

# Problem 1 - Assignment 10

- $dS_t = \sigma dz_t \Rightarrow S_T \sim N(S_t, \sigma(T-t))$ , where we let  $\mu_s = S_t, \sigma_s = \sigma(T-t)$

$$\begin{aligned} V(t, S_t, W, I) &= E[-e^{\gamma(W+IS_T)} | (t, S_t)] \\ &= -e^{\gamma W} E[e^{\gamma IS_T} | (t, S_t)] \\ &= -e^{\gamma W} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\gamma Is} e^{-\frac{(s-\mu_s)^2}{2\sigma_s^2}} ds \\ &= -e^{\gamma W} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{2\gamma I\sigma_s^2 s + (s-\mu_s)^2}{2\sigma_s^2}\right) ds \end{aligned}$$

The enumerator of the exponential can be written as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} 2\gamma I\sigma_s^2 s + (s-\mu_s)^2 &= 2\gamma I\sigma_s^2 s + s^2 - 2\mu_s s + \mu_s^2 \\ &= s^2 - 2(\mu_s - \gamma I\sigma_s^2)s + \mu_s^2 \\ &= s^2 - 2(\mu_s - \gamma I\sigma_s^2)s + (\mu_s - \gamma I\sigma_s^2)^2 + \mu_s^2 - (\mu_s - \gamma I\sigma_s^2)^2 \\ &= [s - (\mu_s - \gamma I\sigma_s^2)]^2 + \mu_s^2 - \mu_s^2 + 2\mu_s\gamma I\sigma_s^2 - \gamma^2 I^2\sigma_s^4 \\ &= [s - (\mu_s - \gamma I\sigma_s^2)]^2 + 2\mu_s\gamma I\sigma_s^2 - \gamma^2 I^2\sigma_s^4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{So, } V(t, S_t, W, I) &= -e^{\gamma W} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{[s - (\mu_s - \gamma I\sigma_s^2)]^2}{2\sigma_s^2}\right) ds \cdot \exp\left(\frac{-2\mu_s\gamma I\sigma_s^2 + \gamma^2 I^2\sigma_s^4}{2\sigma_s^2}\right) \\ &= -e^{\gamma W} \cdot 1 \cdot e^{-\mu_s\gamma I} \cdot e^{\frac{\gamma^2 I^2\sigma_s^4}{2}} \end{aligned}$$

which is 
$$V(t, S_t, W, I) = -e^{\gamma W} \cdot e^{-S_t\gamma I} \cdot e^{\frac{\gamma^2 I^2\sigma^2(T-t)}{2}}$$

- for ease of exposition we denote:  $\bar{Q}^{(b)}(t, S_t, I) = \bar{Q}^{(b)}$ ,  $\bar{Q}^{(a)}(t, S_t, I) = \bar{Q}^{(a)}$   
 $\Rightarrow V(t, S_t, W - \bar{Q}^{(b)}, I+1) = -\exp(-\gamma(W - \bar{Q}^{(b)})) \exp(S_t\gamma(I+1)) \exp\left(\frac{\gamma^2(I+1)^2\sigma^2(T-t)}{2}\right)$   
 $\Rightarrow V(t, S_t, W - \bar{Q}^{(b)}, I+1) = -\exp(-\gamma W) \exp(-\gamma S_t I) \exp\left(\frac{\gamma^2 I^2\sigma^2(T-t)}{2}\right)$

Hence,

$$\begin{aligned} -\exp(-\gamma W) \exp(-\gamma S_t I) \exp\left(\frac{\gamma^2 I^2\sigma^2(T-t)}{2}\right) &= -\exp(-\gamma(W - \bar{Q}^{(b)})) \exp(-\gamma S_t(I+1)) \exp\left(\frac{(I+1)^2\gamma^2\sigma^2(T-t)}{2}\right) \\ \Rightarrow \exp\left(\frac{\gamma^2 I^2\sigma^2(T-t)}{2}\right) &= \exp(\gamma\bar{Q}^{(b)}) \exp(-\gamma S_t) \exp\left(\frac{(I+1)^2\gamma^2\sigma^2(T-t)}{2}\right) \\ \Rightarrow \frac{\gamma^2 I^2\sigma^2(T-t)}{2} &= \gamma\bar{Q}^{(b)} - \gamma S_t + \frac{(I+1)^2\gamma^2\sigma^2(T-t)}{2} \\ \Rightarrow \gamma\bar{Q}^{(b)} &= \frac{(I^2 - (I+1)^2)\gamma^2\sigma^2(T-t)}{2} + \gamma S_t \\ \Rightarrow \bar{Q}^{(b)} &= S_t + \frac{(-2I-1)\gamma\sigma^2(T-t)}{2} \Rightarrow \bar{Q}^{(b)}(t, S_t, I) = S_t + \frac{(-2I-1)\gamma\sigma^2(T-t)}{2} \end{aligned}$$

Similarly,

$$V(t, S_t, W_t, I) = V(t, S_t, W_t, Q^{(0)}, I-1)$$

$$\Rightarrow -\exp(-\gamma W) \exp(\gamma S_t I) \exp\left(\frac{I^2 \delta \sigma^2 (T-t)}{2}\right) = -\exp(-\gamma W_t Q^{(0)}) \exp(-\gamma S_t (I-1)) \exp\left(\frac{(I-1)^2 \delta \sigma^2 (T-t)}{2}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \exp\left(\frac{I^2 \delta \sigma^2 (T-t)}{2}\right) = \exp(-\gamma Q^{(0)}) \exp(\gamma S_t) \exp\left(\frac{(I-1)^2 \delta \sigma^2 (T-t)}{2}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{I^2 \delta \sigma^2 (T-t)}{2} = -\gamma Q^{(0)} + \gamma S_t + \frac{(I-1)^2 \delta \sigma^2 (T-t)}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \gamma Q^{(0)} = \left(\frac{(I-1)^2 - I^2}{2}\right) \frac{\delta \sigma^2 (T-t)}{2} + \gamma S_t$$

$$\Rightarrow Q^{(0)} = \frac{(-2I+1) \delta \sigma^2 (T-t)}{2}, S_t \Rightarrow Q^{(0)}(t, S_t, I) = S_t + \frac{(-2I+1) \delta \sigma^2 (T-t)}{2}$$