A Quick Start Guide to Survey Research

Liz Carey (and hopefully many others) 2019-01-25

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Welcome to survey research

This book is intended to be a quick resource for conducting survey research. By no means is it intended to be comprehensive of all survey research methodologies.

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Figure 1:

Preface

Hopefully you'll find this book to be a condensed and easy to read resource on survey research.

We developed this book in the hopes of future collaboration among other UX researchers.

Outline

The content of the book will include:

- Chapter 1
- Chapter 2

Prerequisites

All you need is an interest in conducting survey research and basic data analysis, we'll include code snippets (python and R) along the way.

${\bf Acknowledgements}$

This book wouldn't be possible without the contributions of:

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Chapter 1

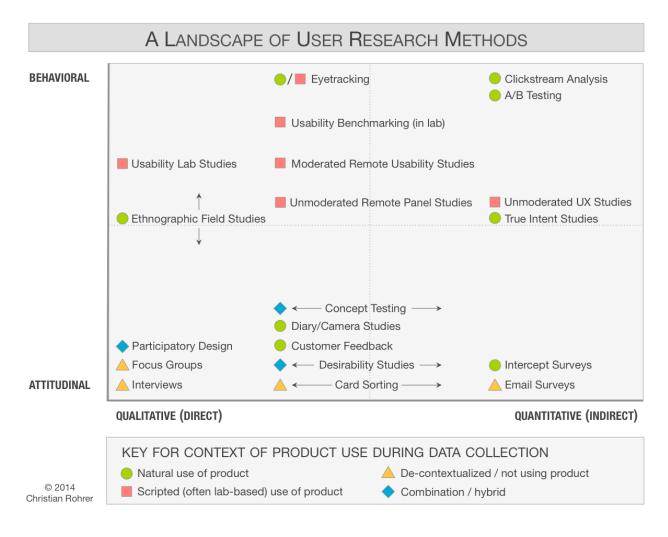
Designing a survey

1.1 What is your research goal?

First, establish if a survey is the right method to accomplish your research goal by asking yourself:

- What do you currently know?
- What don't you know?

Below is a useful visualization from the Nielsen Norman group on how to decide between which qualitative or quantitative methods to answer your research goal (Rohrer, 2014).



Surveys are great for answering the "How many and how much" of what people do and say; surveys are not the best method at understanding the "Why and how to fix" a product problem.

1.2 Who are you studying?

This question may be simple at first, but when you start to narrow down

QUESTIONS ANSWERED BY RESEARCH METHODS ACROSS THE LANDSCAPE

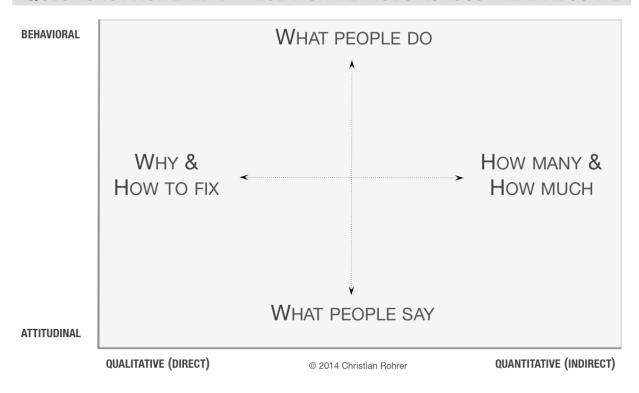


Figure 1.1:

Chapter 2

Writing effective survey questions

Effective survey questions result in ${f consistent}$ and ${f reliable}$ responses.

Surveys are NOT a shortcut for usability tests

Chapter 3

Survey Analysis

After you've fielded your survey, here are the steps to making sense of the data.

This section assumes you have a laptop set up to work with in either R or python. Head over to the Appendix page if you need help with set up.

