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Platform: aarch64-apple-darwin20 (64-bit)
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Type 'demo()' for some demos, 'help()' for on-line help, or 'help.start()' for an HTML browser interface to help.
Type 'q()' to quit R.
[R.app GUI 1.78 (8075) aarch64-apple-darwin20]
> ## Started 10 October 2024 ##
> ## Bv Lizzie ##
> ## Following analyses_compmod_exp2.R some ##
> ## Using Stan and loo to do similar model comparison as Isabelle did in Scripts__expe2_model_comparison.R ##
> ## See https://mc-stan.org/loo/articles/loo2-example.html for info on loo ##
> ## I have not fully reviewed the above page, I am mostly just following what I did in analyses_compmod_exp2.R ##
> rm(list=ls()) # remove everything currently held in the R memory
> options(stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
> # Load libraries
> library(rstanarm)
Loading required package: Rcpp
This is rstanarm version 2.21.3
 - See https://mc-stan.org/rstanarm/articles/priors for changes to default priors!
- Default priors may change, so it's safest to specify priors, even if equivalent to the defaults.
- For execution on a local, multicore CPU with excess RAM we recommend calling
  options(mc.cores = parallel::detectCores())
> setwd("~/Documents/qit/projects/treegarden/misc/isabelle_expe/modelcompare")
> d <- read.delim("input/data_expe2_v5.csv", header=TRUE, sep=";")</pre>
> acer <- subset(d, Species=="Acer")
> # Run all the single predictor models
> acer.null <- stan_lmer(BBdelay ~ (1|Tree_ID/Cutting_code), data=acer, cores=4)
> acer.day <- stan_lmer(BBdelay ~ DayT + (1|Tree_ID/Cutting_code), data=acer, cores=4)</pre>
> acer.might <- stan_lmer(BBdelay ~ NightT + (1|Tree_ID/Cutting_code), data=acer, cores=4)
> acer.max <- stan_lmer(BBdelay ~ MaxT + (1|Tree_ID/Cutting_code), data=acer, cores=4)
> acer.min <- stan_lmer(BBdelay ~ MinT + (1|Tree_ID/Cutting_code), data=acer, cores=4)
> acer.dawn <- stan_lmer(BBdelay ~ DawnT + (11Tree_ID/Cutting_code), data=acer, cores=4)
> acer.dusk <- stan_lmer(BBdelay ~ DuskT + (11Tree_ID/Cutting_code), data=acer, cores=4)
> acer.diff <- stan_lmer(BBdelay ~ DIFF + (11Tree_ID/Cutting_code), data=acer, cores=4)
> acer.mean <- stan_lmer(BBdelay ~ MeanT + (11Tree_ID/Cutting_code), data=acer, cores=4)
> loo.acer.null <- loo(acer.null, save_psis = TRUE, k_threshold = 0.7)</pre>
10 problematic observation(s) found.
Model will be refit 10 times
Fitting model 1 out of 10 (leaving out observation 32)
Fitting model 2 out of 10 (leaving out observation 100)
Fitting model 3 out of 10 (leaving out observation 105)
Fitting model 4 out of 10 (leaving out observation 187)
Fitting model 5 out of 10 (leaving out observation 198)
Fitting model 6 out of 10 (leaving out observation 199)
Fitting model 7 out of 10 (leaving out observation 247)
Fitting model 8 out of 10 (leaving out observation 252)
Fitting model 9 out of 10 (leaving out observation 318)
Fitting model 10 out of 10 (leaving out observation 319) > loo.acer.day <- loo(acer.day, save_psis = TRUE, k_threshold = 0.7) 12 problematic observation(s) found.
Model will be refit 12 times.
Fitting model 1 out of 12 (leaving out observation 31)
```

R version 4.2.0 (2022-04-22) -- "Vigorous Calisthenics"

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Fitting model 2 out of 12 (leaving out observation 32)
Fitting model 3 out of 12 (leaving out observation 98)
Fitting model 4 out of 12 (leaving out observation 100)
Fitting model 5 out of 12 (leaving out observation 105)
Fitting model 6 out of 12 (leaving out observation 144)
Fitting model 7 out of 12 (leaving out observation 187)
Fitting model 8 out of 12 (leaving out observation 198)
Fitting model 9 out of 12 (leaving out observation 199)
Fitting model 10 out of 12 (leaving out observation 252)
Fitting model 11 out of 12 (leaving out observation 255)
Fitting model 12 out of 12 (leaving out observation 264)
> loo.acer.night <- loo(acer.night, save_psis = TRUE, k_threshold = 0.7)
11 problematic observation(s) found.</pre>
Model will be refit 11 times.
