

Winter Hardiness Update

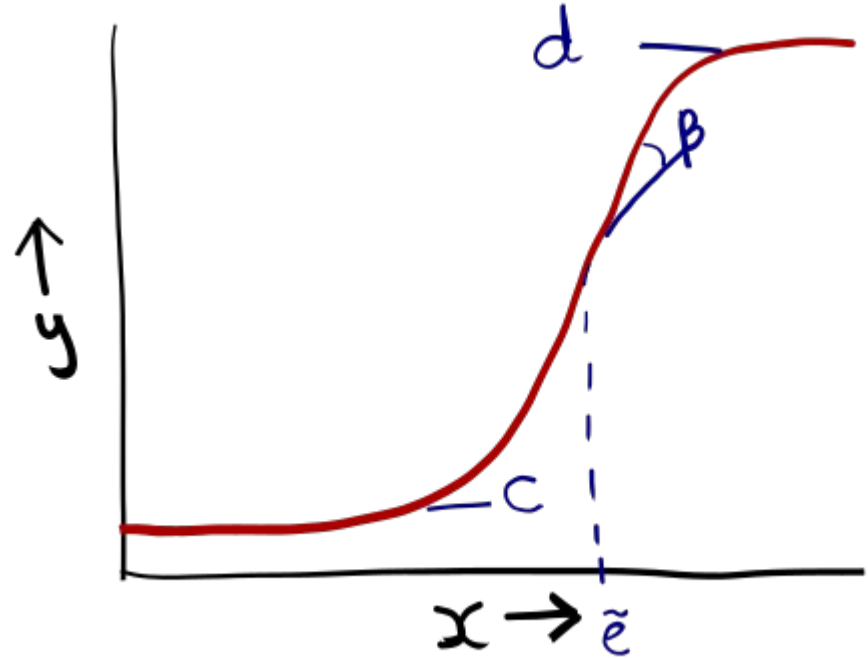
Faith Jones
Sep 22nd 2020



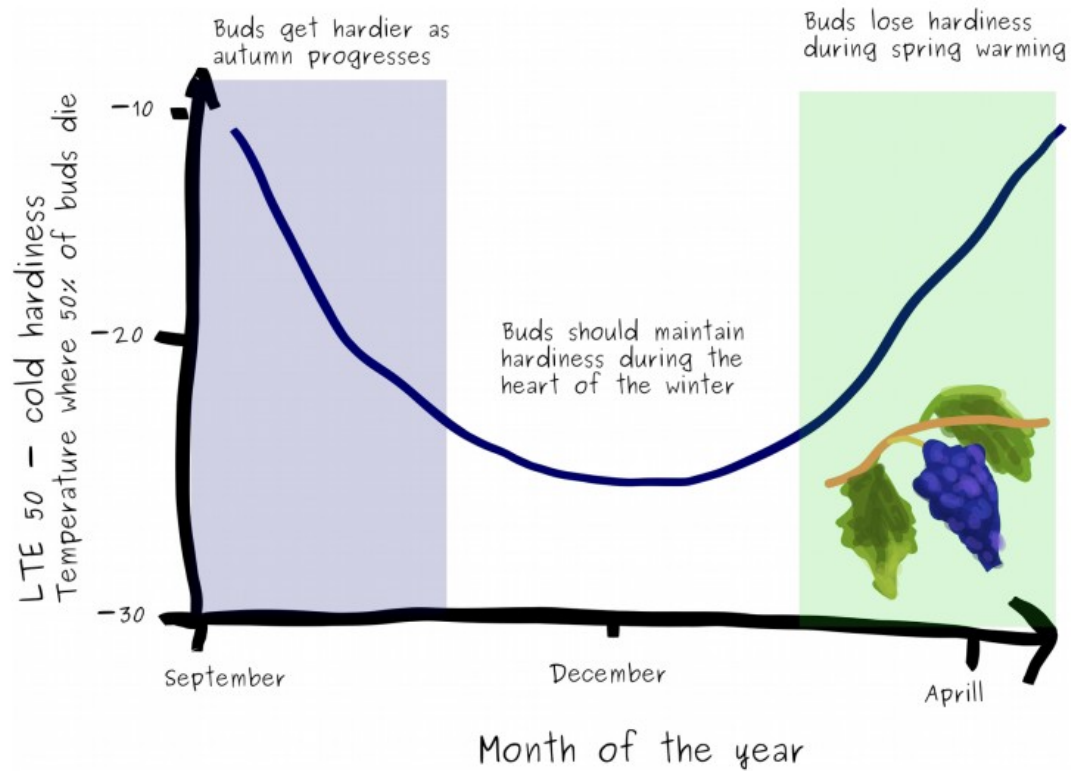
Reminder

Last time we walked through my workflow of a Sigmoidal model

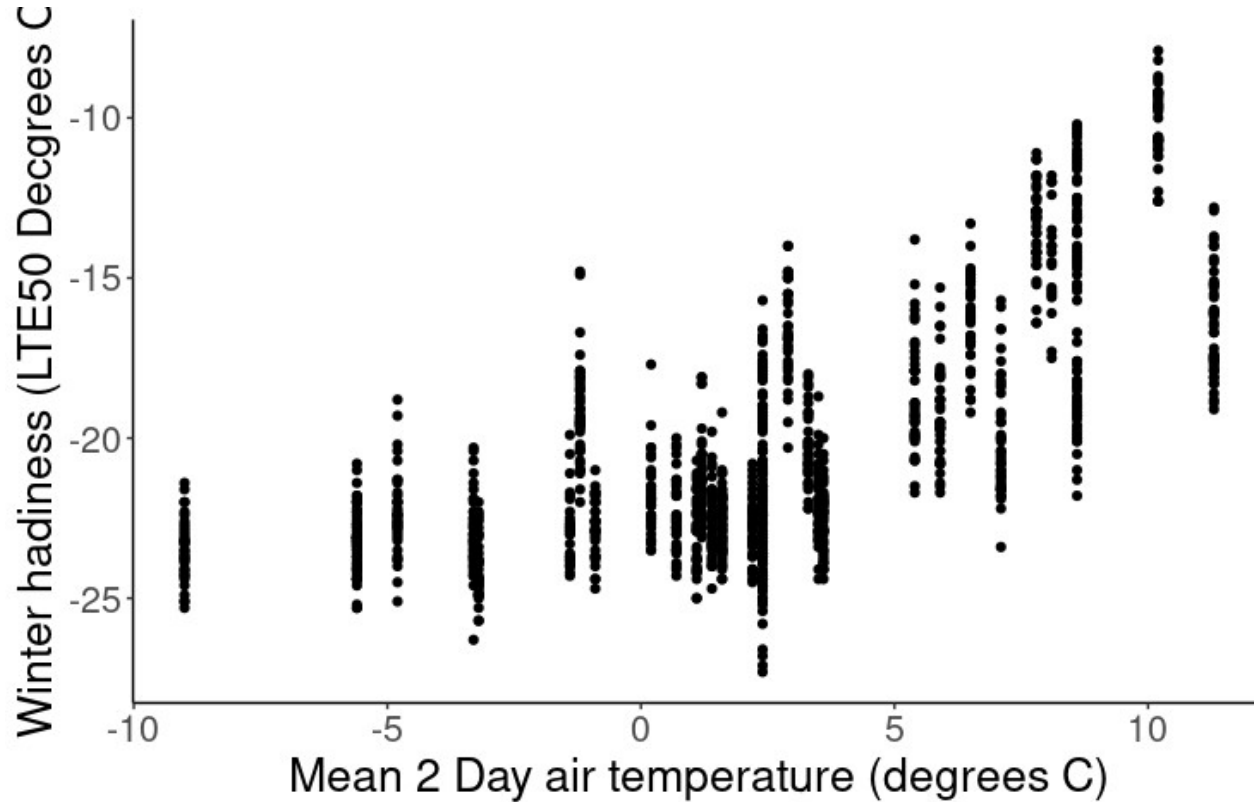
- Dose Response Curve
- No hierarchical elements yet
- Was not quite fitting



