1. Duration of interphenophases in winegrapes

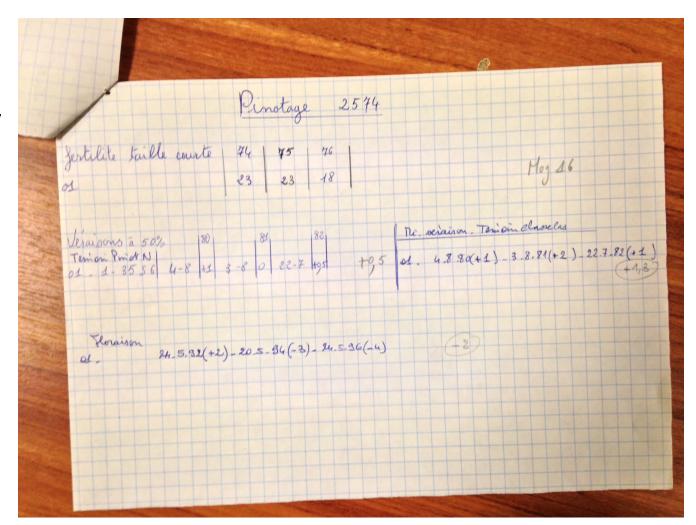
2. Domaine de Vassal

- Research vineyard in France
- Plant many varieties and clones for experiments and data collection
- Vines are planted for 5 years
- Except Chasselas



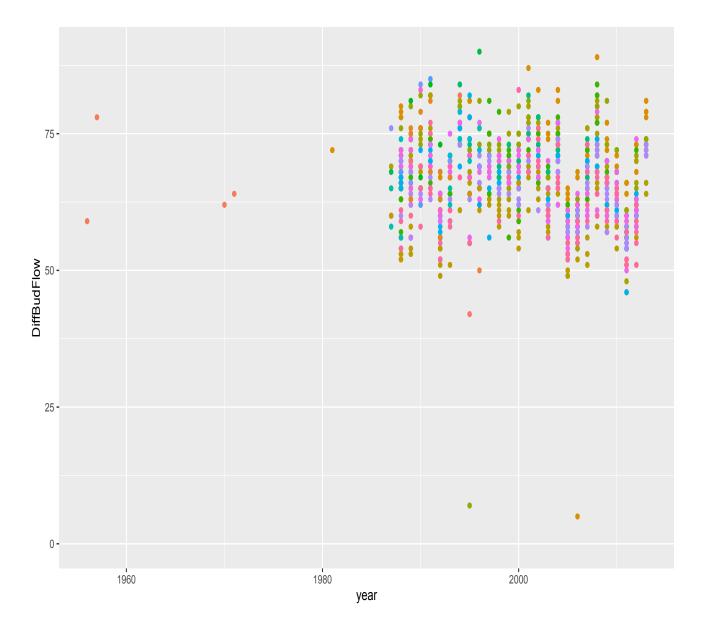
3. The data:

- Chasselas is continually grown as the baseline variety
- Phenology is measured relative to Chesselas
- If budbreak for Chasselas is April 15, then
 - April 15 = 0
 - April 14 = -1
 - April 16 = +1



4. The data:

- Data years 1956 2013
- Hinge year for model = 1980
 - Earliest start year for simulated data will be 1961
 - Years in simulated data count down from the start year



5. Questions:

- Has the duration of interphenophases changed since the 1980s?
- If so, does the change differ between varieties?
- Interphenophase = time between phenophases (budburst to flowering)

6. Model: Single Slope

Duration.predicted $\sim N(mu, e)$ $mu = a_{var} + B*year$ $a_{var} \sim N(mu_{var}, sigma_{var})$ B = -0.2 $e \sim U(0, 20)$

Written as an equation: Duration.predicted = a_{var} + B*year + e

 So each variety has unique intercept but will only draw one value from beta's distribution so all varieties have same slope (for now).

