chordx

A package to write song lyrics with chord diagrams in Typst.

v0.4.0

March 1, 2024

 $\underline{https://github.com/ljgago/typst\text{-}chords}$

Leonardo Javier Gago

Contents

1. Reference	3
1.1. Chart Chords	3
1.1.1. chart-chord	
1.2. Piano Chords	
1.2.1. piano-chord	
1.3. Single Chords	
1.3.1. single-chord	

1. Reference

1.1. Chart Chords

• chart-chord()

1.1.1. chart-chord

Generates a chart chord for stringed instruments.

Parameters

```
chart-chord(
  tabs: string,
  fingers: string,
  capos: string,
  fret: integer,
  frets-amount: integer,
  size: length,
  style: string,
  font: string,
  name: string content
) -> content
```

tabs string

Shows the tabs on the chart. **Optional**.

- **x**: mute note.
- o: air note.
- **n**: without note.
- number: note position on the fret.

The string length of tabs defines the number of strings on the instrument.

Example:

- "x32010" (6 strings C Guitar chord).
- "0003" (4 strings C Ukulele chord).

Default: ""

fingers string

Shows the finger numbers. **Optional**.

- **n**, **x**, **o**: without finger,
- **number**: one finger

Example: "n32n1n" - (Fingers for guitar chord: C)

Default: ""

capos string

Adds one or many capos on the chart. **Optional**.

- 1st digit **fret**: fret position.
- 2nd digit **start**: lowest starting string.
- 3rd digit **end**: highest ending string.

Example: "115" \equiv "1,1,5" \Rightarrow "fret,start,end"

With "|" you can add capos:

Example: "115|312" \equiv "1,1,5|3,1,2" \Rightarrow "fret,start,end|fret,start,end"

Default: ""

fret integer

Shows the fret number that indicates the starting position of the fretboard. **Optional**.

Default: none

frets-amount integer

Sets the frets amount (the grid rows). **Optional**.

Default: 5

size length

Sets the chart size. The default value is set to the chord name's font size. **Optional**.

Default: 12pt

style string

Sets the chart style. **Optional**.

- "normal: chart with right angles.
- "round: chart with round angles.

Default: "normal"

font string

Sets the name of the text font. **Optional**.

Default: "Linux Libertine"

name string or content

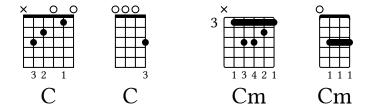
Shows the chord name. **Required**.

Example:

```
#import "@preview/chordx:0.4.0": *

#let chart-chord = chart-chord.with(size: 18pt)
#let chart-chord-round = chart-chord.with(style: "round", size: 18pt)

#chart-chord(tabs: "x32olo", fingers: "n32nln")[C]
#h(2em)
#chart-chord(tabs: "ooo3", fingers: "ooo3")[C]
#h(4em)
#chart-chord-round(tabs: "xn332n", fingers: "o13421", fret: 3, capos: "115")[Cm]
#h(2em)
#chart-chord-round(tabs: "onnn", fingers: "n111", capos: "313")[Cm]
```



1.2. Piano Chords

• piano-chord()

1.2.1. piano-chord

Generates a piano chord.

Parameters

```
piano-chord(
  keys: string,
  layout: string,
  fill: color,
  size: length,
  style,
  font: string,
  name: string content
) -> content
```

keys string

Keys chord notes from C1 to E3 (Depends on your layout). Optional.

```
Example: "C1, E1b, G1" (Cm chord)
```

layout string

Default: ""

Sets the layout and size of the piano, "C", "2C", "F", "2F". **Optional**.

- "C": the piano layout starts from key **C1** to **E2** (17 keys).
- "2C": the piano layout starts from key C1 to B2 (24 keys, two octaves).
- "F": the piano layout starts from key **F1** to **B2** (19 keys).
- "2F": the piano layout stars from key **F1** to **E3** (24 keys, two octaves).

Default: "C"

fill color

Sets the fill color of the pressed key. **Optional**.

Default: gray

```
size length
```

Sets the size. The default value is set to the chord name's font size. **Optional**.

Default: 12pt

font string

Sets the name of the text font. **Optional**.

Default: "Linux Libertine"

```
name string or content
```

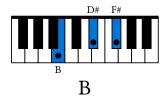
Shows the chord name. **Required**.

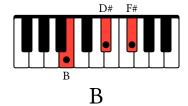
Example:

```
#import "@preview/chordx:0.4.0": *

#let piano-chord-normal = piano-chord.with(layout: "F", size: 18pt)
#let piano-chord-round = piano-chord.with(layout: "F", size: 18pt, style: "round")

#piano-chord-normal(keys: "B1, D2#, F2#", fill: blue)[B]
#h(4em)
#piano-chord-round(keys: "B1, D2#, F2#", fill: red)[B]
```





1.3. Single Chords

• single-chord()

1.3.1. single-chord

The single chord a chord without diagram used to show the chord name over a word.

Parameters

```
single-chord(
    ..text-params: auto,
    background-fill: color,
    body: content,
    name: content,
    position: content
)
```

..text-params auto

Are the same parameters of **text** from the standard library of **typst**. **Optional**.

```
background-fill color

Is the background color. Optional.

Default: rgb("#ffffff00")
```

body content

Is the word or words where the chord goes. **Required**.

```
name content
```

Displays the chord name over the selected words in the body. **Required**.

```
position content
```

Positions the chord over a specific character in the body. **Required**.

- []: chord name centered on the body.
- [number]: the chord name starts over a specific body character. (First position [1])

Example:

```
#import "@preview/chordx:0.4.0": *

#let chord = single-chord.with(
  font: "PT Sans",
    size: 10pt,
    weight: "semibold",
    background-fill: silver
```

CHORDX

#chord[Jingle][G][2] bells, jingle bells, jingle #chord[all][C][2] the #chord[way!][G][2] \
#chord[Oh][C][] what fun it #chord[is][G][] to ride \
In a #chord[one-horse][A7][2] open #chord[sleigh,][D7][3] hey! G

Jingle bells, jingle bells, jingle all the way!

C G Oh what fun it is to ride

A7

In a one-horse open sleigh, hey!