The data



The data



Model structure

$$\mu = f(x, (b, c, d, e)) = c + \frac{d - c}{1 + \exp^{b(\log(x) - \tilde{e})}} \quad (1)$$

$$\tilde{y}_i \sim normal(\mu_i, \sigma) \quad (2)$$

Where:

x is the concentration of the dose (amount of winter cold)

b is the response rate (slope)

d is the upper asymptote of the response (maximum hardness)

c is the lower asymptote of the response (minimum hardness)

e is the effective dose ED50 (winter temperature where cold hardness is half way between min and max)

\tilde{e} is the log of the effective dose ED50

Model structure – hierarchical!

Variety effects rate of change (b) and maximum hardness (d)

Site effects only maximum hardness (d)

$$\mu = f(x_i, (b, c, d, e)) = c + \frac{(d + d_{var,i} + d_{site,i}) - c}{1 + \exp^{b_{var}(\log(x_i) - \bar{e})}} \quad (3)$$

$$d_{var} = dr_{var} * \sigma_{dvar} \quad (4)$$

$$d_{site} = dr_{site} * \sigma_{dsite} \quad (5)$$

$$b_{var} = br_{var} * \sigma_{bvar} \quad (6)$$

$$\tilde{y}_i \sim normal(\mu_i, \sigma) \quad (7)$$

Model structure – priors

$$b \sim \text{gamma}(7, 1)$$

$$\sigma_{bvar} \sim \text{normal}(0, 3)$$

$$br_{var} \sim \text{normal}(0, 1)$$

$$d \sim \text{Normal}(25, 10)$$

$$\sigma_{dvar} \sim \text{gamma}(2.5, 1.75)$$

$$dr_{var} \sim \text{normal}(0, 1)$$

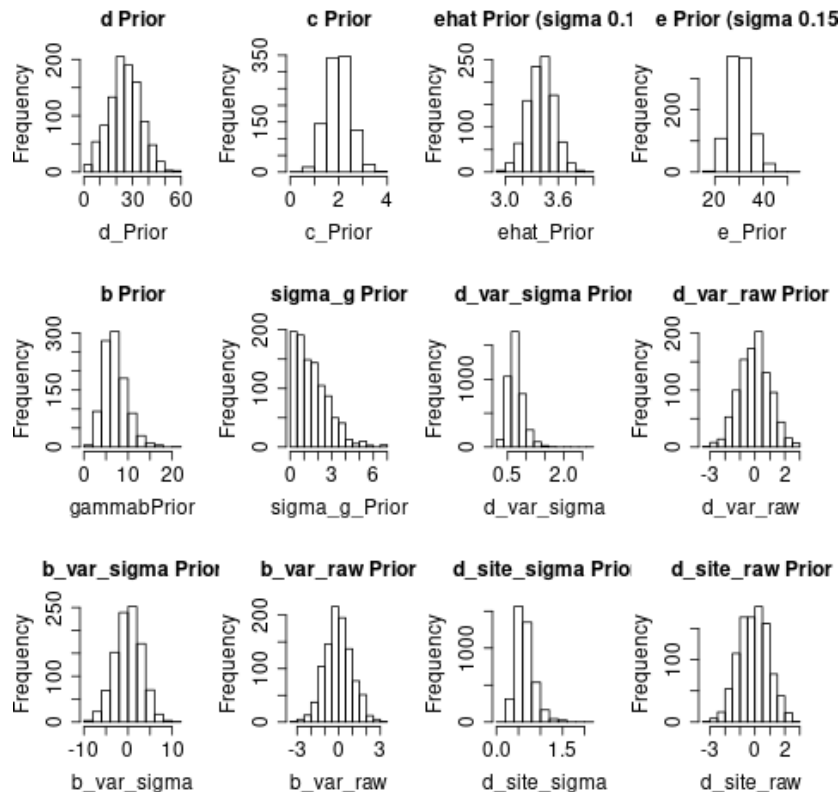
$$\sigma_{dsite} \sim \text{gamma}(2.5, 1.75)$$

$$dr_{site} \sim \text{normal}(0, 1)$$

$$c \sim \text{normal}(2, 0.5)$$

$$\tilde{e} \sim \text{normal}(\log(30), 0.15)$$

$$\sigma \sim \text{normal}(0, 5)$$



C Prior

$b \sim \text{gamma}(7, 1)$

$\sigma_{bvar} \sim \text{normal}(0, 3)$

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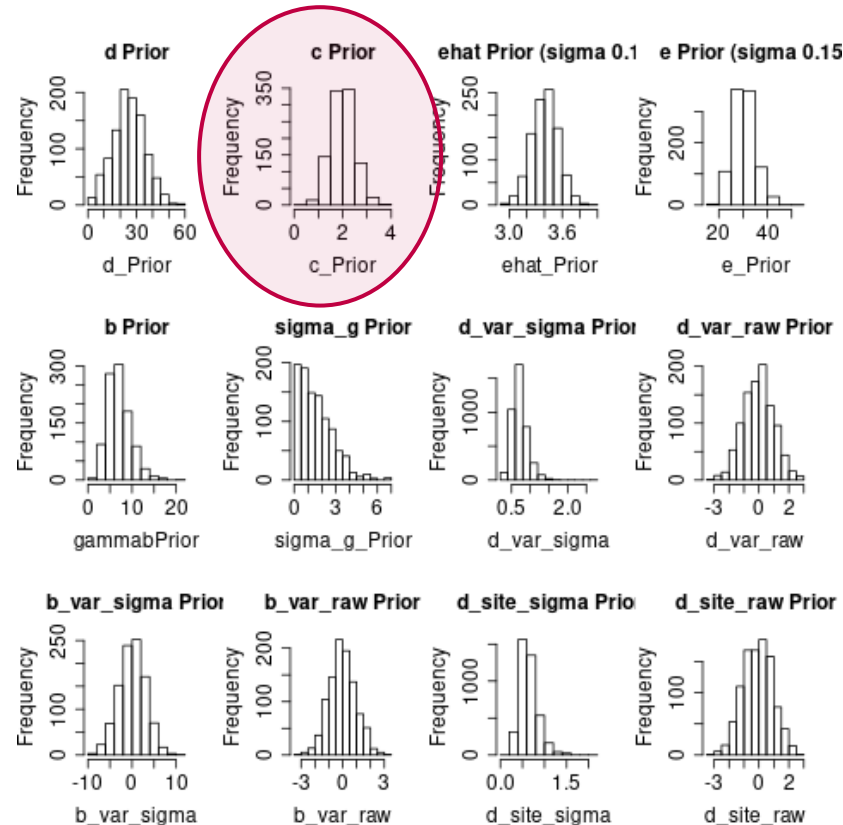
$\sigma_{dsite} \sim \text{gamma}(2.5, 1.75)$

