

About

This is quick follow-up note, showing the output of the bootstrap and CLT methods using the Poisson(5) distribution.

I have made some alterations to the `clt()` and `bootstrap()` function:

- They now use `seaborn` as well as `matplotlib.pyplot`
 - The API is simpler
- They now use the parameter `stat=density`, so output a relative frequency histogram
- The `bootstrap()` function now plots the CLT approximation, than the normal pdf
 - This makes a comparison easier
- A parameter `plot_normal` as been added to both functions
 - Accepts a Boolean value
 - Defaults to False (hide CLT approximation)

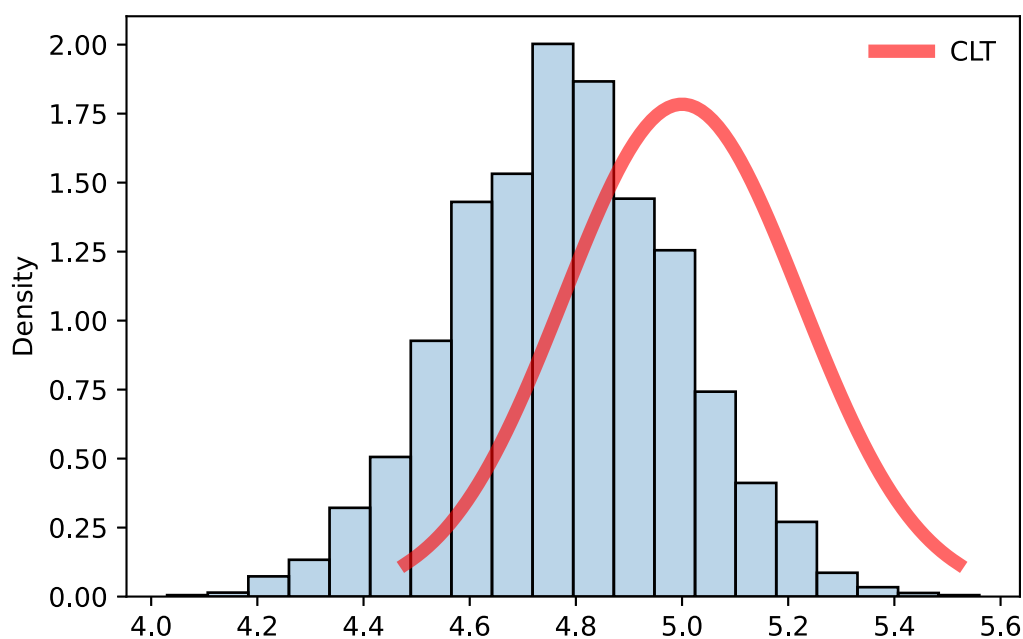
One small observation is that the mode of the histogram from `bootstrap()` is slightly off compared to what it should be ($\mu = 5$). The histogram from `clt()` is again centred at the expected value.

Main

```
from util.bootstrap import bootstrap
from util.clt import clt
from scipy.stats import poisson
from datetime import datetime
```

Bootstrap

```
start_time = datetime.now() # start time
bootstrap(a_dist=poisson(mu=5), n=100, bins=20, plot_normal=True)
end_time = datetime.now() # end time
```

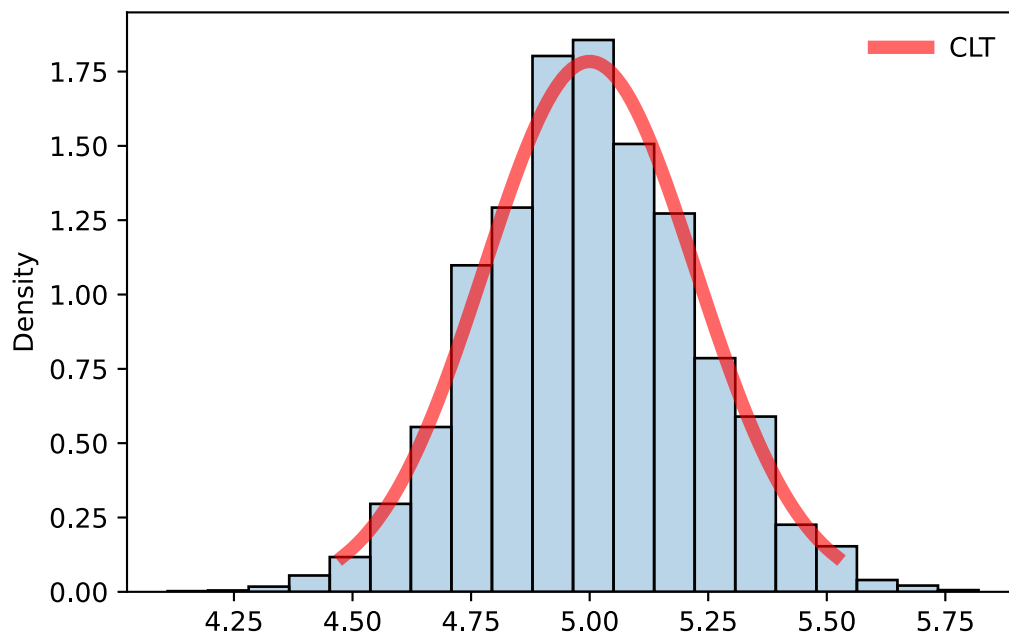


```
print('Duration: {}'.format(end_time - start_time)) # time to run
```

Duration: 0:00:43.312159

CLT

```
start_time = datetime.now() # start time  
clt(a_dist=poisson(mu=5), n=100, N=10000, bins=20, plot_normal=True)  
end_time = datetime.now() # end time
```



```
print('Duration: {}'.format(end_time - start_time)) # time to run
```

Duration: 0:00:00.736165