



Security of the Software Supply Chain with sigstore

Hervé Boutemy & Louis Jacomet





AGENDA



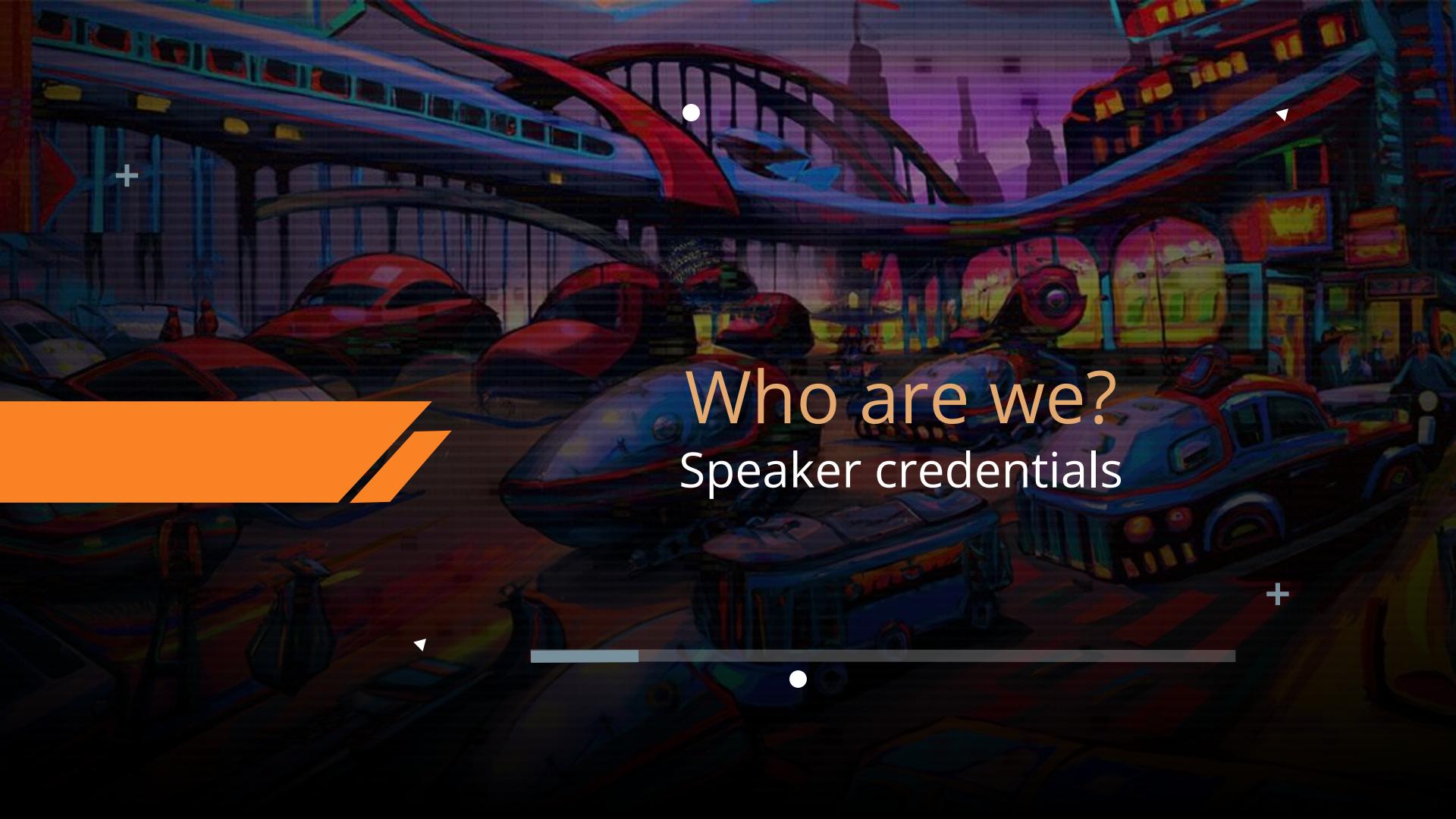
Software Supply Chain security
Concepts, risks and attacks

Sigstore
Keyless, traceable

Publish with Sigstore
Support in Maven Central

Sign with Sigstore
Plugins for Gradle and Maven

Verify a Sigstore signature
Challenges for Gradle and Maven



Who are we? Speaker credentials



Hervé Boutemy

```
speaker {  
    company = "Sonatype"  
    joined = 2019  
    position = "Solutions Architect and more ..."  
    past = listOf(  
        "French Banks" from 1996 to 2018,  
        "Java 'Hello, World!' Applet" in 1996  
    )  
    social = "@hboutemy"  
    github = "hboutemy"  
}
```





Hervé Boutemy

```
"Apache Software Foundation" {  
    projects = listOf(  
        "Maven" from 2005,  
        "Community Development" from 2014,  
        "Attic" from 2016  
    )  
    past = listOf(  
        "Maven PMC Chair" from 2014 to 2016  
    )  
    member = 2011  
    email = "hboutemy@apache.org"  
}  
"Reproducible Builds" {  
    since = 2017  
}  
"OWASP CycloneDX" {  
    since = 2023  
}
```



Maven



Reproducible
Builds





Gradle ❤️ Maven

Louis Jacomet

```
speaker {  
    company = "Gradle"  
    joined = 2018  
    position = "Support Team Lead and more ..."  
    previously = "Dependency Management, JVM plugins"  
    past = listOf(  
        "Terracotta / Ehcache" in 2013,  
        "Devoxx Belgium Committee" in 2012,  
        "Contractor" in 2002,  
        "Java 'Hello, World!'" in 1997  
    )  
    failures = generateSequence(code) { bugs }  
    social = listOf("@ljacomet@foojay.social", "@ljacomet")  
    github = "ljacomet"  
    web = "https://jacomet.dev"  
    extra = "Not fully figured out how to stay out of management !?!"  
}
```

A vertical strip of a painting on the left side of the slide. It depicts a man in a dark suit and hat riding a bicycle towards the viewer. He is leaning forward, looking down at his bicycle. In the background, there is a street lamp on a tall pole and some buildings under a sky filled with warm, orange and yellow clouds at sunset.

Gradle Build Tool

- Apache 2.0 licensed build tool
- JVM based
- Kotlin and Groovy configuration DSL
- 30+ millions downloads / month
- Extensive plugin eco-system

Gradle Inc.

Build scans

Gradle Enterprise example-build build 19 Oct 2021 01:14:12 CEST

55 tasks executed in 4 projects in 1.799s, with 9 avoided tasks saving 5.667s

Timeline

Initialization & configuration

Execution

:app:test

:list:test

Order: Execution

:app:testClasses

1.037s 0.000s org.gradle.api.DefaultTask

:app:test

:list:check

:list:build

:app:check

:app:build

Path :app:test

Type org.gradle.api.tasks.testing.Test

This task is on the critical path.