$dr_{site} \sim \text{normal}(0, 1)$

$c \sim \text{normal}(2, 0.5)$

~~$\tilde{e} \sim \text{normal}(\log(30), 0.15)$~~

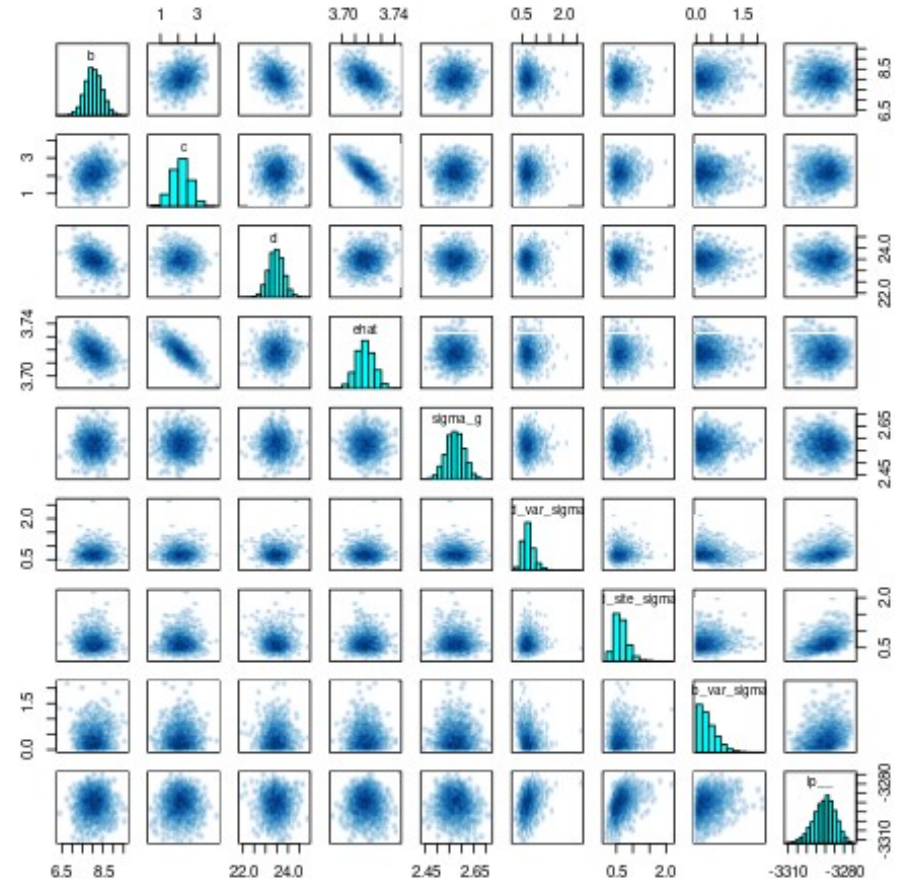
$\sigma \sim \text{normal}(0, 5)$



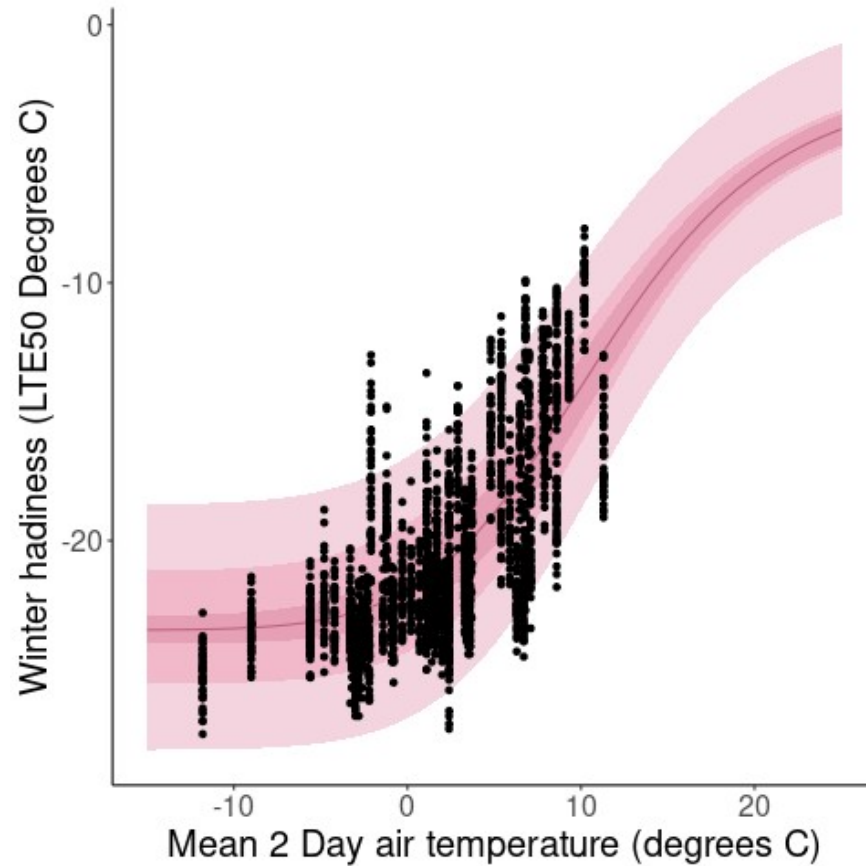
Model fit – pairs

No obvious fundamental problems

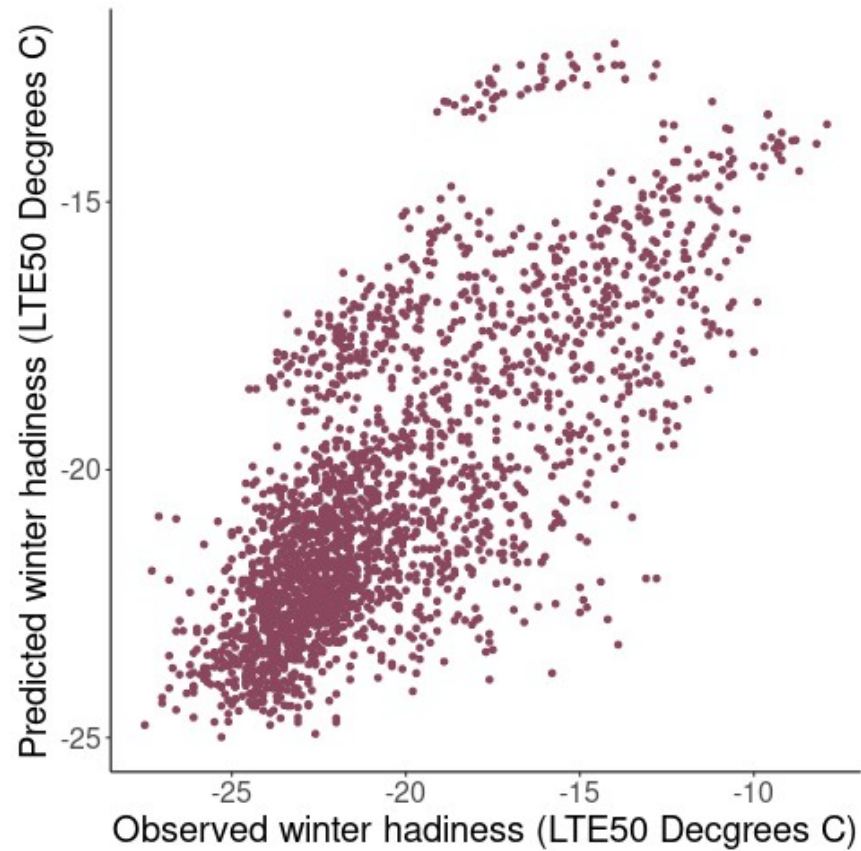
There is coliniarity bewteen parameters c and ehat, but that's why we constrained c so much.



