

Supplementary Material: Budburst timing within a functional trait framework

Figures & Tables

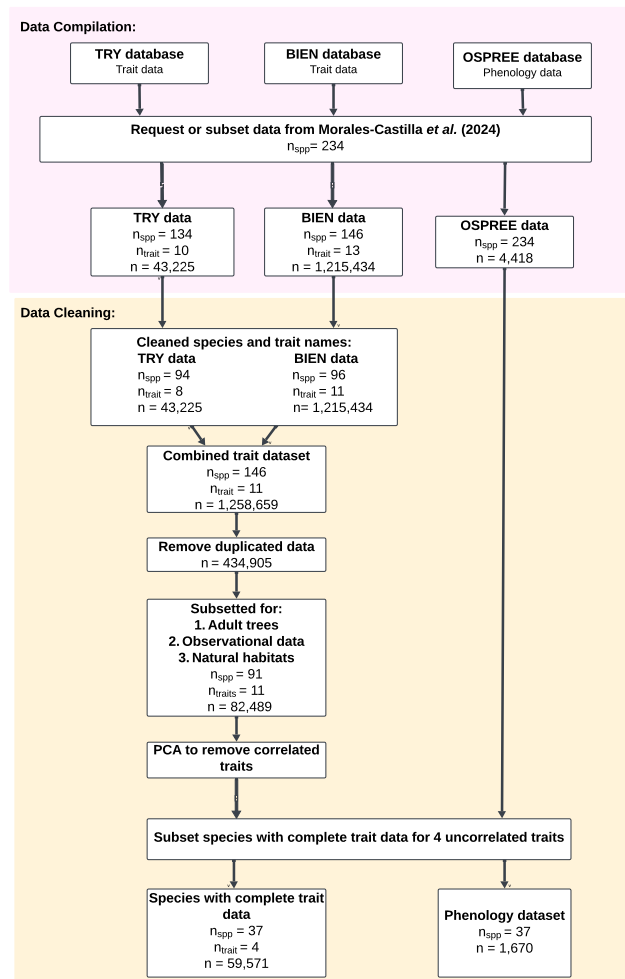


Figure S1: Our initial aim was to include all species from Morales-Castilla *et al.* (2024), however trait data was only available for a subset of these species. Data was cleaned extensively, with each step depicted by a box, and subset to only include traits for adult trees growing under natural conditions for which we had a complete suite of trait values.

