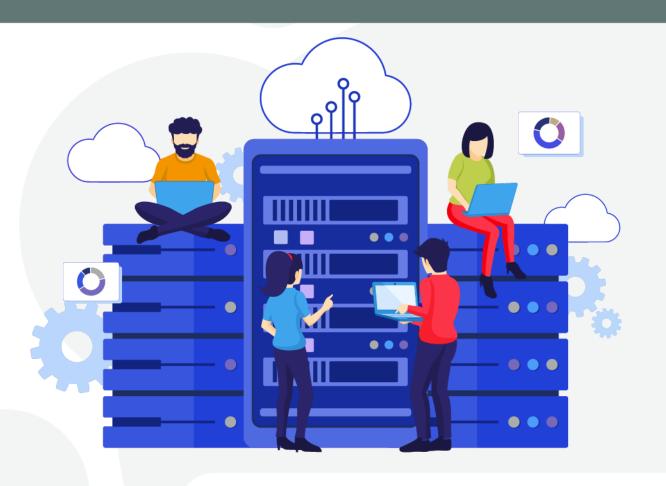


CICLO 01

FORMACIÓN POR CICLOSI Fundamentos de

Programación

Colección de datosBorrado en vector







Operación de borrado en vector

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
V	14	3	1	6	2	8	4	9	16	28	5	39	44	7	12										

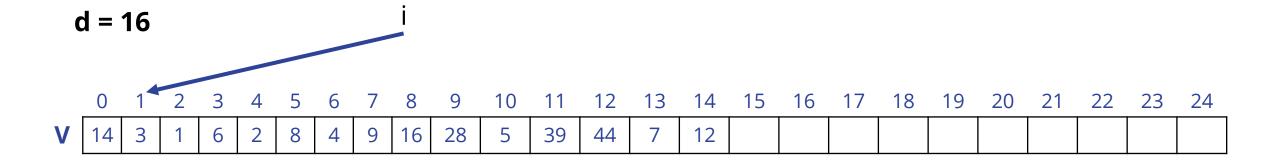
El proceso consiste en buscar en cuál posición está el dato a borrar.

Luego se desplazan, una posición hacia la izquierda, los datos que están a continuación del dato a borrar con el fin de que no queden espacios intermedios libres en el vector.

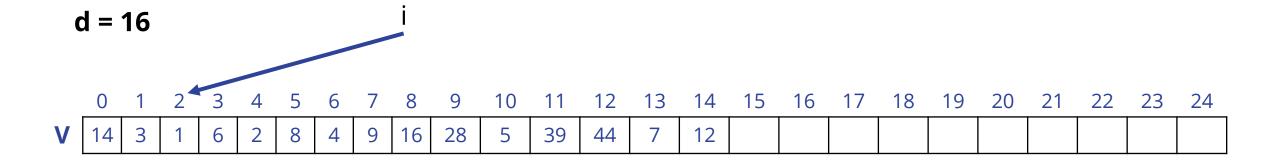
Por último se actualiza **V[0]**.

Tendremos dos subprogramas: uno que busca el dato a borrar (este subprograma retorna la posición donde se halla el dato a borrar) y otro que efectúa el movimiento de datos en el vector.

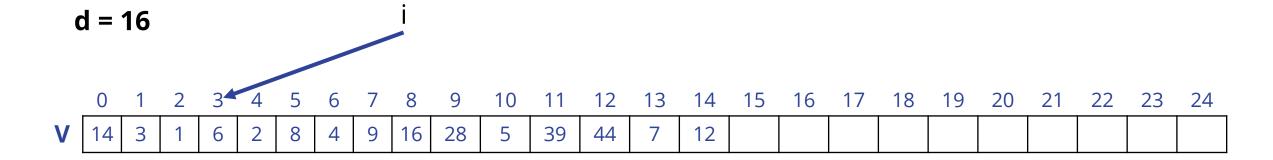
Es importante notar que en el subprograma para buscar el dato a borrar, nuestro algoritmo retornará —1 si no encuentra el dato buscado.



