CS 6023 - GPU Programming Overview and Logistics

30/07/2018

CS 6023

CS 6023 | GPU Programming | Elective course by CSE dept in Aug-Nov. 2018

Prerequisite:

CS2710 (Programming and Data Structures Lab)

[Soft] CS2600 (Computer Organization and Architecture)

Timetable slots: G | 3 slots per week: Mon 1200-1250 | Wed 1650-1740 | Thu 1000 1050 | Fri 0900-0950 | Venue: CS 36

Textbook: None | Reading material will be shared through the course

Introduction - About me

Pratyush Kumar

Contact info

Room: BSB 373 | Phone: 4388 | Email: pratyush@cse.iitm.ac.in

Brief bio

B.Tech., IIT Bombay | Ph.D., ETH Zurich

Ex-IBM Research | Consulting with startups on Deep Learning

Areas of research

SysDL (Systems aspects in Deep Learning)

Formal System Design and Analysis

Cyber-Physical Systems

Acknowledgements

Course content has been motivated by material from different sources:

- CS6023, CSE, IITM taught by Dr. Rupesh Nasre in Aug 2017
- "Graphics and Computing GPUs" appendix B in Patterson, Hennessy
- 15-418/618, CMU taught by Dr. Todd Mowry and Brian Railing in 2017
- CIS 565, UPenn taught by Patrick Cozzi in 2017
- "Programming massively parallel processors" by Kirk, Hwu, Nvidia

Who should take the course

You should take the course, if at least four of the following topics interest you

- 1. Evolution of GPUs
- 2. Architecture of GPU (vis-a-vis CPU)
- 3. Programming GPUs with CUDA C
- 4. Parallel computational thinking
- 5. Optimizing performance on GPUs
- 6. Accelerating real-world problems on GPUs
- 7. Relate Deep Learning evolution to GPUs

Evaluation

- Focus on broad set of skills (Content, critical thinking, creativity, collaboration, communication)
- Contributions to final score
 - Assignments: 30 (= 10 + 10 + 10) (Functional correctness, performance)
 - Midsem: 30 (Analytical questions on parallel prog. / GPU arch.)
 - Paper/topic presentation: 10 (Read, understand, and present recent papers)
 - Capstone project: 30 (Propose, execute, and demo a real-world GPU app)

- Attendance will be taken in class
- No compromise on academic integrity (strict action against plagiarism, etc.)

Philosophy of teaching

- Aim is to create an enabling environment for you to learn effectively
- The course is an elective => You will exercise several choices through the course
- This is a programming course => Lot of the learning happens by doing
- This is my first time at teaching a full course => Would need feedback along the way

Philosophy of teaching

The mind is not a vessel that needs filling, but wood that needs igniting. — Plutarch

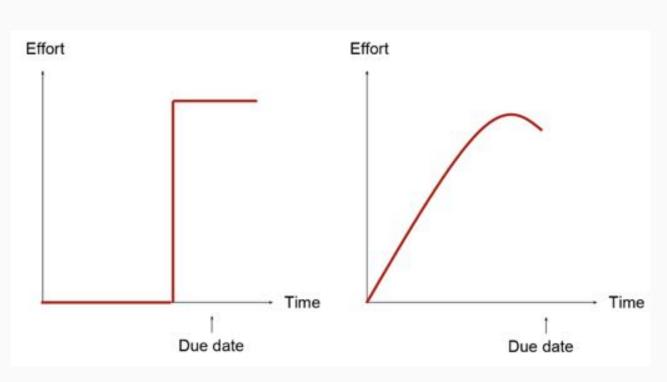
Education is what remains after one has forgotten what one has learned in school. — Einstein

Education is the manifestation of the perfection already in man. — Swami Vivekananda

