Comparing *Quercus* model from Duputie vs. van der Meersch

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Overview

For the mean results for *Quercus* we wondered whether the Leaf model parameterization was driving the results. It's currently set to have a -4.5 maximum temperature. To check this we created an updated file (Quercus_robur_ADuputie_updated23June2023.species) using the leaf model parameterization from Van der Meersch & Chuine 2023 (cmaes_fit_subset2_rep2.species). After reviewing the results, Victor replied:

I am surprised by the fitness with the updated parameters, which seems veeery low, though there are Quercus indivuals in these latitude. Maybe it is because we only extracted the leaf/flower parameters from the inverse calibration set? If it is not time consuming, you could try to run simulations directly with the "cmaes_fit_subset2_rep2.species" file, even though extra precautions must be taken when analysing the results.

And Isabelle agreed so now I ran with the new parameter set. Below is a comparison of the results between the FULL updated parameters and Duputie.

Based on historical climate

See bottom panels of Fig. 1-2, trends are similar (MaturationIndex dominates fitness) but now fitness is now low as of latitudes 41 and 44 and higher. I was also struck by how the FruitMatDate changed (see Fig. 3) which now clearly gets later at higher latitudes, and matters to fitness (whereas before neither of these things happened).

Based on simulated climate with mean warming

See Fig. 4-5. Fitness is again affected mostly by MaturationIndex, and low at high warming.

Based on simulated climate with changing variance

See Fig. 6-7. Fitness dominated by FruitIndex (I think) and decreasing with increasing variance.

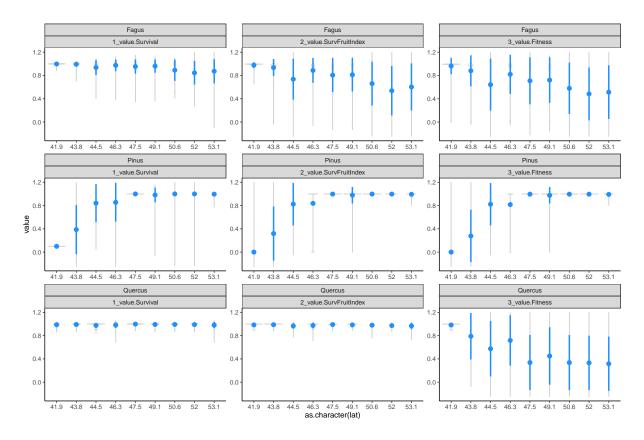


Figure 1: Quercus fitness across latitude (historical climate data) based on Duputie parameters. You can see PHENOFIT4 output at https://github.com/lizzieinvancouver/climatehazards/tree/main/analyses/input/phenofit/querob_19512020_Duputie.

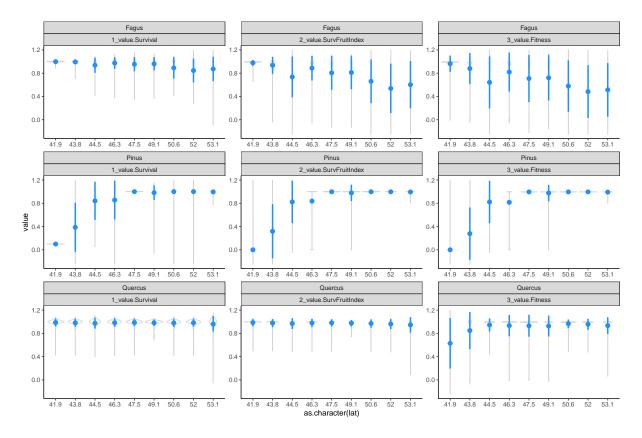


Figure 2: Quercus fitness across latitude (historical climate data) based on updated ALL model parameters. You can see PHENOFIT4 output at https://github.com/lizzieinvancouver/climatehazards/tree/main/analyses/input/phenofit/querob_19512020.

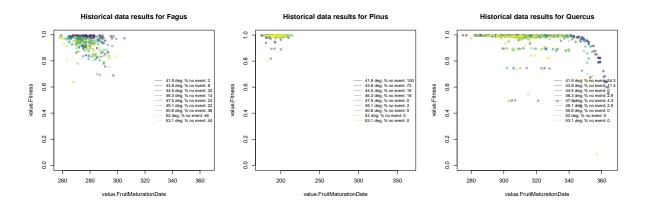


Figure 3: Quercus fitness as a function of FruitMaturationDate (historical climate data) based on updated ALL model parameters. You can see the previous plot using the Duputie parameters at https://github.com/lizzieinvancouver/climatehazards/blob/faaca3adcab9bf8d615732abf1ebfe00a1d52370/analyses/graphs/phenofit/historical/allspp_xypoints_wprint_fruitmatdate_vsfitness.pdf.

