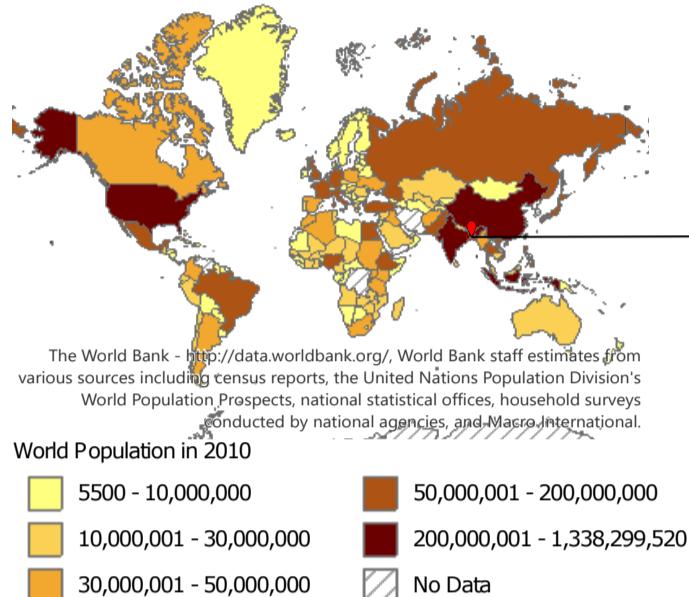


Climate change has a significant impact on education in Bangladesh



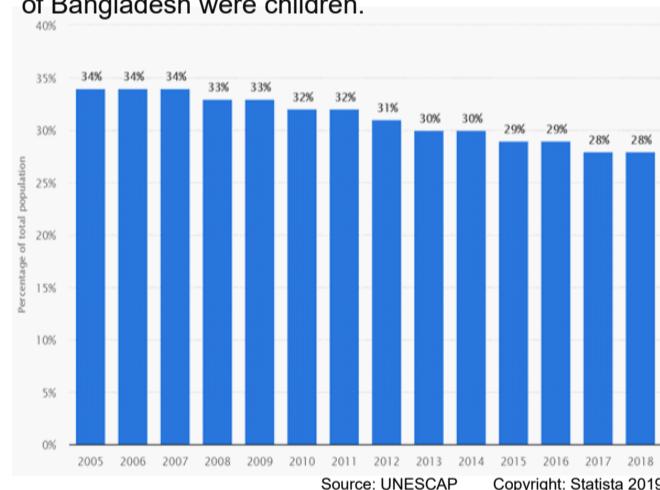
World population in 2010 – World Bank

Asia has been the most populous continent in the world for a long time. China is the most populous country in the world today, followed closely by India, which has a population of more than 1.3 billion; followed by the United States, Indonesia, Brazil, Pakistan, Nigeria, Bangladesh, Russia, and Mexico.



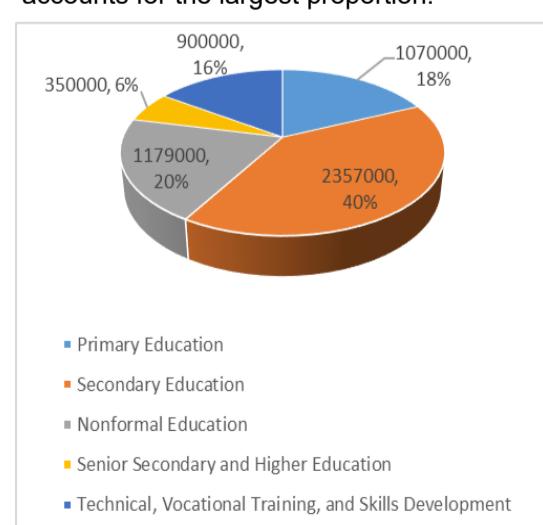
Share of children in total population in Bangladesh from 2005 to 2008

In 2018, approximately 28 percent of the population of Bangladesh were children.



ADB's Approved Education PPTA Grants for Bangladesh by Subsector (PPTA Grants for ADB's Loans Approved during 1990–2007)

The total amount of ADB's approved education PPTA grants for Bangladesh is 5856000 dollars during 1990 - 2007. Among them, the assistance in primary education accounts for the largest proportion.



ADB = Asian Development Bank
PPTA = project preparatory technical assistance
Source: loan and TA database

