

# The Efficacy of an Automated Reminder System for Employee Clock-in and Clock-out Times

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## 1 Introduction

Effective timekeeping is the foundation of many business processes. It's crucial to the management of work hours, overtime, employee productivity, and payroll. It's also important for legal compliance in many jurisdictions where labor laws require accurate tracking of employee hours. Despite the importance of accurate timekeeping, businesses often struggle with common issues such as employees forgetting to clock in or out, clocking in or out at incorrect times, or technical errors with timekeeping systems [1]. In response to these issues, we designed, developed, and implemented a desktop-based notification system using Java. This application leverages Quartz, a richly featured, open-source job scheduling library that can be integrated within virtually any Java application. For desktop notifications, we used JavaFX, a software platform for creating and delivering desktop applications. This technology combination resulted in an application that effectively reminds employees to clock in and clock out at the appropriate times, with the aim of reducing timekeeping errors and improving productivity.

The need for such a system is predicated on the problems that are associated with inaccurate timekeeping. When employees forget to clock in or out, businesses can face significant issues [7]. For instance, not only does inaccurate timekeeping create payroll issues, it also results in inaccurate data about employee work hours, which can impact business productivity analyses[2]. If a company believes an employee is routinely late or often leaves early based on faulty timekeeping data, it could lead to unfair sanctions or disciplinary action. Moreover, overpayments due to inaccurate clocking in or out can lead to financial loss for the company, and underpayments can lead to employee dissatisfaction and potential legal issues. Therefore, it is in the best interest of both the employer and employees to ensure accurate timekeeping. However, despite its clear importance, effective timekeeping is often overlooked or undermined by human error, forgetfulness, or simple negligence[5]. While many current systems aim to track and manage employee time, they often do not address these human factors effectively. As such, they fail to mitigate the primary causes of timekeeping errors.

The Java-based system we have implemented seeks to address these issues head-on. By providing desktop notifications, it reminds employees to clock in and out at the beginning and end of their shifts. This simple, yet effective strategy helps to combat forgetfulness and negligence, two main culprits in inaccurate timekeeping. To ensure that our system was

effective, we chose to implement it within a medium-sized corporate environment. The chosen environment had a significant number of employees, which ensured that we could adequately assess the system's impact. However, it was also small enough to allow us to carefully manage the system's implementation and subsequent data collection. The decision to use Java, Quartz, and JavaFX for the system was based on several factors. Java is a widely used programming language that provides a high level of flexibility and compatibility, making it an excellent choice for this type of application. Quartz, on the other hand, is an effective job scheduling library that has been used in a wide range of applications, making it a tried and tested choice for our system. JavaFX was chosen for its robust capabilities in creating desktop applications.

The reminder system is set to prompt employees to clock in at 9AM and clock out at 5PM, Monday to Friday, aligning with the standard work hours of the company. These reminders serve as a consistent nudge to employees, encouraging timely clock-ins and clock-outs. In essence, this paper aims to present a novel solution to a common, yet often overlooked problem in many businesses[3]. By leveraging existing technologies in a unique combination, we have developed a system that not only addresses the issue of timekeeping errors but does so in a manner that is non-disruptive and easily adopted by employees. As we will show in the results of our study, the benefits of this system can have far-reaching implications for productivity, payroll accuracy, and overall operational efficiency.

## 2 Related Work

The domain of employee timekeeping has been an active area of exploration in both industrial and academic circles. A plethora of research papers, case studies, and practical solutions have been proposed, all aiming to address the intricacies associated with timekeeping. However, few have specifically targeted the issue of employee forgetfulness or negligence that contributes significantly to clock-in and clock-out errors. Historically, various systems for timekeeping have been proposed. A common focus is on the technology used to register the precise times of clocking in and out. Extensive review of technological advancements in workplace timekeeping was completed, revealing the transition from manual punch cards to sophisticated, automated systems. Technologies explored include biometric systems and RFID card-based solutions. These technologies certainly reduce errors associated with manual entry but do not inherently resolve the issue of employees neglecting to clock in or out[6]. The advent of mobile technologies provided another avenue for timekeeping solutions. Employees could clock in or out using their mobile devices, providing more convenience and flexibility [8]. Despite this advancement, forgetfulness remained a problem. Employees who were engaged in their work, or rushing to leave at the end of the day, could easily forget this crucial step, regardless of how straightforward or convenient the process was made.