Model fit

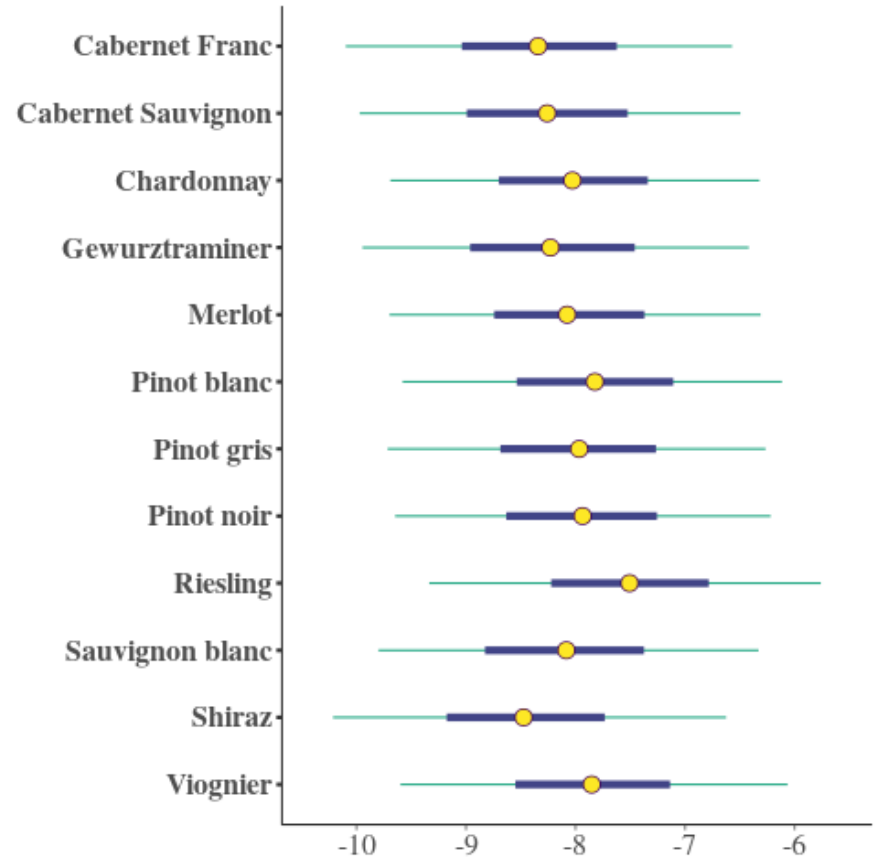


Model fit



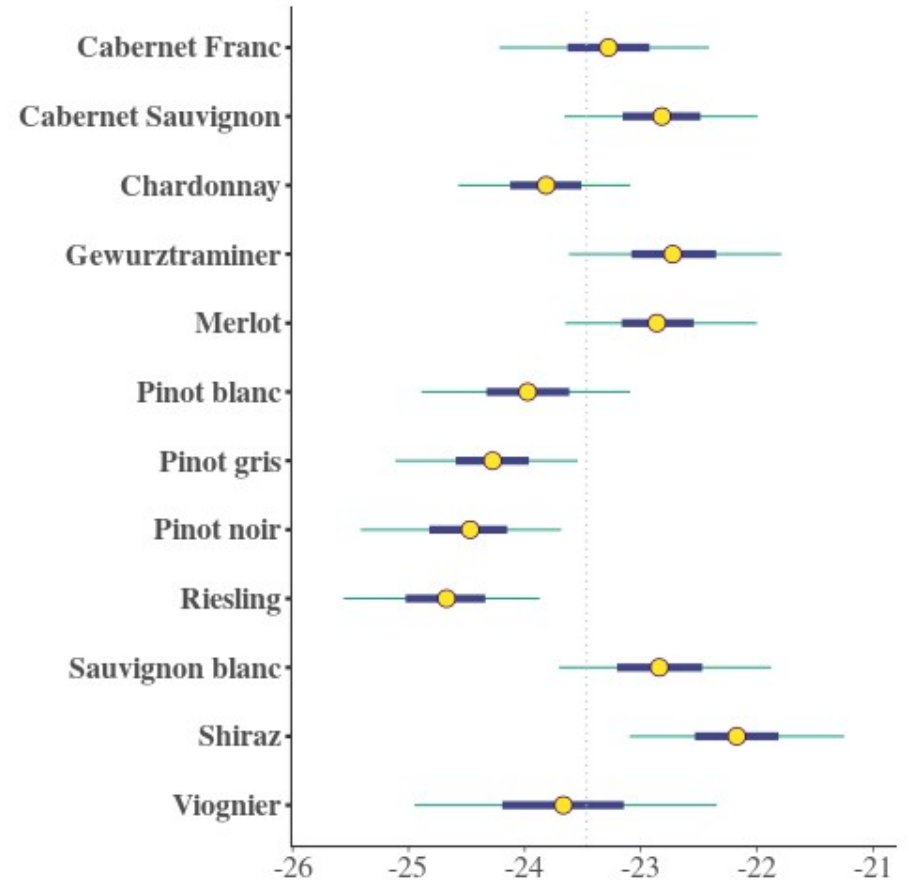
Model fit - variety effects

No obvious difference in rates of change of different varieties



Model fit - variety effects

