

International Society for the History of the Neurosciences (ISHN)



Paris La Salpêtrière 2025

**Jean-Martin Charcot's
Birth Bicentennial**
29 novembre 1825

29TH ISHN Annual Meeting

2025 July 1-5

International Society for the History of the Neurosciences

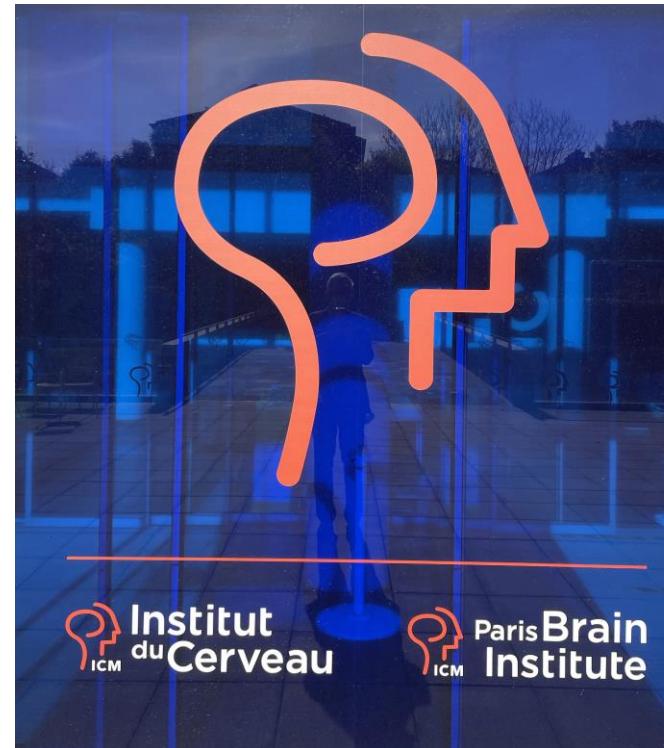
The 200th anniversary of the birth of Jean-Martin Charcot

Bicentenaire de la naissance de Jean-Martin Charcot

Under the High Patronage of

Mr Emmanuel MACRON

Président of the French Republic





Auditorium

Brain Institute

130seats



Local Organizing Committee

Prof Yves Agid

Prof Martin Catala

Prof Gilles Fénelon

Prof Bruno Dubois

Dr Laura Bossi

Dr Olivier Walusinski

Prof Alexis Brice – Brain Institute Director

WEBSITE : <https://charcot2025.fr>

Tuesday July 1, 2025

Institut du Cerveau, Hôpital de La Salpêtrière, Paris XIII

8h30 - 9h Registration

9h Welcome and Opening

Prof Alexis Brice (Executive director Paris Brain Institute)
Olivier Walusinski (Local Committee President)

9h30 Session 1

Jean-Martin Charcot (1825-1893): his life, his works. O. Walusinski
Paris, La Salpêtrière in Charcot's time, from the Second Empire to the Third Republic. Denis Guthleben

10h30 - 11 h Coffee break

Institutions for the scientific and medical research in France and Europe at the time of Charcot. Hélène Harter
Alix Joffroy (1844-1908), holder of the chair for mental illness and the encephalon, an undeclared competitor for the succession of Charcot. Denis Tiberghien
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12h30 - 14h Lunch Break

14h Session 2

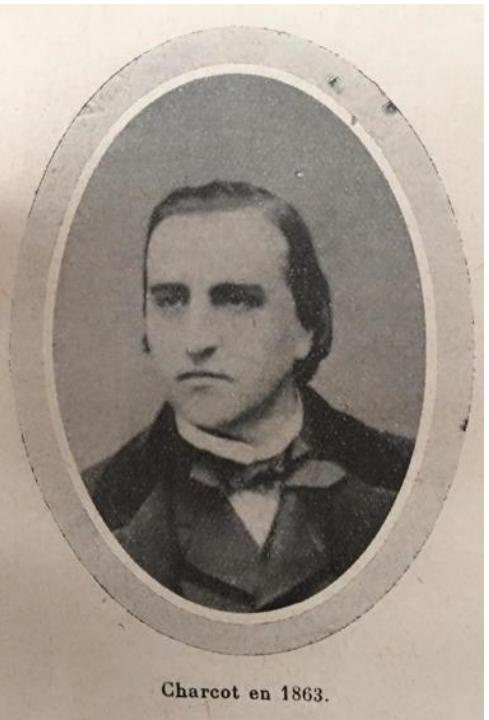
"Si je ne me trompe pas": Charcot's neurological legacy in the 21st century. Christopher Goetz
Charcot's erroneous double-semi decussation scheme for the retinocortical visual pathways. Douglas Lanska
Charcot's contributions to the understanding of ischemic stroke. Jan van Gijn, Marie-Germaine Bousser