3.1 Organize your workspace

Before beginning any analysis, you'll want to set up a reproducible workflow. Below is an adapted suggestion on how to organize your workspace from Ben Marwick, Carl Boettiger, and Lincoln Mullen (Ben Marwick, 2018). Keeping your workspace organized is the best way for you and others to understand and reproduce your analysis.

```
project
|- DESCRIPTION
                        # project metadata and dependencies
|- README.md
                        # top-level description of content and guide to users
|- data/
                        # data files used
  +- raw_data.csv
                        # data files in open formats such as TXT, CSV, TSV, etc.
  +- cleaned_data.csv # data files that have been cleaned, merged, etc that you'll use for survey ana
|- analysis/
                        # any programmatic code
| +- my_report.Rmd
                        # R markdown file with narrative text interwoven with code chunks
                        # builds a PDF/HTML/DOCX file from the Rmd, code, and data files
  +- makefile
| +- scripts/
                        # code files (R, shell, etc.) used for data cleaning, analysis and visualisation
  +- figures/
                        # saved outputs of your figures
  +- my_functions.R
                        # custom R functions that are used more than once throughout the project
|- man/
  +- my_functions.Rd
                        # documentation for the R functions (auto-generated when using devtools)
```

R version

3.2 Data Cleaning

Before you can begin looking at the results, you'll need to clean the data. By "cleaning" the data, we mean edited the raw file into a format that will make the analysis valid and easier.

3.2.1 Load the data

Download your raw survey data as a csv and load it into your your analysis tool of choice (e.g. Ipython notebook or Rstudio)

R version

python version

```
#load necessary modules for analysis
import pandas as pd

#read/store the data as the variable df (short for dataframe)
df = pd.read_csv(filename)
```

3.2.2 Loading Qualtrics data

When you download a csv from Qualtrics, it will come with a few extra rows you don't need. Here are some automated scripts you can add to your makefile to speed up your workflow

R version manual

3.2. DATA CLEANING 17

R version programmatic

```
#function to load qualtrics csv and remove extra rows
load_qualtrics_csv <- function(file) {
    df_names <- read_csv(file, n_max = 0) %>% names()

    df <- read_csv(file, col_names = df_names, skip = 3)
}

#function to store questions
get_questions <- function(file) {
    qb <- read_csv(file, n_max = 1) %>%
        select(starts_with("Q")) %>%
        gather(key, question_text)
}

#Use function to read in survey file, and skip first 3 lines
df <- load_qualtrics_csv(file)

#Use function to store question wording
question_bank <- get_questions(file)</pre>
```

3.2.3 Preview the data

It's important to get a look at the data to spot any errors in uploading the dataset and the validity of the responses.

You'll want to check for:

- Total number of observations/rows
- Duplicate responses
- Drop off/Abandon rate of the survey
- Average survey completion time
- "Speeders:" those who couldn't have completed the survey in a reasonable amount of time

There are multiple different ways to preview your dataset before analysis. One quick way is to check the first few rows of your data. You can do this with the function head().

#Check the first 5 rows of data head(df)

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 29
##
    StartDate
                         EndDate
                                              Status
                                                          IPAddress Progress
##
     <dttm>
                         <dttm>
                                              <chr>
                                                          <chr>
                                                                       <int>
## 1 2019-01-15 13:28:39 2019-01-15 13:28:39 Survey Test <NA>
                                                                         100
## 2 2019-01-15 13:28:40 2019-01-15 13:28:40 Survey Test <NA>
                                                                         100
## 3 2019-01-15 13:36:47 2019-01-15 13:36:47 Survey Test <NA>
                                                                         100
## 4 2019-01-15 13:36:47 2019-01-15 13:36:47 Survey Test <NA>
                                                                         100
## 5 2019-01-15 13:36:48 2019-01-15 13:36:48 Survey Test <NA>
                                                                         100
## 6 2019-01-15 13:36:48 2019-01-15 13:36:48 Survey Test <NA>
                                                                         100
## # ... with 24 more variables: `Duration (in seconds)` <int>,
       Finished <chr>, RecordedDate <dttm>, ResponseId <chr>,
       RecipientLastName <chr>>, RecipientFirstName <chr>>,
## #
## #
       RecipientEmail <chr>, ExternalReference <chr>, LocationLatitude <dbl>,
       LocationLongitude <dbl>, DistributionChannel <chr>,
## #
## #
       UserLanguage <chr>, Q1 <chr>, Q2 <chr>, Q3_4 <chr>, Q3_5 <chr>,
       Q3_6 <chr>, Q3_7 <chr>, Q3_8 <chr>, Q3_9 <chr>, Q3_10 <chr>,
## #
       Q3_10_TEXT <chr>, Q4 <chr>, Q5 <chr>
## #
```

A more comprehensive way to view your dataset is with the skimr package. This package will give an overview of the number of observations and variables in your data.

The missing column should not be greater than 20% of your total number of observations (unless it's a multiselect question).

Questions with dropoff greater than 20% can signal that the question was difficult for respondents to answer; you should be wary of response bias and consider removing the question from analysis and rewording the question for future survey sends.