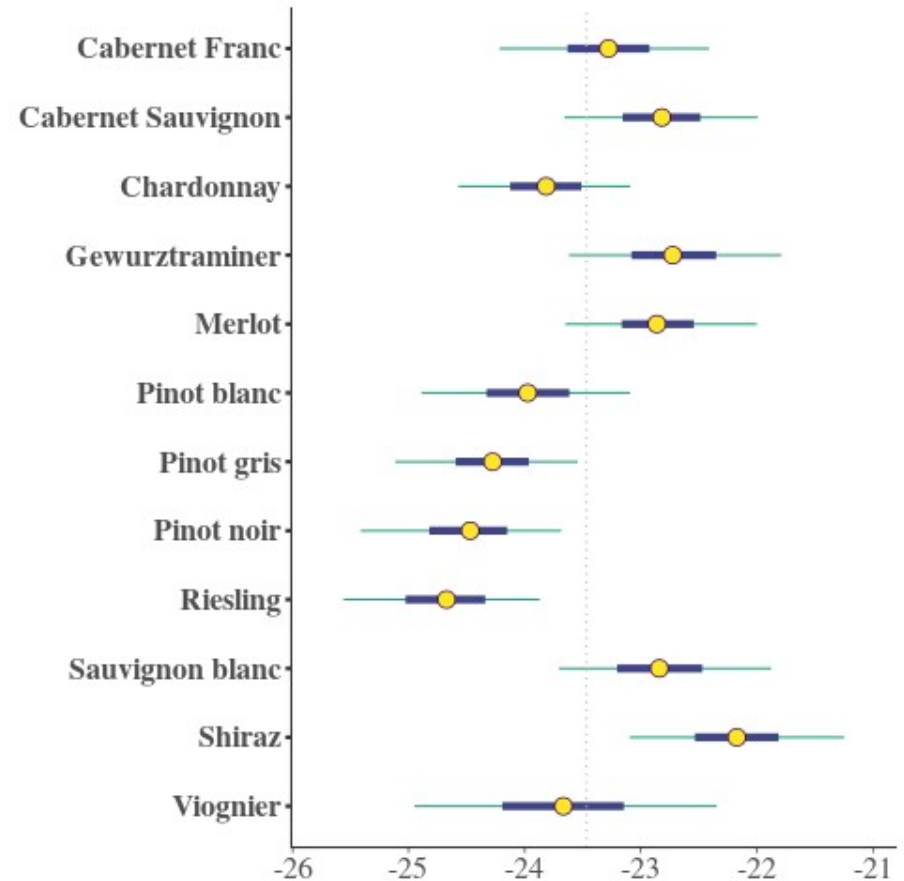
Difference in maximum hardness
of different varieties



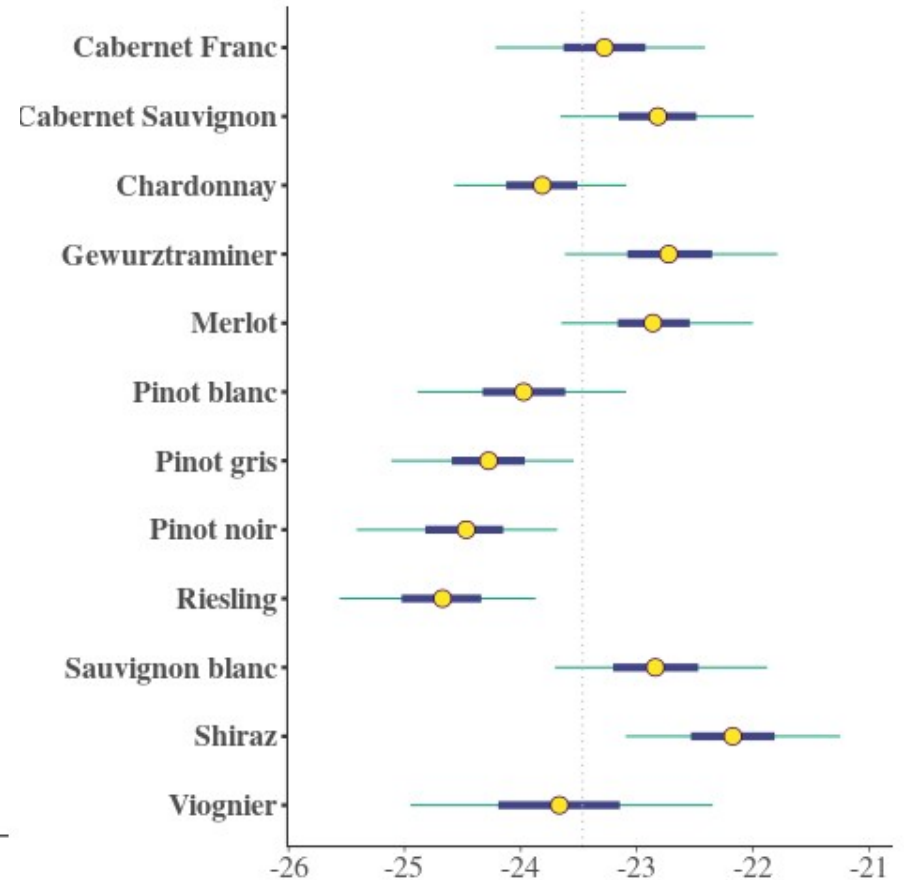
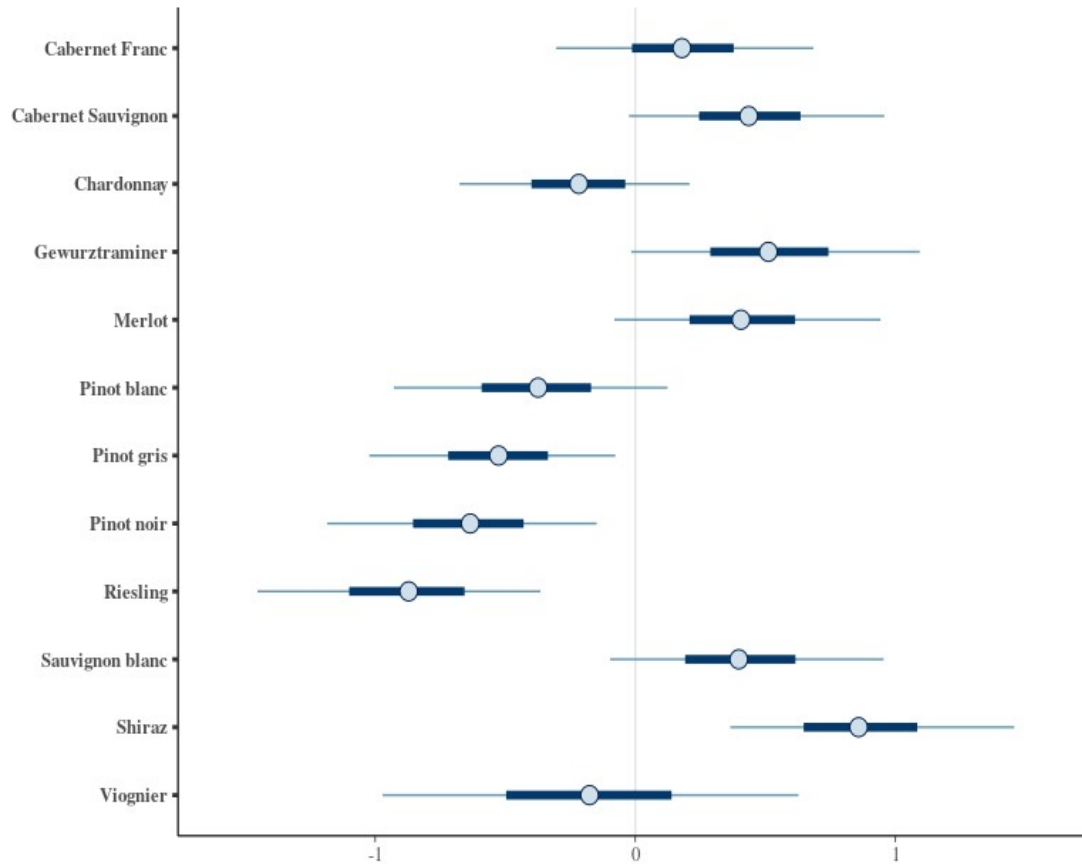
Model fit - variety effects

