





































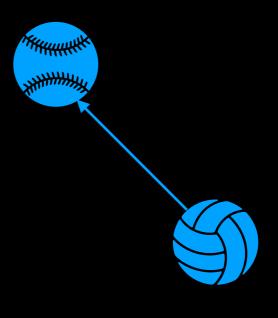
union -> union(网球,排球)



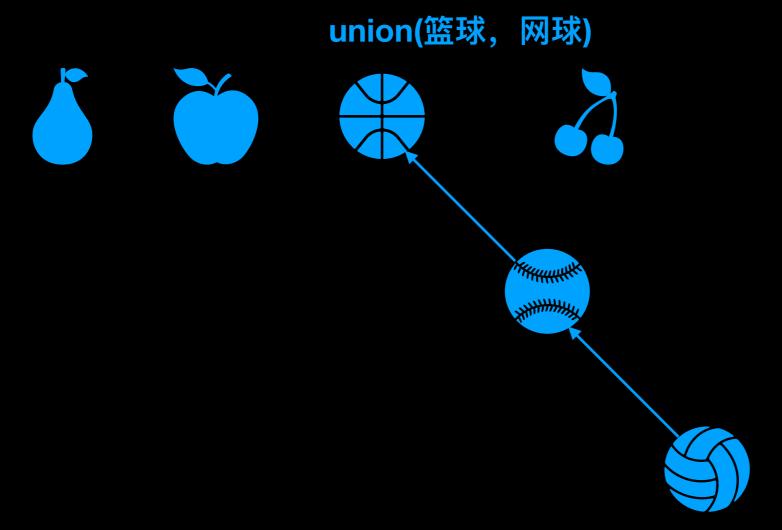






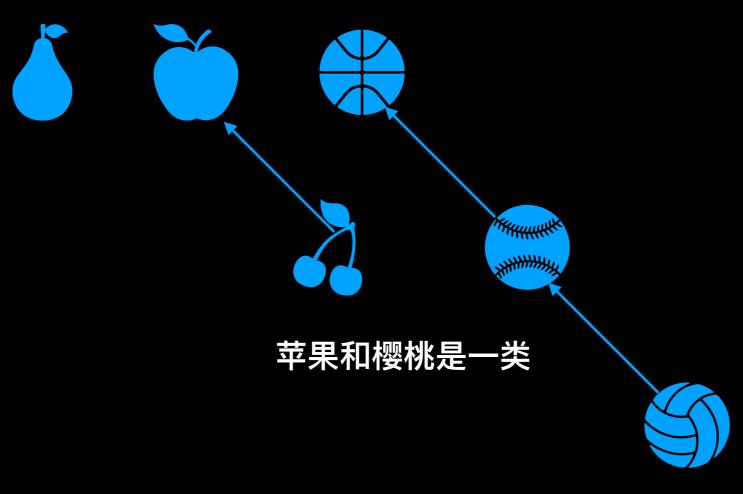


网球和排球是一类



篮球,网球和排球都是一类





union(梨,苹果) KARAHHHHKK

梨,苹果和樱桃都是一类













- 0 1 2 3 4 5 [-1, -1, -1, -1, -1,]

union(网球,排球)















union(4, 5)

[-1, -1, -1, -1, 4]

s[5] = 4 节点5的父亲是节点4

union(篮球,网球)



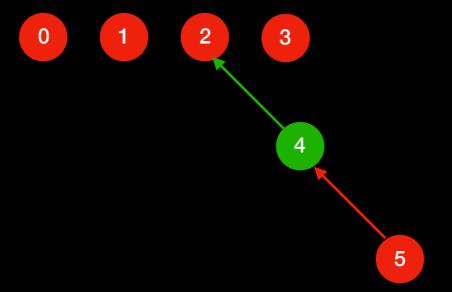












union(2, 4)

[-1, -1, -1, -1, **2**, **4**]

s[4] = 2 节点4的父亲是节点2

union(苹果,樱桃)



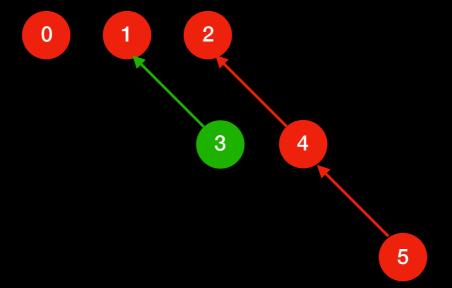












union(1, 3)

[-1, -1, -1, <mark>1, 2, 4</mark>]

s[3] = 1 节点3的父亲是节点1

union(梨,苹果)



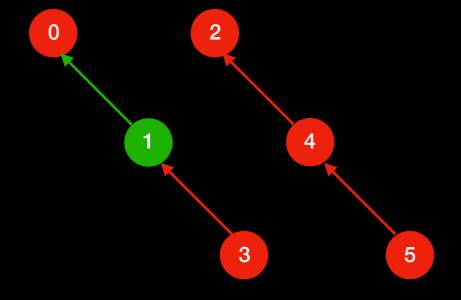












[-1, <mark>0</mark>, -1, 1, **2**, **4**]

s[1] = 0 节点1的父亲是节点0 union(0, 1)