7. Model: Variety Slope

```
Duration.predicted \sim N(mu, e)

mu = a_{avar} + B_{bvar}^* year

a_{avar} \sim N(mu_{avar}, sigma_{avar})

B_{bvar} \sim N(mu_{bvar}, sigma_{bvar})

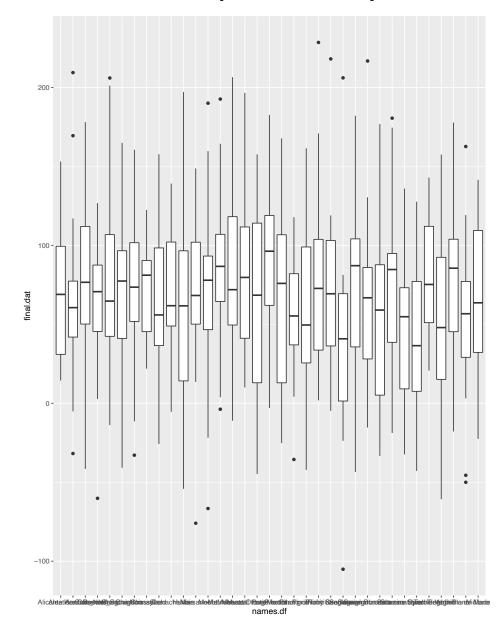
e \sim U(0, 20)
```

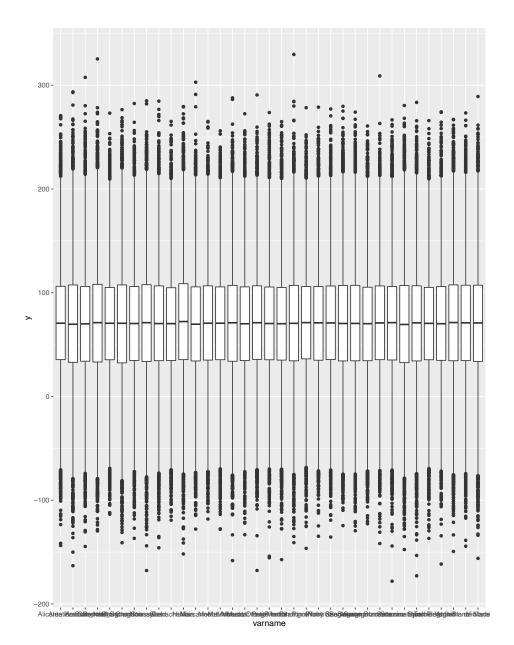
Written as an equation:

Duration.predicted = $a_{avar} + B_{bvar} * year + e$

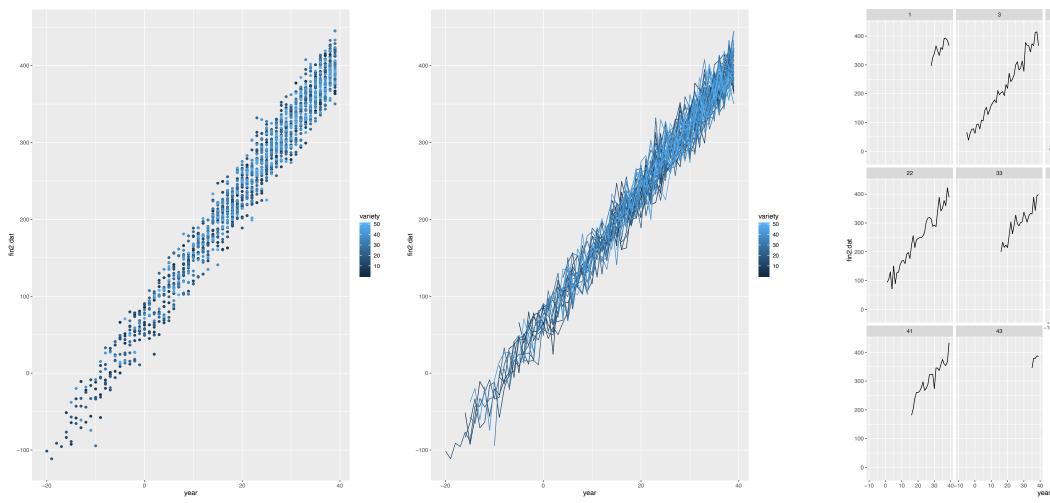
• So each variety has unique intercept and unique slope.