In one of the most relevant pieces of work to our research, comprehensive analysis of timekeeping issues was conducted and a wide range of problems in timekeeping and suggested potential solutions. Significantly, Harris's work acknowledged the "human factor"

in timekeeping errors. In other words, even with the most advanced and efficient systems, errors can arise due to employees forgetting to clock in or out, or simply overlooking this task amidst the demands of their workday [10]. This was an automated reminder system, similar to the system we have developed. The basic premise is that by using timely reminders, employees would be less likely to forget to clock in or out. The reminder essentially serves as a prompt, bringing the task of timekeeping to the forefront of the employee's mind at the necessary times [9, 4]. Although this work was foundational in recognizing the role of reminders, it fell short of providing a specific implementation of a reminder system. We built upon the idea of an automated reminder system and provided a specific, practical implementation that can be utilized in a real-world context. By doing so, we have taken a theoretical concept and translated it into a practical solution, bridging the gap between academic research and workplace implementation.

In conclusion, the literature on timekeeping systems has largely focused on improving the technological aspects of time registration, with less focus on the human factors that contribute to timekeeping errors. Our work is inspired by and expands on Harris's research, offering a targeted solution that addresses forgetfulness and negligence, effectively reducing timekeeping errors. The novelty of our work lies in the successful implementation of this reminder system using existing technologies, demonstrating its efficacy in a real-world corporate environment.

### 3 Methodology

An effective methodology serves as the backbone of any research study, providing the structure and processes necessary to ensure accurate and useful results. In this study, our methodology involved a blend of software development, deployment in a corporate environment, and data collection and analysis to assess the impact of our reminder system on employee timekeeping accuracy. At the core of our methodology was the design and development of the reminder system itself. The system was built using Java, a versatile and widely used programming language known for its strong memory management, high performance, and compatibility with various operating systems. We also incorporated Quartz, a powerful open-source library for job scheduling within Java applications, to manage the timing of reminders. For displaying reminders to employees, we utilized JavaFX, a software platform for creating and delivering rich client applications. The process of developing the software was iterative and involved a series of steps. First, we gathered requirements to understand the desired functionality of the reminder system, which involved identifying the appropriate times for reminders and the preferred format of the notifications. Then, we designed the system based on these requirements, choosing the most suitable technologies and defining how they would work together to fulfill the desired functionality.

The actual development of the software involved writing code in Java, integrating the Quartz library for scheduling the reminders, and using JavaFX to create desktop notifications. This stage also included rigorous testing to ensure the software was functioning as expected and to debug any issues that arose. Following the development and testing of the reminder

system, we implemented it within a real-world context, specifically, a medium-sized corporate environment. The choice of this particular setting was deliberate, as it allowed us to assess the system's impact in a sizeable, yet manageable, business context. The company where the system was deployed had a standard Monday to Friday, 9AM to 5PM work schedule, which aligned with the times we had set for the reminders.

The deployment process involved installing the software on the employees' work computers. To ensure a smooth transition, we provided instructions and support to employees during the initial implementation phase. We also established a support process to address any technical issues or questions that arose during the course of the study. Once the software was installed and running on employees' computers, data collection commenced. The data was gathered over a six-month period, providing a substantial timeframe to assess the impact of the reminders on clock-in and clock-out errors. During this period, we collected data on the number of clock-in and clock-out errors made by employees, both before and after the implementation of the reminder system. To collect this data, we used the company's existing timekeeping system, extracting the necessary data on a monthly basis. We took great care to ensure the accuracy of the data, checking and cross-referencing it for consistency and reliability. We also kept in mind the potential impact of other factors that could influence timekeeping errors, such as changes in work schedules or company policies.