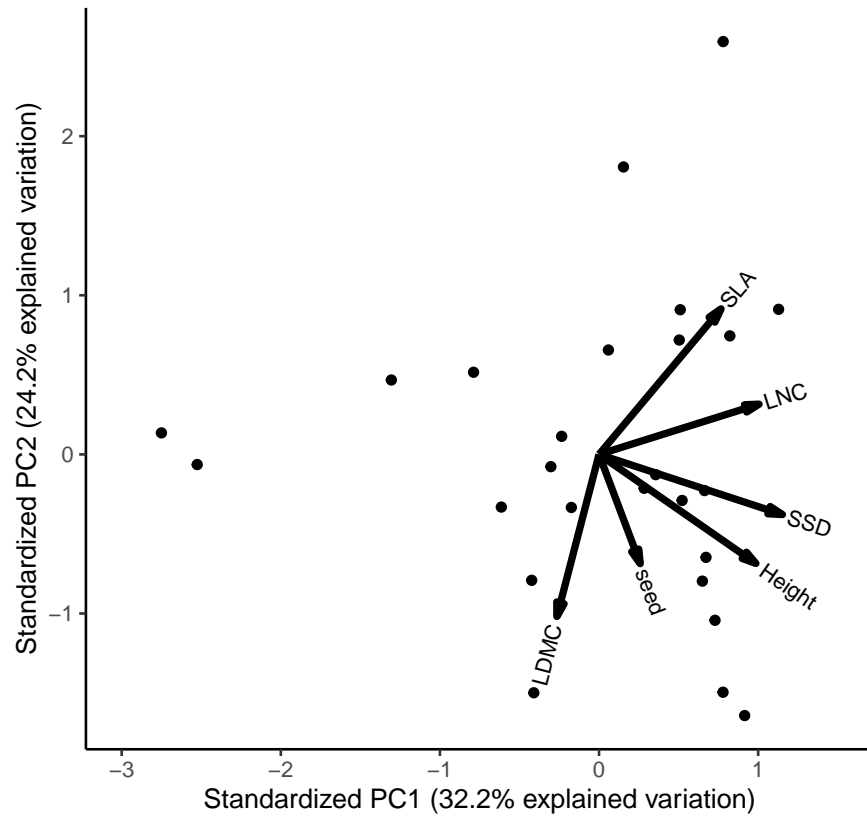


Figure S2: A projection of tree traits across the first and second principle component axis. Arrows represent the direction of vectors for the six functional traits with complete trait data. Points represent the 26 species for which complete trait data was available.

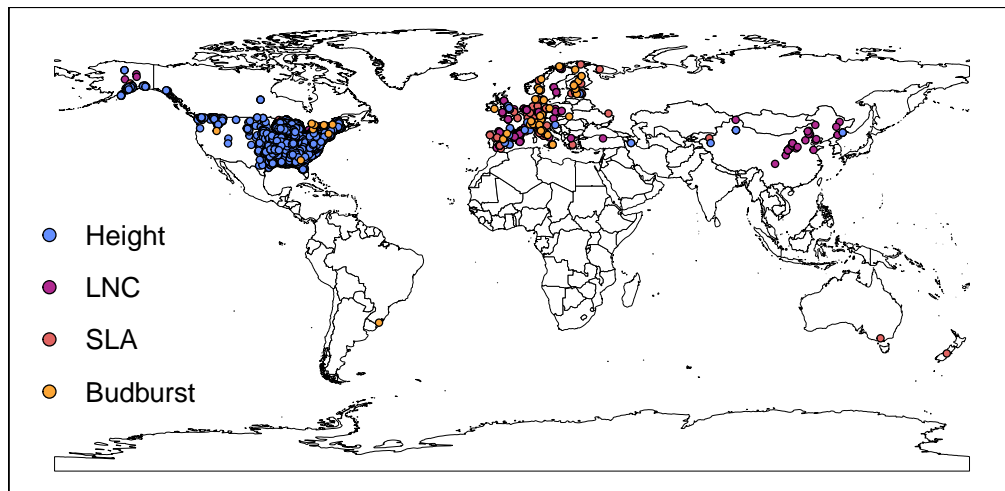


Figure S3: We obtained data from the TRY and BIEN plant trait databases and the OSPREE database of plant phenology experiments for temperate tree species. Following our cleaning of the data and selection of uncorrelated traits, our final dataset included 37 species from 24 unique datasources for the trait data and 34 unique studies for the budburst data. Our data is focused on temperate ecosystems globally with most data originating from North America and Europe.