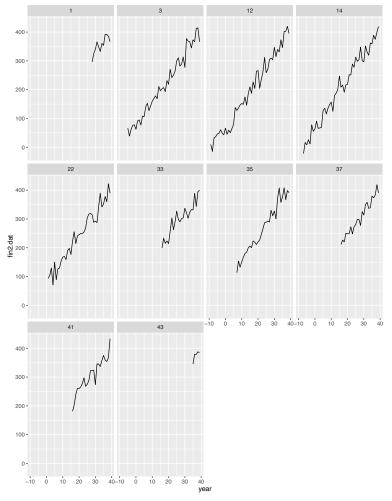
8. Intercept-Only Results





9. Single-slope Results (all start years = 2020)

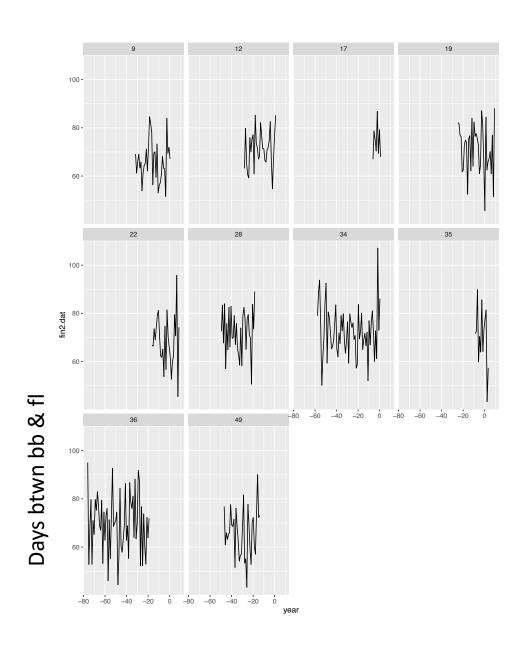




10. New Simulated Data

New for April 7

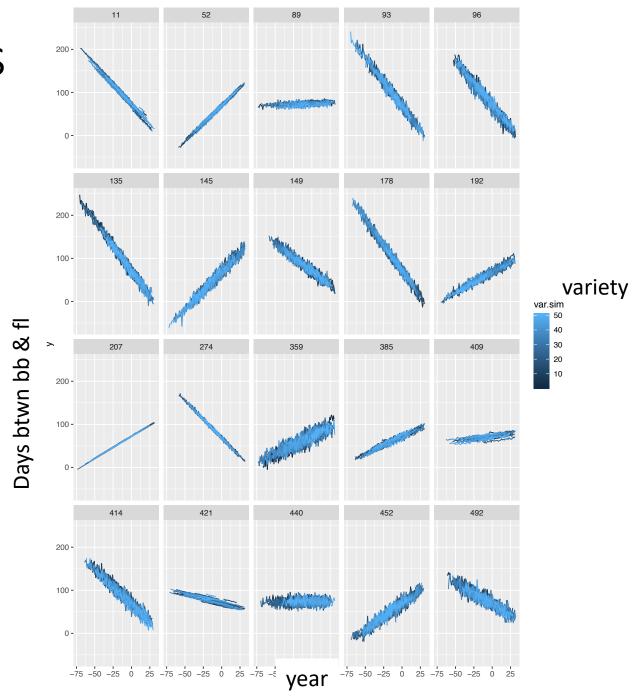
Examples of simulated data: varying start years



11. First set of priors and results

Priors

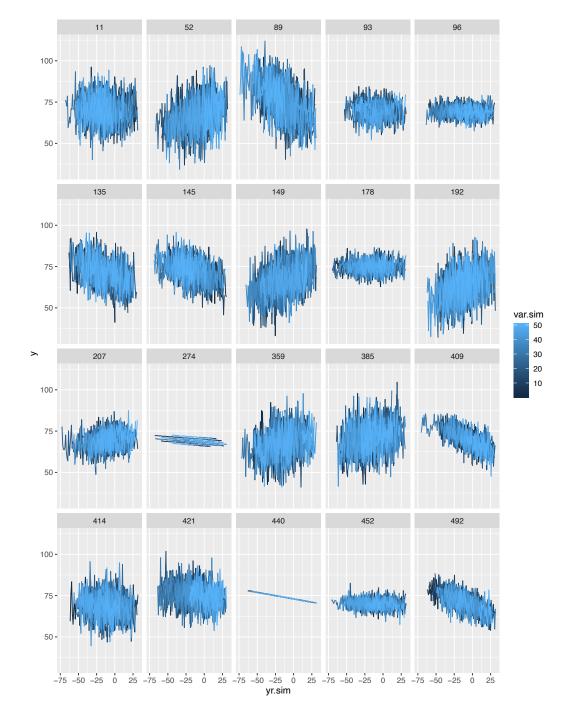
- a.mu ~ N(70, 5)
- a.sigma ~ U(0, 5)
- B.mu ~ N(0, 1)
- B.sigma ~ U(0, 1)
- E ~U(0, 10)



