介绍

SpringSecurity

https://vip.tulingxueyuan.cn/detail/p_602e308de4b029faba185b3b/6

SpringSecurity是一个强大的可高度定制的认证和授权框架,对于Spring应用来说它是一套Web安全标准。SpringSecurity注重于为Java应用提供认证和授权功能,像所有的Spring项目一样,它对自定义需求具有强大的扩展性。

.IWT

JWT是JSON WEB TOKEN的缩写,它是基于 RFC 7519 标准定义的一种可以安全传输的的JSON对象,由于使用了数字签名,所以是可信任和安全的。

JWT的组成

- JWT token的格式: header.payload.signature
- header中用于存放签名的生成算法

```
1 {"alg": "HS512"}
```

• payload中用于存放用户名、token的生成时间和过期时间

```
1 {"sub":"admin","created":1489079981393,"exp":1489684781}
```

• signature为以header和payload生成的签名,一旦header和payload被篡改,验证将失败

```
1 //secret为加密算法的密钥
2 String signature = HMACSHA512(base64UrlEncode(header) + "." +base64UrlEncode(payload),secret)
```

JWT实例

这是一个JWT的字符串

l eyJhbGciOiJIUzUxMiJ9.eyJzdWIiOiJhZG1pbiIsImNyZWF0ZWQiOjE1NTY3NzkxMjUzMDksImV4cCI6MTU1NzM4MzkyNX0.d-iki0193X0bBOETf2UN3r3PotNIEAV7mzIxxeI5IxFyzzkOZxS0PGfF_SK6wxCv2K8S0cZjMkv6b5bCqc0VBw

可以在该网站上获得解析结果: https://jwt.io/

Encoded eyJhbGci0iJTUzUxMiJ9.eyJzdWIi0iJhZG1pbiI sImNyZWF0ZWQi0jE1NTY3NzkxMjUzMDksImV4cCI 6MTU1NzM4MzkyNX0.diki0193X0bB0ETf2UN3r3PotNIEAV7mzIxxeI5Ix Fyzzk0ZxS0PGfF_SK6wxCv2K8S0cZjMkv6b5bCqc 0VBw

JWT实现认证和授权的原理

- 用户调用登录接口,登录成功后获取到JWT的token;
- 之后用户每次调用接口都在http的header中添加一个叫Authorization的头,值为JWT的token;
- 后台程序通过对Authorization头中信息的解码及数字签名校验来获取其中的用户信息,从而实现认证和授权。

Hutool

Hutool是一个丰富的Java开源工具包,它帮助我们简化每一行代码,减少每一个方法,mall项目采用了此工具包。

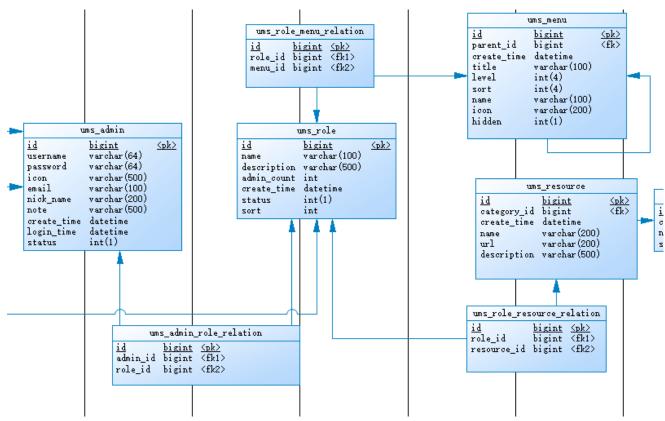
项目使用表说明

• ums_admin: 后台用户表

• ums_role: 后台用户角色表

• ums_resource: 后台用户权限表

- ums_admin_role_relation: 后台用户和角色关系表,用户与角色是多对多关系
- ums_role_permission_relation: 后台用户角色和权限关系表,角色与权限是多对多关系
- ums_admin_permission_relation: 后台用户和权限关系表(除角色中定义的权限以外的加减权限),加权限是指用户比角色多出的权限,减权限是指用户比角色少的权限



ums admin

后台用户表, 定义了后台用户的一些基本信息。

```
1 create table ums_admin
2 (
3 id bigint not null auto_increment,
4 username varchar(64) comment '用户名',
5 password varchar(64) comment '密码',
6 icon varchar(500) comment '火像',
7 email varchar(100) comment '邮箱',
8 nick_name varchar(200) comment '昵称',
9 note varchar(500) comment '备注信息',
10 create_time datetime comment '创建时间',
11 login_time datetime comment '最后登录时间',
12 status int(1) default 1 comment '帐号启用状态: 0->禁用: 1->启用',
13 primary key (id)
14 );
```

