

## Overall model

$$[\text{counts} \mid \mu, \pi] = I_{[n=0]}(1 - \pi + \pi e^{-\mu}) + I_{[n>0]} \pi \frac{\mu^n e^{-\mu}}{n!}$$

## Parameters

$$\log(\boldsymbol{\mu}) = \boldsymbol{\alpha}^{(\mu)} + \mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta}^{(\mu)} + \boldsymbol{\Phi}^{(\mu)} + \log(\mathbf{a})$$

$$\text{logit}(\boldsymbol{\pi}) = \boldsymbol{\alpha}^{(\pi)} + \mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta}^{(\pi)} + \boldsymbol{\Phi}^{(\pi)}$$

## Priors

$$\boldsymbol{\beta} \sim N(\mathbf{0}, \mathbf{V} \otimes \mathbf{U})$$

$\mathbf{V}$  is spatial correlation matrix

$\mathbf{U}$  is covariance matrix for spline covariates; has AR(1) structure

$t^{th}$  column of  $\boldsymbol{\Phi}$ :

$$\phi_{t=1} \sim N(\mathbf{0}, (\tau(\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{W}))^{-1})$$

$$\phi_t \sim N(\eta\phi_{t-1}, (\tau(\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{W}))^{-1})$$

$\mathbf{D} = 84 \times 84$  diagonal matrix, entries correspond to number of spatial neighbors for each spatial unit

$\mathbf{W} = 84 \times 84$  spatial adjacency matrix with nonzero elements only when unit i is a neighbor of unit j