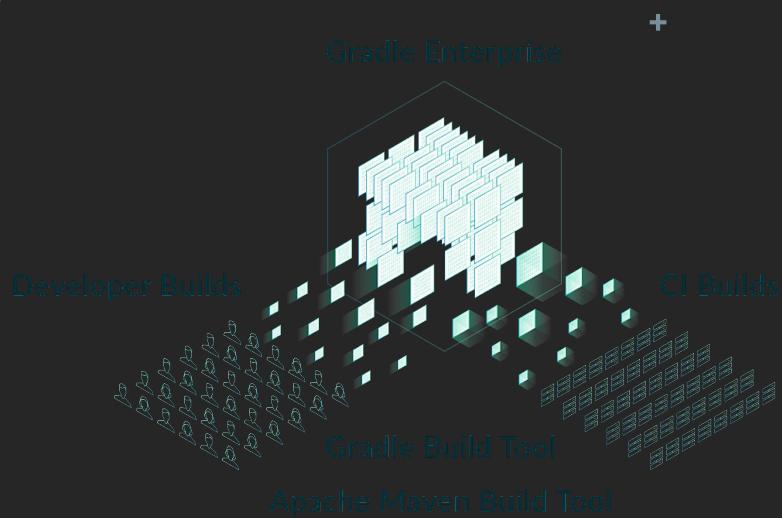
Started after 1.038s

Duration > 0.754s

Gradle Inc.



Gradle Enterprise



Developer Productivity Engineering





Software Supply Chain security

Concepts, risks and attacks

Concepts

+

*"hackers don't attack individual devices or networks directly, but rather **the companies that distribute the code used by their targets**"*

<https://www.wired.com/story/supply-chain-hackers-videogames-asus-ccleaner/#>

Concepts

Supply chain attack

Infect a tool or a library

Used by another tool or library

With the goal of getting it distributed
executed

In a trusted way

Attacks

- CC Cleaner / Asus in 2018
 - (Auto) update system hacked
 - Update installed a backdoor
 - 2.27 millions downloads
 - 1.65 millions phone home
 - 40 follow ups, high targets only

<https://www.wired.com/story/inside-the-unnerving-supply-chain-attack-that-corrupted-ccleaner/>

Attacks

- Solar Winds in 2020
 - System management software
 - Backdoor inserted in Orion system
 - Software updates propagated the hack from March to December
 - Backdoor allowed to reach customers of customers

<https://www.techtarget.com/whatis/feature/SolarWinds-hack-explained-Everything-you-need-to-know?amp=1>

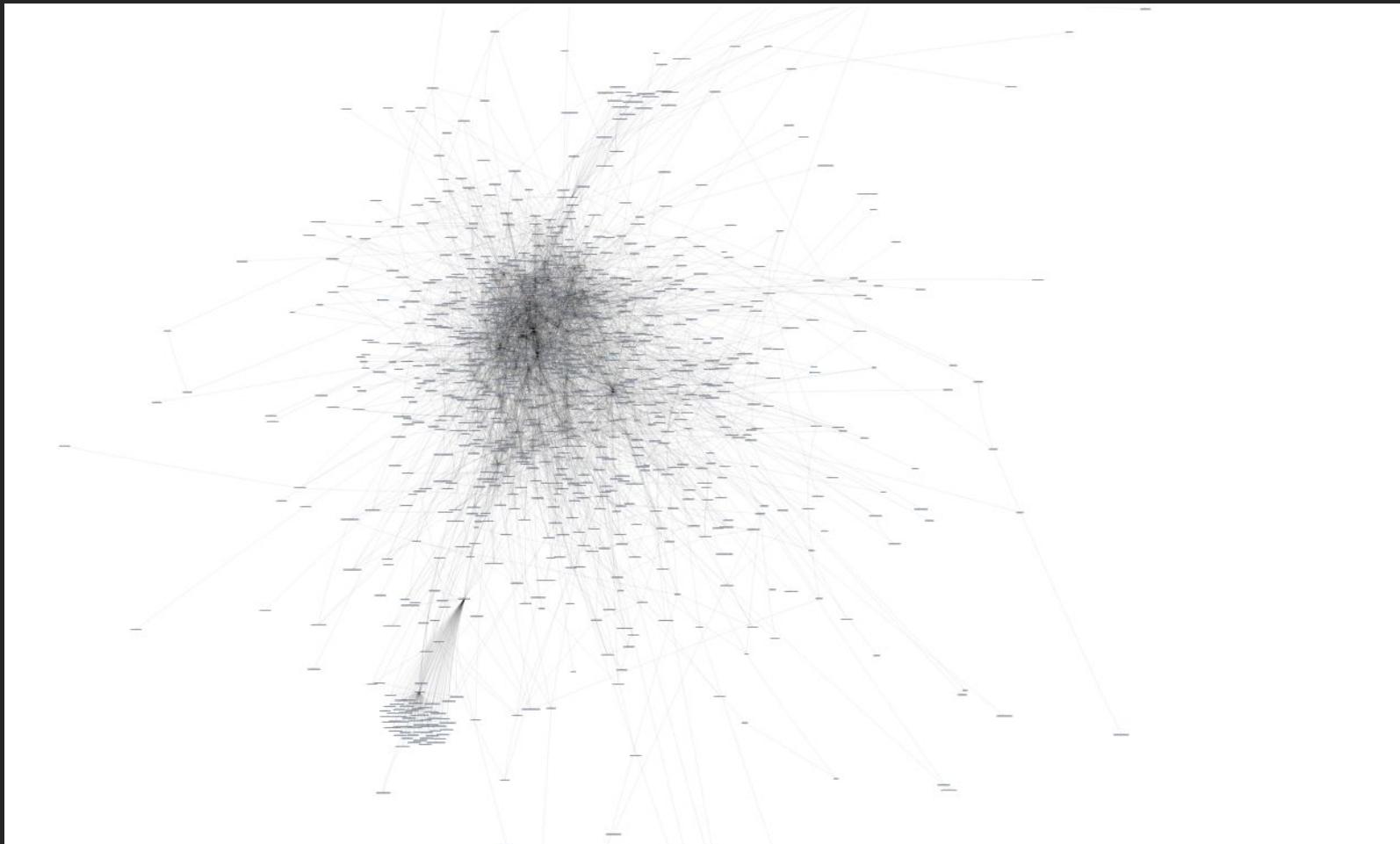
Attacks

- Infected Gradle wrapper in January 2023
 - Part of a **first time contributor PR**
 - Extracts and ₊ posts **Discord credentials**
 - When running the build
 - Replaces a **project dependency**
 - **Injecting code that**
 - Opens up a **command and control endpoint** at execution