ums_role

后台用户角色表,定义了后台用户角色的一些基本信息,通过给后台用户分配角色来实现菜单和资源的分配。

```
1 create table ums_role
2 (
3 id bigint not null auto_increment,
4 name varchar(100) comment '名称',
5 description varchar(500) comment '描述',
6 admin_count int comment '后台用户数量',
7 create_time datetime comment '创建时间',
8 status int(1) default 1 comment '启用状态: 0->禁用; 1->启用',
9 sort int default 0,
10 primary key (id)
11 );
```

ums admin role relation

后台用户和角色关系表, 多对多关系表, 一个角色可以分配给多个用户。

```
1 create table ums_admin_role_relation
2 (
```

```
id bigint not null auto_increment,
admin_id bigint,
role_id bigint,
primary key (id)
);
```

ums menu

后台菜单表,用于控制后台用户可以访问的菜单,支持隐藏、排序和更改名称、图标。

```
1 create table ums_menu
2 (
3 id bigint not null auto_increment,
4 parent_id bigint comment '父级ID',
5 create_time datetime comment '创建时间',
6 title varchar(100) comment '菜单名称',
7 level int(4) comment '菜单级数',
8 sort int(4) comment '菜单排序',
9 name varchar(100) comment '前端名称',
10 icon varchar(200) comment '前端图标',
11 hidden int(1) comment '前端隐藏',
12 primary key (id)
13 );
```

ums resource

后台资源表,用于控制后台用户可以访问的接口,使用了Ant路径的匹配规则,可以使用通配符定义一系列接口的权限。

```
create table ums_resource

(
id bigint not null auto_increment,
category_id bigint comment '资源分类ID',
create_time datetime comment '创建时间',
name varchar(200) comment '资源名称',
url varchar(200) comment '资源URL',
description varchar(500) comment '描述',
primary key (id)
);
```

ums_resource_category

后台资源分类表,在细粒度进行权限控制时,可能资源会比较多,所以设计了个资源分类的概念,便于给角色分配资源。

```
1 create table ums_resource_category
2 (
3 id bigint not null auto_increment,
4 create_time datetime comment '创建时间',
5 name varchar(200) comment '分类名称',
6 sort int(4) comment '排序',
7 primary key (id)
8 );
```

ums_role_menu_relation

后台角色菜单关系表, 多对多关系, 可以给一个角色分配多个菜单。

```
1 create table ums_role_menu_relation
2 (
3 id bigint not null auto_increment,
4 role_id bigint comment '角色ID',
5 menu_id bigint comment '菜单ID',
6 primary key (id)
7 );
```

ums_role_resource_relation

后台角色资源关系表, 多对多关系, 可以给一个角色分配多个资源。

```
1 create table ums_role_resource_relation
2 (
3 id bigint not null auto_increment,
```

```
4 role_id bigint comment '角色ID',
5 resource_id bigint comment '资源ID',
6 primary key (id)
7 );
8
```

整合SpringSecurity及JWT

在pom.xml中添加项目依赖

```
1 <!--SpringSecurity依赖配置-->
2 <dependency>
3 <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
4 \qquad \verb| <artifactId>| spring-boot-starter-security</artifactId>|
5 </dependency>
6 <!--Hutool Java工具包-->
7 <dependency>
8 <groupId>cn.hutool</groupId>
9 <artifactId>hutool-all</artifactId>
10 <version>4.5.7</version>
11 </dependency>
12 <!--JWT(Json Web Token)登录支持-->
13 <dependency>
14 <groupId>io.jsonwebtoken</groupId>
15 <artifactId>jjwt</artifactId>
16 <version>0.9.0</version>
17 </dependency>
```

添加JWT token的工具类

用于生成和解析JWT token的工具类

相关方法说明:

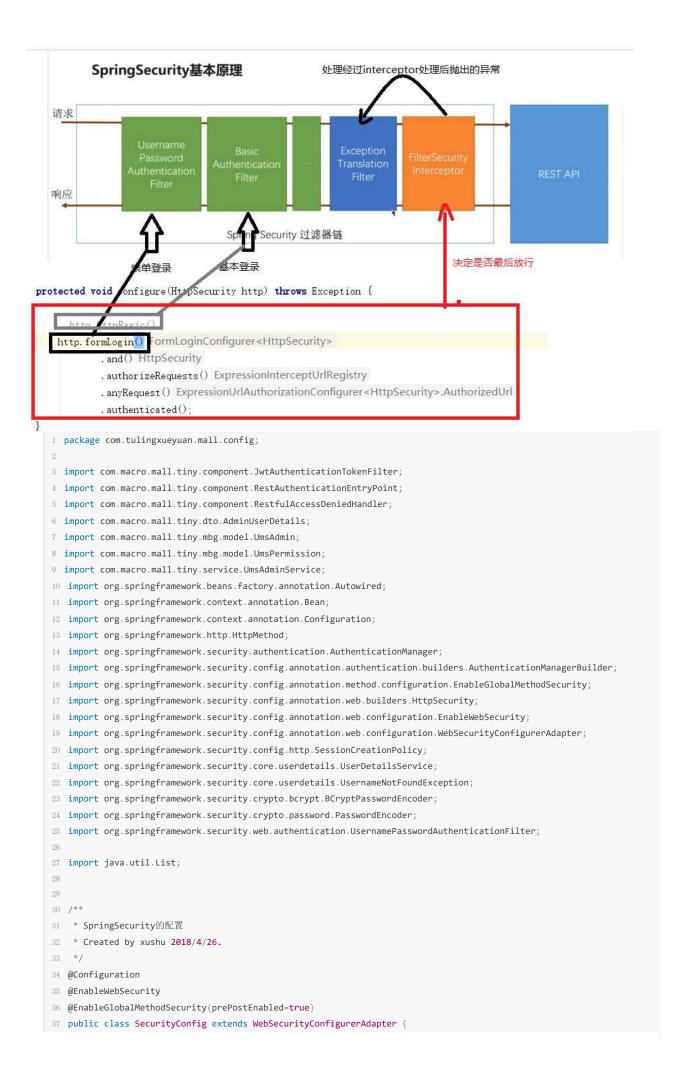
- generateToken(UserDetails userDetails):用于根据登录用户信息生成token
- getUserNameFromToken(String token): 从token中获取登录用户的信息
- validateToken(String token, UserDetails userDetails): 判断token是否还有效

```
package com.tulingxueyuan.mall.common.utils;
3 import io.jsonwebtoken.Claims;
4 import io.jsonwebtoken.Jwts;
5 import io.jsonwebtoken.SignatureAlgorithm;
6 import org.slf4j.Logger;
7 import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;
8 import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Value;
9 import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetails;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Component;
12 import java.util.Date;
13 import java.util.HashMap;
14 import java.util.Map;
16 /**
17 * JwtToken生成的工具类
* Created by xushu on 2018/4/26.
20 @Component
21 public class JwtTokenUtil {
22 private static final Logger LOGGER = LoggerFactory.getLogger(JwtTokenUtil.class);
23 private static final String CLAIM_KEY_USERNAME = "sub";
24 private static final String CLAIM_KEY_CREATED = "created";
25  @Value("${jwt.secret}")
26 private String secret;
27 @Value("${jwt.expiration}")
```

```
28 private Long expiration;
29
30 /**
* 根据负责生成JWT的token
32 */
33 private String generateToken(Map<String, Object> claims) {
34 return Jwts.builder()
35 .setClaims(claims)
36 .setExpiration(generateExpirationDate())
37 .signWith(SignatureAlgorithm.HS512, secret)
38 .compact();
39 }
41 /**
42 * 从token中获取JWT中的负载
43 */
44 private Claims getClaimsFromToken(String token) {
45 Claims claims = null;
46 try {
47 claims = Jwts.parser()
48 .setSigningKey(secret)
49 .parseClaimsJws(token)
50 .getBody();
51 } catch (Exception e) {
52 LOGGER.info("JWT格式验证失败:{}",token);
53 }
54 return claims;
55 }
56
57 /**
* 生成token的过期时间
59 */
60 private Date generateExpirationDate() {
61  return new Date(System.currentTimeMillis() + expiration * 1000);
62 }
63
64 /**
65 * 从token中获取登录用户名
66 */
67  public String getUserNameFromToken(String token) {
68 String username;
69 try {
70 Claims claims = getClaimsFromToken(token);
71  username = claims.getSubject();
72 } catch (Exception e) {
73 username = null;
75 return username;
76 }
78 /**
79 * 验证token是否还有效
80 *
* @param token 客户端传入的token
   * @param userDetails 从数据库中查询出来的用户信息
82
83 */
{\tt 84} \quad {\tt public boolean validateToken} ({\tt String token, UserDetails userDetails}) \ \{
85 String username = getUserNameFromToken(token);
return username.equals(userDetails.getUsername()) && !isTokenExpired(token);
87
88
```

```
90 * 判断token是否已经失效
91 */
92 private boolean isTokenExpired(String token) {
93 Date expiredDate = getExpiredDateFromToken(token);
94 return expiredDate.before(new Date());
95 }
96
97 /**
98 * 从token中获取过期时间
100 private Date getExpiredDateFromToken(String token) {
101 Claims claims = getClaimsFromToken(token);
102 return claims.getExpiration();
104
105 /**
106 *根据用户信息生成token
public String generateToken(UserDetails userDetails) {
109 Map<String, Object> claims = new HashMap<>();
claims.put(CLAIM_KEY_USERNAME, userDetails.getUsername());
claims.put(CLAIM_KEY_CREATED, new Date());
112 return generateToken(claims);
113 }
114
115 /**
116 * 判断token是否可以被刷新
117 */
public boolean canRefresh(String token) {
119 return !isTokenExpired(token);
120 }
122 /**
123 * 刷新token
public String refreshToken(String token) {
126 Claims claims = getClaimsFromToken(token);
127 claims.put(CLAIM_KEY_CREATED, new Date());
128 return generateToken(claims);
129 }
130 }
```