```
library(skimr)
skim(df)
```

```
## Skim summary statistics
##
    n obs: 502
##
   n variables: 29
##
## -- Variable type:character -----
##
               variable missing complete n min
                                                    max empty n_unique
##
    DistributionChannel
                               0
                                       502 502
                                                       4
                                                 4
                                                             0
                                                                       0
##
      ExternalReference
                             502
                                         0 502 Inf -Inf
                                                             0
##
                                       502 502
                                                             0
               Finished
                              0
                                                 4
                                                                       1
##
              IPAddress
                             502
                                         0 502 Inf -Inf
                                                             0
                                                                       0
                                                                       6
##
                      Q1
                                       502 502
                                                 5
                                                      14
                                                             0
                               0
                      Q2
                                       502 502
                                                18
                                                      34
                                                                       5
##
                               0
##
                   Q3_10
                             184
                                       318 502
                                                 5
                                                      5
                                                             0
                                                                       1
##
             Q3_10_TEXT
                             184
                                       318 502
                                                51
                                                    135
                                                             0
                                                                     318
##
                    Q3_4
                             201
                                       301 502
                                                26
                                                     26
                                                             0
                                                                       1
##
                                                22
                                                             0
                                                                       1
                    Q3_5
                             165
                                       337 502
                                                      22
##
                    Q3_6
                             174
                                       328 502
                                                21
                                                     21
                                                             0
                                                                       1
```

3.2. DATA CLEANING

```
##
                    Q3_7
                              172
                                       330 502
                                                 19
                                                      19
                                                              0
                                                                       1
##
                    Q3_8
                              184
                                       318 502
                                                 18
                                                      18
                                                              0
                                                                       1
##
                    Q3_9
                              162
                                       340 502
                                                 23
                                                      23
                                                              0
                                                                       1
                                                                       7
##
                      Q4
                                0
                                                      22
                                                              0
                                       502 502
                                                 11
##
                      Q5
                                0
                                       502 502
                                                 53
                                                     134
                                                              0
                                                                     502
##
         RecipientEmail
                              502
                                         0 502 Inf -Inf
                                                              0
                                                                       0
     RecipientFirstName
##
                              502
                                         0 502 Inf -Inf
                                                              0
                                                                       0
##
      RecipientLastName
                              502
                                         0 502 Inf -Inf
                                                              0
                                                                       0
##
             ResponseId
                                0
                                       502 502
                                                 17
                                                      17
                                                              0
                                                                     502
##
                  Status
                                0
                                       502 502
                                                 11
                                                      11
                                                              0
                                                                       1
##
           UserLanguage
                              502
                                         0 502 Inf -Inf
                                                              0
                                                                       0
##
##
   -- Variable type:integer -----
                                                                 p0 p25 p50 p75
##
                  variable missing complete
                                                n
                                                     mean
                                                             sd
                                  0
##
    Duration (in seconds)
                                         502 502
                                                    0.024 0.15
                                                                  0
                                                                      0
##
                  Progress
                                  0
                                         502 502 100
                                                           0
                                                                100 100 100 100
##
    p100
             hist
##
##
     100
##
##
   -- Variable type:numeric ------
                                                               рO
                                                                      p25
##
             variable missing complete
                                                                               p50
                                          n
                                                 mean sd
##
     LocationLatitude
                             0
                                     502 502
                                                37.77
                                                            37.77
                                                                    37.77
                                                                             37.77
                                                       0
                              0
                                     502 502 -122.41 0 -122.41 -122.41 -122.41
##
    LocationLongitude
##
        p75
               p100
                         hist
##
      37.77
               37.77
##
    -122.41 -122.41
##
   -- Variable type:POSIXct -----
##
        variable missing complete
##
                                      n
                                                min
                                                           max
                                                                    median
##
         EndDate
                        0
                                502 502 2019-01-15 2019-01-15 2019-01-15
##
    RecordedDate
                        0
                                502 502 2019-01-15 2019-01-15 2019-01-15
##
       StartDate
                        0
                                502 502 2019-01-15 2019-01-15 2019-01-15
##
    n_unique
##
          74
##
          74
##
          74
```

Another package that can give a brief overview of your data is summarytools