12. Second set of priors and results

Prior

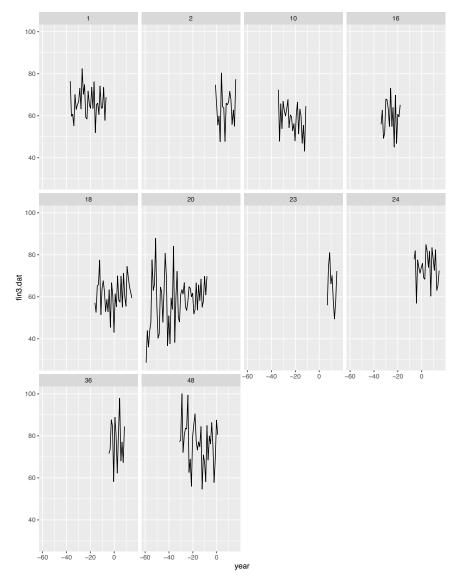
- a.mu ~ N(70, 2)
- a.sigma ~ U(0,2)
- B.mu ~ N(0, 0.1)
- B.sigma ~ U(0, 0.1)
- E ~ U(0, 10)

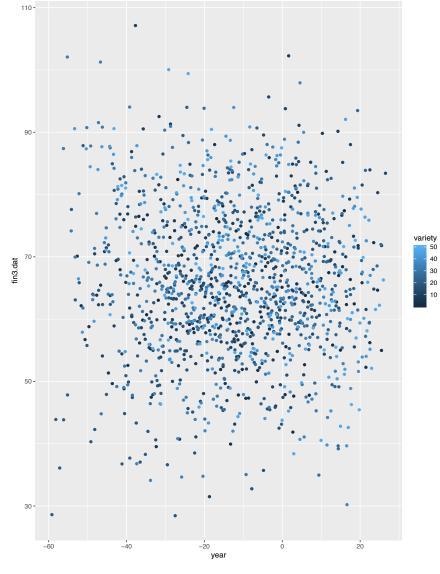


13. Varying Slopes: Simulated Data

Priors

- $a_{var} \sim N(65, 5)$
- $B_{var} \sim N(0, 0.2)$
- E = 10

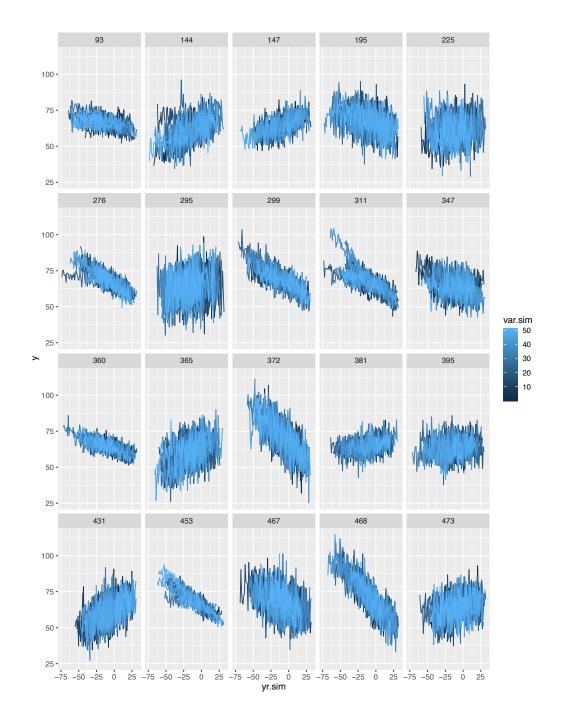




14. Varying Slopes: Prior Check

Priors

- mu_{avar} ~ N(65, 2)
- sigma_{avar} ~ N(0, 2)
- $mu_{bvar} \sim N(0, 0.2)$
- sigma_{bvar} ~ N(0, 0.2)
- E ~ N(0, 10)



15. Next steps...

- Rstan still a mystery so fix but, in the meantime,
- Use rstanarm or Imer to run my model for fake data
- Do some alpha and beta plots for the different priors
- Draw from different priors and plot together (what did I mean by this?)
- Recommendations?? What am I missing here? What should I be aiming for?

15. Questions

- Need to fix the year so it does not go to -80. Something to do with the start year needing to be late enough so the count down does not go lower than -24
 - Decided to ignore this problem for the moment