添加SpringSecurity的配置类



```
38 @Autowired
39 private UmsAdminService adminService;
40 @Autowired
41 private RestfulAccessDeniedHandler restfulAccessDeniedHandler;
42 @Autowired
43 private RestAuthenticationEntryPoint restAuthenticationEntryPoint;
45 @Override
46 protected void configure(HttpSecurity httpSecurity) throws Exception {
47 httpSecurity.csrf()// 由于使用的是JWT, 我们这里不需要csrf
49 .sessionManagement()// 基于token, 所以不需要session
.sessionCreationPolicy(SessionCreationPolicy.STATELESS)
51 .and()
52 .authorizeRequests()
53 .antMatchers(HttpMethod.GET, // 允许对于网站静态资源的无授权访问
54 "/",
55 "/*.html",
56 "/favicon.ico",
57 "/**/*.html",
58 "/**/*.css",
59 "/**/*.js",
60 "/swagger-resources/**",
61 "/v2/api-docs/**"
62 )
63 .permitAll()
64 .antMatchers("/admin/login", "/admin/register")// 对登录注册要允许匿名访问
65 .permitAll()
        .antMatchers(HttpMethod.OPTIONS)//跨域请求会先进行一次options请求
67 .permitAll()
68 // .antMatchers("/**")//测试时全部运行访问
69 // .permitAll()
70 .anyRequest()// 除上面外的所有请求全部需要鉴权认证
71 .authenticated();
72 // 禁用缓存
73 httpSecurity.headers().cacheControl();
74 // 添加JWT filter
75 httpSecurity.addFilterBefore(jwtAuthenticationTokenFilter(), UsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter.class);
76 //添加自定义未授权和未登录结果返回
77 httpSecurity.exceptionHandling()
78 .accessDeniedHandler(restfulAccessDeniedHandler)
{\it 79} \quad . \\ {\it authenticationEntryPoint} ({\it restAuthenticationEntryPoint}); \\
80 }
81
82 @Override
{\tt 83} \quad {\tt protected \ void \ configure} ({\tt AuthenticationManagerBuilder \ auth}) \ {\tt throws \ Exception} \ \{ {\tt throws \ Ex
84 auth.userDetailsService(userDetailsService())
85 .passwordEncoder(passwordEncoder());
86 }
87
88 @Bean
89  public PasswordEncoder passwordEncoder() {
       return new BCryptPasswordEncoder();
91 }
92
93 @Bean
94  public UserDetailsService userDetailsService() {
95 //获取登录用户信息
        return username -> {
97  UmsAdmin admin = adminService.getAdminByUsername(username);
```

```
if (admin != null) {

List<UmsPermission> permissionList = adminService.getPermissionList(admin.getId());

return new AdminUserDetails(admin,permissionList);

throw new UsernameNotFoundException("用户名或密码错误");

throw new UsernameNotFoundException("用户名或密码错误");

delay {

become if the provide if the public of the public of the public AuthenticationManager authenticationManagerBean();

delay {

delay
```

相关依赖及方法说明

- configure(HttpSecurity httpSecurity): 用于配置需要拦截的url路径、jwt过滤器及出异常后的处理器;
- configure(AuthenticationManagerBuilder auth): 用于配置UserDetailsService及PasswordEncoder;
- RestfulAccessDeniedHandler: 当用户没有访问权限时的处理器,用于返回JSON格式的处理结果;
- RestAuthenticationEntryPoint: 当未登录或token失效时,返回JSON格式的结果;
- UserDetailsService:SpringSecurity定义的核心接口,用于根据用户名获取用户信息,需要自行实现;
- UserDetails: SpringSecurity定义用于封装用户信息的类(主要是用户信息和权限),需要自行实现;
- PasswordEncoder: SpringSecurity定义的用于对密码进行编码及比对的接口,目前使用的是

BCryptPasswordEncoder;

• JwtAuthenticationTokenFilter: 在用户名和密码校验前添加的过滤器,如果有jwt的token,会自行根据token信息进行登录。

添加RestfulAccessDeniedHandler

```
package com.tulingxueyuan.mall.component;
3 import cn.hutool.json.JSONUtil;
4 import com.macro.mall.tiny.common.api.CommonResult;
5 import org.springframework.security.access.AccessDeniedException;
6 import org.springframework.security.web.access.AccessDeniedHandler;
7 import org.springframework.stereotype.Component;
9 import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
12 import java.io.IOException;
14 /**
15 * 当访问接口没有权限时,自定义的返回结果
   * Created by xushu on 2018/4/26.
17 */
18 @Component
19 public class RestfulAccessDeniedHandler implements AccessDeniedHandler{
   public void handle(HttpServletRequest request,
22 HttpServletResponse response.
23 AccessDeniedException e) throws IOException, ServletException {
24 response.setCharacterEncoding("UTF-8");
25 response.setContentType("application/json");
26 \quad response.getWriter().println(JSONUtil.parse(CommonResult.forbidden(e.getMessage()))); \\
```

```
27 response.getWriter().flush();
28 }
29 }
```