Fitting model 1 out of 11 (leaving out observation 32)
Fitting model 2 out of 11 (leaving out observation 100)
Fitting model 3 out of 11 (leaving out observation 105)
Fitting model 4 out of 11 (leaving out observation 144)
Fitting model 5 out of 11 (leaving out observation 195)
Fitting model 6 out of 11 (leaving out observation 198)
Fitting model 7 out of 11 (leaving out observation 199)
Fitting model 8 out of 11 (leaving out observation 246)
Fitting model 9 out of 11 (leaving out observation 247)
Fitting model 10 out of 11 (leaving out observation 255)
Fitting model 11 out of 11 (leaving out observation 264)
> loo.acer.max <- loo(acer.max, save_psis = TRUE, k_threshold = 0.7)
12 problematic observation(s) found.
Model will be refit 12 times.
Fitting model 1 out of 12 (leaving out observation 31)
Fitting model 2 out of 12 (leaving out observation 33)
Fitting model 3 out of 12 (leaving out observation 98)
Fitting model 4 out of 12 (leaving out observation 100)
Fitting model 5 out of 12 (leaving out observation 105)
Fitting model 6 out of 12 (leaving out observation 144)
Fitting model 7 out of 12 (leaving out observation 195)
Fitting model 8 out of 12 (leaving out observation 198)
Fitting model 9 out of 12 (leaving out observation 199)
Fitting model 10 out of 12 (leaving out observation 247)
Fitting model 11 out of 12 (leaving out observation 252)
Fitting model 12 out of 12 (leaving out observation 255)
> loo.acer.min <- loo(acer.min, save_psis = TRUE, k_threshold = 0.7)
11 problematic observation(s) found.</pre>
Model will be refit 11 times.
Fitting model 1 out of 11 (leaving out observation 32)
Fitting model 2 out of 11 (leaving out observation 96)
Fitting model 3 out of 11 (leaving out observation 99)
Fitting model 4 out of 11 (leaving out observation 100)
Fitting model 5 out of 11 (leaving out observation 105)
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Fitting model 6 out of 11 (leaving out observation 144)
Fitting model 7 out of 11 (leaving out observation 195)
Fitting model 8 out of 11 (leaving out observation 198)
Fitting model 9 out of 11 (leaving out observation 199)
Fitting model 10 out of 11 (leaving out observation 247)
Fitting model 11 out of 11 (leaving out observation 252)
> loo.acer.dawn <- loo(acer.dawn, save_psis = TRUE, k_threshold = 0.7)
12 problematic observation(s) found.
Model will be refit 12 times.
Fitting model 1 out of 12 (leaving out observation 32)
Fitting model 2 out of 12 (leaving out observation 58)
Fitting model 3 out of 12 (leaving out observation 96)
Fitting model 4 out of 12 (leaving out observation 100)
Fitting model 5 out of 12 (leaving out observation 105)
Fitting model 6 out of 12 (leaving out observation 186)
Fitting model 7 out of 12 (leaving out observation 198)
Fitting model 8 out of 12 (leaving out observation 199)
Fitting model 9 out of 12 (leaving out observation 247)
Fitting model 10 out of 12 (leaving out observation 255)
Fitting model 11 out of 12 (leaving out observation 305)
Fitting model 12 out of 12 (leaving out observation 317)
> loo.acer.dusk <- loo(acer.dusk, save_psis = TRUE, k_threshold = 0.7)
13 problematic observation(s) found.
Model will be refit 13 times.