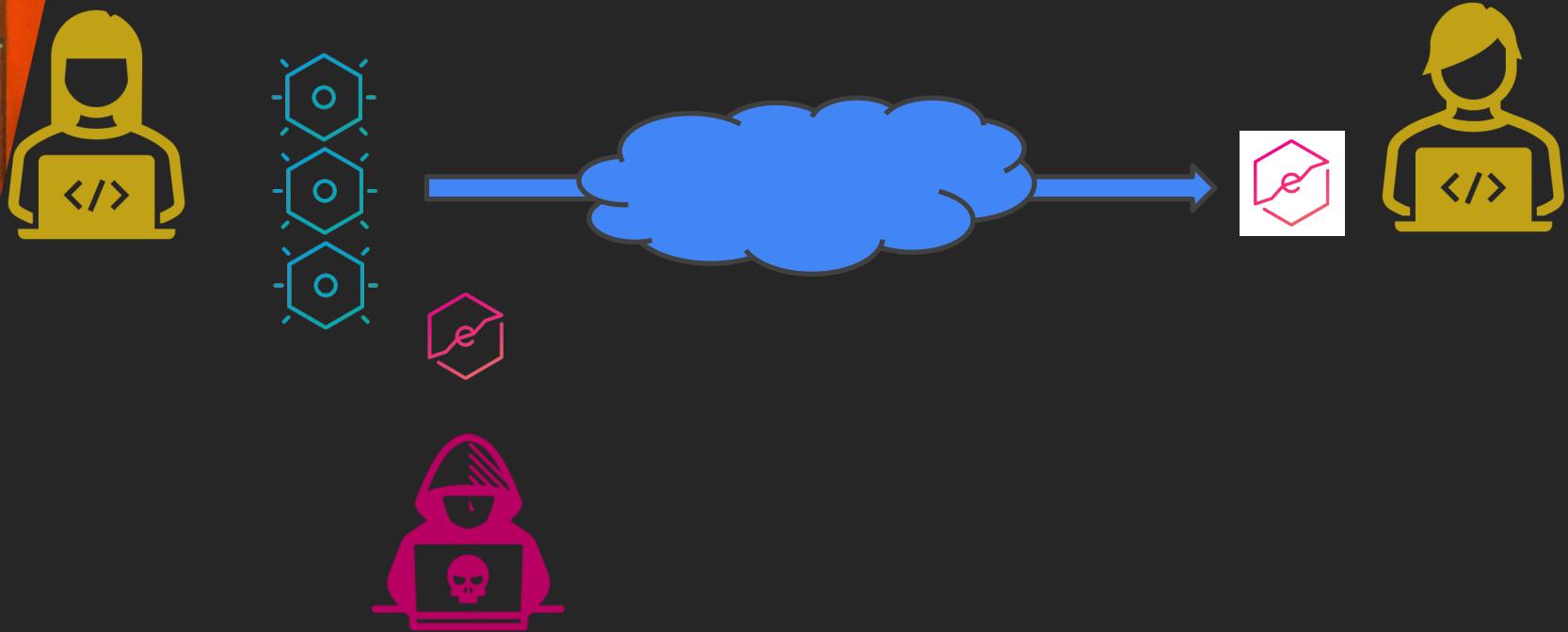
Risks

- Supply chain attacks are a reality, not just a concept
- +- Developers are the target audience
- Incredible scale out effect
- Some issued by Nation State actors

