MAP55640 Final Project

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Additional Key Words and Phrases: Keywords

1 INTRODUCTION

 Numerical methods of solving partial differential equations (PDE) have demonstrate far better performance than many other methods such as finite difference methods (FDM) [<empty citation>], finite element methods (FEM) [<empty citation>], Lattice Boltzmann Method (LBM) [<empty citation>] and Monte Carlo Method (MC) [<empty citation>]. In recent years, researchers in the field of deep learning have mainly focused on how to develop more powerful system architectures and learning methods such as convolution neural networks (CNNs) [<empty citation>], Transformers [<empty citation>] and Perceivers [<empty citation>] . In addition, more researchers have tried to develop more powerful models specifically for numerical simulations. Despite of the relentless progress, modeling and predicting the evolution of nonlinear multiscale systems which has inhomogeneous cascades-scales by using classical analytical or computational tools inevitably encounts severe challanges and comes with prohibitive cost and multiple sources of uncertainty.

- 2 RELATED WORK
- 3 PROBLEM STATEMENT
- 4 METHODOLOGY
- **5 EXPERIMENTS**
- 6 CONCLUSION
- 7 ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

REFERENCES

[1] Patricia S. Abril and Robert Plant. 2007. The patent holder's dilemma: buy, sell, or troll? Communications of the ACM, 50, 1, (Jan. 2007), 36–44. DOI: 10.1145/1188913.1188915.

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