```
library(summarytools)
view(dfSummary(df)) # use view lowercase to see html output in the Rstudio viewer pane
```

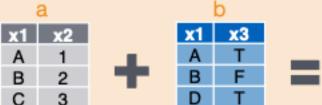
3.2.4 Joining data sets

Sometimes the data you need lives in two tables. dplyr from the tidyverse package makes it easy to join your data sets together. In order to join two tables together, you'll need a shared unique identifier across the two tables.

Below are all the ways you can join two data sets using R and the corresponding dplyr functions.

You can view this image and additional ways to transform data sets on the RStudio Data Wrangling Cheat Sheet.





Mutating Joins



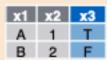
dplyr::left_join(a, b, by = "x1")

Join matching rows from b to a.

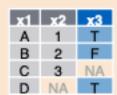
x1 x3 x2 A T 1 B F 2 D T NA

dplyr::right_join(a, b, by = "x1")

Join matching rows from a to b.



Join data. Retain only rows in both sets.



dplyr::full_join(a, b, by = "x1")

Join data. Retain all values, all rows.

Filtering Joins



All rows in a that have a match in b.

x1 x2 C 3

All rows in a that do not have a match in b.

Figure 3.1:

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In Appendix C, I've generated a fake dataset with corresponding ResponseId's that match to the survey data set (df).

Below I use a left join to merge respondent data table with the survey data table.

```
df <- df %>% left_join(respondent_data, by = c("ResponseId" = "ResponseId"))
# View merged data sets
skim(df)
## Skim summary statistics
    n obs: 502
##
##
    n variables: 36
##
##
   -- Variable type:character -----
##
                variable missing complete
                                              n min
                                                      max empty n_unique
##
                                        502 502
                                                        8
                                                                         4
                     age
                                0
                                                  3
                                                               0
##
    DistributionChannel
                                0
                                        502 502
                                                   4
                                                        4
                                                               0
                                                                         1
##
                                        502 502
                                                   9
                                                       21
                                                               0
                                                                      409
                   email
                                0
##
      ExternalReference
                              502
                                          0 502 Inf -Inf
                                                               0
                                                                         0
##
                Finished
                                0
                                        502 502
                                                   4
                                                        4
                                                               0
                                                                         1
##
              first_name
                                        502 502
                                                   2
                                                                      378
                                0
                                                       11
                                                               0
##
                                0
                                        502 502
                                                   4
                                                       17
                                                               0
                                                                         4
                  gender
                                                                         0
##
               IPAddress
                              502
                                          0 502 Inf -Inf
                                                               0
                                                                      350
##
                     job
                                0
                                        502 502
                                                   3
                                                       59
                                                               0
##
                                        502 502
                                                   9
                                                                      502
                    name
                                0
                                                       28
                                                               0
##
           phone_number
                                0
                                        502 502
                                                  11
                                                       20
                                                               0
                                                                      502
##
                                0
                                        502 502
                                                  5
                                                       14
                                                               0
                                                                         6
                      Q1
##
                                0
                                        502 502
                                                  18
                                                       34
                                                               0
                                                                         5
                      Q2
##
                   Q3_10
                              184
                                        318 502
                                                  5
                                                        5
                                                               0
                                                                         1
##
              Q3_10_TEXT
                              184
                                        318 502
                                                               0
                                                                      318
                                                  51
                                                      135
##
                    Q3_4
                              201
                                        301 502
                                                  26
                                                               0
                                                       26
                                                                         1
##
                    Q3_5
                              165
                                        337 502
                                                  22
                                                       22
                                                               0
                                                                         1
##
                    Q3_6
                              174
                                        328 502
                                                  21
                                                               0
                                                                         1
                                                       21
##
                    Q3_7
                                        330 502
                                                  19
                                                               0
                              172
                                                       19
                                                                         1
##
                    Q3_8
                              184
                                        318 502
                                                  18
                                                       18
                                                               0
                                                                         1
                              162
                                                  23
                                                       23
##
                    Q3_9
                                        340 502
                                                               0
                                                                         1
##
                                                                         7
                      Q4
                                0
                                        502 502
                                                  11
                                                       22
                                                               0
##
                      Q5
                                        502 502
                                                                      502
                                0
                                                  53
                                                      134
                                                               0
##
         RecipientEmail
                              502
                                          0 502 Inf -Inf
                                                               0
                                                                         0
##
     RecipientFirstName
                              502
                                          0 502 Inf -Inf
                                                               0
                                                                         0
##
      {\tt RecipientLastName}
                              502
                                          0 502 Inf -Inf
                                                               0
                                                                         0
                                                                      502
##
              ResponseId
                                0
                                        502 502
                                                  17
                                                       17
                                                               0
##
                  Status
                                0
                                        502 502
                                                  11
                                                               0
                                                                         1
                                                       11
##
           UserLanguage
                              502
                                          0 502 Inf -Inf
                                                                         0
##
##
   -- Variable type:integer ------
                                                                  p0 p25 p50 p75
##
                  variable missing complete
                                                n
                                                      mean
                                                              sd
##
    Duration (in seconds)
                                  0
                                          502 502
                                                                   0
                                                     0.024 0.15
##
                  Progress
                                  0
                                          502 502 100
                                                           0
                                                                 100 100 100 100
    p100
##
              hist
##
       1
##
     100
```

##