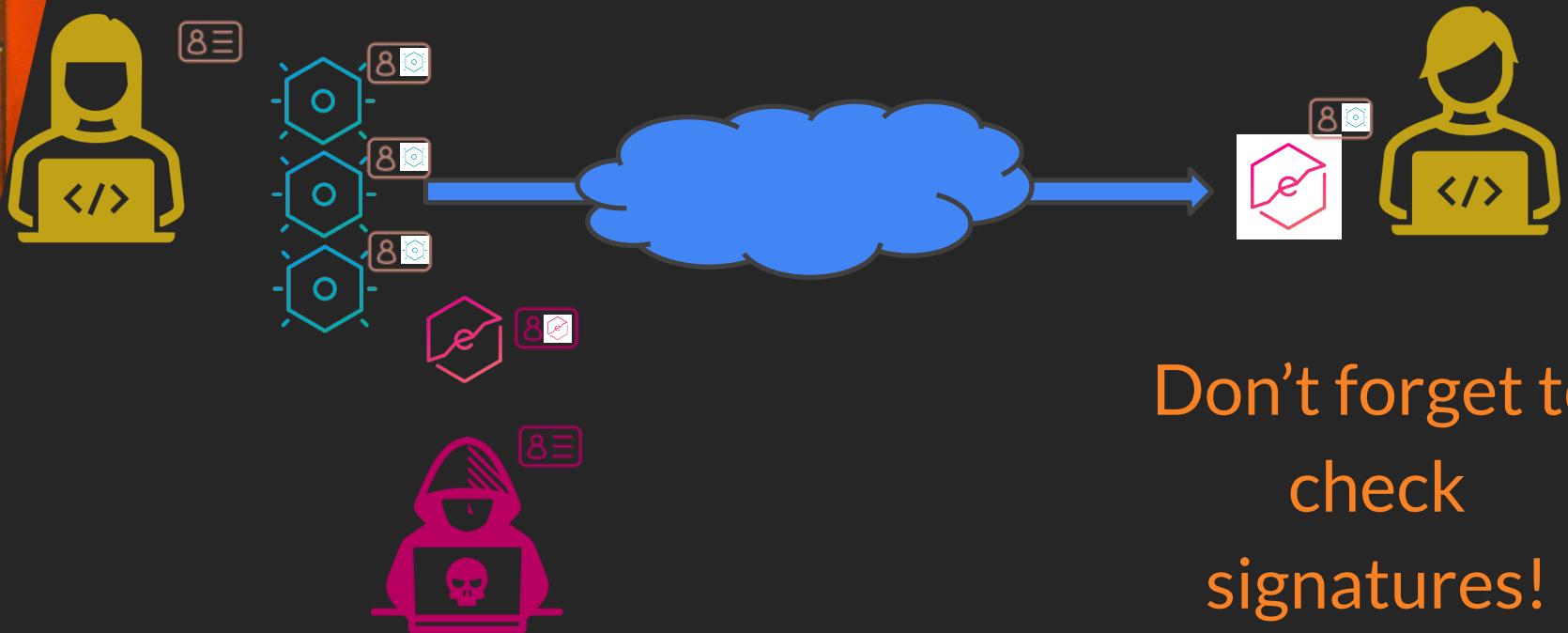
Risks



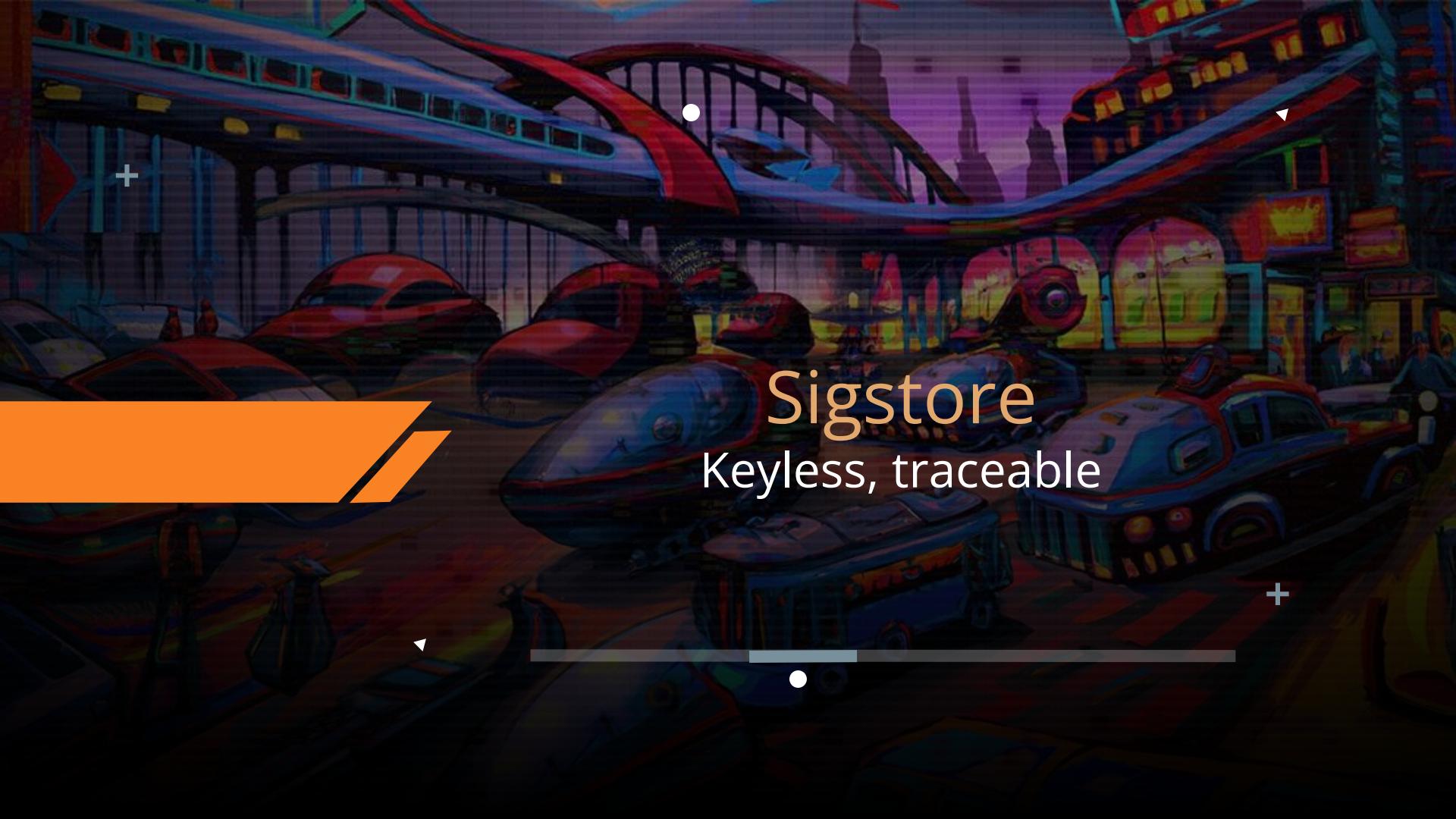
Attacks on Software Supply Chain



Signature for Software Supply Chain Protection



Don't forget to
check
signatures!



Sigstore

Keyless, traceable

sigstore project: easy “keyless” signature

- started mid-2020
- March 2021: The Linux Foundation project by Red Hat, Google and Purdue University
 - now more than 20 organizations (Chainguard, VMware, Twitter, Citi, Charm, Anchore, Iron Bank...)
- July 28,2021: cosign 1.0 release
 - = container signing, verification and storage in registry
- “Keyless” feature = work in progress
 - Container first: OCI images + K8S
 - involve software repositories + package managers/build tools actors:
 - Maven Central, Ruby Central, PyPI, npmjs, ...
 - Maven, Gradle, RubyGems, pip, npm, ...



"Keyless"

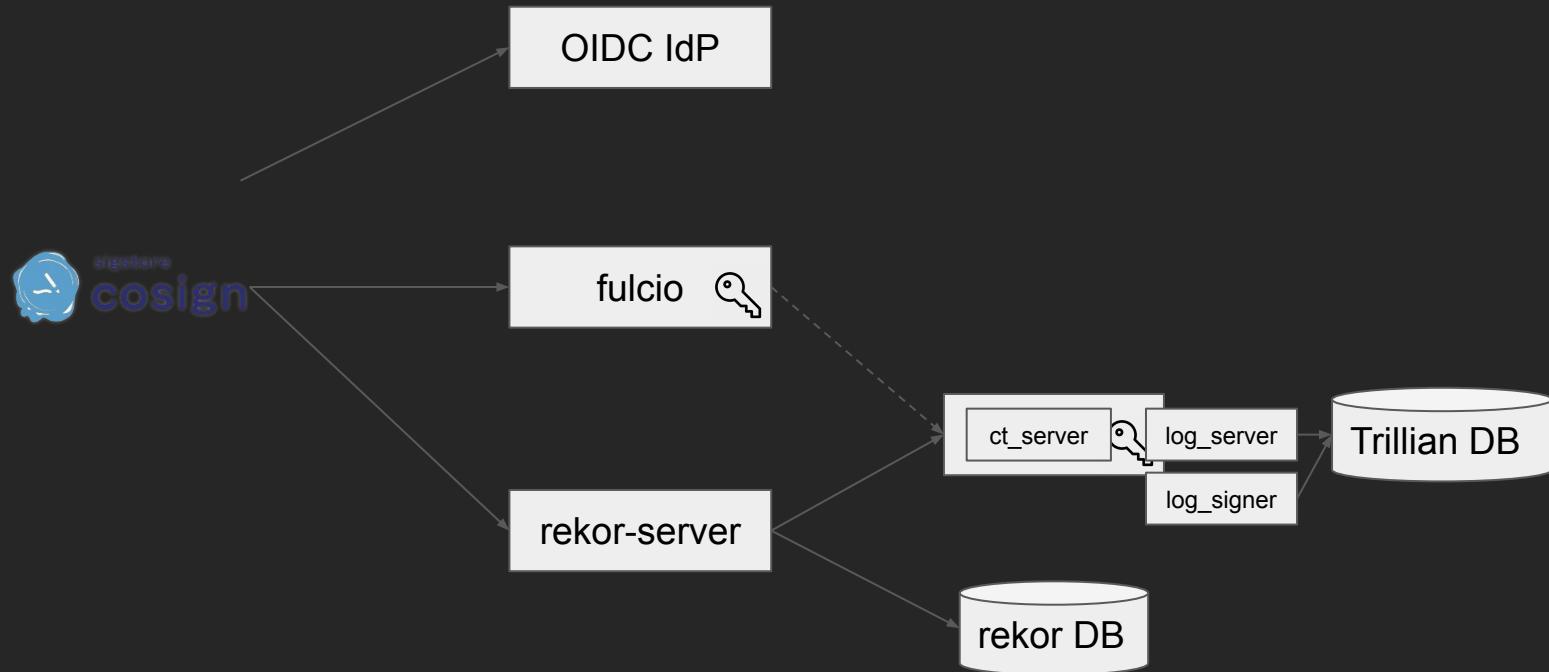
sigstore « keyless »

- CLI tools
 - cosign: <https://github.com/sigstore/cosign>
 - gitsign: <https://github.com/sigstore/gitsign>
- documentation, libs for many languages, ...
- server software
 - fulcio: <https://github.com/sigstore/fulcio>
Root-CA for short-lived code signing certs,
issuing certificates based on an OIDC identity provider
 - rekor: <https://github.com/sigstore/rekor>
Transparency log



Fulcio & Rekor

Fulcio & Rekor architecture



sigstore shared community services

public services (prod + sigstage):



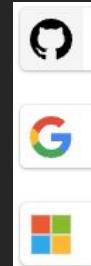
<https://fulcio.sigstore.dev/>

<https://oauth2.sigstore.dev/auth> =



<https://rekor.sigstore.dev/>

<https://ctfe.sigstore.dev/>



Root keys (TUF): <https://github.com/sigstore/root-signing>

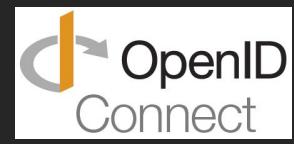
objectives:

