

Physics 151 Problem Set 5

Problem 21

Problem 2.29. Free expansion of a van der Waals gas (Gould and Tobochnik)

Calculate $(\partial T / \partial V)_E$ for the van der Waals energy equation of state (2.24) and show that a free expansion results in cooling.

Solution:

The van der Waals energy equation of state is expressed as

$$E = \frac{3}{2}NkT - N\frac{N}{V}a \quad (1)$$

For a gas in free expansion, the energy is constant so

$$dE = \left(\frac{\partial E}{\partial T}\right)_V dT + \left(\frac{\partial E}{\partial V}\right)_T dV = 0 \quad (2)$$

From this we get

$$\left(\frac{\partial E}{\partial T}\right)_V dT = -\left(\frac{\partial E}{\partial V}\right)_T dV \quad (3)$$

For constant energy, the change in temperature with respect to volume is given by

$$\left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial V}\right)_E = -\frac{(\partial E / \partial V)_T}{(\partial E / \partial T)_V} \quad (4)$$

Getting the derivative on both sides of Equation (1),

$$dE = \frac{3}{2}Nk dT - \frac{N^2}{V^2}a dV \quad (5)$$

Comparing the two expressions for dE , we have

$$\left(\frac{\partial E}{\partial T}\right)_V = \frac{3}{2}Nk \quad (6)$$

and

$$\left(\frac{\partial E}{\partial V}\right)_T = \frac{N^2}{V^2}a \quad (7)$$

Substituting these into Equation (4),

$$\left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial V}\right)_E = -\frac{N^2a/V^2}{3/2Nk} = -\frac{2Na}{3kV^2} \quad (8)$$

Therefore the change in temperature is just the integral of this expression with respect to the volume V :

$$\Delta T = -\int_{V_1}^{V_2} \frac{2Na}{3kV^2} dV \quad (9)$$

and this evaluates to

$$\Delta T = \frac{2Na}{3k} \left(\frac{1}{V}\right) \Big|_{V_1}^{V_2} = \frac{2Na}{3k} \left(\frac{1}{V_2} - \frac{1}{V_1}\right) < 0 \quad (10)$$

since $V_2 > V_1$ for an expansion.