添加RestAuthenticationEntryPoint

```
package com.tulingxueyuan.mall.component;
3 import cn.hutool.json.JSONUtil;
4 import com.macro.mall.tiny.common.api.CommonResult;
5 import org.springframework.security.core.AuthenticationException;
6 import org.springframework.security.web.AuthenticationEntryPoint;
7 import org.springframework.stereotype.Component;
9 import javax.servlet.ServletException;
10 import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
12 import java.io.IOException;
14 /**
* 当未登录或者token失效访问接口时,自定义的返回结果
* Created by xushu 2018/5/14.
17 */
19 public class RestAuthenticationEntryPoint implements AuthenticationEntryPoint {
20 @Override
21 public void commence(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response, AuthenticationException authExcepti
on) throws IOException, ServletException \{
22 response.setCharacterEncoding("UTF-8");
23 response.setContentType("application/json");
24 \quad response. \texttt{getWriter}().println(JSONUtil.parse(CommonResult.unauthorized(authException.getMessage()))); \\
25 response.getWriter().flush();
26 }
27 }
```

添加AdminUserDetails

```
package com.tulingxueyuan.mall.dto;
3 import com.macro.mall.tiny.mbg.model.UmsAdmin;
4 import com.macro.mall.tiny.mbg.model.UmsPermission;
5 import org.springframework.security.core.GrantedAuthority;
6 import org.springframework.security.core.authority.SimpleGrantedAuthority;
7 import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetails;
8
9 import java.util.Collection;
10 import java.util.List;
import java.util.stream.Collectors;
* SpringSecurity需要的用户详情
* Created by xushu on 2018/4/26.
16 */
17 public class AdminUserDetails implements UserDetails {
18 private UmsAdmin umsAdmin;
19 private List<UmsPermission> permissionList;
{\tt 20} \quad {\tt public} \; {\tt AdminUserDetails} ({\tt UmsAdmin} \; {\tt umsAdmin}, \; {\tt List<} {\tt UmsPermission>} \; {\tt permissionList}) \; \{ \\
21 this.umsAdmin = umsAdmin;
22 this.permissionList = permissionList;
23 }
25 @Override
26  public Collection<? extends GrantedAuthority> getAuthorities() {
27 //返回当前用户的权限
```

```
28  return permissionList.stream()
29 .filter(permission -> permission.getValue()!=null)
\verb| 30      | .map(permission -> new SimpleGrantedAuthority(permission.getValue()))| \\
31 .collect(Collectors.toList());
32 }
34 @Override
35 public String getPassword() {
36    return umsAdmin.getPassword();
37 }
39 @Override
40 public String getUsername() {
41    return umsAdmin.getUsername();
42 }
43
44 @Override
45  public boolean isAccountNonExpired() {
46 return true:
49 @Override
50 public boolean isAccountNonLocked() {
51 return true;
52 }
54 @Override
55  public boolean isCredentialsNonExpired() {
56 return true:
57 }
59 @Override
60 public boolean isEnabled() {
return umsAdmin.getStatus().equals(1);
62 }
63 }
```