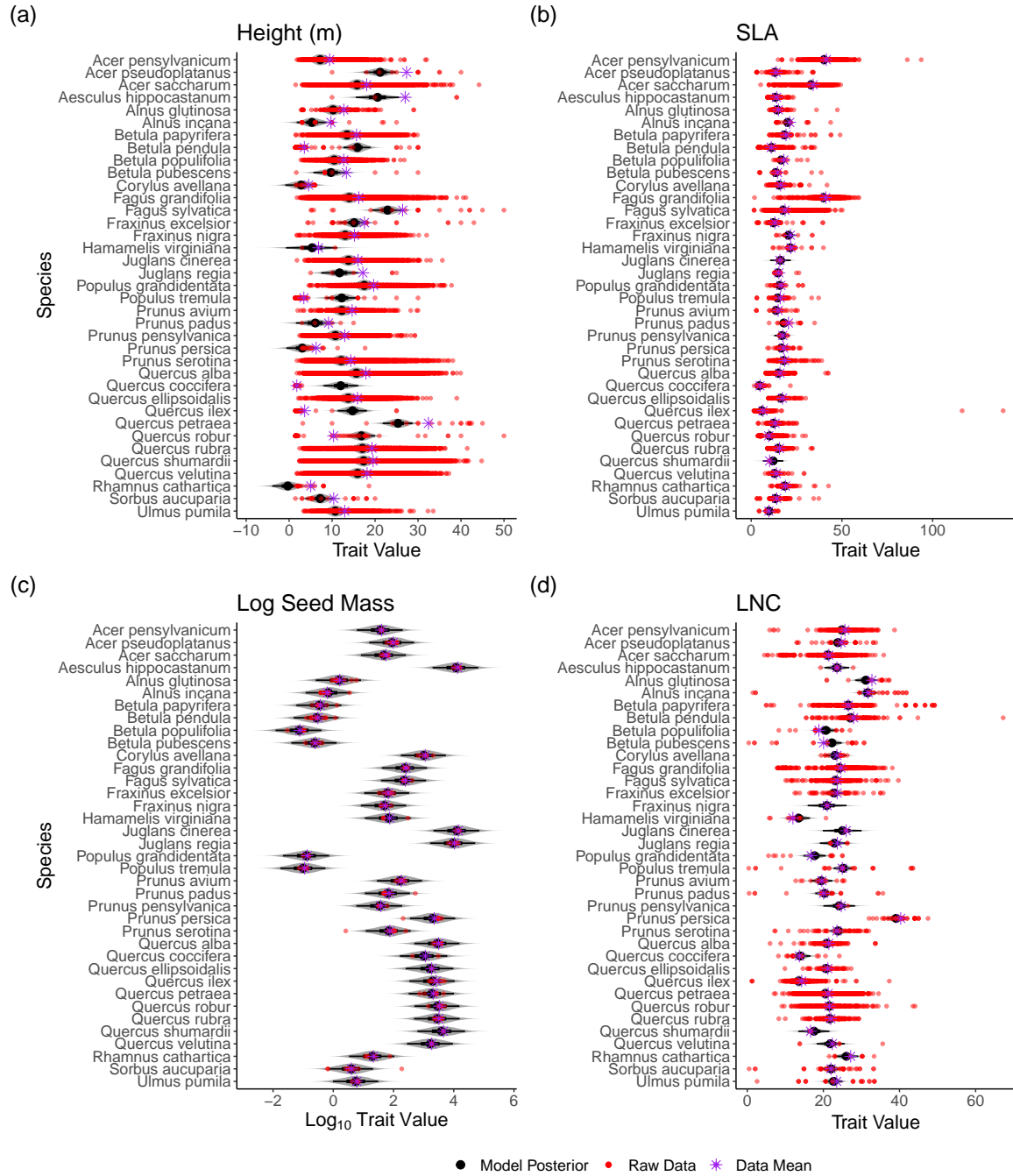


Figure S4: For most traits, we found the species-level model posterior distributions from our joint model of trait effects on budburst cues were well-aligned with the raw data for our 37 woody deciduous plant species. Four functional traits—(a) height, (b) SLA, (c) seed mass, and (d) LNC—were modeled individually, with the calculated trait value being used to jointly model species' responses to standardized chilling, forcing, and photoperiod cues. Model posteriors are shown in black, with the thicker line depicting the 50% uncertainty interval and the thinner black line the 95% uncertainty interval. The raw data is shown in red and the species-level means from the raw data are denoted as a purple stars.

Table S1: Bibliographic information for trait data sources from both BIEN and TRY trait databases. Datasets without references or incomplete references are denoted below as ‘unreferenced’.

