Mean
    - Standard Error
    - Lower Bound (95% CI)
    - Upper Bound (95% CI)

```
accuracy<-
 f.pipedream3 %>%
 transmute(carrier,origin,
 accuracy=abs(dep_delay_hr)+abs(arr_delay_hr)) %>%
 group_by(carrier,origin) %>%
 summarize(n=n(),
 avg=mean(accuracy,na.rm=T),
 se=sd(accuracy,na.rm=T)/sqrt(n),
 low=avg-2*se,
 high=avg+2*se
)
...
```

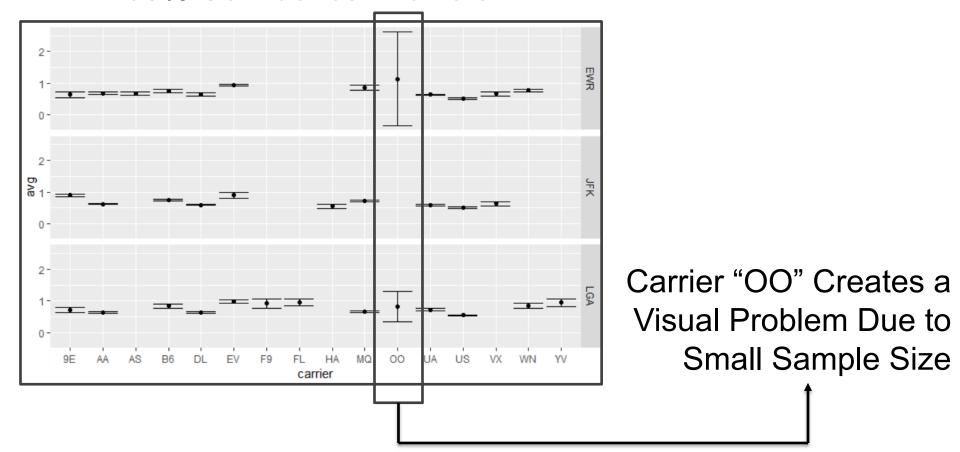
- Sorted by Average Accuracy
  - Best Carriers/Origin

```
head(arrange(accuracy,avg),5)
A tibble: 5 \times 7
 carrier
Groups:
carrier origin
 high
 avg
 se
 <db1> <db1> <db1>
<chr>
 <chr>
 <int> <db1>
US
 EWR
 4322 0.505 0.0123 0.481 0.530
 2960 0.509 0.0152 0.479 0.539
US
 JFK
US
 LGA
 12517 0.544 0.0121 0.520 0.569
 342 0.556 0.0362 0.483 0.628
 JFK
HA
 4367 0.591 0.0173 0.556 0.625
 JFK
UA
```

Worst Carriers/Origin

```
head(arrange(accuracy,desc(avg)),5)
A tibble: 5 \times 7
Groups:
 carrier [4]
carrier origin
 low
 high
 avq
 se
 <chr>
 <int> <db1>
 \langle db 1 \rangle
 <db1> <db1>
 -0.334 2.61
 EWR
 0.737
00
 <u>8</u>086 0.986 0.026<u>5</u>
ΕV
 LGA
 0.933 1.04
 LGA
 542 0.954 0.0597
 0.835 1.07
 3136 0.952 0.0545 0.843 1.06
 LGA
 40571 0.952 0.0125
 0.927 0.977
 EWR
```

95% Confidence Intervals



```
ggplot(filter(accuracy,carrier!="00")) +
geom_point(aes(x=carrier,y=avg)) +
geom_errorbar(aes(x=carrier,ymin=low,ymax=high)) +
facet_grid(origin~.)
```

95% Confidence Intervals



