P8157 - Analysis of Longitudinal Data, Fall 2020 Homework - 1

Due: September 29, 2020

September 15, 2020

Part A

- 1. Plasma inorganic phosphate measurements obtained from 13 control and 20 obese patients 0, 0.5, 1, 1.5, 2, and 3 hours after an oral glucose challenge. The investigators intend to test the following hypotheses using Hotelling's T^2 statistic:
 - (a) To test the null hypothesis that the group means are the same at all six measurement times.
 - (b) To test whether the profiles in the two groups are parallel.
 - (c) To test whether the differences in means at 2 and 3 hours after an oral glucose challenge are different between the control and obese patients.

Set up suitable model clearly stating the assumptions. Suggest appropriate contrast matrices for the hypothesis tests proposed by the investigators.

Part B ¹

- 1. Exposure to lead can produce cognitive impairment, especially among young children and infants. Interventions known as *chelation treatments* can help a child to excrete the lead that has been ingested. A chelating agent known as Succimer can be administered orally leading to urinary excretion of lead, unlike previous treatments which required injections and hospitalization. The Treatment of Lead-Exposed Children (TLC) trial was a placebo-controlled, randomized study of succimer (a chelating agent) in children with blood lead levels of 20-44 micrograms/dL. These data (**TLC.dat**) consist of subject id, assignment to chelation treatment with succimer or placebo and four repeated measurements of blood lead levels obtained at baseline (or week 0), week 1, week 4, and week 6 on 100 children who were randomly assigned to chelation treatment with succimer or placebo. Perform *Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)*, to get insights into the data to eventually perform an appropriate longitudinal data analysis.
- 2. The data for the Plasma inorganic phosphate measurements from 13 control and 20 obese patients describe in question 2 of part A are available in the file ZERBE2.dat. Carry out the Hotelling's T^2 test to test the hypotheses proposed above. Perform EDA and provide any insights available from exploration. The data has the following information

Column 1 : Group (control=1,0bese=2)

Column 2 : Subject id

Columns 2-8: Plasma inorganic phosphate measurements 0, 0.5, 1, 1.5, 2, and 3 hours after an oral glucose challenge

¹Always explore the options available in the commands in your software