| Database | Reference | Trait name | Unit | No. observations | No. Species |
|----------|--|------------|----------------------|------------------|-------------|
| BIEN | Mchugh <i>et al.</i> (2015) | Height | m | 26 | 8 |
| BIEN | Marx <i>et al.</i> (2016) | Height | m | 2 | 2 |
| BIEN | Price <i>et al.</i> (2014) | Height | m | 27 | 19 |
| BIEN | Unreferenced | Height | m | 18 | 16 |
| BIEN | Kleyer <i>et al.</i> (2008) | Height | m | 90 | 19 |
| BIEN | Unreferenced | Height | m | 10 | 10 |
| BIEN | Moles, Angela; unreferenced | Height | m | 21 | 14 |
| BIEN | Reams, Greg; unreferenced | Height | m | 47036 | 19 |
| BIEN | Grime, Hodgson, & Hunt; unreferenced | Height | m | 5 | 5 |
| BIEN | Unreferenced | Height | m | 8 | 5 |
| BIEN | Pérez-de Lis <i>et al.</i> (2017) | Height | m | 18 | 1 |
| BIEN | Robinson <i>et al.</i> (2015) | Height | m | 120 | 1 |
| BIEN | Anderson-teixeira <i>et al.</i> (2015) | Height | m | 20 | 1 |
| TRY | Bond-Lamberty <i>et al.</i> (2002) | Height | m | 2 | 1 |
| TRY | Unpublished | Height | m | 275 | 3 |
| TRY | Wright <i>et al.</i> (2004) | Height | m | 28 | 19 |
| TRY | Prentice <i>et al.</i> (2011) | Height | m | 2 | 2 |
| TRY | Schweingruber & Landolt (2010) | Height | m | 21 | 21 |
| TRY | Unpublished | Height | m | 35 | 2 |
| TRY | Moles <i>et al.</i> (2004) | Height | m | 5 | 5 |
| TRY | Cavender-Bares <i>et al.</i> (2006) | Height | m | 1 | 1 |
| TRY | Diaz <i>et al.</i> (2004) | Height | m | 11 | 10 |
| TRY | Craine <i>et al.</i> (2009) | LNC | mg/g | 287 | 12 |
| TRY | Wilson <i>et al.</i> (2000) | LNC | mg/g | 44 | 2 |
| TRY | Wenxuan <i>et al.</i> (2012) | LNC | mg/g | 7 | 4 |
| TRY | Yahan <i>et al.</i> (2013) | LNC | mg/g | 7 | 3 |
| TRY | Wright <i>et al.</i> (2004) | LNC | mg/g | 65 | 32 |
| TRY | Prentice <i>et al.</i> (2011) | LNC | mg/g | 3 | 2 |
| TRY | Vergutz <i>et al.</i> (2012) | LNC | mg/g | 120 | 20 |
| TRY | Atkin <i>et al.</i> (2015) | LNC | mg/g | 24 | 8 |
| TRY | Marie <i>et al.</i> (2015) | LNC | mg/g | 72 | 22 |
| TRY | Cornelissen <i>et al.</i> (2003) | LNC | mg/g | 2 | 1 |
| TRY | Unpublished | LNC | mg/g | 3216 | 37 |
| TRY | Wang <i>et al.</i> (2017) | LNC | mg/g | 6 | 2 |
| BIEN | Marx <i>et al.</i> (2016) | Seed mass | mg | 3 | 3 |
| BIEN | Unreferenced | Seed mass | mg | 4 | 2 |
| BIEN | Liu <i>et al.</i> (2018) | Seed mass | mg | 250 | 37 |
| BIEN | Ameztegui <i>et al.</i> (2017) | Seed mass | mg | 12 | 12 |
| BIEN | Paine <i>et al.</i> (2015) | Seed mass | mg | 12 | 7 |
| TRY | Wilson <i>et al.</i> (2000) | SLA | mm ² mg-1 | 44 | 2 |
| TRY | Unpublished | SLA | mm ² mg-1 | 204 | 3 |
| TRY | Wright <i>et al.</i> (2004) | SLA | mm ² mg-1 | 93 | 33 |
| TRY | Prentice <i>et al.</i> (2011) | SLA | mm ² mg-1 | 2 | 2 |
| TRY | Kleyer <i>et al.</i> (2008) | SLA | mm ² mg-1 | 102 | 18 |
| TRY | Unpublished | SLA | mm ² mg-1 | 83 | 2 |
| TRY | Atkin <i>et al.</i> (2015) | SLA | mm ² mg-1 | 40 | 11 |
| TRY | Marie <i>et al.</i> (2015) | SLA | mm ² mg-1 | 86 | 23 |
| TRY | Cornelissen <i>et al.</i> (2003) | SLA | mm ² mg-1 | 615 | 14 |
| TRY | Unpublished | SLA | mm ² mg-1 | 6307 | 37 |
| TRY | Wang <i>et al.</i> (2017) | 5 SLA | mm ² mg-1 | 6 | 2 |
| TRY | Shipley & Vu (2002) | SLA | mm ² mg-1 | 20 | 2 |
| TRY | Cavender-Bares <i>et al.</i> (2006) | SLA | mm ² mg-1 | 42 | 2 |
| TRY | Unpublished | SLA | mm ² mg-1 | 1 | 1 |
| TRY | Diaz <i>et al.</i> (2004) | SLA | mm ² mg-1 | 11 | 10 |