Compute resource

- You are allowed, in fact encouraged, to practice on own GPU resources
 - Laptops
 - Institute machines and servers to which you have access
 - AWS credits (short demo by TAs later)
- For the practice, submission, and evaluation of assignments we will use a
 GPU cluster specifically setup in the CSE lab (a detailed demo by TAs later)
- Also, we can support project work on the GPU cluster if you do not have access to compute elsewhere
- Thanks to NVidia for sponsoring graphics cards

Expected intensity timeline



Not only because this is a better approach, but because we are constrained by compute resources and cannot handle peaks

In fact, we will design explicit mechanisms to incentivize this

Teaching Assistants



Somesh Singh cs14d406@smail.iitm.ac.in



Abinash Patra abinash@cse.iitm.ac.in



Ajith Kumar ajith@cse.iitm.ac.in



Jyothi Vedurada vjyothi@cse.iitm.ac.in





Abhishek Chakraborty abhic@cse.iitm.ac.in



Patanjali SLPSK slpskp@cse.iitm.ac.in



Anvesh Bagary anvesh@cse.iitm.ac.in

Student introductions

- Introduce yourself, your stream / dept.
- Why would you like to learn GPU Prog.? Do you have a specific objective?
- How familiar are you with C Programming?
- Do you have access to GPU for practice?

The lens of the course

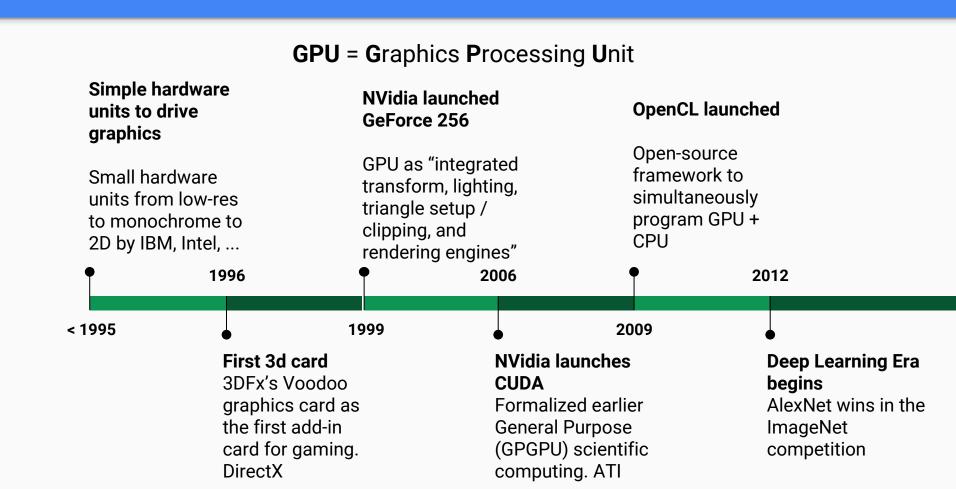


- Architecture of GPU
- Parallel programming principles
- CUDA programming

Each lecture will have one major theme

Brief history of GPUs

History of GPUs



The "graphics" age



Source: http://www.nvidia.com/content/GTC-2010/pdfs/2275_GTC2010.pdf

What GPUs do - 3D rendering

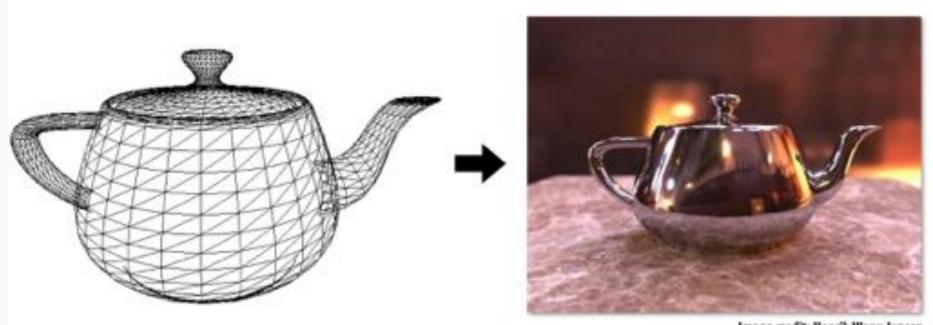
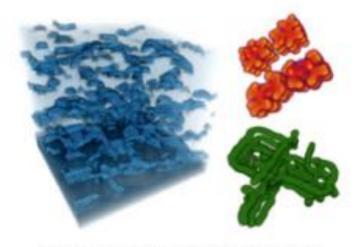
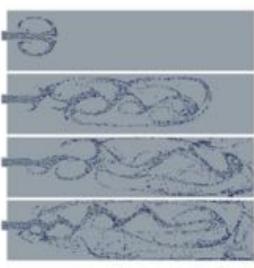