15h30 - 16h Coffee Break

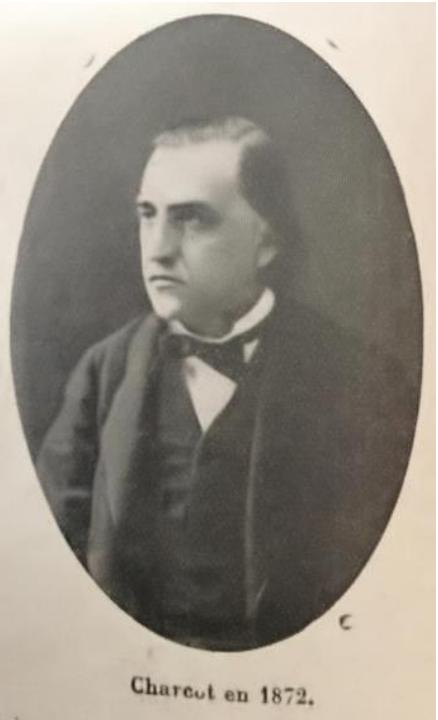
The peripheral nerve: a neglected topic in Charcot's neurological work. Lauren Tatou, Julien Bogousslavsky
Charcot identifies and illustrates amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. Danielle Seilhean

17h END

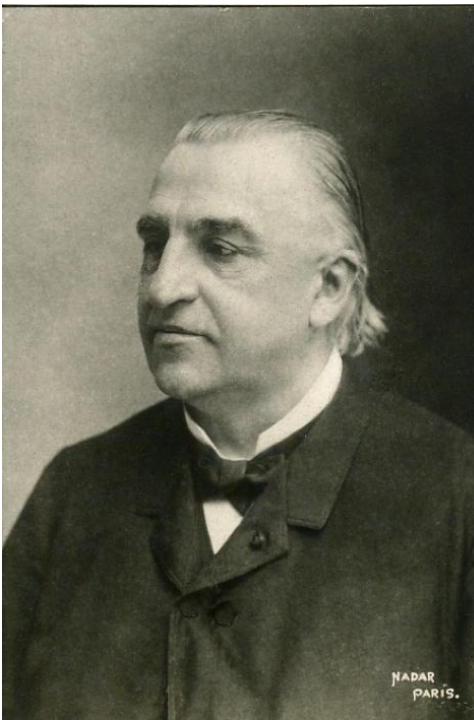
Jean-Martin Charcot 29 novembre 1825 – 16 août 1893



1863



1872



1881



The main contributions of Charcot to Neurology

La paralysie agitante Charcot et Vulpian **1861** (thèse Léopold Ordenstein (1868) Parkinson's disease

L'ataxie locomotrice progressive (tabes) Duchenne 1858, Trouseau 1861, Charcot et Vulpian **1862**

Arthropathies tabétiques = *Charcot arthropathy* **1868**

Trépidation épileptoïde du pied = clonus 1862

Sclérose en plaques **1868** (Vulpian 1866) – tremblement, nystagmus, embarras parole,

La sclérose latérale amyotrophique avec Alix Joffroy **1868**, bulbe **1870**, Albert Gombault 1875 (thèse 1877)

Systématisation de l'organisation de la moelle épinière (1861-1883)

Localisations cérébrales **1875-1893**

L'aphasie **1882-1885**

Les tics et la maladie de Gilles de la Tourette (**1885**), chorées, athétose, astasie-abasie

Sur une forme particulière d'atrophie musculaire progressive, souvent familiale (Charcot-Marie-Tooth) **1886**