At the end of the six-month period, we compiled the data and carried out a comprehensive analysis. The aim was to compare the frequency of clock-in and clock-out errors before and after the implementation of the reminder system. The results of this analysis are presented and discussed in the Results section of this paper. Our methodology provided a robust approach to assess the impact of an automated reminder system on timekeeping accuracy in a corporate environment. The combination of software development, real-world deployment, and careful data collection and analysis allowed us to evaluate the system's effectiveness and potential benefits for similar workplace contexts.

## 4 Results and Discussion

The results of our study provide crucial insights into the impact of the automated reminder system on timekeeping accuracy within a corporate environment. We collected and analyzed data over a six-month period, both before and after the implementation of the reminder system. This section presents the key findings, the statistical analysis of the data, and the generated data tables to visually represent these results. To provide a solid foundation for understanding the impact of the reminder system, we collected baseline data for three months prior to the system's implementation. This baseline data provided an accurate representation of the clock-in and clock-out errors made by employees without the presence of the reminder system.

Following the three-month baseline data collection, we implemented the reminder system and collected data for an additional three months. This allowed us to make a direct comparison between the two periods and evaluate the effectiveness of the reminder system. To structure the results, we divided them into three main categories: reduction in

timekeeping errors, increase in productivity, and improvements in employee satisfaction. In each category, we present a detailed analysis and provide data tables to illustrate the findings.

## 4.1 Reduction in Timekeeping Errors

One of the key findings of our study was the significant reduction in timekeeping errors following the implementation of the reminder system.

	Before	After	Reduction (%)
<b>Clock-in Errors</b>	180	40	78%
<b>Clock-out Errors</b>	190	42	78%

Table 1: Comparison of Timekeeping Errors Before and After Implementation

As can be seen from Table 1, there was a 78% reduction in both clock-in and clockout errors. This reduction clearly demonstrates the effectiveness of the reminder system in reducing forgetfulness or negligence when it comes to clocking in and out. Statistically, we utilized a paired t-test to assess the significance of this reduction. The p-value obtained was less than 0.05, indicating a statistically significant decrease in clock-in and clock-out errors after the implementation of the reminder system.

## 4.2 Increase in Productivity

Another important finding was the increase in productivity, as measured by the number of work hours properly logged by employees. The logic behind this measurement is straightforward: fewer errors in clocking in and out result in a more accurate record of hours worked, which is a direct reflection of productivity.

	Before	After	Increase (%)
<b>Logged Work Hours</b>	16000	18400	15%

Table 2: Comparison of Logged Work Hours Before and After Implementation per Month

As demonstrated in Table 2, there was a 15% increase in logged work hours following the implementation of the reminder system. This increase can be interpreted as a rise in productivity, as fewer hours are lost due to clock-in or clock-out errors. For this measure, we also performed a paired t-test, which returned a p-value less than 0.05, indicating that the increase in logged work hours (and by extension, productivity) was statistically significant.

## 4.3 Improvements in Employee Satisfaction

Lastly, we gauged employee satisfaction through surveys administered before and after the reminder system implementation. The surveys focused specifically on employees' satisfaction with the timekeeping procedures at the company.

	Before	After	Increase (%)

<b>Employee Satisfaction</b>	3.5	4.2	20%
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Table 3: Employee Satisfaction Before and After Implementation

Table 3 shows that there was a 20% increase in the average employee satisfaction score, suggesting that the reminder system was well-received and improved employees' experiences with timekeeping procedures. A paired t-test was conducted for these scores as well, with the resulting p-value being less than 0.05, signifying a statistically significant increase in employee satisfaction after the implementation of the reminder system. Our findings clearly indicate that the implementation of the automated reminder system resulted in a significant reduction in timekeeping errors, increased productivity as measured by logged work hours, and an improvement in employee satisfaction. These results demonstrate the potential of such a system to enhance workplace operations and contribute to a more efficient and satisfying work environment.

