

# Supplemental materials: How environmental tracking shapes communities in stationary & non-stationary systems

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## 1 Literature review

We systematically reviewed the literature for studies examining tracking and other traits. We searched ISI in August 2019 for:

1. Topic: ‘phenolog\* chang\*’ and Title: phenolog\* AND trait\*
2. Topic: ‘warming shift\*’ AND trait\* and Title: phenolog\*
3. Topic: ‘phenolog\* track\*’ AND trait\* and Title: phenolog\*
4. Topic: ‘phenolog\* sensitiv\*’ AND trait\* and Title: phenolog\*

which resulted in 176 papers. From here we used the following criteria to determine from which papers we could not extract data: no phenology or phenological change measured (58 papers), no trait(s) measured or analyzed (44 papers), single-species studies focused on intra-specific variation (32 papers), modeling or theory studies without data (8 papers), or papers without new data presented (reviews, etc.: 4 papers), or miscellaneous reasons (1 paper measured a phenological response to grazing, while another ... XX). This left us with only 27 papers including relevant data.

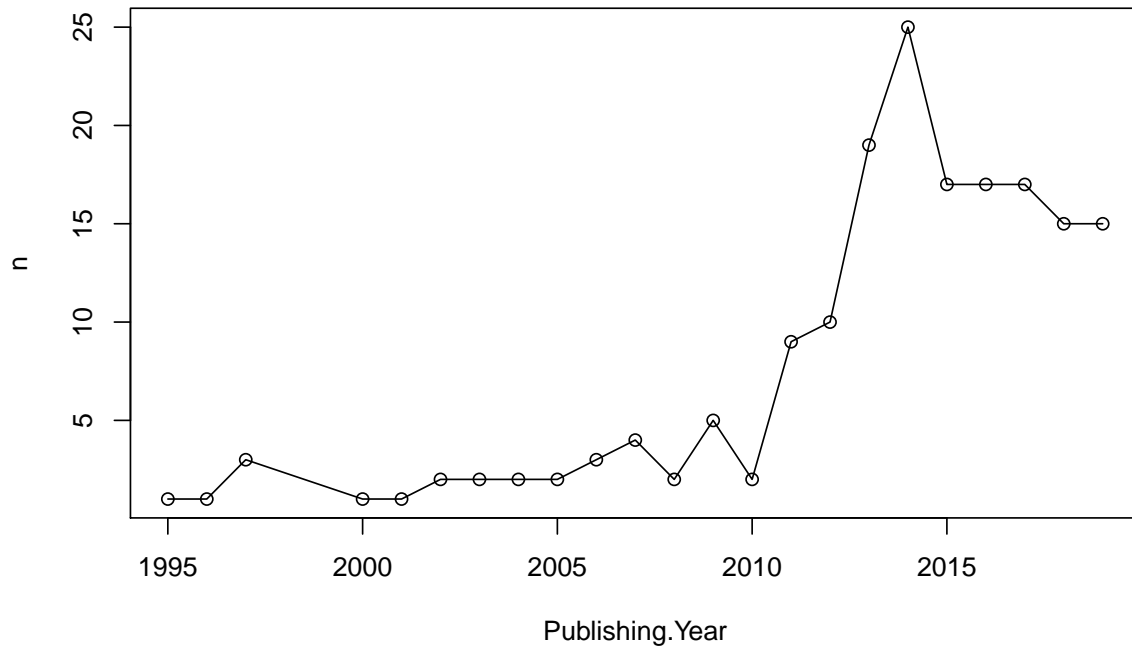


Figure 1: Trends in all papers using search terms over time. Of papers from which we could extract data all were published in 2016 or onward.

## 2 Model

### 2.1 Dimensional analysis

## 3 Model runs

*Analyses:* Ran XX models ...

Table 1: Table of parameter values, their definitions and lightweight version of their dimensions (i.e., not yet deemed ‘grams’ or such).

Parameter	Definition	Unit
$N_i$	seedbank of species $i$	seeds
$s_i$	survival of species $i$	unitless
$\delta$ (peak biomass)	total length of growing season	days
$B_i$	biomass of species $i$	biomass
$R$	resource	resource
$c_i$	conversion of $R$ uptake to biomass of species $i$	$\frac{\text{biomass}}{\text{resource}}$
$m_i$	maintenance costs of species $i$	$\text{days}^{-1}$
$a_i$	uptake increase as $R$ increases for species $i$	$\text{days}^{-1}$
$u_i$	max uptake for species $i$	$\frac{(\text{days})(\text{biomass})}{\text{resource}}$
$\phi_i$	conversion of biomass to seedbank for species, includes overwintering of seeds $i$	biomass $^{-1}$ , but conceptually $\frac{\text{seeds}}{(\text{biomass})(\text{seeds})}$
$\epsilon$	abiotic loss of $R$	$\text{days}^{-1}$
$g_{max,i}$	max germination of species $i$	unitless
$h_i$	controls the the rate at which germination declines as $\tau_p$ deviates from optimum for species $i$	$\text{days}^{-2}$
$g_i$	germination fraction	unitless
$\tau_p$	timing of pulse	days
$\tau_i$	timing of max germination of species $i$	days
$\alpha_i$	phenological tracking of species $i$	unitless
$\theta_i$	shape of uptake for species $i$	unitless
$b_i$	seedling biomass of species $i$	$\frac{\text{biomass}}{\text{seeds}}$
$f_i(R)$	$R$ uptake $f(x)$ for species $i$	$\frac{\text{resource}}{(\text{days})(\text{biomass})}$
$d_i$	death rate of species $i$ , used in calculations of lifespan	unitless
$t$	between year time (formerly T)	years
$0 \rightarrow \delta$	within season time (formerly $\tau$ )	days
$b_0$	initial biomass per germinant (seed)	biomass
$\xi$	$\frac{\text{final biomass}}{\text{initial biomass}}$	unitless