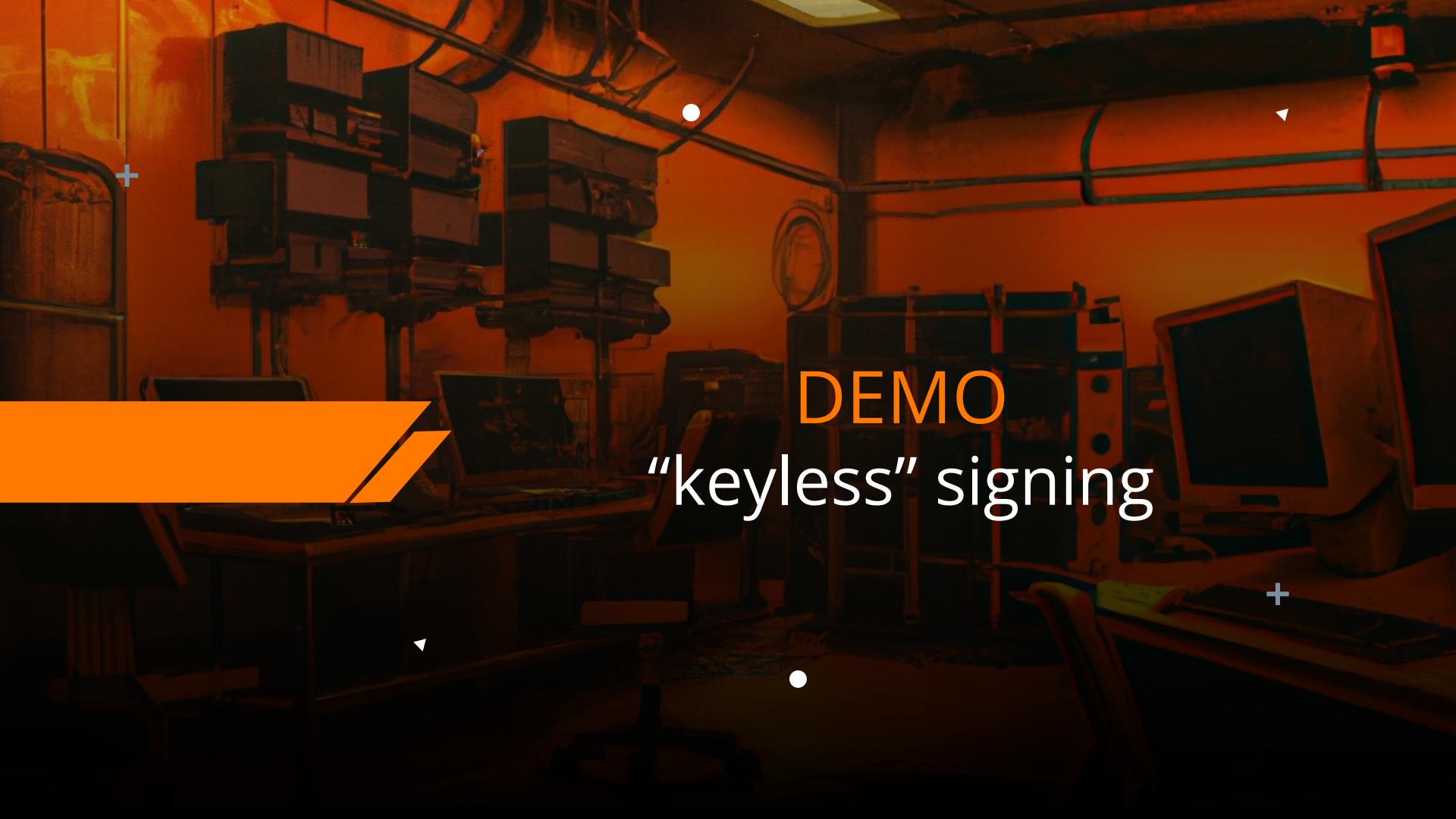
- community managed
- 99.5% uptime SLO: <https://status.sigstore.dev/>
- diversity of content monitors

Workflow

“keyless” signing workflow

- generate a session keypair
- sign files
- contact Fulcio to get short-lived certificate
 - uses OIDC IdP
 - starts a 10-minutes timespan
- register signatures to Rekor
- (optional) save results to sigstore bundle file



The background of the slide is a dark, atmospheric photograph of an industrial or laboratory setting. It features large, dark shelving units filled with various equipment and supplies. Several computer monitors are visible, some showing what appears to be scientific data or video feeds. The lighting is low, with a warm, orange glow coming from the left side, creating a dramatic effect against the dark surroundings.

DEMO

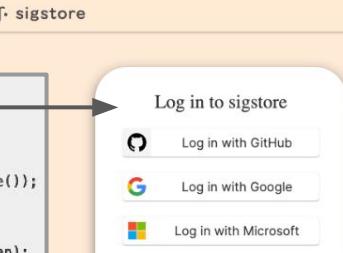
“keyless” signing

demo

“keyless” signing workflow demo

<https://github.com/hbouteemy/sigstore-java-poc>

```
> java -jar target/sigstore-poc-0.1.0-SNAPSHOT.jar README.md
Crypto generating keypair using EC with secp256r1 parameters
Crypto signing file content README.md
Sigstore Starting sigstore steps to record the signature
OidcClient >> getting OIDC token from https://oauth2.sigstore.dev/auth/token
Please open the following address in your browser:
  https://oauth2.sigstore.dev/auth/auth?client_id=sigstore&code_challenge=vr
=&url=https://localhost:62988/callback&response_type=code&scope=openid%20email
Attempting to open that address in the default browser now...
OidcClient << received token for email herve.boutemy@gmail.com
Crypto signing email address 'herve.boutemy@gmail.com' as proof of possession
FulcioClient >> requesting signing certificate from https://fulcio.sigstore.dev
FulcioClient << parsing signing certificate
RekorClient >> submitting to rekor https://rekor.sigstore.dev with payload {'apiVersion': 'v0.1', 'kind': 'HashedRekor', 'spec': {'data': {'hash': {'value': 'aa7e29372082134a6dc2b3eb59d7a2fa6466b328e84953d75d01f181d0645f"', 'algorithm': 'sha256'}}}, 'signature': {'publicKey': {'content': 'LS0tLS1CRUdJTiBQVUJMSUMgS0VZLS0tLS0K TUZrd0V3WUhLb1pJemowREFRWR0FFY1c4TnhCNGhXNTAxRGlaRk1kS2t1 new RekorClient().submitToRekor(content, signature, keypair.getPublic()); /NSZDFEE9LK zNUTlNBPT0KLS0tLS1FTkQgUFVCTELIDIEtFWS0tLS0t"}, 'content': 'MEQCIAKgGw8nfSz3k6y...PDoIA=='}}}
RekorClient << Created hashedrekor entry in transparency log @ 'https://rekor.sigstore.dev/api/v1/log/entries/2bd298b61ebc9e182b712da30bfce2e04136e16c93d8ed c2dea06f1ba7cce1e7'
```





Break
See you in 15 minutes



Publish with Sigstore

Support in Maven Central

Early Maven Central: Maven 1 & 2.0...