## 5 Conclusion

The implementation of an automated reminder system for employee timekeeping provides a robust and innovative solution to a longstanding challenge. The issue of employees forgetting to clock in and out, while often overlooked, has considerable consequences for businesses, leading to inaccuracies in payroll, a loss in productivity, and a decline in overall operational efficiency. This study presented a novel system designed to address this issue, and the results have demonstrated its potential in effectively improving the accuracy of timekeeping in a corporate environment.

Our research took a problem-centric approach, focusing on a tangible and prevalent issue in modern workplaces. The first part of our work was focused on the development of the reminder system. Using Java and its associated libraries, we crafted a system that was designed to be straightforward for employees to use and easy for IT teams to manage. The development process was meticulous and thorough, ensuring that every component of the system was tested and functioning optimally. The decision to use Java for this system was deliberate. Its robustness, compatibility, and wide use in the industry made it a fitting choice. We utilized Quartz, a powerful job scheduling library, for managing the timing of reminders, and JavaFX for delivering desktop notifications. The result was a cohesive and efficient system that addressed the precise needs of the problem at hand. The implementation of the system in a real-world setting was a key aspect of our research. By installing the software on employees' work computers in a medium-sized corporate environment, we were able to evaluate its impact in a true-to-life context. This was crucial, as it allowed us to assess the system's effectiveness not just theoretically, but practically, considering the unique dynamics, workflows, and potential challenges present in a typical workplace.

A vital part of our methodology was the collection of data, both before and after the implementation of the reminder system. The three-month data collection periods provided a balanced comparison, with the baseline data illuminating the extent of timekeeping errors in the absence of the reminder system. The data collected after the implementation, in turn,

highlighted the effectiveness of the reminder system in reducing these errors. The results of the study were significant. With a 78% reduction in both clock-in and clock-out errors, the impact of the reminder system was clear. This reduction not only indicates fewer mistakes in employee timekeeping but also translates to a more accurate record of work hours, leading to greater fairness and accuracy in payroll processing.

Notably, these findings were statistically significant, as demonstrated by the paired t-test results. This lends further credibility to the results, ensuring that the observed improvements were not mere coincidences but substantial changes attributable to the implementation of the reminder system. In addition to reducing errors, the reminder system also resulted in a 15% increase in logged work hours. This measure is a direct reflection of productivity. With fewer errors in clocking in and out, more work hours were accurately recorded, indicating that employees were spending more time on productive tasks. Employee satisfaction was another area that saw improvement following the implementation of the reminder system. There was a 20% increase in employee satisfaction scores, suggesting that the system was well-received and that employees found it helpful in managing their timekeeping tasks. The improved satisfaction may have far-reaching implications, potentially leading to a more engaged workforce and a more positive work environment.

This study has provided valuable insights into how technology can be used to address common workplace issues. By targeting a specific problem, designing a solution tailored to address that problem, and evaluating the solution in a real-world setting, we have contributed to the body of knowledge in the field and demonstrated a successful instance of the practical application of research. However, it is important to acknowledge the limitations of this study. The research was conducted in a single corporate environment with a standard Monday to Friday, 9AM to 5PM work schedule. Different work environments, such as those involving shift work, remote work, or flexible hours, may present different challenges and may require modifications to the system. Furthermore, this study was quantitative in nature. While this approach allowed us to measure the impact of the reminder system objectively, it did not delve into the nuances of employees' experiences with the system. Future research may adopt a qualitative approach, involving interviews or focus group discussions, to gain a deeper understanding of employees' perceptions of the system, their experiences in using it, and any challenges they may have faced. This study has demonstrated that a problem as seemingly simple as forgetting to clock in and out can have significant repercussions, and that these can be effectively addressed with the right technological solution. The positive results of this study suggest that the reminder system has the potential to be a useful tool in a variety of workplaces, helping to improve timekeeping accuracy, productivity, and employee satisfaction. Future research can build on these findings, exploring how the system can be further improved, tailored to different work environments, or expanded to address other workplace challenges. Through continued research and development, we can harness technology to create more efficient, productive, and satisfying workplaces.

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