L'hystérie et l'épilepsie (1870-1893), l'hypnose





Bibliothèque Charcot Brain Institute

A special exhibition

Charcot's manuscripts



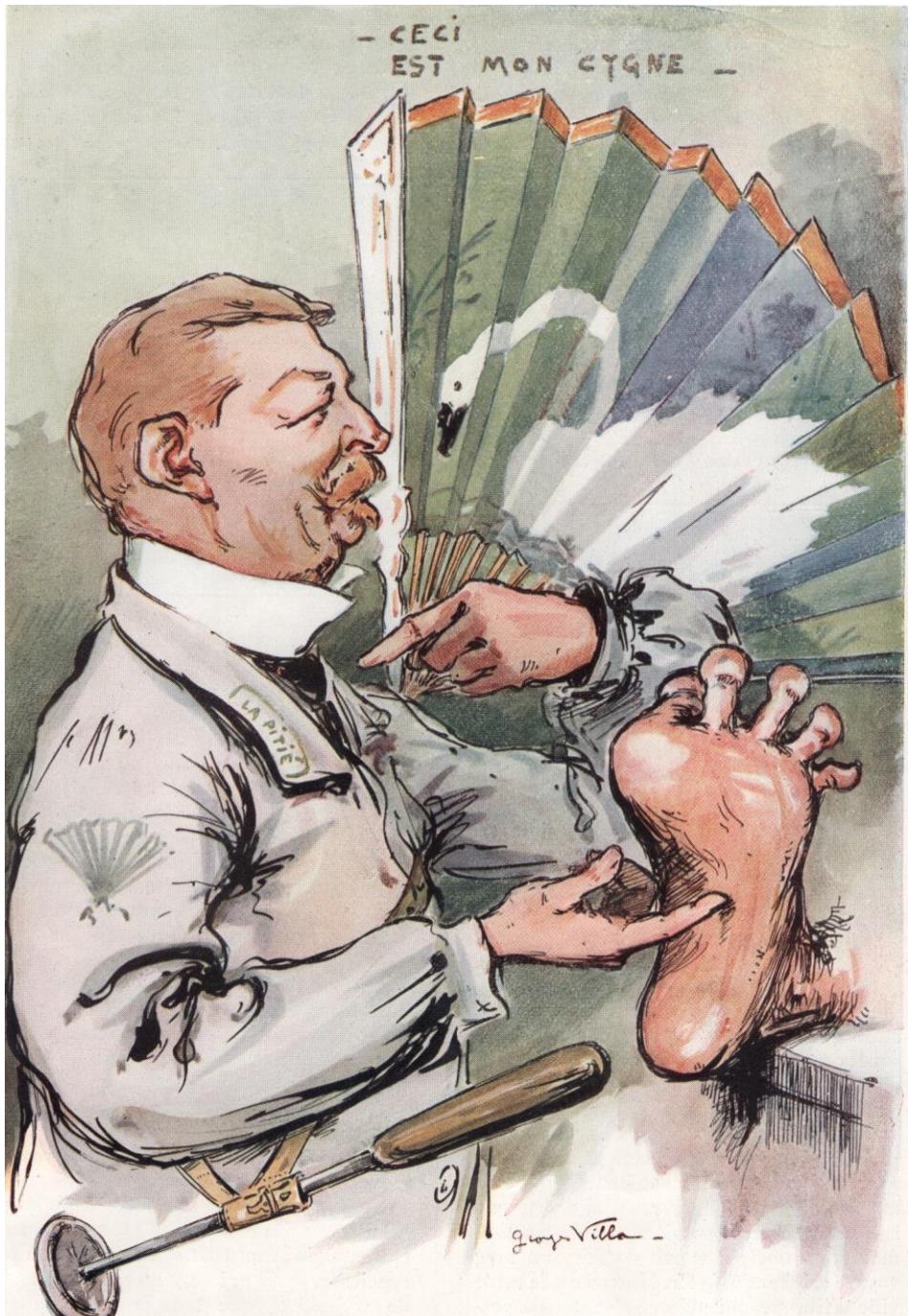
A guide Tour of the Historic La Salpêtrière