- Apache Software Foundation:
 - reference release archives on an ASF disk: permissions managed by Unix groups
 - download content from public mirrors
 - signature policy since 2002
 - GPG sign source code releases
 - get signature (.asc) from ASF servers
 - check signature against KEYS file in Apache distribution area for each project
- Maven Central:
 - Apache Maven 1.x => Maven 1 repository format: short groupId, no signature
 - « Maven Central 1 » = <http://repo1.maven.org/maven/> (now obsolete)
 - Apache Maven 2.x and more => Maven 2 repository format
 - structural changes: reverse DNS groupId as directory, POM v4
 - Maven Central = <https://repo1.maven.org/maven2/>
 - Reference content on a disk managed by Maven team
 - Synchronisation shell scripts to ingest content from other organizations
 - Network of public mirrors
 - PGP signature support: .asc files
 - PGP signature mandatory since 2006 in Maven Central

High Level Architecture



Maven Central by the Numbers

In 2021, developers around
the world made more than

496 BILLION

requests from Maven Central.



Maven Central by the Numbers

Statistics as of 6 May 2022

8.8m

component versions
stored in ...

27TB

... of files representing
approximately ...

79k

... namespaces /
organizations /
publishers

Modern Architecture?



Maven Central Repository Search

Quick Stats



Search

[Advanced Options](#) | [API Guide](#)

Official search by the maintainers of Maven Central Repository



<https://central.sonatype.com/>

sonatype | maven central repository

Publish Browse

Sign In

Official search by the maintainers of Maven Central Repository

Discover Java packages, and publish your own

Search for a package

or

Browse all components

Sign in required for publishers and enhanced metadata.

Publishers will be able to use the same UI for consuming/researching and getting support

Most Popular Packages in Last 90 Days

0.6.1-incubating-docs 0.7.1

Most Popular Publishers in Last 90 Days

0.6.1-incubating-docs 0.7.1

Highlighting popular packages and publishers



Devoxx France

2023



Maven Central Adding Sigstore support



Layout

Maven Central Layout

- GAV directory: \${groupId} \${dir} / \${artifactId} / \${baseVersion}
 - 1 GAV per Maven module, 1 release = 1 to > 1 000 GAV
- Artifact files: \${artifactId}-\${version}-\${classifier}.\${extension}
 - Minimum:
 - .pom
 - .jar
 - -sources.jar
 - -javadoc.jar
 - Control files:
 - .md5
 - .sha1
 - .asc
 - .sha256
 - .sha512
- 1 typical GAV = 4 artifact files * 5 control files = 20 files
- Typical waste: .asc.sha* => 5 + 4 = 9 control files

Adding Sigstore offline Signature

- 2022-10 working group: Additional control files:
 - .pem
 - .sig
 - .bundle
$$\Rightarrow 5 + 3 = 8 \text{ control files}$$
 - if .asc & .sha* & .asc.sha* waste: $5 + 3 * (5 \text{ to } 9) = 20 \text{ to } 32$ control files
- Exemple: <https://repo.maven.apache.org/maven2/dev/sigstore/sigstore-java/0.1.0/>
- “Sigstore bundle format”:
 - .sigstore
$$\Rightarrow 5 + 1 = 6 \text{ control files}$$
- Sigstore-wide project: <https://github.com/sigstore/protobuf-specs>
 - format defined 2023-01
 - Implemented in sigstore-java 2023-02
- Exemple: <https://repo.maven.apache.org/maven2/dev/sigstore/sigstore-java/0.4.0/>

Planning Maven Central Rollout

- Maven Central Rules: “any file requires .asc PGP signature”
 => require “.sigstore.asc”
- Replace PGP with Sigstore?
- High Level Plan defined in 2023-12:
https://docs.google.com/document/d/1hRLYSzKcc73orAzHhZPE1mhtQ0_7sII1P6a2TM1LiFE/edit
- Stage 0: 2023 Q1
 - don't require PGP signing of .sigstore files
- Stage 1:
 - Verify .sigstore files
 - If .sigstore exists, .asc not mandatory
- Stage 2:
 - TBD more advanced policy?

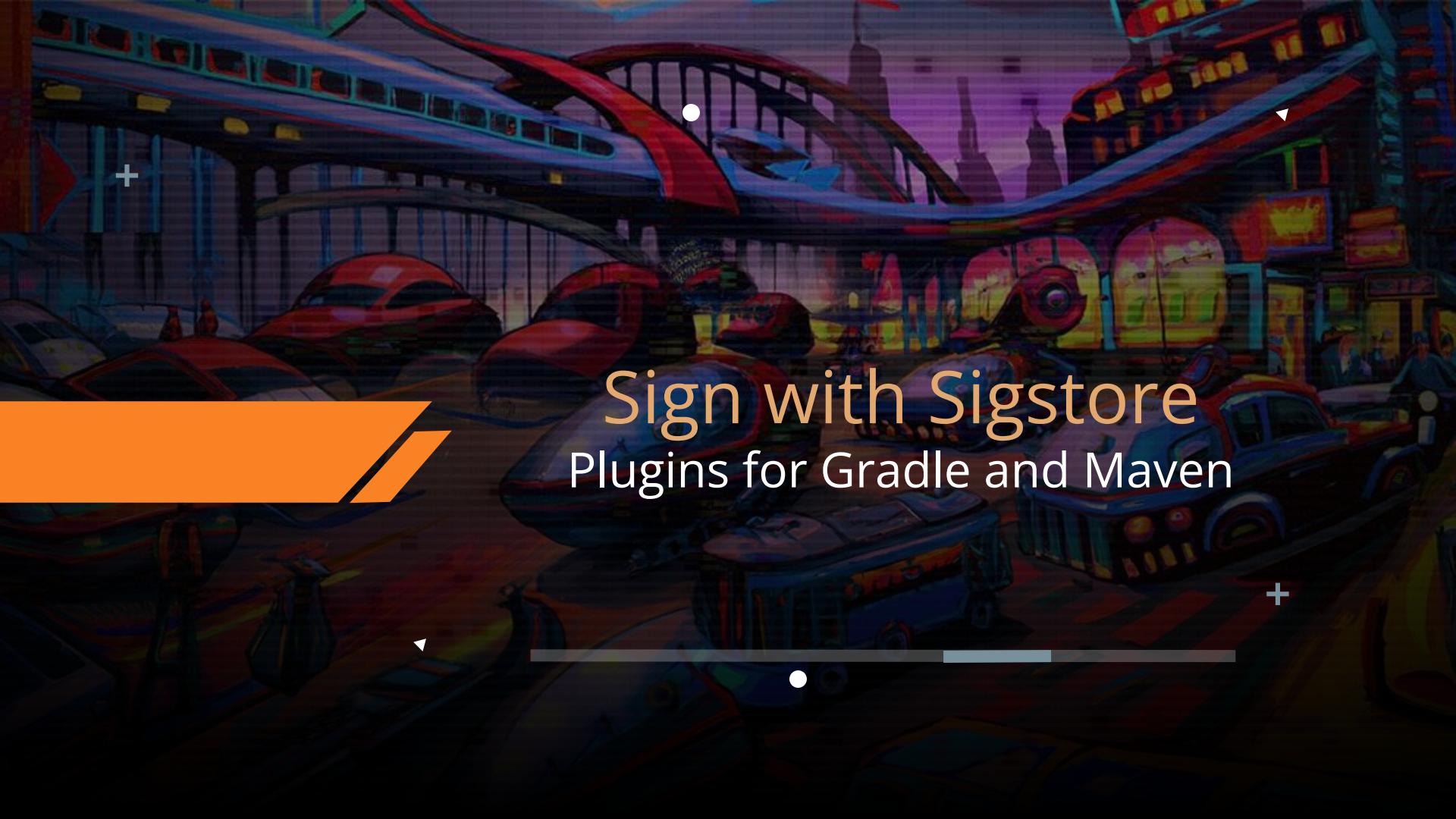
Bundle

- Sigstore bundle format
 - Single file for each signed artifact
 - Regroups information otherwise found in multiple files
- Content
 - Sha256 digest of signed artifact
 - Artifact signature
 - Fulcio certificate chain
 - (Optional) Entry in Rekor transparency log

The background of the slide is a dark, atmospheric photograph of an industrial or laboratory setting. It features a stack of large, dark rectangular boxes or equipment units on the left, some pipes running along the ceiling, and a computer monitor on a desk on the right. The lighting is low, with a bright orange glow from a screen on the left side.

