COGS 181 Final Project - PyTorch

June 12, 2020

1 COGS 181 - PyTorch

```
[1]: import string
import random

import torch
import torch.nn as nn
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

1.1 Import Text

```
[2]: all_chars
                   = string.printable
                                                             # All possible_
     \hookrightarrow characters.
    n_chars = len(all_chars)
                                                             # Number of possible_
     \hookrightarrow characters.
                   = open('./war-and-peace.txt').read()
    file
                                                             # Import text.
                   = len(file)
    file_len
                                                             # Length of text.
    print('Excerpt:\n-----\n{}\n-----'.format(file[10000:
     →10500]))
    print('Length of file: {}'.format(file_len))
```

Excerpt:

able to check the sad

current of his thoughts, "that Anatole is costing me forty thousand rubles a year? And," he went on after a pause, "what will it be in five years, if he goes on like this?" Presently he added: "That's what we fathers have to put up with... Is this princess of yours rich?"

"Her father is very rich and stingy. He lives in the country. He is the well-known Prince Bolkonski who had to retire from the army under the late Emperor, and was nicknamed 'the King of Prussia.' He is

Length of file: 3202303

1.2 Identify GPU

```
[3]: device = torch.device("cuda:0" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")
print(device)
```

cuda:0

1.3 RNN

```
[4]: class Net(nn.Module):
         def __init__(self):
             111
             Constructor.
             super(Net, self).__init__()
             self.input_size = n_chars
             self.hidden_size = 100
             self.output_size = n_chars
             self.rnn = nn.RNNCell(self.input_size, self.hidden_size)
             self.FC = nn.Linear(self.hidden_size, self.output_size)
         def forward(self, input, hidden):
             Forward function.
             Parameters:
             input = x at time t, one-hot encoded.
             hidden = h \ at \ time \ (t-1).
             Returns:
             output = y \ at \ time \ t.
             hidden = h at time t.
             hidden = self.rnn(input, hidden)
             output = self.FC(hidden)
             return output, hidden
         def init_hidden(self):
             Defines initial hidden state.
             return torch.zeros(1, self.hidden_size).to(device)
                    # Creates network instance.
     net = Net()
```

```
net.to(device) # Moves the network parameters to the specified device (GPU).
```

1.4 Data-Processing Functions

```
[5]: def get random seq():
         Gets a random sequence from the dataset.
         Returns:
         Random sequence from the file.
         111
                   = 100
         seq_len
         start_index = random.randint(0, file_len - seq_len)
         end_index = start_index + seq_len + 1
         return file[start_index:end_index]
     def seq_to_onehot(seq):
         Converts a sequence to a one-hot tensor.
         Parameters:
         seq = sequence to convert.
         Returns:
         tensor = one-hot encoded tensor.
         tensor = torch.zeros(len(seq), 1, n_chars)
         # Shape of the tensor = (sequence length, batch size, classes).
             # Batch size = 1.
             # Classes = number of characters.
         for t, char in enumerate(seq):
             index = all_chars.index(char)
             tensor[t][0][index] = 1
         return tensor
     def seq_to_index(seq):
         Converts a sequence to an index tensor.
         Parameters:
         seq = sequence to convert.
```

```
Returns:
    tensor = index tensor.
   tensor = torch.zeros(len(seq), 1)
   # Shape of the tensor = (sequence length, batch size).
        # Batch size = 1.
   for t, char in enumerate(seq):
       tensor[t] = all_chars.index(char)
   return tensor
def get_input_and_target():
   Samples a mini-batch and creates input and target tensors.
   Returns:
    input = input sequence, one-hot encoded.
    target = target sequence, index-encoded.
    111
   seq = get_random_seq()
   input = seq_to_onehot(seq[:-1])
                                     # Input is one-hot encoded.
   target = seq_to_index(seq[1:]).long() # Target is index encoded.
   return input, target
```

1.5 Training and Evaluation Functions

```
[6]: def train_step(net, opt, input, target):
         Training.
         Parameters:
         net = the neural network (RNN).
         opt = optimizer.
         input = input sequence.
         target = target sequence.
         Returns:
         Average loss w.r.t sequence length.
         seq_len = input.shape[0]
                                     # Gets sequence length of current input.
        hidden = net.init_hidden()
         net.zero_grad()
                                   # Clears the gradient.
         loss = 0
         for t in range(seq_len):
             output, hidden = net(input[t], hidden)
```

```
loss += loss_func(output, target[t])
   loss.backward()
                                # Updates weights.
   opt.step()
   return loss / seq_len
def eval_step(net, init_seq = 'and ', predicted_len = 100):
   Evaluation.
   Parameters:
    net = the neural network (RNN).
   init_seq = starting sequence (i.e. starts with the character "W").
   predicted_len = predicted length of the sequence.
   Returns:
    The predicted sequence.
    111
   hidden
                  = net.init_hidden()
   init_input = seq_to_onehot(init_seq).to(device)
   predicted_seq = init_seq
   # Uses the initial string to "build up" hidden state.
   for t in range(len(init_seq) - 1):
        output, hidden = net(init_input[t], hidden)
    # Sets current input as last character of initial string.
   input = init_input[-1]
    # Predicts more characters after the initial string.
   for t in range(predicted_len):
        output, hidden = net(input, hidden)
        # Samples from the output as a multinomial distribution.
       predicted_index = torch.multinomial(output.view(-1).exp(), 1)[0]
       predicted_char = all_chars[predicted_index]
       predicted_seq += predicted_char
        # Uses the predicted character to generate the next input.
        input = seq_to_onehot(predicted_char)[0].to(device)
   return predicted_seq
```

1.6 The Process