Table S2: Summary of estimates from our model of height ($n = 42781$) using data from 37 focal species. Values represent the mean estimate for model parameters as well as the lower and upper limits (25%–75%) of the 50% uncertainty interval and the lower and upper limits (5%–95%) of the 90% uncertainty interval (UI). The strength of the relationship can be assessed by comparing across UI, with parameters with intervals that cross zero depicting weak relationships.

| | mean | 5% | 25% | 75% | 95% |
|-----------------------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|
| $\mu_{grand.trait}$ | 13.3 | 10.0 | 11.9 | 14.6 | 16.5 |
| $\mu_{k,g}$ | 32.1 | 27.7 | 30.3 | 33.9 | 36.6 |
| μ_{force} | -10.7 | -15.2 | -12.5 | -8.8 | -6.2 |
| μ_{chill} | -4.0 | -11.1 | -6.5 | -1.1 | 2.8 |
| μ_{photo} | 1.0 | -2.7 | -0.5 | 2.5 | 4.7 |
| $\beta_{trait.force}$ | 0.2 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.5 |
| $\beta_{trait.chill}$ | -0.5 | -1.0 | -0.7 | -0.3 | -0.1 |
| $\beta_{trait.photo}$ | -0.2 | -0.5 | -0.4 | -0.1 | 0.0 |
| $\sigma_{species}$ | 6.0 | 4.9 | 5.5 | 6.5 | 7.3 |
| σ_{study} | 7.5 | 5.7 | 6.6 | 8.3 | 9.8 |
| σ_{trait} | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.4 |
| σ_{pheno} | 15.1 | 11.8 | 13.6 | 16.4 | 18.6 |
| σ_{force} | 5.0 | 3.3 | 4.2 | 5.7 | 7.0 |
| σ_{chill} | 8.8 | 5.8 | 7.2 | 10.0 | 12.7 |
| σ_{photo} | 3.5 | 2.2 | 2.9 | 4.1 | 5.3 |
| σ_d | 14.2 | 13.8 | 14. | 14.3 | 14.6 |

Table S3: Summary of estimates from our model of seed mass ($n = 281$) using data from 37 focal species. Values represent the mean estimate for model parameters as well as the lower and upper limits (25%–75%) of the 50% uncertainty interval and the lower and upper limits (5%–95%) of the 90% uncertainty interval (UI). The strength of the relationship can be assessed by comparing across UI, with parameters with intervals that cross zero depicting weak relationships.

| | mean | 5% | 25% | 75% | 95% |
|-----------------------|------|-------|-------|------|------|
| $\mu_{grand.trait}$ | 1.9 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 2.7 |
| $\mu_{k,g}$ | 31.4 | 27.1 | 29.6 | 33.1 | 35.8 |
| μ_{force} | -8.2 | -10.8 | -9.2 | -7.1 | -5.6 |
| μ_{chill} | -9.4 | -14.0 | -11.2 | -7.5 | -4.8 |
| μ_{photo} | -1.3 | -3.4 | -2.1 | -0.4 | 0.8 |
| $\beta_{trait.force}$ | -0.3 | -1.4 | -0.8 | 0.1 | 0.9 |
| $\beta_{trait.chill}$ | -1.1 | -2.9 | -1.8 | -0.4 | 0.7 |
| $\beta_{trait.photo}$ | -0.6 | -1.5 | -0.9 | -0.2 | 0.4 |
| $\sigma_{species}$ | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 2.0 |
| σ_{study} | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
| σ_{trait} | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| σ_{pheno} | 14.8 | 11.2 | 13.3 | 16.3 | 18.6 |
| σ_{force} | 4.9 | 3.4 | 4.2 | 5.5 | 6.7 |
| σ_{chill} | 10.7 | 7.1 | 8.8 | 12.1 | 15.4 |
| σ_{photo} | 3.6 | 2.3 | 3.0 | 4.1 | 5.1 |
| σ_d | 14.1 | 13.7 | 14.0 | 14.3 | 14.5 |