```
## -- Variable type:numeric -----
                                                        p0
                                                               p25
                                                                      p50
##
            variable missing complete
                                     n
                                           mean sd
##
    LocationLatitude
                          0
                                 502 502
                                           37.77 0
                                                     37.77
                                                             37.77
                                                                     37.77
   LocationLongitude
                                 502 502 -122.41 0 -122.41 -122.41 -122.41
##
                          0
##
       p75
              p100
                      hist
##
     37.77
             37.77
   -122.41 -122.41
##
##
##
  -- Variable type:POSIXct ------
       variable missing complete
##
                                          min
##
        EndDate
                            502 502 2019-01-15 2019-01-15 2019-01-15
   {\tt RecordedDate}
                      0
                            502 502 2019-01-15 2019-01-15 2019-01-15
##
##
      StartDate
                      0
                            502 502 2019-01-15 2019-01-15 2019-01-15
   n_unique
##
         74
##
##
         74
##
         74
```

3.2.5 Removing duplicate values

Respondents may come back to the survey, or try to take the survey a second time on a new device. To ensure a respondent isn't counted more than once in a survey, be sure to check for duplicate values by using a unique identifier. Common unique indentifiers include: email, embedded user id, or IP address.

View duplicates using janitor package

library(janitor)

```
df %>% get dupes(email) # get dupes is a function available through janitor, can use more than one colu
## # A tibble: 117 x 37
                                                 {\tt EndDate}
##
      email
                  dupe_count StartDate
                                                                      Status
      <S3: glue>
                    <int> <dttm>
                                                                      <chr>>
##
                                                 <dttm>
   1 ammon@gmai~
                           2 2019-01-15 13:37:01 2019-01-15 13:37:01 Survey ~
##
##
   2 ammon@gmai~
                          2 2019-01-15 13:37:34 2019-01-15 13:37:34 Survey ~
                         12 2019-01-15 13:36:59 2019-01-15 13:36:59 Survey ~
##
   3 dr@gmail.c~
                         12 2019-01-15 13:37:01 2019-01-15 13:37:01 Survey ~
   4 dr@gmail.c~
   5 dr@gmail.c~
                          12 2019-01-15 13:37:08 2019-01-15 13:37:08 Survey ~
##
##
  6 dr@gmail.c~
                         12 2019-01-15 13:37:16 2019-01-15 13:37:16 Survey ~
##
  7 dr@gmail.c~
                         12 2019-01-15 13:37:20 2019-01-15 13:37:20 Survey ~
##
   8 dr@gmail.c~
                         12 2019-01-15 13:37:20 2019-01-15 13:37:20 Survey ~
   9 dr@gmail.c~
                          12 2019-01-15 13:37:25 2019-01-15 13:37:25 Survey ~
##
## 10 dr@gmail.c~
                          12 2019-01-15 13:37:35 2019-01-15 13:37:35 Survey ~
## # ... with 107 more rows, and 32 more variables: IPAddress <chr>,
      Progress <int>, `Duration (in seconds)` <int>, Finished <chr>,
      RecordedDate <dttm>, ResponseId <chr>, RecipientLastName <chr>,
## #
## #
      RecipientFirstName <chr>, RecipientEmail <chr>,
       ExternalReference <chr>, LocationLatitude <dbl>,
## #
      LocationLongitude <dbl>, DistributionChannel <chr>,
      UserLanguage <chr>, Q1 <chr>, Q2 <chr>, Q3_4 <chr>, Q3_5 <chr>,
## #
## #
      Q3_6 <chr>, Q3_7 <chr>, Q3_8 <chr>, Q3_9 <chr>, Q3_10 <chr>,
      Q3_10_TEXT <chr>, Q4 <chr>, Q5 <chr>, name <chr>, first_name <chr>,
       job <chr>, phone_number <chr>, gender <chr>, age <chr>
## #
```

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Manual way to view duplicates