Image credit: Henrik Wann Jensen

GPGPU



Coupled Map Lattice Simulation [Harris 02]



Sparse Matrix Solvers [Bolz 03]









Ray Tracing on Programmable Graphics Hardware [Purcell 02]

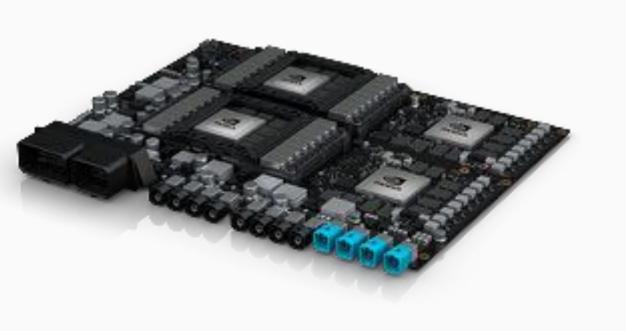
Today - Titan V



110 TeraFLOPs for DL (FLOP = floating point operations per time unit)

Fastest supercomputer in 2004: IBM BlueGene had 70.72 teraflops

Today - Drive Pegasus



320 TOPS (not TFLOPS) in your car!

Not a single chip, but an SoC with multiple GPUs

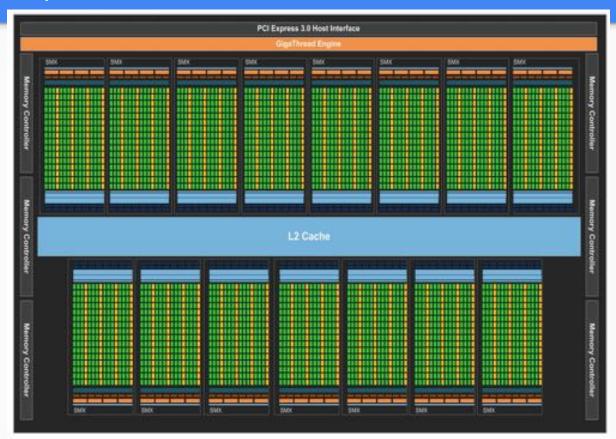
2x Volta iGPU 2x post-Volta dGPUs

500 W power consumption!

NVidia share price



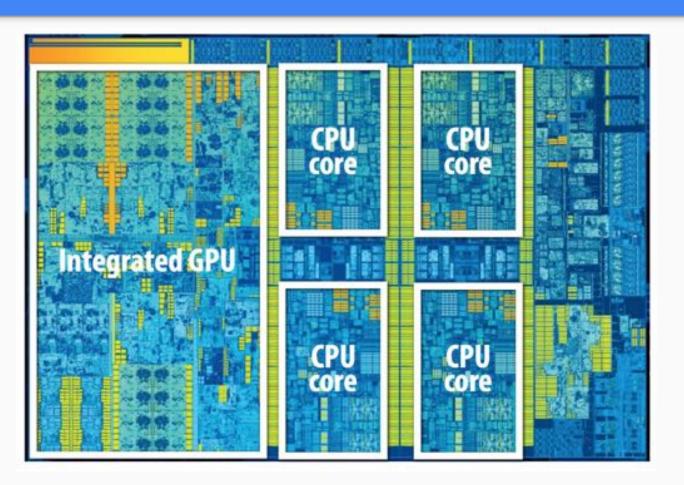
Kepler Architecture





Massively parallel 2880 cores