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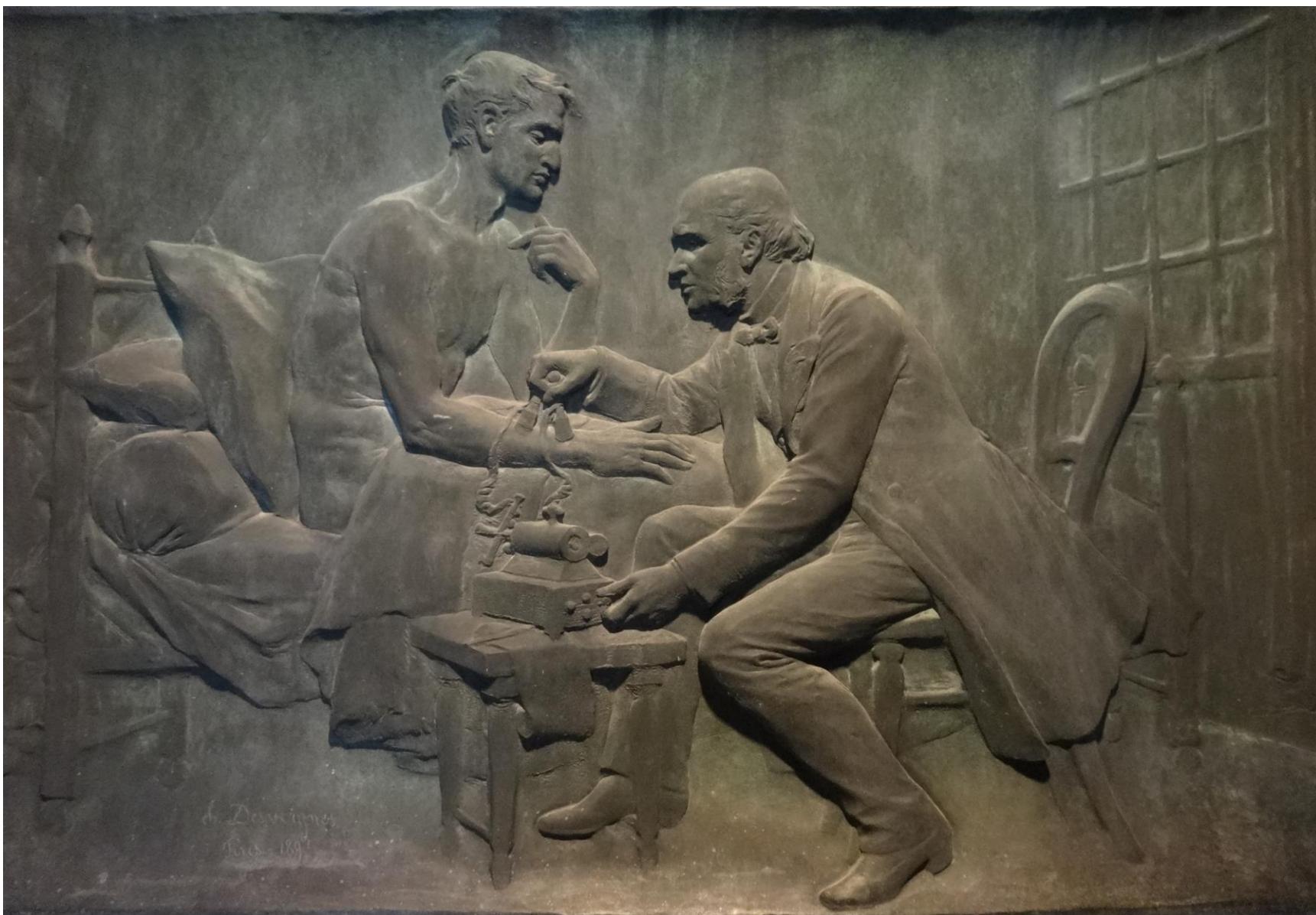




Joseph Babiński
1857-1932



Guillaume Duchenne de Boulogne (1806-1875)



A Visit to the History of Medicine's Museum at the Faculty of Medicine



Le Leçon clinique à La Salpêtrière by André Brouillet





Old Library Collection

Faculté de Médecine

Rue de l'École de Médecine

Paris VI



An excursion to Neuilly to visit
the Charcot family's country house
where his son Jean-Baptiste was born

Dinner at Charcot's home, Hôtel de Varengeville



Outdoors or Indoors