Difference in maximum hardness
of different varieties

Very similar to effect of variety
on intercept of linear model I
tried

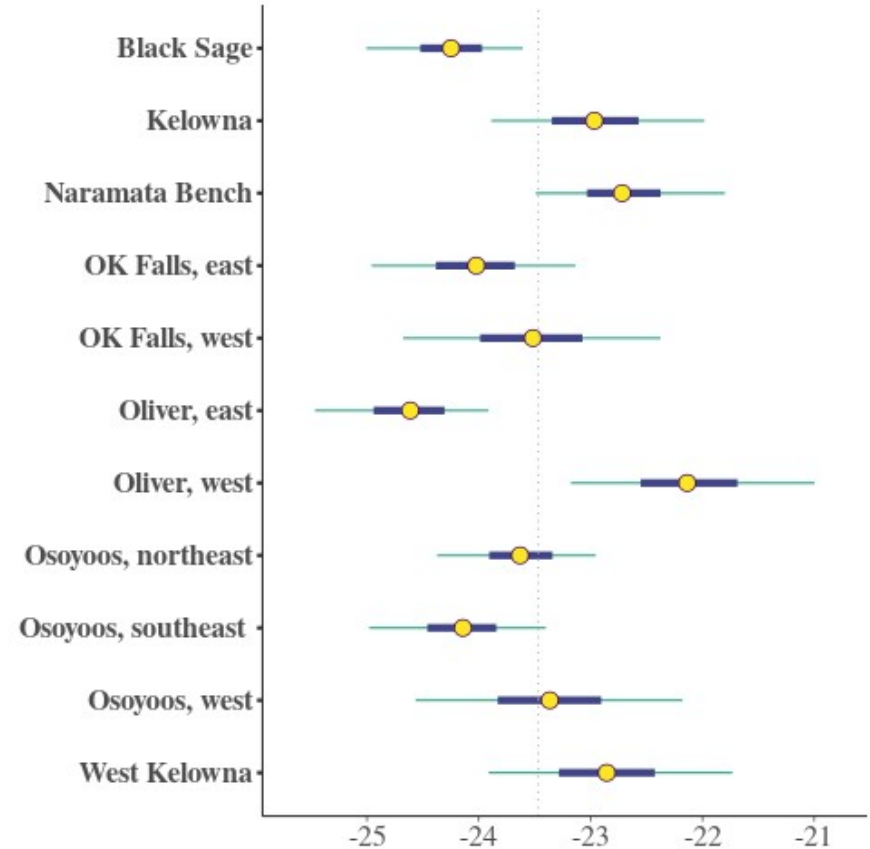


Model fit - variety effects



Model fit - site effects

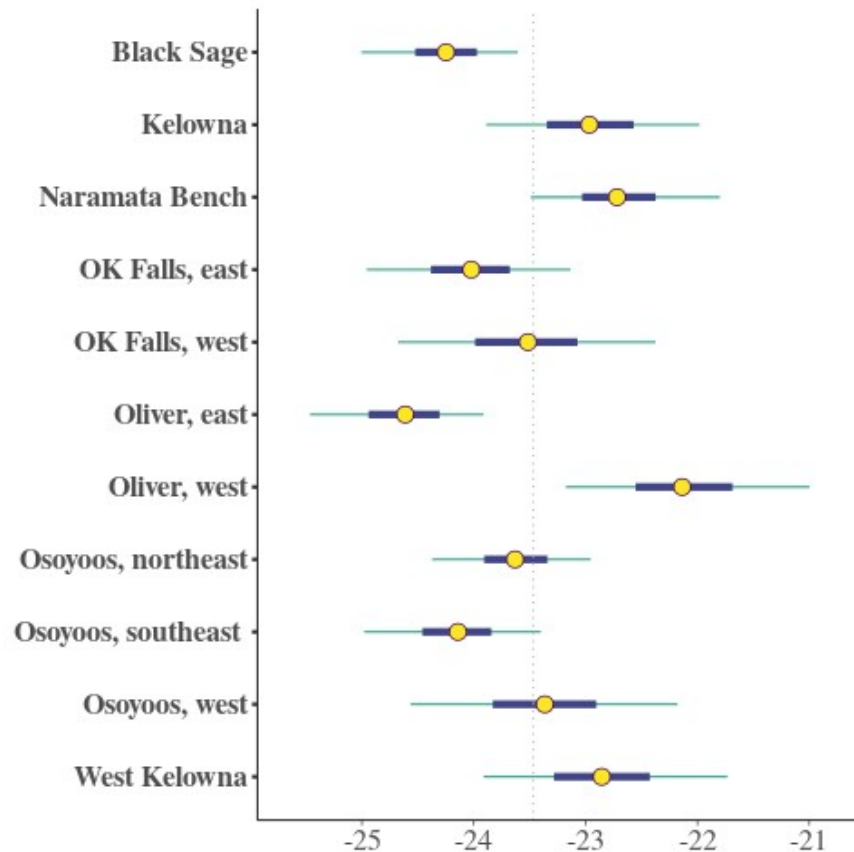
Difference in maximum hardness
of different sites