Population (2019): 163,046,173

Area: 147,570 km²

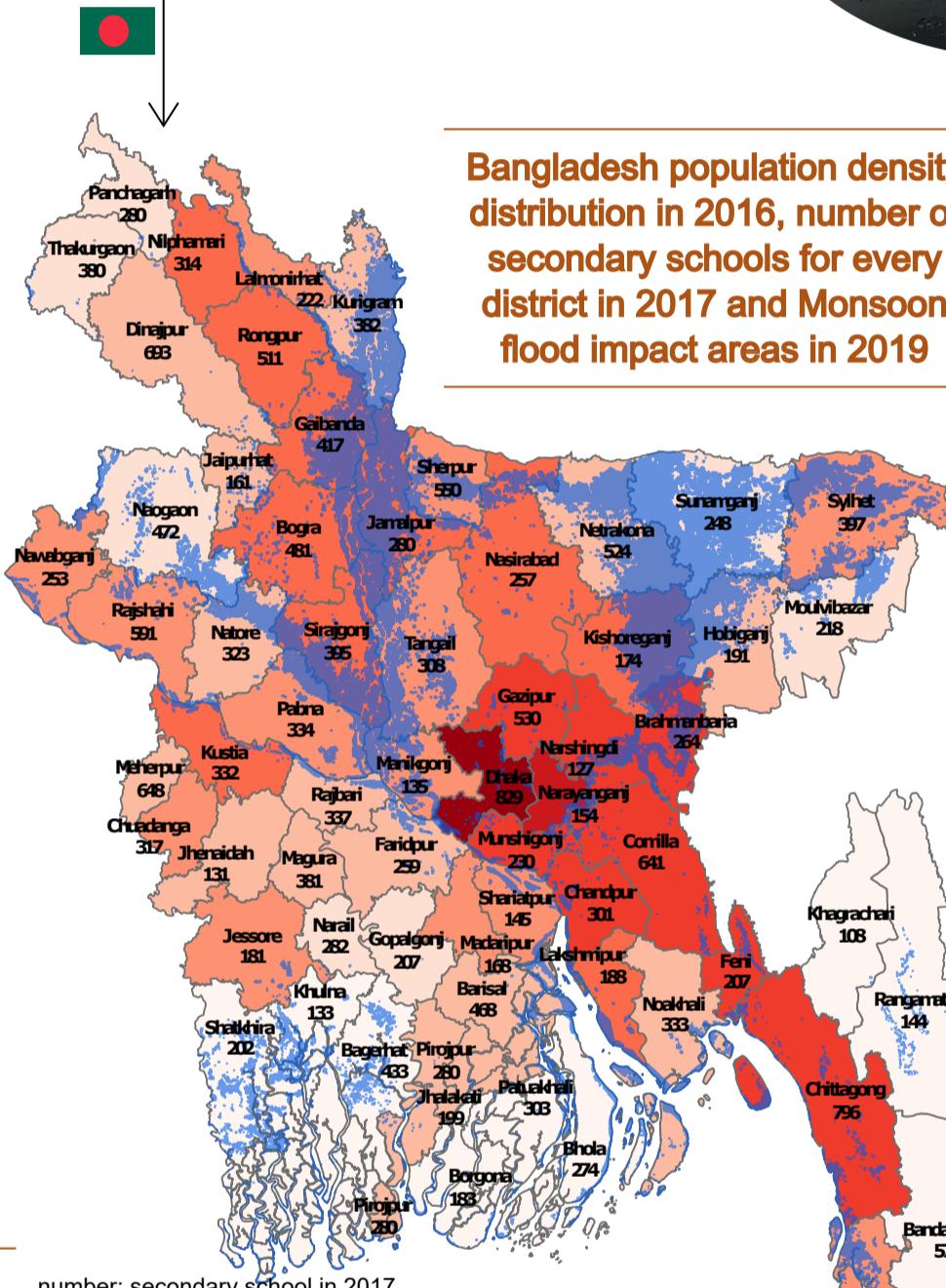
Educational attainment, at least completed post-secondary, population 25+, in 2018: 15.568%

Literacy rate (2018): 72.9%

75.7% for males
70.09% for females

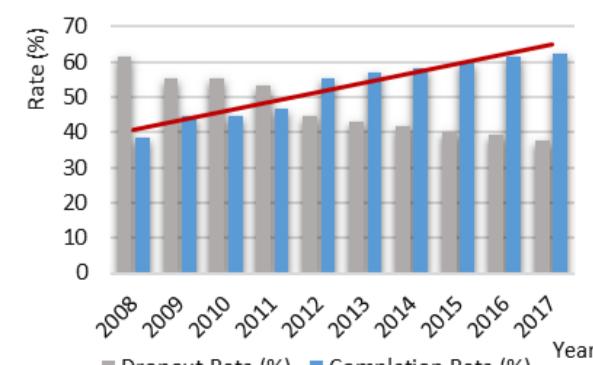
Daily minimum temperature: 21 °C
Daily maximum temperature: 30 °C

Total annual precipitation: 1646 mm
Rainfall days throughout the year: 78 days



Dropout Rate and Completion Rate in Secondary level from 2008 to 2017

From 2008 to 2017, the drop-out rate of secondary schools continued to decline, and the completion rate of secondary schools continued to increase, indicating that education awareness is increasing.



Sea level rise was observed at 5.73 mm per year at Char Changa station in Hatiya while Hiron point in the Sundarbans at 3.38 mm per year.

Flood impact on Education (28 Districts)

- 1,393,837 school age children (679,908 girls and 713,930 boys) reside in eight worst affected districts.
- The school buildings were either damaged or used as flood shelters.
- Children whose households were flooded lost their education and learning materials.
- Natural disasters bring high risk of children dropping out of school.

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