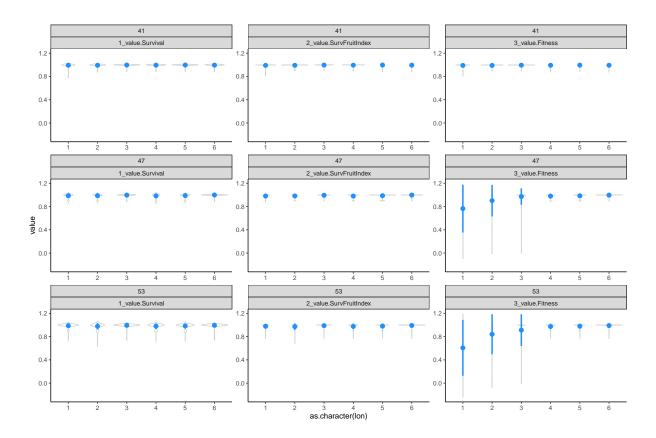


Figure 4: Quercus across 0 (1) to +5 (6) mean warming, based on Duputie parameters. To see the underlying components of the model, look for 'meansim' QR files at https://github.com/lizzieinvancouver/climatehazards/tree/main/analyses/graphs/phenofit/sims/querob_Duputie.

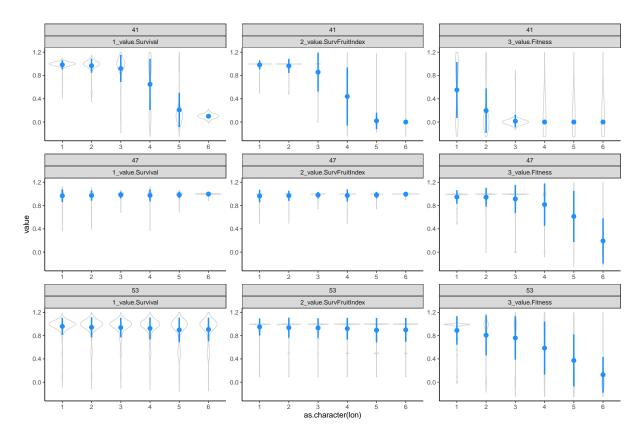


Figure 5: Quercus across 0 (1) to +5 (6) mean warming, based on updated parameters. To see the underlying components of the model, look for 'meansim' QR files in https://github.com/lizzieinvancouver/climatehazards/tree/main/analyses/graphs/phenofit/sims

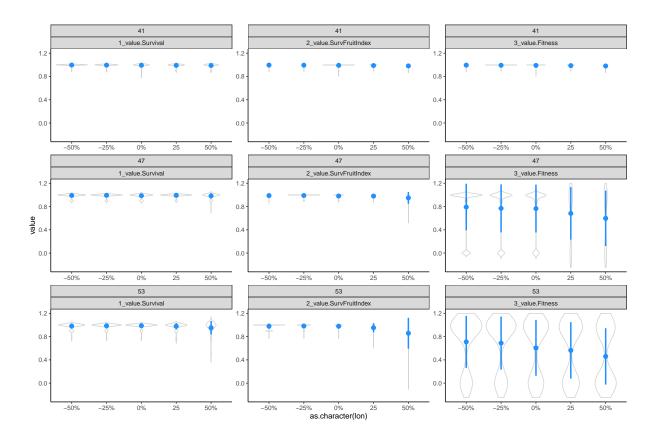


Figure 6: Quercus across changing variance, based on Duputie parameters. To see the underlying components of the model, look for 'dssim' QR files at https://github.com/lizzieinvancouver/climatehazards/tree/main/analyses/graphs/phenofit/sims/querob_Duputie.

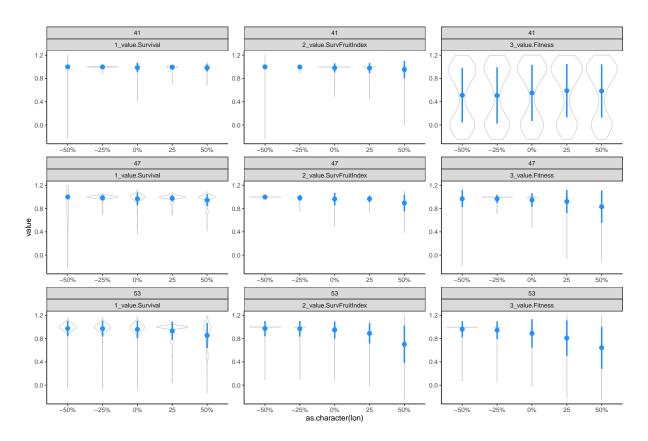


Figure 7: Quercus across changing variance, based on updated parameters. To see the underlying components of the model, look for 'sdsim' QR files in https://github.com/lizzieinvancouver/climatehazards/tree/main/analyses/graphs/phenofit/sims