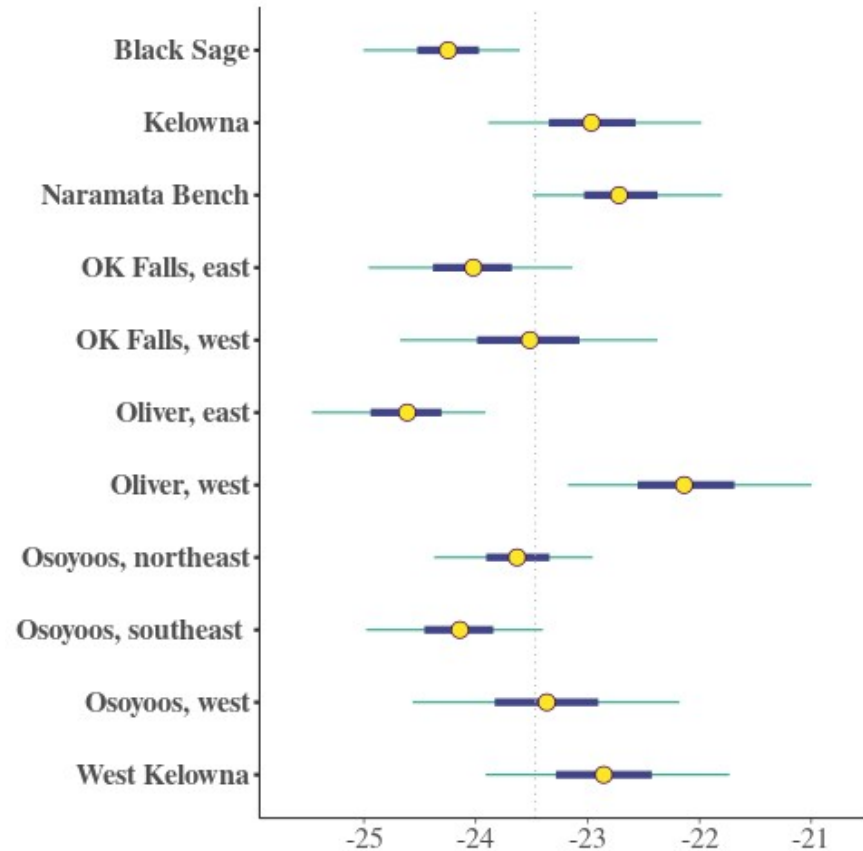
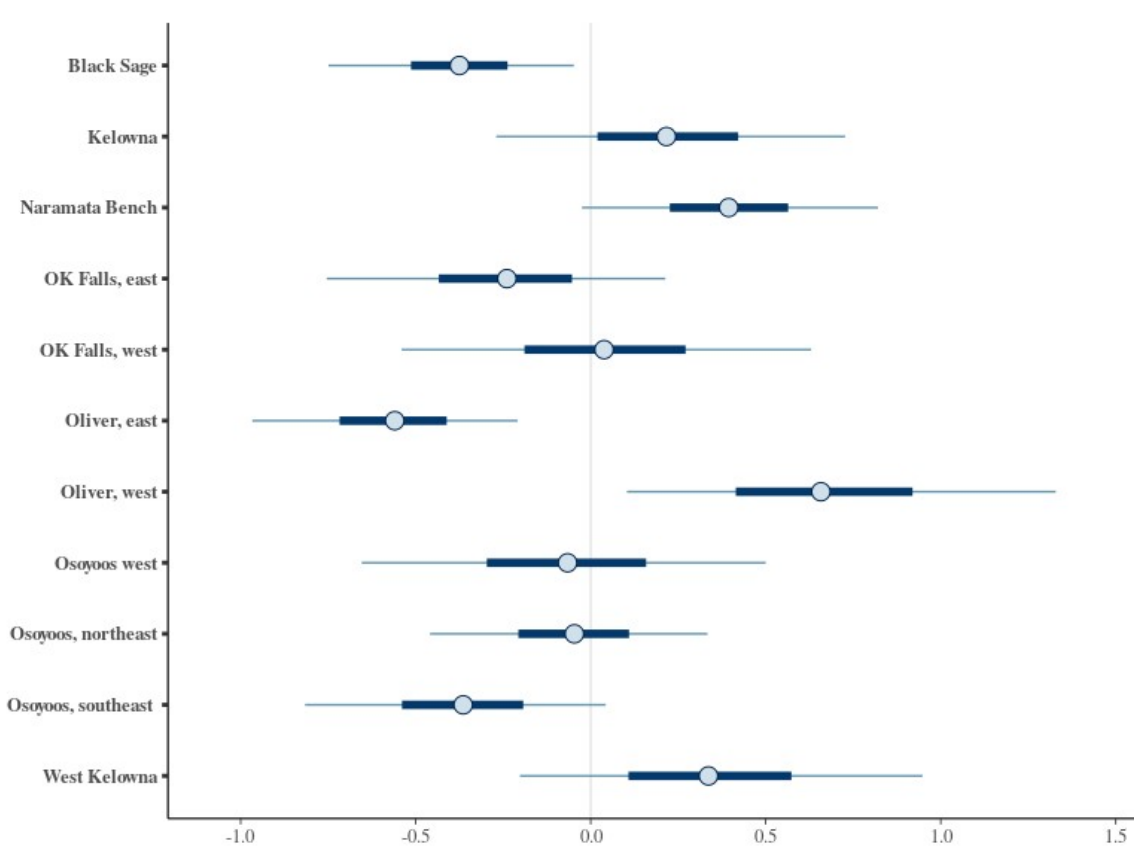
Model fit - site effects

Difference in maximum hardness
of different sites

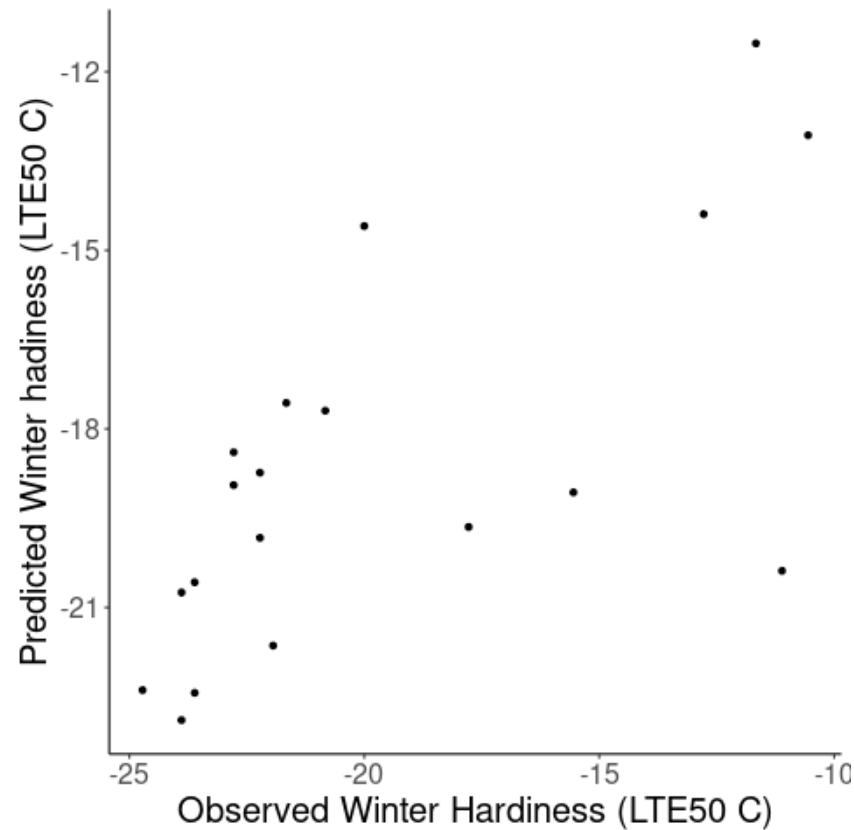
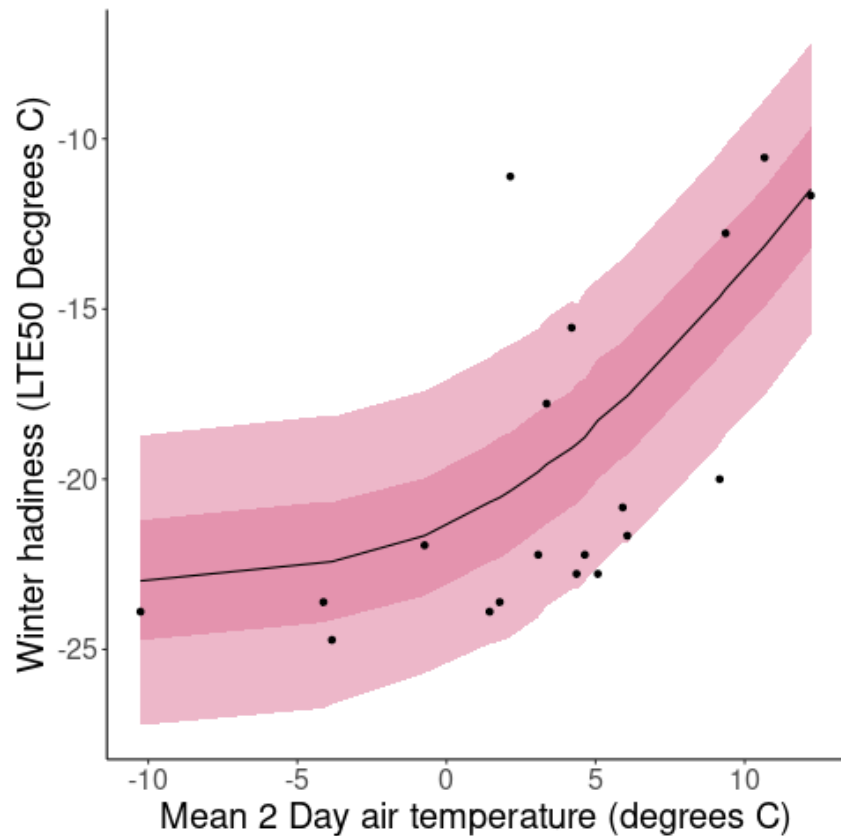
Again similar to results of effect
of site on intercept in my old
linear model