Table S4: Summary of estimates from our model of specific leaf area (SLA, $n = 7656$) using data from 37 focal species. Values represent the mean estimate for model parameters as well as the lower and upper limits (25%–75%) of the 50% uncertainty interval and the lower and upper limits (5%–95%) of the 90% uncertainty interval (UI). The strength of the relationship can be assessed by comparing across UI, with parameters with intervals that cross zero depicting weak relationships.

| | mean | 5% | 25% | 75% | 95% |
|-----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| $\mu_{grand.trait}$ | 16.8 | 14.5 | 15.8 | 17.8 | 19.3 |
| $\mu_{k,g}$ | 31.3 | 27.2 | 29.6 | 33.0 | 35.6 |
| μ_{force} | -11.4 | -16.2 | -13.1 | -9.6 | -7.2 |
| μ_{chill} | -16.7 | -24.6 | -19.8 | -13.3 | -9.1 |
| μ_{photo} | 1.9 | -2.4 | 0.2 | 3.6 | 5.8 |
| $\beta_{trait.force}$ | 0.2 | -0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| $\beta_{trait.chill}$ | 0.3 | -0.1 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.7 |
| $\beta_{trait.photo}$ | -0.2 | -0.5 | -0.3 | -0.1 | 0.0 |
| $\sigma_{species}$ | 7.8 | 6.4 | 7.1 | 8.4 | 9.4 |
| σ_{study} | 3.3 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 3.8 | 5.1 |
| σ_{trait} | 6.2 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 6.3 |
| σ_{pheno} | 13.9 | 10.7 | 12.4 | 15.3 | 17.6 |
| σ_{force} | 5.0 | 3.3 | 4.2 | 5.6 | 7.0 |
| σ_{chill} | 10.6 | 7.2 | 8.9 | 12.0 | 14.8 |
| σ_{photo} | 3.5 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 3.9 | 5.0 |
| σ_d | 14.2 | 13.8 | 14.0 | 14.3 | 14.6 |

Table S5: Summary of estimates from our model of leaf nitrogen content (LNC, $n = 3853$) using data from 37 focal species. Values represent the mean estimate for model parameters as well as the lower and upper limits (25%–75%) of the 50% uncertainty interval and the lower and upper limits (5%–95%) of the 90% uncertainty interval (UI). The strength of the relationship can be assessed by comparing across UI, with parameters with intervals that cross zero depicting weak relationships.

| | mean | 5% | 25% | 75% | 95% |
|-----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| $\mu_{grand.trait}$ | 22.6 | 20.4 | 21.7 | 23.5 | 24.9 |
| $\mu_{k,g}$ | 31.1 | 27.1 | 29.4 | 32.8 | 35.3 |
| μ_{force} | -19.3 | -27.9 | -22.9 | -15.8 | -10.5 |
| μ_{chill} | -27.1 | -38.5 | -31.7 | -22.4 | -15.4 |
| μ_{photo} | -9.4 | -17.0 | -12.5 | -6.2 | -1.9 |
| $\beta_{trait.force}$ | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.8 |
| $\beta_{trait.chill}$ | 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 1.2 |
| $\beta_{trait.photo}$ | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.6 |
| $\sigma_{species}$ | 5.1 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 5.5 | 6.2 |
| σ_{study} | 3.6 | 2.2 | 2.9 | 4.1 | 5.3 |
| σ_{trait} | 5.1 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 5.2 |
| σ_{pheno} | 14.0 | 10.9 | 12.7 | 15.3 | 17.4 |
| σ_{force} | 4.6 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 5.2 | 6.6 |
| σ_{chill} | 8.9 | 6.1 | 7.5 | 10.1 | 12.5 |
| σ_{photo} | 3.6 | 2.4 | 3.0 | 4.1 | 5.0 |
| σ_d | 14.2 | 13.8 | 14.0 | 14.3 | 14.6 |