Fitting model 1 out of 13 (leaving out observation 33)
Fitting model 2 out of 13 (leaving out observation 91)
Fitting model 3 out of 13 (leaving out observation 99)
Fitting model 4 out of 13 (leaving out observation 100)
Fitting model 5 out of 13 (leaving out observation 105)
Fitting model 6 out of 13 (leaving out observation 165)
Fitting model 7 out of 13 (leaving out observation 186)
Fitting model 8 out of 13 (leaving out observation 198)
Fitting model 9 out of 13 (leaving out observation 199)
Fitting model 10 out of 13 (leaving out observation 245)
Fitting model 11 out of 13 (leaving out observation 247)
Fitting model 12 out of 13 (leaving out observation 255)
Fitting model 13 out of 13 (leaving out observation 317)
> loo.acer.diff <- loo(acer.diff, save_psis = TRUE, k_threshold = 0.7)
8 problematic observation(s) found.
Model will be refit 8 times.
Fitting model 1 out of 8 (leaving out observation 27)
Fitting model 2 out of 8 (leaving out observation 105)
Fitting model 3 out of 8 (leaving out observation 144)
Fitting model 4 out of 8 (leaving out observation 187)
Fitting model 5 out of 8 (leaving out observation 198)
Fitting model 6 out of 8 (leaving out observation 199)
Fitting model 7 out of 8 (leaving out observation 255)
Fitting model 8 out of 8 (leaving out observation 317)
> loo.acer.mean <- loo(acer.mean, save_psis = TRUE, k_threshold = 0.7)
```

```
10 problematic observation(s) found.
Fitting model 1 out of 10 (leaving out observation 32)
Fitting model 2 out of 10 (leaving out observation 98)
Fitting model 3 out of 10 (leaving out observation 100)
Fitting model 4 out of 10 (leaving out observation 105)
Fitting model 5 out of 10 (leaving out observation 144)
Fitting model 6 out of 10 (leaving out observation 187)
Fitting model 7 out of 10 (leaving out observation 198)
Fitting model 8 out of 10 (leaving out observation 199)
Fitting model 9 out of 10 (leaving out observation 232)
Fitting model 10 out of 10 (leaving out observation 255)
> loo_compare(loo.acer.null, loo.acer.day, loo.acer.night, loo.acer.max,
+ loo.acer.min, loo.acer.dawn, loo.acer.dusk, loo.acer.diff, loo.acer.mean)
elpd_diff se_diff
acer.diff 0.0 0.0
acer.max -1.3
acer.dawn -3.0
                         2 7
                         3.2
acer.mean -3.2
acer.min -3.5
acer.dusk -3.6
                         2.8
acer.null -4.1
                         3.0
acer.day
            -5.0
                         2.5
acer.night -7.1
                        2.6
> # The above works, we don't need the pairwise comparisons ...
> # but leaving these in to show that:
> loo_compare(loo.acer.null, loo.acer.max)
           elpd_diff se_diff
acer.max 0.0 acer.null -2.8
                       0.0
                      4.5
> loo_compare(loo.acer.null, loo.acer.diff)
elpd_diff se_diff
acer.diff 0.0 0.0
acer.null -4.1 3.0
> # Now check what seems to matter and run additional models
> # I am looking at estimate versus SD and also the 10-90% intervals
> summary(acer.day, pars="DayT") # marginal
Model Info:
 function:
                 stan_lmer
 family:
                 gaussian [identity]
                 BBdelay \sim DayT + (1 | Tree_ID/Cutting_code)
 formula:
 algorithm:
                 sampling
 sample:
                 4000 (posterior sample size)
 priors:
                 see help('prior_summary')
 observations: 319
 groups:
                 Cutting_code:Tree_ID (116), Tree_ID (10)
Estimates:
       mean
               sd 10% 50%
DayT -0.2 0.1 -0.3 -0.2 0.0
MCMC diagnostics
mcse Rhat n_eff
DayT 0.0 1.0 1545
For each parameter, mcse is Monte Carlo standard error, n_eff is a crude measure of effective sample size, and Rhat is the
potential scale reduction factor on split chains (at convergence Rhat=1).
> summary(acer.night, pars="NightT") # marginal
Model Info:
 function:
                 stan_lmer
 family:
                 gaussian [identity]
 formula:
                 BBdelay ~ NightT + (1 | Tree_ID/Cutting_code)
 alaorithm:
                 sampling
 sample:
                 4000 (posterior sample size)
 priors:
                 see help('prior_summary')
 observations: 319
                 Cutting_code:Tree_ID (116), Tree_ID (10)
 groups:
Estimates:
mean sd 10% 50% 90
NightT 0.1 0.1 0.0 0.1 0.2
```

```
mcse Rhat n_eff
NightT 0.0 1.0 2201
For each parameter, mcse is Monte Carlo standard error, n_eff is a crude measure of effective sample size, and Rhat is the
potential scale reduction factor on split chains (at convergence Rhat=1).