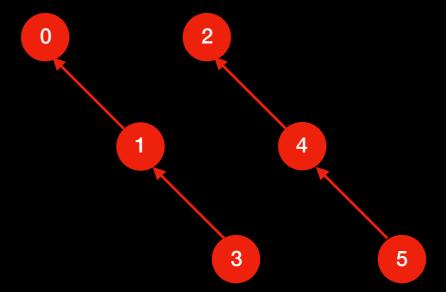






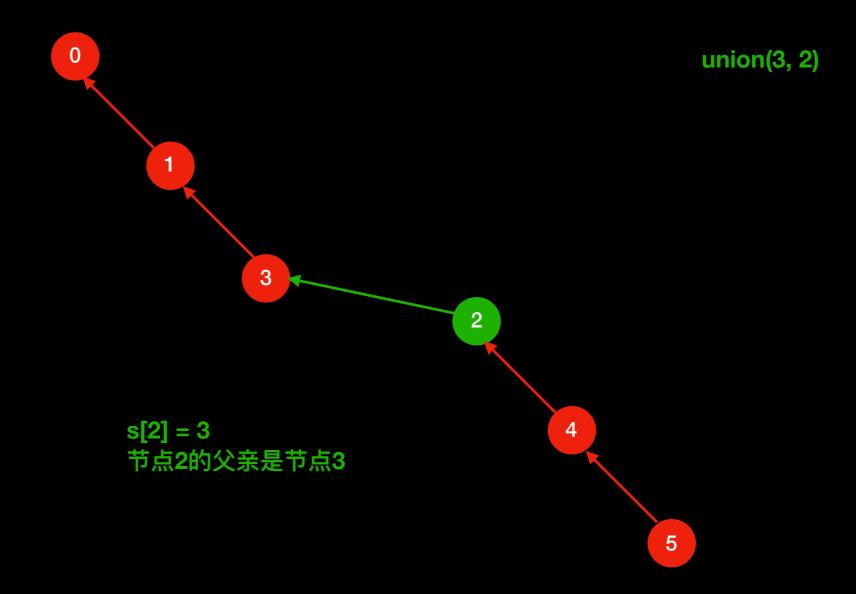






[-1, 0, -1, 1, 2, 4]



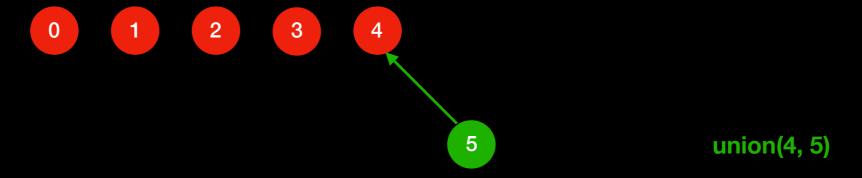


[-1, 0, 3, 1, 2, 4] 0 find(5) 5 -> 4 -> 2 -> 3 -> 1 -> 0 3 2

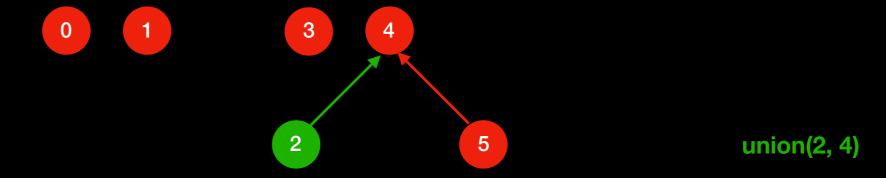
0 1 2 3 4 5

Parent [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5]

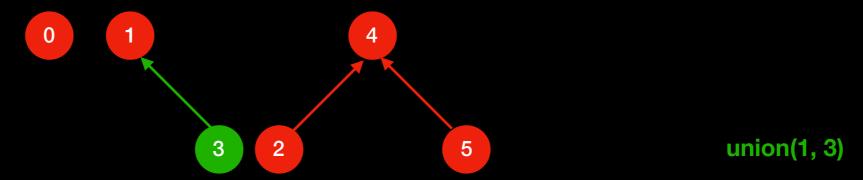
Rank [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]



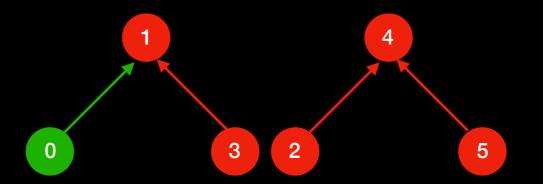






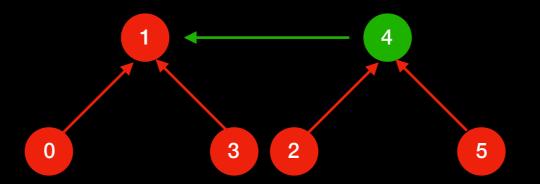




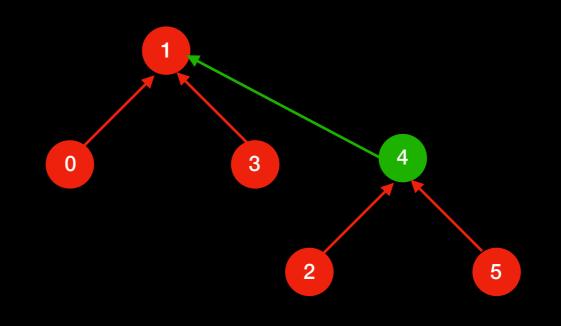


union(0, 1)

Parent [1, 1, 4, 1, 4, 4] $\frac{s[0] = 1}{\forall harden}$ Rank [1, 2, 1, 1, 2, 1] 1 < 2,节点0指向节点1



union(3, 2)



union(3, 2) <=> union(1, 4)

Parent [1, 1, 4, 1, 1, 4] s[4] = 1 $† \pm 0.000$ $† \pm 0.000$ †

Rank [1, 3, 1, 1, 2, 1] 节点4指向节点1