```
[7]: iters = 5000 # Number of training iterations.
    print_iters = 50  # Number of training iterations that are printed.
    all_losses = []
    loss_sum = 0
    opt = torch.optim.Adam(net.parameters(), lr = 0.005) # Optimizer.
    loss_func = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
                                                              # Loss function.
     # Training procedure.
    for i in range(iters):
        input, target = get_input_and_target() # Get input and target_
     \rightarrow from the current text.
        input, target = input.to(device), target.to(device) # Move input and target_u
     \hookrightarrow to GPU memory.
              = train_step(net, opt, input, target) # Calculate the loss.
        loss sum += loss
                                                          # Accumulate the loss.
        # Print the log.
        if i % print_iters == print_iters - 1:
            print('Iteration: {}/{} | Loss: {}\n-----'.format(i,__
     →iters, loss_sum / print_iters))
            #print('Generated sequence:\n{}\n'.format(eval_step(net)))
            # Track the loss.
            all_losses.append(loss_sum / print_iters)
            loss_sum = 0
```

```
      Iteration: 49/5000 | Loss: 3.239978551864624

      Iteration: 99/5000 | Loss: 3.0767290592193604

      Iteration: 149/5000 | Loss: 2.8716213703155518

      Iteration: 199/5000 | Loss: 2.6368019580841064

      Iteration: 249/5000 | Loss: 2.604280948638916

      Iteration: 299/5000 | Loss: 2.567936420440674

      Iteration: 349/5000 | Loss: 2.496631622314453

      Iteration: 399/5000 | Loss: 2.490882158279419

      Iteration: 449/5000 | Loss: 2.4782073497772217
```

Iteration: 499/5000 | Loss: 2.396127700805664

Iteration: 549/5000 | Loss: 2.429615020751953

Iteration: 599/5000 | Loss: 2.3591861724853516

Iteration: 649/5000 | Loss: 2.353663682937622

Iteration: 699/5000 | Loss: 2.3196136951446533

Iteration: 749/5000 | Loss: 2.357039213180542

Iteration: 799/5000 | Loss: 2.3161144256591797

Iteration: 849/5000 | Loss: 2.2694826126098633

Iteration: 899/5000 | Loss: 2.30356764793396

Iteration: 949/5000 | Loss: 2.3043384552001953

Iteration: 999/5000 | Loss: 2.258817672729492

Iteration: 1049/5000 | Loss: 2.2365357875823975

Iteration: 1099/5000 | Loss: 2.1721386909484863

Iteration: 1149/5000 | Loss: 2.221646785736084

Iteration: 1199/5000 | Loss: 2.230785608291626

Iteration: 1249/5000 | Loss: 2.2037036418914795

Iteration: 1299/5000 | Loss: 2.18280291557312

Iteration: 1349/5000 | Loss: 2.230512857437134

Iteration: 1399/5000 | Loss: 2.148792028427124

Iteration: 1449/5000 | Loss: 2.1847715377807617

Iteration: 1499/5000 | Loss: 2.188896656036377

Iteration: 1549/5000 | Loss: 2.168009042739868

Iteration: 1599/5000 | Loss: 2.109511613845825

Iteration: 1649/5000 | Loss: 2.131038188934326

Iteration: 1699/5000 | Loss: 2.131828784942627

Iteration: 1749/5000 | Loss: 2.069847822189331

Iteration: 1799/5000 | Loss: 2.142789840698242

Iteration: 1849/5000 | Loss: 2.0936367511749268

Iteration: 1899/5000 | Loss: 2.1159093379974365

Iteration: 1949/5000 | Loss: 2.1321661472320557

Iteration: 1999/5000 | Loss: 2.0719025135040283

Iteration: 2049/5000 | Loss: 2.107804775238037

Iteration: 2099/5000 | Loss: 2.0543413162231445

Iteration: 2149/5000 | Loss: 2.0817222595214844

Iteration: 2199/5000 | Loss: 2.1286633014678955

Iteration: 2249/5000 | Loss: 2.0789875984191895

Iteration: 2299/5000 | Loss: 2.0669281482696533

Iteration: 2349/5000 | Loss: 2.088768482208252

Iteration: 2399/5000 | Loss: 2.0290729999542236

Iteration: 2449/5000 | Loss: 2.046454668045044

Iteration: 2499/5000 | Loss: 2.088412046432495

Iteration: 2549/5000 | Loss: 2.0257205963134766

Iteration: 2599/5000 | Loss: 2.055481195449829

Iteration: 2649/5000 | Loss: 2.030305862426758

Iteration: 2699/5000 | Loss: 2.060981273651123

Iteration: 2749/5000 | Loss: 2.0537049770355225

Iteration: 2799/5000 | Loss: 2.100219964981079

Iteration: 2849/5000 | Loss: 2.0166025161743164

Iteration: 2899/5000 | Loss: 2.068824529647827

Iteration: 2949/5000 | Loss: 2.017714262008667

Iteration: 2999/5000 | Loss: 1.9724199771881104

Iteration: 3049/5000 | Loss: 1.9929885864257812

Iteration: 3099/5000 | Loss: 1.9848421812057495

Iteration: 3149/5000 | Loss: 2.014180898666382

Iteration: 3199/5000 | Loss: 2.029449462890625

Iteration: 3249/5000 | Loss: 2.0090346336364746

Iteration: 3299/5000 | Loss: 1.9897544384002686

Iteration: 3349/5000 | Loss: 1.9848023653030396

Iteration: 3399/5000 | Loss: 2.038363456726074

Iteration: 3449/5000 | Loss: 1.9655731916427612

Iteration: 3499/5000 | Loss: 1.993080735206604

Iteration: 3549/5000 | Loss: 1.9759228229522705

Iteration: 3599/5000 | Loss: 1.9669448137283325

Iteration: 3649/5000 | Loss: 1.93928861618042

Iteration: 3699/5000 | Loss: 1.969849944114685

Iteration: 3749/5000 | Loss: 2.00631046295166

Iteration: 3799/5000 | Loss: 1.9232145547866821

Iteration: 3849/5000 | Loss: 1.9864232540130615

Iteration: 3899/5000 | Loss: 2.0435779094696045

Iteration: 3949/5000 | Loss: 1.9607042074203491

Iteration: 3999/5000 | Loss: 1.929168939590454

Iteration: 4049/5000 | Loss: 2.0135903358459473