Model fit - site effects



Try with new data



Data from Washington State vines

Next steps

Generally happy with the model now, so need to actually use it for something useful!

Feed in Okanagan historical temperatures to see how the number of days where air temp falls below vine cold tolerance has changed

Extend analysis and model to include additional regions?
- maybe switch site effect to be region effect

Maybe include an effect for spring/autumn?

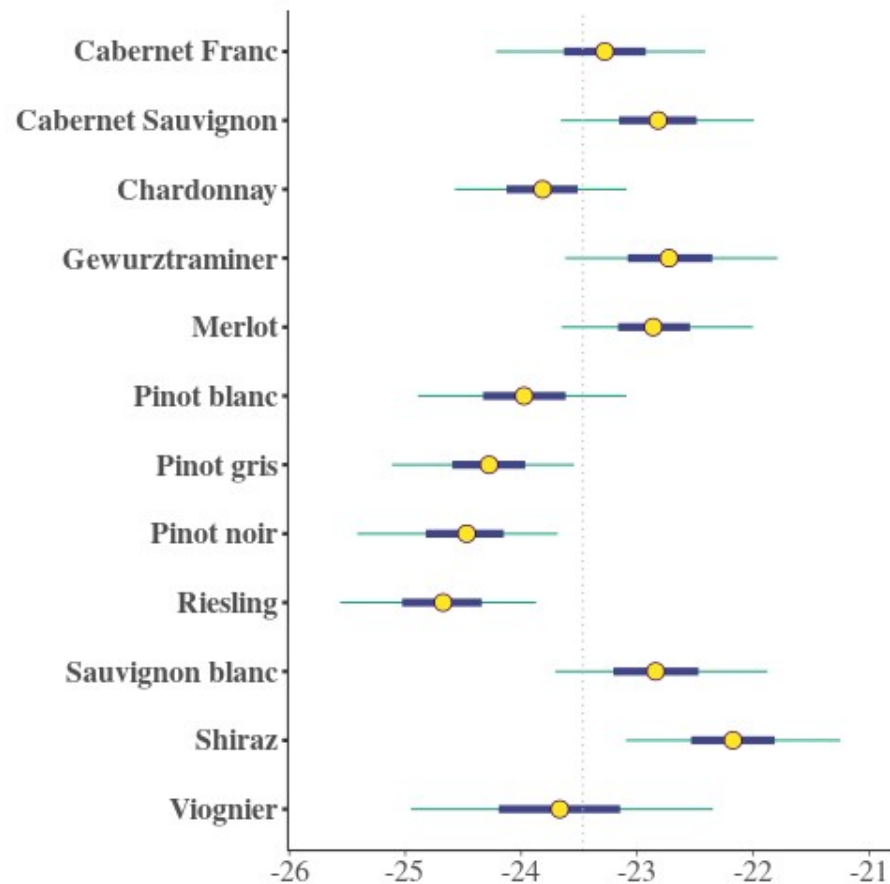
Next steps

Also talk to Carl!

and November - period of acclimation), remains fairly constant at

November 1 Mean Varietal Bud Hardiness (°C)	Variety	Maximum Bud Hardiness (°C)	Date of Maximum Bud Hardiness	March 1 Mean Varietal Bud Hardiness (°C)
Shiraz -14.3	Shiraz	-22.8	17-Jan	Gewurz -20.1
Cab Sauv -14.4	Merlot	-23.0	12-Jan	Merlot -20.7
Merlot -14.9	Gewurz	-23.1	2-Jan	Shiraz -20.8
Cab Franc -15.0	Cab Sauv	-23.1	12-Jan	Chardonnay -21.0
Sauv blanc -15.8	Sauv blanc	-23.1	1-Jan	Cab Sauv -21.2
Gewurz -16.0	Pinot blanc	-23.7	3-Jan	Cab Franc -21.2
Pinot noir -16.8	Riesling	-23.9	8-Jan	Sauv blanc -21.2
Chardonnay -16.9	Cab Franc	-24.0	9-Jan	Pinot noir -21.3
Riesling -16.9	Pinot noir	-24.1	6-Jan	Pinot gris -21.7
Pinot gris -17.0	Chardonnay	-24.1	3-Jan	Pinot blanc -21.9
Pinot blanc -17.1	Pinot gris	-24.2	6-Jan	Riesling -22.2

Table 1. Date and mean of maximum varietal bud hardiness and mean bud hardiness for November 1 and March 1, 2012 – 2019.



Next steps

Also talk to Carl!

and November - period of acclimation, remains fairly constant at 1

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Table 1. Date and mean of maximum varietal bud hardiness and mean bud hardiness for November 1 and March 1, 2012 – 2019.

“The relative ranking among varieties however does vary through out the winter season and seems to be highly influenced by the timing of grapevine phenological events such as fruit ripening and bud break.”