添加JwtAuthenticationTokenFilter

在用户名和密码校验前添加的过滤器,如果请求中有jwt的token且有效,会取出token中的用户名,然后调用SpringSecurity的API进行登录操作。

由于 security 默认的登录方式不支持这种方式,需要重写过滤器,修改为支持从 header 中获取 token 值,根据 token 设置当前登录对象。

思路大概为: App 端登录成功,后端返回 token 值,App 保存在本地后在后面的每次请求中都在 header 中带着 token 进行请求。后端重写过滤器,在过滤器中解析 token 值并将 token 中带的对象放到登录用户中,让 security 认为请求已经是在登录状态下进行。

```
package com.tulingxueyuan.mall.component;

import com.macro.mall.tiny.common.utils.JwtTokenUtil;

import org.slf4j.Logger;

import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;

import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;

import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Value;

import org.springframework.security.authentication.UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken;

import org.springframework.security.core.context.SecurityContextHolder;

import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetails;

import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetailsService;

import org.springframework.security.web.authentication.WebAuthenticationDetailsSource;

import org.springframework.web.filter.OncePerRequestFilter;

import javax.servlet.FilterChain;

import javax.servlet.ServletException;
```

```
17 import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
18 import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
19 import java.io.IOException;
20
21 /**
22 * JWT登录授权过滤器
* Created by xushu on 2018/4/26.
24 */
25 public class JwtAuthenticationTokenFilter extends OncePerRequestFilter {
26 private static final Logger LOGGER = LoggerFactory.getLogger(JwtAuthenticationTokenFilter.class);
27 @Autowired
28 private UserDetailsService userDetailsService;
29 @Autowired
30 private JwtTokenUtil jwtTokenUtil;
31  @Value("${jwt.tokenHeader}")
32 private String tokenHeader;
33  @Value("${jwt.tokenHead}")
34 private String tokenHead;
35
36 @Override
37 protected void doFilterInternal(HttpServletRequest request,
38 HttpServletResponse response,
39 FilterChain chain) throws ServletException, IOException {
40 String authHeader = request.getHeader(this.tokenHeader);
41 if (authHeader != null && authHeader.startsWith(this.tokenHead)) {
42 String authToken = authHeader.substring(this.tokenHead.length());// The part after "Bearer"
43 String username = jwtTokenUtil.getUserNameFromToken(authToken);
44 LOGGER.info("checking username:{}", username);
45 if (username != null && SecurityContextHolder.getContext().getAuthentication() == null) {
46 UserDetails userDetails = this.userDetailsService.loadUserByUsername(username);
47 if (jwtTokenUtil.validateToken(authToken, userDetails)) {
48 UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken authentication = new UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken(userDetails, null, us
erDetails.getAuthorities());
49 authentication.setDetails(new WebAuthenticationDetailsSource().buildDetails(request));
50 LOGGER.info("authenticated user:{}", username);
51 SecurityContextHolder.getContext().setAuthentication(authentication);
55 chain.doFilter(request, response);
56 }
57 }
```

登录注册功能实现

添加UmsAdminController类

实现了后台用户登录、注册及获取权限的接口

```
package com.macro.mall.tiny.controller;

import com.macro.mall.tiny.common.api.CommonResult;

import com.macro.mall.tiny.dto.UmsAdminLoginParam;

import com.macro.mall.tiny.mbg.model.UmsAdmin;

import com.macro.mall.tiny.mbg.model.UmsPermission;

import com.macro.mall.tiny.service.UmsAdminService;

import io.swagger.annotations.Api;

import io.swagger.annotations.ApiOperation;

import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;

import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Value;

import org.springframework.stereotype.Controller;
```

```
import org.springframework.validation.BindingResult;
14 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.*;
16 import java.util.HashMap;
17 import java.util.List;
18 import java.util.Map;
19
20 /**
  * 后台用户管理
* Created by xushu on 2018/4/26.
23 */
24 @Controller
25 @Api(tags = "UmsAdminController", description = "后台用户管理")
26 @RequestMapping("/admin")
27 public class UmsAdminController {
28 @Autowired
29 private UmsAdminService adminService;
30 @Value("${jwt.tokenHeader}")
31 private String tokenHeader;
32  @Value("${jwt.tokenHead}")
33 private String tokenHead;
34
35 @ApiOperation(value = "用户注册")
@RequestMapping(value = "/register", method = RequestMethod.POST)
37 @ResponseBody
38 public CommonResult<UmsAdmin> register(@RequestBody UmsAdmin umsAdminParam, BindingResult result) {
39  UmsAdmin umsAdmin = adminService.register(umsAdminParam);
40 if (umsAdmin == null) {
41 CommonResult.failed();
42 }
43 return CommonResult.success(umsAdmin);
44 }
45
46 @ApiOperation(value = "登录以后返回token")
47 @RequestMapping(value = "/login", method = RequestMethod.POST)
48 @ResponseBody
49 public CommonResult login(@RequestBody UmsAdminLoginParam umsAdminLoginParam, BindingResult result) {
50 String token = adminService.login(umsAdminLoginParam.getUsername(), umsAdminLoginParam.getPassword());
51 if (token == null) {
52 return CommonResult.validateFailed("用户名或密码错误");
53 }
54 Map<String, String> tokenMap = new HashMap<>();
55 tokenMap.put("token", token);
56 tokenMap.put("tokenHead", tokenHead);
57    return CommonResult.success(tokenMap);
58 }
59
60 @ApiOperation("获取用户所有权限(包括+-权限)")
62 @ResponseBody
64 List<UmsPermission> permissionList = adminService.getPermissionList(adminId);
65    return CommonResult.success(permissionList);
66 }
```

添加UmsAdminService接口

```
package com.macro.mall.tiny.service;

import com.macro.mall.tiny.mbg.model.UmsAdmin;
import com.macro.mall.tiny.mbg.model.UmsPermission;
```

```
6 import java.util.List;
8 /**
9 * 后台管理员Service
* Created by xushu on 2018/4/26.
11 */
12 public interface UmsAdminService {
14 * 根据用户名获取后台管理员
16 UmsAdmin getAdminByUsername(String username);
18 /**
19 * 注册功能
20 */
21 UmsAdmin register(UmsAdmin umsAdminParam);
23 /**
24 * 登录功能
   * @param username 用户名
26 * @param password 密码
* @return 生成的JWT的token
29 String login(String username, String password);
30
31 /**
   * 获取用户所有权限(包括角色权限和+-权限)
34 List<UmsPermission> getPermissionList(Long adminId);
35 }
```