Standard CPU

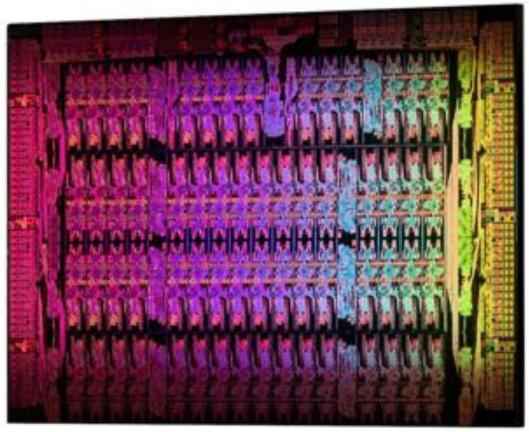


Intel Skylake

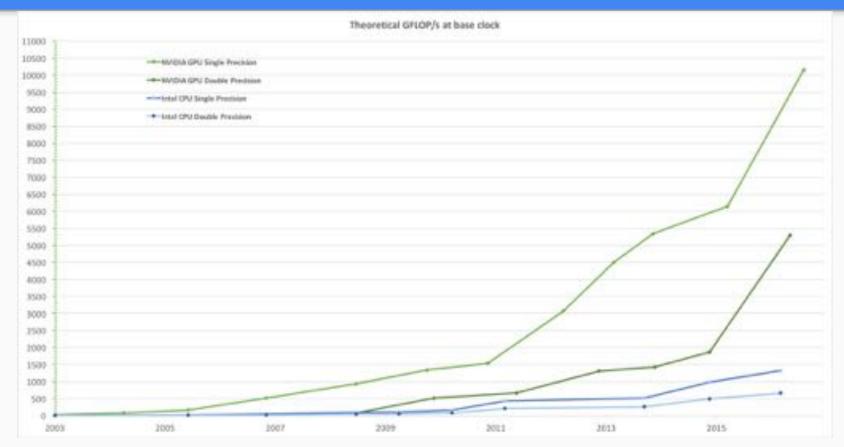
CPU accelerator



61 cores

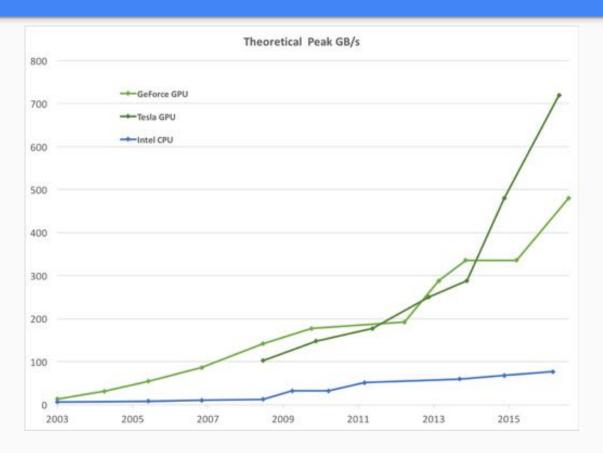


Vis-a-vis CPU - compute



Source: https://docs.nvidia.com/cuda/cuda-c-programming-guide/

Vis-a-vis CPU - memory



Source: https://docs.nvidia.com/cuda/cuda-c-programming-guide/

Compare - GPU and CPU

Hardware	Flops (DP)	Power (W)	Price (k\$)
2 Ivybridge EX (2 x 15 cores, 2.8 GHz)	0.672 TFlops	310	8.4-13.7
K40 GPU	1.43 TFlops	235	3-4
GTX Titan Black	1.7 TFlops	250	1

Performance per second per watt per dollar

Next time

- Why the big difference between CPU and GPU performance?
- Understand/recap basics of CPU architecture