> summary(acer.max, pars="MaxT") # impt
Model Info:
                  stan_lmer
 function:
 family:
                  gaussian [identity]
 formula:
                  BBdelay ~ MaxT + (1 | Tree_ID/Cutting_code)
                 sampling
4000 (posterior sample size)
 algorithm:
 sample:
                  see help('prior_summary')
 priors:
 observations: 319
                 Cutting_code:Tree_ID (116), Tree_ID (10)
 groups:
mean sd 10% 50% 90%
MaxT -0.8 0.2 -1.0 -0.8 -0.5
MCMC diagnostics
      mcse Rhat n_eff
MaxT 0.0 1.0 1792
For each parameter, mcse is Monte Carlo standard error, n_eff is a crude measure of effective sample size, and Rhat is the
potential scale reduction factor on split chains (at convergence Rhat=1).
> summary(acer.min, pars="MinT") # impt
Model Info:
 function:
                  stan_lmer
                  gaussian [identity]
 family:
                  BBdelay ~ MinT + (1 | Tree_ID/Cutting_code)
 formula:
 algorithm:
                  sampling
                  4000 (posterior sample size)
 sample:
 priors:
                  see help('prior_summary')
 observations: 319
                 Cutting_code:Tree_ID (116), Tree_ID (10)
 aroups:
Estimates:
mean sd 10% 50% 90%
MinT 0.5 0.2 0.3 0.5 0.7
MCMC diagnostics
      mcse Rhat n_eff
MinT 0.0 1.0 1428
For each parameter, mcse is Monte Carlo standard error, n_eff is a crude measure of effective sample size, and Rhat is the potential scale reduction factor on split chains (at convergence Rhat=1).
> summary(acer.dawn, pars="DawnT") # ns
Model Info:
 function:
                  stan_lmer
 family:
                  gaussian [identity]
                  BBdelay ~ DawnT + (1 | Tree_ID/Cutting_code)
 formula:
 algorithm:
                  sampling
                 4000 (posterior sample size) see help('prior_summary')
 sample:
 priors:
 observations: 319
 groups:
                  Cutting_code:Tree_ID (116), Tree_ID (10)
Estimates:
mean sd 10% 50% 90%
DawnT 0.0 0.1 -0.2 0.0 0.1
MCMC diagnostics
mcse Rhat n_eff
DawnT 0.0 1.0 1521
For each parameter, mcse is Monte Carlo standard error, n_eff is a crude measure of effective sample size, and Rhat is the potential scale reduction factor on split chains (at convergence Rhat=1).

> summary(acer.dusk, pars="DuskT") # nothing!
Model Info:
 function:
                  stan_lmer
 family:
                  gaussian [identity]
                  BBdelay ~ DuskT + (1 | Tree_ID/Cutting_code)
 formula:
 algorithm:
                  sampling
 sample:
                  4000 (posterior sample size)
 priors:
                  see help('prior_summary')
 observations: 319
 groups:
                  Cutting_code:Tree_ID (116), Tree_ID (10)
Estimates:
mean sd 10% 50% 90%
DuskT 0.0 0.1 -0.1 0.0 0.1
```

MCMC diagnostics

```
mcse Rhat n_eff
DuskT 0.0 1.0 1695
For each parameter, mcse is Monte Carlo standard error, n_eff is a crude measure of effective sample size, and Rhat is the
potential scale reduction factor on split chains (at convergence Rhat=1).
> summary(acer.diff, pars="DIFF") # impt
Model Info:
 function:
                 stan_lmer
                 gaussian [identity]
 family:
                 BBdelay ~ DIFF + (1 | Tree_ID/Cutting_code) sampling
 formula:
 algorithm:
                 4000 (posterior sample size)
 sample:
 priors:
                 see help('prior_summary')
 observations: 319
                 Cutting_code:Tree_ID (116), Tree_ID (10)
 groups:
Estimates:
mean sd 10% 50% 90% DIFF -0.3 0.1 -0.5 -0.3 -0.2
MCMC diagnostics
      mcse Rhat n_eff
DIFF 0.0 1.0 1910
For each parameter, mcse is Monte Carlo standard error, n_eff is a crude measure of effective sample size, and Rhat is the
potential scale reduction factor on split chains (at convergence Rhat=1).
