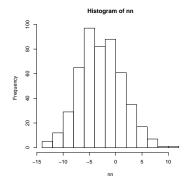
31.7.2013

Name: ID Number: Points: Exam831

- 1 [5] Which of the following is a measure of central tendency?
 - (a) mean
 - (b) range
 - (c) variance
 - (d) standard deviation
 - (e) coefficient of correlation
 - (f) mode
 - (g) median
 - (h) frequency
- 2 [15] A genetically modified mouse does not survive the first month of life with probability 0.40.
 - (a) We planned an experiment that included 10 mice. What is the probability that after a month not more than a mouse will survive?
 - (b) What is the expected number of mice still alive after the first month?
- 3 [15] Data for variable nn are represented graphically.



- (a) Is standard deviation 1, 2 or 4?
- (b) Is mean -3, 0 or 3?
- 4 [15] What is the probability of obtaining exactly 1 tails if we toss a fair coin 2 times?

Good luck!

31.7.2013

Points:

Exam152

ID Number:

1 [5] Which of the following is a measure of central tendency?
(a) median
(b) variance
(c) mode
(d) coefficient of correlation
(e) frequency
(f) range
(g) standard deviation
(h) mean
2 [15] A genetically modified mouse does not survive the first month of life with probability 0.40.
(a) We planned an experiment that included 10 mice. What is the probability that after a month not more than a mouse will survive?
(b) What is the expected number of mice still alive after the first month?
3 [5] The median value of the following data 33, 3, 7, 15, 107, 1, 41 is
(a) 29.6
(b) cannot be calculated

(a) 3.75

(c) 15(d) 16

Name:

- (b) 4.75
- (c) does not exist

4 [10] Calculate the mean of the following data: 3,-1,7,6

- (d) 4.5
- 5 [15] What is the probability of obtaining exactly 1 tails if we toss a fair coin 10 times?

Good luck!

31.7.2013

Name: ID Number: Points: Exam831

1 [5] Which of the following is a measure of central tendency?

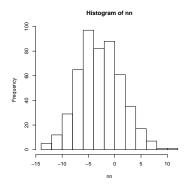
- (a) mean **T**
- (b) range **F**
- (c) variance **F**
- (d) standard deviation \mathbf{F}
- (e) coefficient of correlation **F**
- (f) mode T
- (g) median T
- (h) frequency \mathbf{F}

2 [15] A genetically modified mouse does not survive the first month of life with probability 0.40.

(a) We planned an experiment that included 10 mice. What is the probability that after a month not more than a mouse will survive? X = 1 survive, $P(X = 1) = p = .6, Y = sum(X), P(Y <= 1) = P(Y = 0) + P(Y = 1) = (1 - p)^1 + 10 * p(1 - p)^9 -> P(Y <= 1) = 0.0017$

(b) What is the expected number of mice still alive after the first month? E(X) = pn - E(X) = 6

3 [15] Data for variable nn are represented graphically.



(a) Is standard deviation 1, 2 or 4? 4

(b) Is mean -3, 0 or 3? -3

4 [15] What is the probability of obtaining exactly 1 tails if we toss a fair coin 2 times?

Number of trials: n=2, Number of successes=k=1, probability of success: p=0.5. Using binomial distribution: P(X = k|n, p) = 0.75.

31.7.2013

Name: ID Number:	Points:	Exam152
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- 1 [5] Which of the following is a measure of central tendency?
 - (a) median T
 - (b) variance **F**
 - (c) mode T
 - (d) coefficient of correlation \mathbf{F}
 - (e) frequency **F**
 - (f) range **F**
 - (g) standard deviation \mathbf{F}
 - (h) mean T
- 2 [15] A genetically modified mouse does not survive the first month of life with probability 0.40.
 - (a) We planned an experiment that included 10 mice. What is the probability that after a month not more than a mouse will survive? X = 1 survive, $P(X = 1) = p = .6, Y = sum(X), P(Y <= 1) = P(Y = 0) + P(Y = 1) = (1 p)^10 + 10 * p(1 p)^9$ -> P(Y <= 1) = 0.0017
 - (b) What is the expected number of mice still alive after the first month? E(X) = pn E(X) = 6
- 3 [5] The median value of the following data 33, 3, 7, 15, 107, 1, 41 is
 - (a) 29.6 **F**
 - (b) cannot be calculated \mathbf{F}
 - (c) 15 **T**
 - (d) 16 **F**
- 4 [10] Calculate the mean of the following data: 3,-1,7,6
 - (a) $3.75 \ \mathbf{T}$
 - (b) 4.75 **F**
 - (c) does not exist \mathbf{F}
 - (d) 4.5 **F**
- 5 [15] What is the probability of obtaining exactly 1 tails if we toss a fair coin 10 times?

Number of trials: n=10, Number of successes=k=1, probability of success: p=0.5. Using binomial distribution: P(X = k|n, p) = 0.0107.