添加UmsAdminServiceImpl类

```
package com.macro.mall.tiny.service.impl;
3 import com.macro.mall.tiny.common.utils.JwtTokenUtil;
4 import com.macro.mall.tiny.dao.UmsAdminRoleRelationDao;
5 import com.macro.mall.tiny.dto.UmsAdminLoginParam;
6 import com.macro.mall.tiny.mbg.mapper.UmsAdminMapper;
7 import com.macro.mall.tiny.mbg.model.UmsAdmin;
8 import com.macro.mall.tiny.mbg.model.UmsAdminExample;
9 import com.macro.mall.tiny.mbg.model.UmsPermission;
import com.macro.mall.tiny.service.UmsAdminService;
import org.slf4j.Logger;
12 import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;
import org.springframework.beans.BeanUtils;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Value;
import org.springframework.security.authentication.AuthenticationManager;
import org.springframework.security.authentication.BadCredentialsException;
18 import org.springframework.security.authentication.UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken;
import org.springframework.security.core.AuthenticationException;
20 import org.springframework.security.core.context.SecurityContextHolder;
21 import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetails;
22 import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetailsService;
23 import org.springframework.security.crypto.password.PasswordEncoder;
24 import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
26 import java.util.Date;
27 import java.util.List;
```

```
29 /**
30 * UmsAdminService实现类
* Created by xushu on 2018/4/26.
32 */
33 @Service
34 public class UmsAdminServiceImpl implements UmsAdminService {
private static final Logger LOGGER = LoggerFactory.getLogger(UmsAdminServiceImpl.class);
36 @Autowired
37 private UserDetailsService userDetailsService;
38 @Autowired
39 private JwtTokenUtil jwtTokenUtil;
40 @Autowired
41 private PasswordEncoder passwordEncoder;
42 @Value("${jwt.tokenHead}")
43 private String tokenHead;
44 @Autowired
45 private UmsAdminMapper adminMapper;
46 @Autowired
47     private UmsAdminRoleRelationDao adminRoleRelationDao;
48
49 @Override
50 public UmsAdmin getAdminByUsername(String username) {
51 UmsAdminExample example = new UmsAdminExample();
52 example.createCriteria().andUsernameEqualTo(username);
53 List<UmsAdmin> adminList = adminMapper.selectByExample(example);
54 if (adminList != null && adminList.size() > 0) {
55  return adminList.get(0);
56 }
57 return null;
58 }
59
60 @Override
61 public UmsAdmin register(UmsAdmin umsAdminParam) {
62 UmsAdmin umsAdmin = new UmsAdmin();
63 BeanUtils.copyProperties(umsAdminParam, umsAdmin);
64 umsAdmin.setCreateTime(new Date());
65 umsAdmin.setStatus(1);
66 //查询是否有相同用户名的用户
67 UmsAdminExample example = new UmsAdminExample();
68 example.createCriteria().andUsernameEqualTo(umsAdmin.getUsername());
   List<UmsAdmin> umsAdminList = adminMapper.selectByExample(example);
70 if (umsAdminList.size() > 0) {
71 return null;
72 }
73 //将密码进行加密操作
74 String encodePassword = passwordEncoder.encode(umsAdmin.getPassword());
75 umsAdmin.setPassword(encodePassword);
76 adminMapper.insert(umsAdmin);
77   return umsAdmin;
78 }
79
80 @Override
81  public String login(String username, String password) {
82 String token = null;
83 try {
84 UserDetails userDetails = userDetailsService.loadUserByUsername(username);
if (!passwordEncoder.matches(password, userDetails.getPassword())) {
   throw new BadCredentialsException("密码不正确");
87
88 UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken authentication = new UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken(userDetails, null, us
erDetails.getAuthorities());
```

```
SecurityContextHolder.getContext().setAuthentication(authentication);

token = jwtTokenUtil.generateToken(userDetails);

} catch (AuthenticationException e) {

LOGGER.warn("登录异常:{}", e.getMessage());

}

return token;

}

@Override

public List<UmsPermission> getPermissionList(Long adminId) {

return adminRoleRelationDao.getPermissionList(adminId);

}

101 }
```