> summary(acer.mean, pars="MeanT") # ns (but loo suggests it's predictively similar to max and min)
Model Info:
 function:
                 stan lmer
 family:
                 gaussian [identity]
 formula:
                 BBdelay ~ MeanT + (1 | Tree_ID/Cutting_code)
 algorithm:
                 sampling
                 4000 (posterior sample size)
 sample:
 priors:
                 see help('prior_summary')
 observations: 319
                 Cutting_code:Tree_ID (116), Tree_ID (10)
 groups:
Estimates:
        mean sd 10% 50%
                                    90%
MeanT -0.1 0.5 -0.8 -0.1 0.5
MCMC diagnostics
      mcse Rhat n_eff
MeanT 0.0 1.0 1532
For each parameter, mcse is Monte Carlo standard error, n_eff is a crude measure of effective sample size, and Rhat is the
potential scale reduction factor on split chains (at convergence Rhat=1).
> acer.maxdiff <- stan_lmer(BBdelay ~ MaxT + DIFF + (1|Tree_ID/Cutting_code), data=acer, cores=4) 
> acer.mindiff <- stan_lmer(BBdelay ~ MinT + DIFF + (1|Tree_ID/Cutting_code), data=acer, cores=4) 
> acer.maxmin <- stan_lmer(BBdelay ~ MaxT + MinT + (1|Tree_ID/Cutting_code), data=acer, cores=4)
> loo.acer.maxdiff <- loo(acer.maxdiff, save_psis = TRUE, k_threshold = 0.7)
10 problematic observation(s) found. Model will be refit 10 times.
Fitting model 1 out of 10 (leaving out observation 98)
Fitting model 2 out of 10 (leaving out observation 100)
Fitting model 3 out of 10 (leaving out observation 105)
Fitting model 4 out of 10 (leaving out observation 198)
Fitting model 5 out of 10 (leaving out observation 199)
Fitting model 6 out of 10 (leaving out observation 237)
Fitting model 7 out of 10 (leaving out observation 241)
Fitting model 8 out of 10 (leaving out observation 247)
Fitting model 9 out of 10 (leaving out observation 255)
Fitting model 10 out of 10 (leaving out observation 317)
> loo.acer.mindiff <- loo(acer.mindiff, save_psis = TRUE, k_threshold = 0.7)</pre>
12 problematic observation(s) found.
Model will be refit 12 times.
Fitting model 1 out of 12 (leaving out observation 96)
Fitting model 2 out of 12 (leaving out observation 98)
```

MCMC diagnostics

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Fitting model 3 out of 12 (leaving out observation 100)
Fitting model 4 out of 12 (leaving out observation 105)
Fitting model 5 out of 12 (leaving out observation 187)
Fitting model 6 out of 12 (leaving out observation 198)
Fitting model 7 out of 12 (leaving out observation 199)
Fitting model 8 out of 12 (leaving out observation 245)
Fitting model 9 out of 12 (leaving out observation 246)
Fitting model 10 out of 12 (leaving out observation 247)
Fitting model 11 out of 12 (leaving out observation 252)
Fitting model 12 out of 12 (leaving out observation 264) > loo.acer.maxmin <- loo(acer.maxmin, save_psis = TRUE, k_threshold = 0.7) 9 problematic observation(s) found.
Model will be refit 9 times.
Fitting model 1 out of 9 (leaving out observation 98)
Fitting model 2 out of 9 (leaving out observation 100)
Fitting model 3 out of 9 (leaving out observation 105)
Fitting model 4 out of 9 (leaving out observation 145)
Fitting model 5 out of 9 (leaving out observation 187)
Fitting model 6 out of 9 (leaving out observation 198)
Fitting model 7 out of 9 (leaving out observation 199)
Fitting model 8 out of 9 (leaving out observation 247)
Fitting model 9 out of 9 (leaving out observation 252)
```