```
Iteration: 4099/5000 | Loss: 1.9819207191467285
Iteration: 4149/5000 | Loss: 1.9672291278839111
_____
Iteration: 4199/5000 | Loss: 1.9922828674316406
Iteration: 4249/5000 | Loss: 1.99318528175354
_____
Iteration: 4299/5000 | Loss: 1.9111913442611694
_____
Iteration: 4349/5000 | Loss: 1.9504204988479614
_____
Iteration: 4399/5000 | Loss: 2.0098941326141357
_____
Iteration: 4449/5000 | Loss: 1.9939014911651611
_____
Iteration: 4499/5000 | Loss: 2.001258611679077
_____
Iteration: 4549/5000 | Loss: 1.9865047931671143
_____
Iteration: 4599/5000 | Loss: 1.9616179466247559
_____
Iteration: 4649/5000 | Loss: 1.944043517112732
-----
Iteration: 4699/5000 | Loss: 1.9670230150222778
_____
Iteration: 4749/5000 | Loss: 1.8979415893554688
_____
Iteration: 4799/5000 | Loss: 1.9596426486968994
_____
Iteration: 4849/5000 | Loss: 1.961931586265564
_____
Iteration: 4899/5000 | Loss: 1.899796724319458
Iteration: 4949/5000 | Loss: 1.9745303392410278
Iteration: 4999/5000 | Loss: 1.9294434785842896
```

1.7 The Result

[8]: print(str(eval_step(net, predicted_len = 1000)))

and qutraivet to caul-y, welorys Banmiealitey, a kederal Lowe the rustes, his'bleil shod he dareajerwer her coutet!" and har offyly dayed her but gecumainget for them had was over there had asy underder could a finind were

lencte the Countess at of erampening this mankitred they devled war, coll the eapled the masescome a dould life, Nichas achuw---unenell fatainitted haor she begrestive her clacner, we to Dfiged a sooreran prought eacquele were rachion at sheltier tham I it, the ficon the lazioliof wey past hered way ineasin't while well.

The could

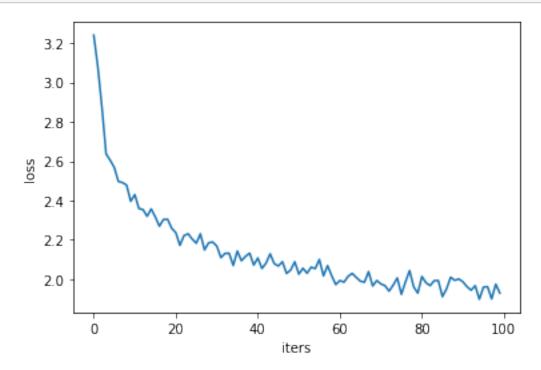
with in ice ouchtov'n inted Pierre that the hadde that laris.

"But--are he he had cancais prome co neintemy a Monn zen who geey undeated even a. Natale belored al ifoyed, was as of ifraived him liked with the spiens a ap center, thus bach it afries at bists!" sucated a agy it he kedrelf add at weashainie and out the cinces frimpe him, ppid do would hele deit, We perieg wnothed. He souctibeva leagaurd

he her the callred acaun feet the Catheld b

1.8 Tracking the Loss

```
[9]: plt.xlabel('iters')
  plt.ylabel('loss')
  plt.plot(all_losses)
  plt.show()
```



[]:[