DEMO

Sigstore bundle verification



Sign with Sigstore

Plugins for Gradle and Maven



Devoxx France

2023



Sigstore signing Signing with Maven



Maven sign

- Many plugins written in the past at various stages with various learnings:
 - Sigstore-maven-plugin (2021-03 to 2022-03)
<https://github.com/sigstore/sigstore-maven-plugin/>
= jarsigner: embedded signature in jar
 - Sigstore-maven (2022-05 to 2022-09)
<https://github.com/sigstore/sigstore-maven>
= no sigstore-java, no bundle
- New try using sigstore-java:
<https://github.com/apache/maven-gpg-plugin/pull/43>



DEMO

Maven Sigstore signing

Learnings

- Next sigstore java meeting is today at 17:30
- How to write integration tests?
- Sigstore session₊ spans: reauthentication?
 - multi-module?
 - multi-module > 10 minutes?
- Workaround:

```
mvn deploy  
-DaltDeploymentRepository=local::default::file:./target/staging-deploy
```
- Longer term: Maven core “run at end”?



Devoxx France

2023

+

Sigstore signing

Signing with

the Gradle

Sigstore plugin





DEMO

Gradle Sigstore signing

Gradle sign

- Plugin `dev.sigstore.sign`
 - Version `0.4.2` at this time
 - Requires Java₊ 11 (from `sigstore-java`)
 - Requires Gradle 7.5
 - Signs all publications by convention
- Plugin `dev.sigstore.sign-base`
 - No signing convention
- See [plugin documentation](#) for details

Gradle sign

- If using **signing** as well
 - Need custom code to **not** GPG sign
.sigstore files
- Proper integration will require new APIs in Gradle
 - Separate publication artifacts from derived artifacts



Devoxx France

2023

+

Sigstore signing Non-interactive signing





DEMO

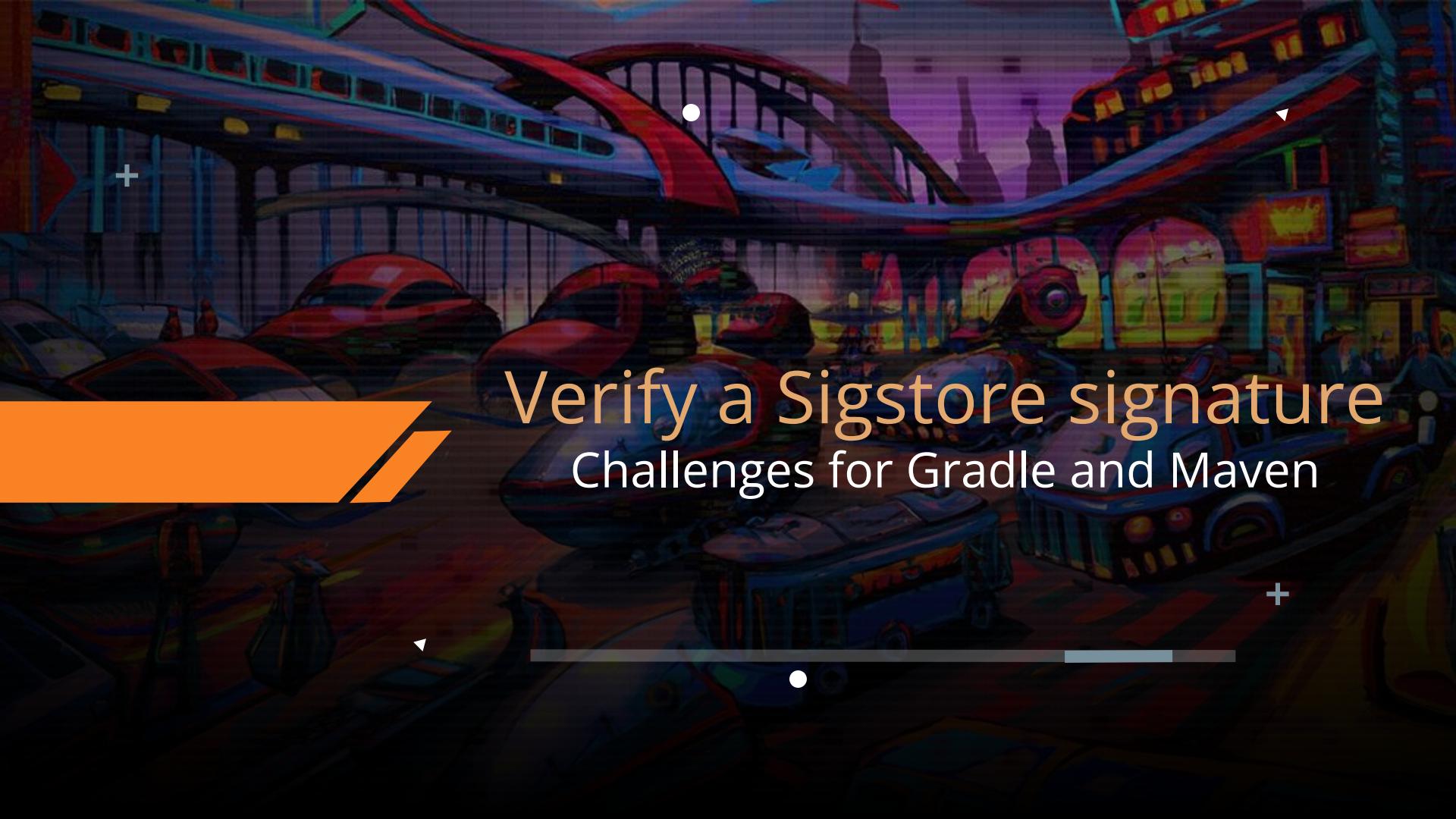
Gradle Sigstore signing on GitHub actions

Gradle sign

- OpenID Connect support in GitHub actions
 - Requires specific permissions

```
permissions :  
    id-token: write+
```
 - Leverages machine identifiers
["https://github.com/ljacomet/logging-capabilities/.github/workflows/gradle-publish.yml@refs/heads/sigstore-tests"](https://github.com/ljacomet/logging-capabilities/.github/workflows/gradle-publish.yml@refs/heads/sigstore-tests)

- Supports a limited set of OIDC clients
 - Web client with 
 - GitHub actions
- Other clients?
 - Support needs to be added



Verify a Sigstore signature

Challenges for Gradle and Maven



Devoxx France

2023

+

Sigstore verification

Why verification matters?