```
u_id <- quo(email) # Store unique identifier column, can be IP address, email, etc.

df %>% group_by(!!u_id) %>%
    tally() %>%
    filter(n > 1)
```

```
## # A tibble: 24 x 2
##
     email
                        n
     <S3: glue> <int>
##
## 1 ammon@gmail.com 2
## 2 dr@gmail.com
                      12
## 3 dr@hotmail.com
                        6
## 4 dr@me.com
                        9
## 5 dr@outlook.com
                       7
## 6 dr@yahoo.com 13
## 7 madilyn@gmail.com
## 8 miss@gmail.com
                        5
## 9 miss@hotmail.com
## 10 mr@gmail.com
## # ... with 14 more rows
```

You'll want to remove duplicate responses, and keep the most recent response.

```
library(lubridate) # load library for converting datetimes

#Remove duplicate emails, keep most recent submission

df <- df %>%
    mutate(EndDate = as_datetime(EndDate, tz = "America/Los_Angeles")) %>% # converts column to a datetime filter(!is.na(!!u_id)) %>%
    group_by(!!u_id) %>%
    slice(which.max(EndDate)) %>%
    ungroup()
```

Appendix A

Setting up R

A.1 Package installation

You'll want to install the following packages:

library(tidyverse)

Appendix B

Setting up python

```
# Pandas makes working with data tables easier
import pandas as pd

# Numpy is a library for working with Arrays
import numpy as np

# Module for plotting graphs
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

# SciPy implements many different numerical algorithms
import scipy.stats as stats
import collections
```

Appendix C

phone_number

Generating fake data

Here's the code I used to create the respondent information table

```
library(charlatan) # library of fake data
library(glue) # library for pasting together variables
email_domains <- c("@gmail.com", "@hotmail.com", "@outlook.com", "@me.com", "@yahoo.com")
respondent_data <- ch_generate('name', 'job', 'phone_number', n = nrow(df)) %>%
                   separate(name, "first_name", extra = "drop", remove=FALSE) %>%
                   mutate(email = glue("{first_lower}{email_domain}",
                                        first lower = tolower(first name),
                                         email_domain = sample(email_domains, nrow(df), replace=TRUE)
                          gender = sample(c("male", "female", "other", "prefer not to say"), nrow(df),
                          age = sample(c("Under 18", "18-34", "35-54", "55+"), nrow(df), replace=TRUE,
       )
# add ResponseId column from survey sample
respondent_data <- df %>% select(ResponseId) %>%
 bind_cols(respondent_data)
write_csv(respondent_data, "./sample_data/respondent_data.csv") # Store data in sample_data folder
skim(respondent_data)
## Skim summary statistics
## n obs: 502
## n variables: 8
##
##
  -- Variable type:character ------
##
       variable missing complete
                                  n min max empty n_unique
                     0
##
                            502 502
                                     3
                                         8
                                                0
            age
                             502 502
                                     9 21
                                                       409
          email
                                     2 11
                                                       378
##
     first_name
                     0
                            502 502
                                                0
##
                     0
                            502 502
                                      4 17
                                                0
         gender
                                                0
##
                     0
                            502 502
                                     3 59
                                                       350
            job
                            502 502
                                                       502
           name
                                     9
                                         28
                     0
                                                       502
                            502 502 11
                                         20
```

ResponseId 0 502 502 17 17 0 502

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