5 Stan model code

```

6
7 data {
8   int<lower = 1> n_spec;
9   int<lower = 1> N;
10  int<lower = 1, upper = n_spec> trait_species[N];
11  int<lower = 1> n_study;
12  int<lower = 1, upper = n_study> study[N];
13  vector[N] yTraiti;
14
15  int<lower = 1> Nph;
16  int<lower = 1, upper = n_spec> phenology_species[Nph];
17  vector[Nph] yPhenoi;
18  vector[Nph] forcei;
19  vector[Nph] chilli;
20  vector[Nph] photoi;
21 }
22
23 parameters{
24
25   real mu_grand;
26   vector[n_spec] muSp;
27   vector[n_study] muStudy;
28   real<lower = 0> sigma_traity;
29   real<lower = 0> sigma_sp;
30   real<lower = 0> sigma_study;
31
32   real alphaForceSp[n_spec];
33   real muForceSp;
34   real<lower = 0> sigmaForceSp;
35   real alphaChillSp[n_spec];
36   real muChillSp;
37   real<lower = 0> sigmaChillSp;
38   real alphaPhotoSp[n_spec];
39   real muPhotoSp;
40   real<lower = 0> sigmaPhotoSp;
41   real alphaPhenoSp[n_spec];
42   real muPhenoSp;
43   real<lower = 0> sigmaPhenoSp;
44   real betaTraitxForce;
45   real betaTraitxChill;
46   real betaTraitxPhoto;
47   real<lower = 0> sigmaphenoy;
48 }
49
50 transformed parameters{
51
52   vector[N] y_hat;
53   vector[n_spec] mu_grand_sp;
54
55   real betaForceSp[n_spec];

```



```

56   real betaPhotoSp[n_spec];
57   real betaChillSp[n_spec];
58
59   for(i in 1:n_spec){
60     mu_grand_sp[i] = mu_grand + muSp[i];
61   }
62   for (i in 1:N){
63     y_hat[i] = mu_grand + muSp[trait_species[i]] + muStudy[study[i]];
64   }
65
66   for (isp in 1:n_spec){
67     betaForceSp[isp] = alphaForceSp[isp] + betaTraitxForce * (mu_grand_sp[isp]);
68   }
69   for (isp in 1:n_spec){
70     betaPhotoSp[isp] = alphaPhotoSp[isp] + betaTraitxPhoto * (mu_grand_sp[isp]);
71   }
72   for (isp in 1:n_spec){
73     betaChillSp[isp] = alphaChillSp[isp] + betaTraitxChill * (mu_grand_sp[isp]);
74   }
75 }
76
77 model{
78   yTraiti ~ normal(y_hat, sigma_traity);
79   muSp ~ normal(0, sigma_sp);
80   muStudy ~ normal(0, sigma_study);
81   mu_grand ~ normal(20,10);
82   sigma_sp ~ normal(4,5);
83   sigma_study ~ normal(2,5);
84   sigma_traity ~ normal(3,5);
85
86   for (i in 1:Nph){
87     yPhenoi[i] ~ normal(alphaPhenoSp[phenology_species[i]] +
88       betaForceSp[phenology_species[i]] * forcei[i] +
89       betaPhotoSp[phenology_species[i]] * photoi[i] +
90       betaChillSp[phenology_species[i]] * chilli[i],
91       sigmapheno_y);
92   }
93
94   alphaPhenoSp ~ normal(muPhenoSp, sigmaPhenoSp);
95   alphaForceSp ~ normal(muForceSp, sigmaForceSp);
96   alphaChillSp ~ normal(muChillSp, sigmaChillSp);
97   alphaPhotoSp ~ normal(muPhotoSp, sigmaPhotoSp);
98
99   muPhenoSp ~ normal(40,10);
100  sigmaPhenoSp ~ normal(5,5);
101
102  sigmapheno_y ~ normal(10,5);
103
104  muForceSp ~ normal(-15,10);
105  sigmaForceSp ~ normal(5,5);
106
107  muChillSp ~ normal(-15,10);

```

```

108     sigmaChillSp ~ normal(5,5);
109
110     muPhotoSp ~ normal(-15,10);
111     sigmaPhotoSp ~ normal(5,5);
112
113     betaTraitxForce ~ normal(0,1);
114     betaTraitxPhoto ~ normal(0,1);
115     betaTraitxChill ~ normal(0,1);
116
117 }
118

```

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