修改Swagger的配置

通过修改配置实现调用接口自带Authorization头,这样就可以访问需要登录的接口了。

```
package com.macro.mall.tiny.config;
3 import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
4 import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
5 import springfox.documentation.builders.ApiInfoBuilder;
6 import springfox.documentation.builders.PathSelectors;
7 import springfox.documentation.builders.RequestHandlerSelectors;
8 import springfox.documentation.service.ApiInfo;
9 import springfox.documentation.service.ApiKey;
{\tt 10} \quad \textbf{import} \quad \textbf{springfox.documentation.service.AuthorizationScope};
import springfox.documentation.service.SecurityReference;
12 import springfox.documentation.spi.DocumentationType;
import springfox.documentation.spi.service.contexts.SecurityContext;
import springfox.documentation.spring.web.plugins.Docket;
import springfox.documentation.swagger2.annotations.EnableSwagger2;
16
17 import java.util.ArrayList;
18 import java.util.List;
19
20 /**
   * Swagger2API文档的配置
23 @Configuration
24 @EnableSwagger2
25 public class Swagger2Config {
26 @Bean
27  public Docket createRestApi(){
28  return new Docket(DocumentationType.SWAGGER_2)
29 .apiInfo(apiInfo())
30 .select()
31 //为当前包下controller生成API文档
32 .apis(RequestHandlerSelectors.basePackage("com.macro.mall.tiny.controller"))
33 .paths(PathSelectors.any())
34 .build()
35 //添加登录认证
36 .securitySchemes(securitySchemes())
37 .securityContexts(securityContexts());
38 }
40 private ApiInfo apiInfo() {
41   return new ApiInfoBuilder()
42 .title("SwaggerUI演示")
43 .description("mall-tiny")
44 .contact("macro")
```

```
45 .version("1.0")
46 .build();
47 }
48
49 private List<ApiKey> securitySchemes() {
50 //设置请求头信息
51 List<ApiKey> result = new ArrayList<>();
52 ApiKey apiKey = new ApiKey("Authorization", "Authorization", "header");
53 result.add(apiKey);
54 return result;
55 }
56
57  private List<SecurityContext> securityContexts() {
58 //设置需要登录认证的路径
59 List<SecurityContext> result = new ArrayList<>();
60 result.add(getContextByPath("/brand/.*"));
61 return result;
62 }
63
64 private SecurityContext getContextByPath(String pathRegex){
65    return SecurityContext.builder()
.securityReferences(defaultAuth())
67 .forPaths(PathSelectors.regex(pathRegex))
68 .build();
69 }
71 private List<SecurityReference> defaultAuth() {
72 List<SecurityReference> result = new ArrayList<>();
73 AuthorizationScope authorizationScope = new AuthorizationScope("global", "accessEverything");
74 AuthorizationScope[] authorizationScopes = new AuthorizationScope[1];
75 authorizationScopes[0] = authorizationScope;
76 result.add(new SecurityReference("Authorization", authorizationScopes));
77 return result;
78 }
79 }
```

给PmsBrandController接口中的方法添加访问权限

- 给查询接口添加pms:brand:read权限
- 给修改接口添加pms:brand:update权限
- 给删除接口添加pms:brand:delete权限
- 给添加接口添加pms:brand:create权限

例子:

```
1 @PreAuthorize("hasAuthority('pms:brand:read')")
2 public CommonResult<List<PmsBrand>> getBrandList() {
3    return CommonResult.success(brandService.listAllBrand());
4 }
```

认证与授权流程演示

运行项目,访问API

Swagger api地址: http://localhost:8080/swagger-ui.html

SwaggerUi演示 mall-tiny Created by macro PmsBrandController:商品品牌管理 Show/Hide List Operations Expand Operations UmsAdminController:后台用户管理 Show/Hide List Operations Expand Operations POST /admin/login 登泉以后返回token CET /admin/permission/(adminId) 获现用户所有权限(包括-D限) POST /admin/register 用户注册 UmsMemberController:会员登录注册管理 Show/Hide List Operations Expand Operations

未登录前访问接口

```
### Admin/permission/(adminId)

Response Body

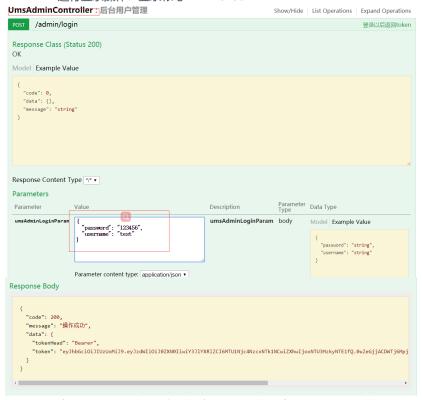
{

"code": 401,
"data": "Full authentication is required to access this resource",
"message": "暫未登录域token已经过期"

}
```

登录后访问接口

• 进行登录操作: 登录帐号test 123456



• 点击Authorize按钮,在弹框中输入登录接口中获取到的token信息



SwaggerUI演示

mall-tiny



• 登录后访问获取权限列表接口,发现已经可以正常访问

GST /admin/permission/(adminId) 获取用户所有权限(包括+-权限)