

TO PASS 80% or higher

Keep Learning

grade 100%

## **Detection algorithms**

latest submission grade 100%

1. You are building a 3-class object classification and localization algorithm. The classes are: pedestrian (c=1), car (c=2), motorcycle (c=3). What would be the label for the following image? Recall  $y=[p_c,b_x,b_y,b_h,b_w,c_1,c_2,c_3]$ 

1 / 1 point





2. Continuing from the previous problem, what should y be for the image below? Remember that "?" means "don't care", which means that the neural network loss function won't care what the neural network gives for that component of the output. As before,  $y=[p_c,b_x,b_y,b_h,b_w,c_1,c_2,c_3]$ .

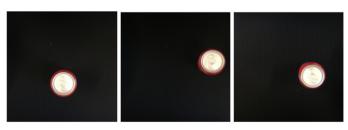
1/1 point



✓ Correct

3. You are working on a factory automation task. Your system will see a can of soft-drink coming down a conveyor belt, and you want it to take a picture and decide whether (i) there is a soft-drink can in the image, and if so (ii) its bounding box. Since the soft-drink can is round, the bounding box is always square, and the soft drink can always appears as the same size in the image. There is at most one soft drink can in each image. Here're some typical images in your training set:

1 / 1 point

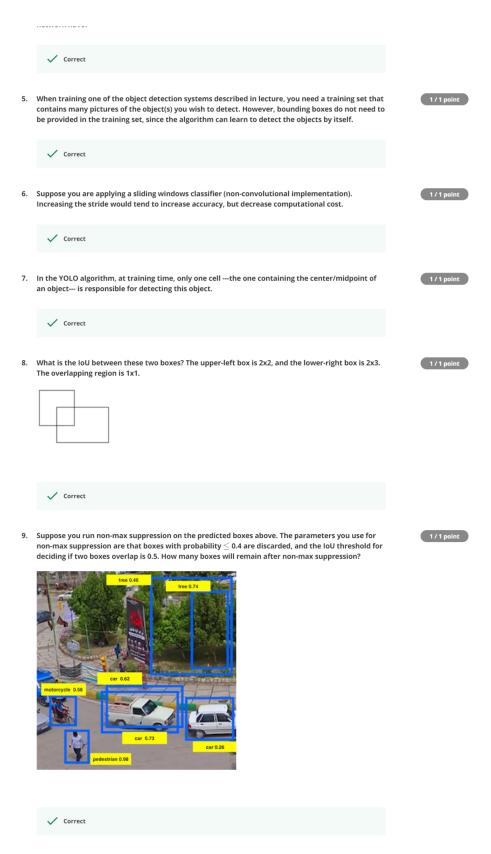


What is the most appropriate set of output units for your neural network?

✓ Correct

If you build a neural network that inputs a picture of a person's face and outputs N landmarks on
the face (assume the input image always contains exactly one face), how many output units will the
network have?

1 / 1 point



10. Suppose you are using YOLO on a 19x19 grid, on a detection problem with 20 classes, and with 5 anchor boxes. During training, for each image you will need to construct an output volume y as the target value for the neural network; this corresponds to the last layer of the neural network. (y may include some "?", or "don't cares"). What is the dimension of this output volume?

1/1 point

✓ Correct