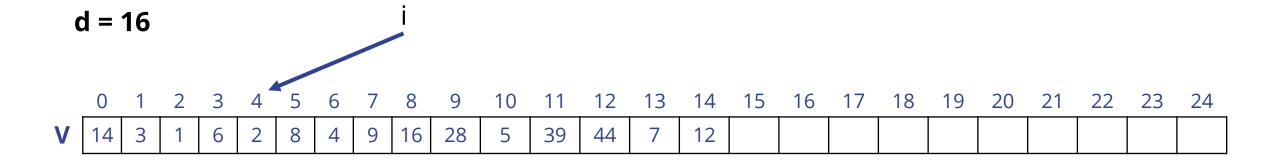
```
def buscarDato(V, d):
i = 1
while i <= V[0] and V[i]!= d:
    i = i + 1
if i <= V[0]:
    return i
return -1</pre>
```



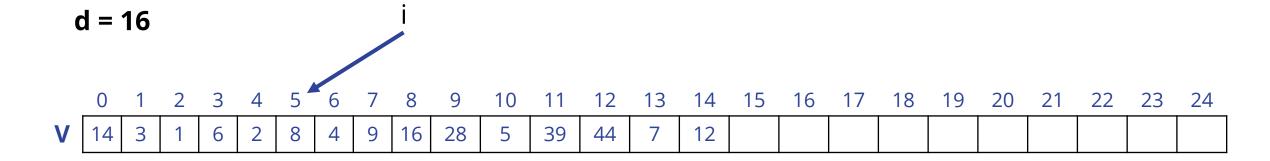
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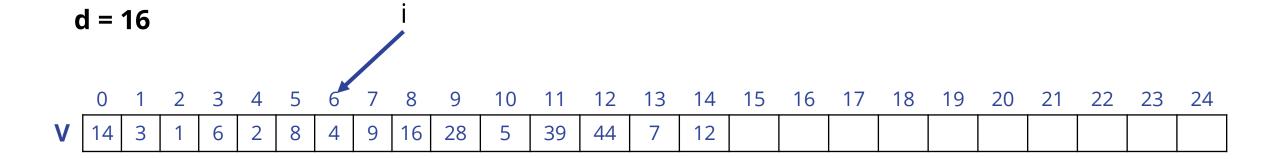
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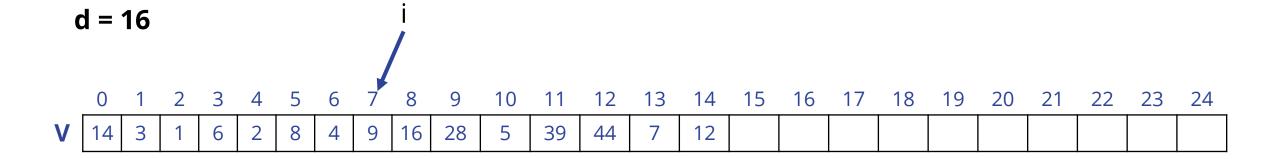
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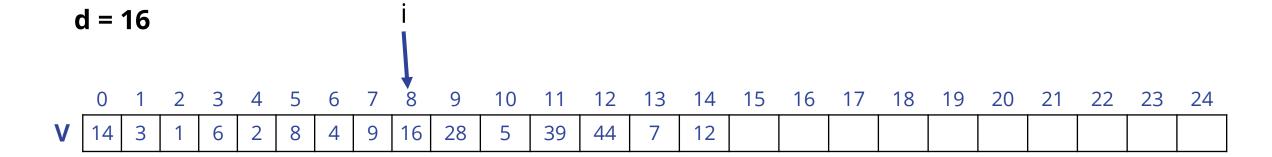
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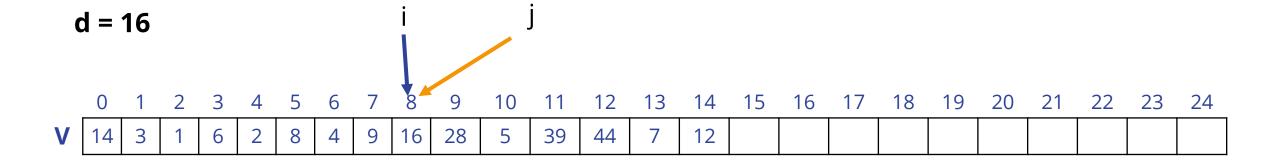
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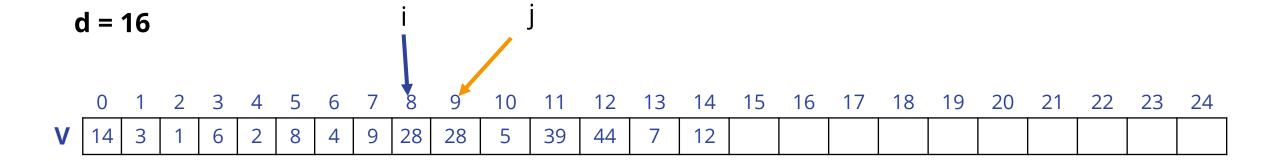
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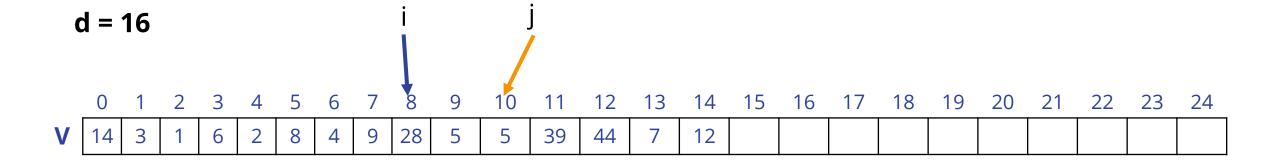