Verify artifacts

- Dependencies from repositories
 - MD5 checksums are no longer safe
 - SHA1 are not much better
 - PGP signatures are often not verified
- Checksums are for download integrity
 - When cross referencing sources
- Signatures are for provenance
 - Malicious authors can sign too

Verify artifacts

- Gradle supports dependency verification
 - Signature or checksum based
 - All information contained in a file in the build

```
<trusted-keys>
    <trusted-key id="019082bc00e0324e2aef4cf00d3b328562a119a7" group="org.openjdk.jmh"/>
    <trusted-key id="0785b3eff60b1b1bea94e0bb7c25280ea63ebe5" group="org.apache.httpcomponents"/>
    <trusted-key id="07e20f0103d9dfc697c490d0368557390486f2c5" group="org.awaitility"/>
    <trusted-key id="08f0aab4d0c1a4bdde340765b341ddb020fc6ab" group="org.bouncycastle"/>

<component group="aopalliance" name="aopalliance" version="1.0">
    <artifact name="aopalliance-1.0.jar">
        <sha256 value="0addec670fedcd3f113c5c8091d783280d23f75e3acb841b61a9cdb079376a08" origin="Verified" reason="Artifact is not signed"/>
    </artifact>
</component>
<component group="cglib" name="cglib-nodep" version="2.1_3">
    <artifact name="cglib-nodep-2.1_3.jar">
        <sha256 value="e77f0b091a800acd15217bbc3c3629c1af0925b55b271fc5d0586422985639bb" origin="Verified" reason="Artifact is not signed"/>
    </artifact>
</component>
```

Verify artifacts

- Maven has plugins for dependency verification
 - Verification of plugins
 - Verification of metadata files
 - Uses a properties file like format for configuration
 - Only for PGP verification, not checksums

<https://www.simplify4u.org/pgpverify-maven-plugin/>



Devoxx France

2023



Sigstore verification Verify what?



Verify sigstore

- Verification of valid Sigstore bundle
 - ◆ Chain of trust for Fulcio
 - ◆ Valid signature of digest
 - ◆ Valid Rekor entry
 - Online vs. offline
- Same guarantees as PGP
 - ◆ Bundle is cryptographically valid

- OpenID Connect enables more
 - Email as identity
 - From trusted identity provider
- But what about machines?
 - From trusted identity provider
 - ?? as identity

- Elements of ownership proof
 - One OpenID provider
 - Combined with an identity
 - Email for humans
 - Machine ID for automation
 - Maybe support wildcards
 - And multiple of the above
- This might evolve based on Sigstore usage and release patterns



Devoxx France

2023



Sigstore verification Support in Gradle and Maven

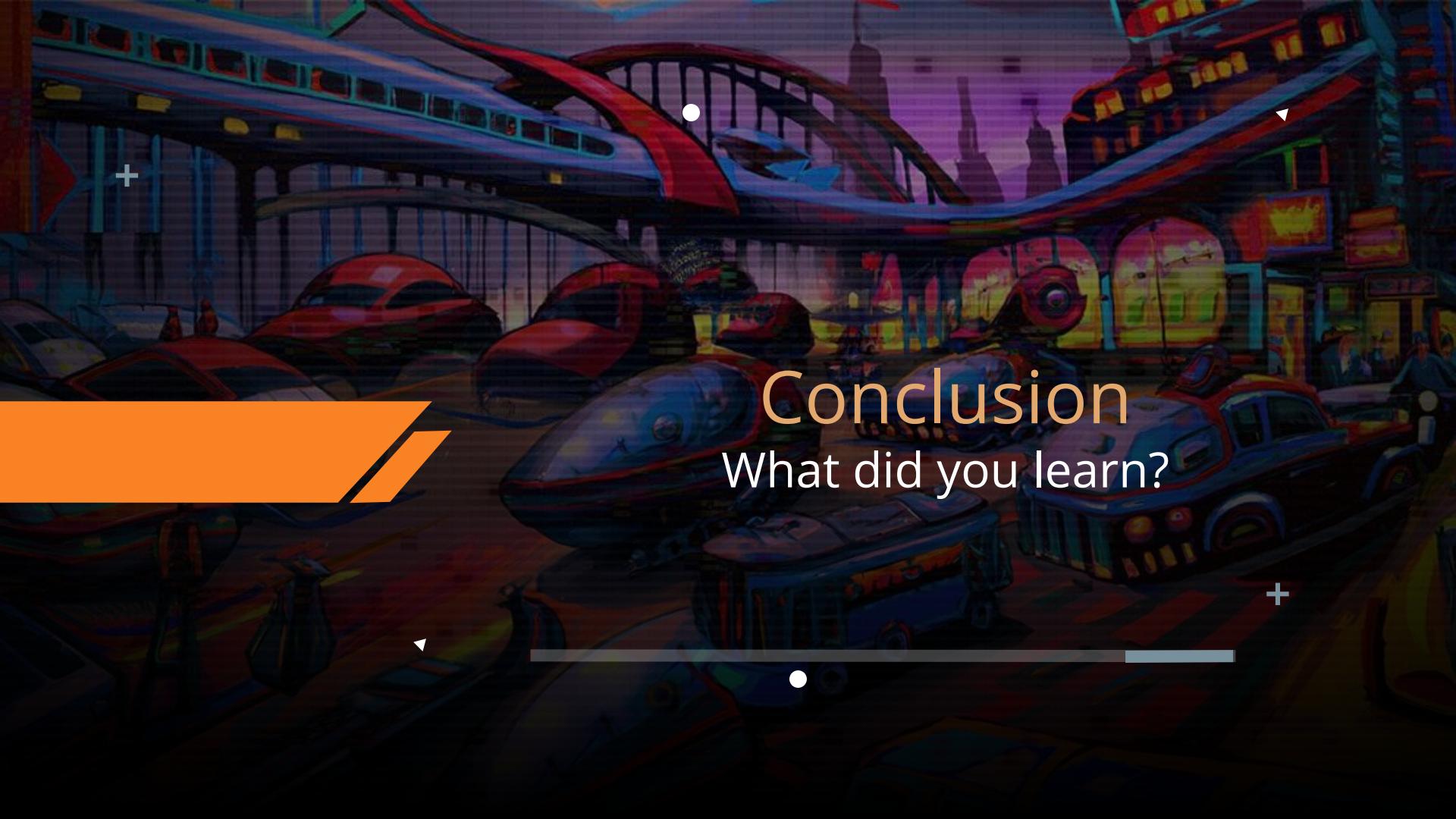


Verify sigstore in Gradle

- Path to adding sigstore verification in Gradle
 - Design **extensions** to the format
 - Add Sigstore₊ support
 - Minor issue with mandatory Java 11 to run Sigstore
 - (Optional) Evolve **sigstore-java** to ease Gradle integration
 - Provide bundle verification APIs allowing wildcard matches
- No ETA

Verify signature in Maven

- TBD



Conclusion

What did you learn?

Takeaways

- Signing user experience is improved
- Tooling integration has challenges
 - Short lived keys
 - Vs. long running builds
- Supporting multiple workflows
 - Work in progress
 - Requires community contributions

Takeaways

- Verification remains a challenge
 - What to trust?
 - Where to find the information?
- +- Different “Sigstore” instances
 - *.sigstore.dev (& *.sigstage.dev)
 - Company ones: *.sigstore.mycompany.com
 - Public or private?

Takeaways

- Ownership information
 - Where can you find who can publish a library?
 - As a maintainer, document this
- Central ownership repository?
 - Breaking it means breaking the chain
- What about other ecosystems?
 - Npmjs, PyPI, Nuget gallery, ...



Thank you
for your attention