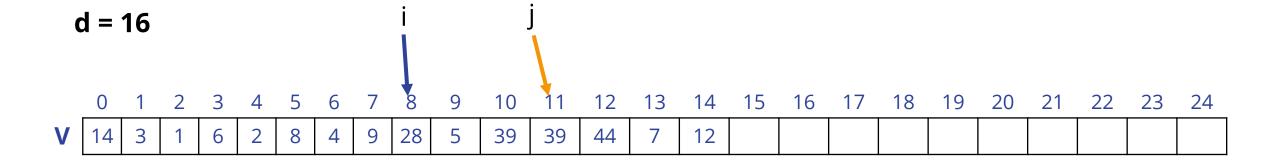
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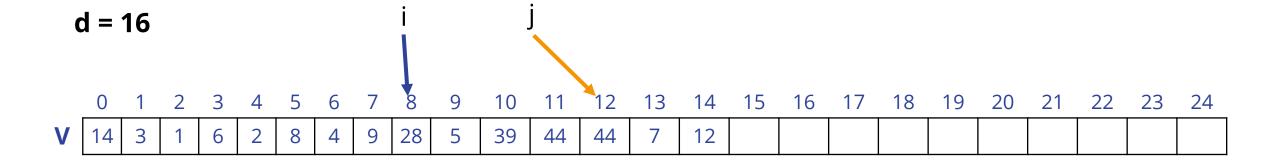


```
def borrar(V, i):
for j in range(i, V[0]):
    V[j] = V[j + 1]
V[0] = V[0] - 1
```

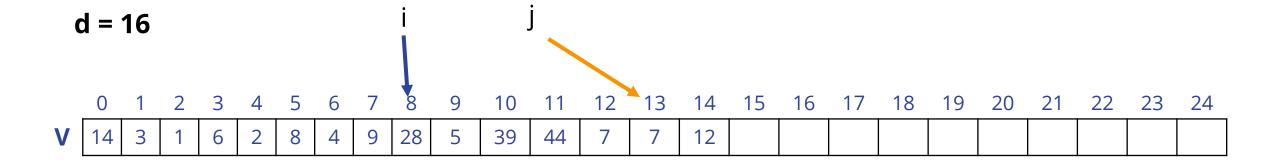




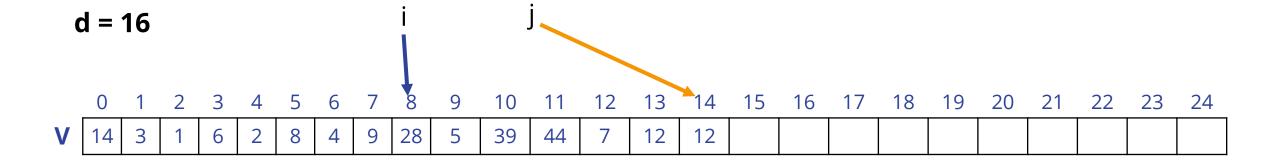




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