

Anomalous couplings in the $t\bar{t}+Z$ final state at the HL-LHC

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1 Introduction

Many beyond the Standard Model (BSM) predictions include anomalous couplings of the top quark to the electroweak gauge bosons [1–7]. While we restrict this study to the $t\bar{t}Z$ channel and the CMS Phase-2 detector with a luminosity scenario of 3 ab^{-1} , we go beyond earlier work [8] and study the sensitivity of the $t\bar{t}Z$ process using differential cross section data. We interpret the result in terms of the SM effective field theory [9] and set limits on the relevant Wilson coefficients of the Warsaw basis [10] C_{tZ} , $C_{tZ}^{[Im]}$, $C_{\phi t}$ and $C_{\phi Q}$ [11, 12].

2 Event simulation

We generate events at the parton level at LO using **MADGRAPH5aMC@NLO** v2.3.3 [13], and decay them using **MadSpin** [14, 15]. Parton showering and hadronization are done using **PYTHIA** 8.2 [16, 17]. Fast detector simulation was performed using **Delphes** [18], with the CMS reconstruction efficiency parametrization for the Phase-2 upgrade. The mean number of interactions per bunch crossing (pileup, PU) is varied from 0 to 200. Jets are reconstructed with the FastJet package [19] and using the anti- k_T algorithm [20] with a cone size $R = 0.4$. Besides the signals, we also generate the main backgrounds in the leptonic final states in order to achieve a realistic background prediction. The WZ , tZq , tWZ , $t\bar{t}\gamma$ and $t\bar{t}Z$ processes are normalized to cross sections calculated up to next-to-leading order (NLO) in perturbative QCD.

3 Event selection

From results on the inclusive $t\bar{t}Z$ cross section from ATLAS [21, 22] and CMS [23–26] it follows that the three lepton channel, where the Z and one of the W bosons originating from a top quark decay leptonically is the most sensitive search channel. We thus require three reconstructed leptons (e or μ) with $p_T(l)$ thresholds of 10, 20, and 40 GeV, respectively, and $|\eta(l)| < 3.0$. We furthermore require that there is among them a pair of opposite-sign same-flavor leptons consistent with the Z boson by requiring $|m(l\bar{l}) - m_Z| < 10\text{ GeV}$. We remove reconstructed leptons within a cone of $\Delta R < 0.3$ to any reconstructed jet satisfying $p_T(j) > 30\text{ GeV}$. Furthermore, at least 3 jets are required with $p_T(j) > 30\text{ GeV}$ and $|\eta(j)| < 4.0$, where one of the jets has been identified as a b-tag jet according to the **Delphes** specification.

We consider the distributions of the observables above in equally sized bins of the transverse Z boson momenta $p_T(Z)$ [27] and $\cos\theta_Z^*$, the relative angle of the negatively charged lepton to the Z boson direction of flight in the rest frame of the boson. The differential cross sections for the SM (black) and BSM (colored lines) interpretations in $t\bar{t}Z$ with respect to $p_T(Z)$ and $\cos\theta_Z^*$ are shown in Fig. 1

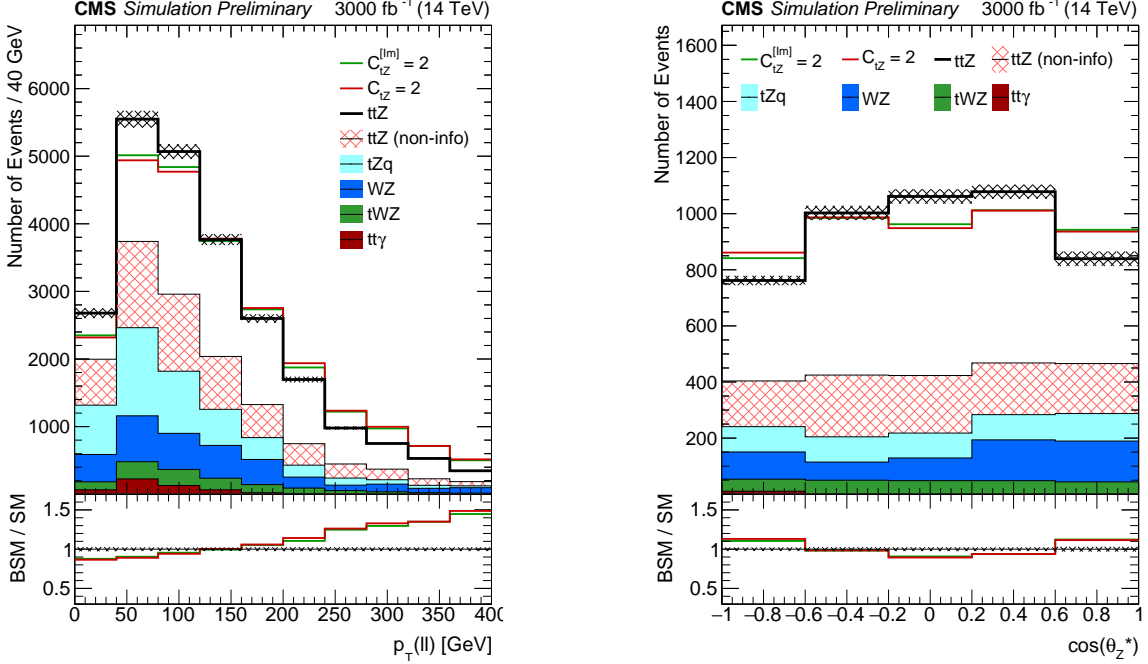


Figure 1: Differential cross sections of $p_T(Z)$ (left) and $\cos \theta_Z^*$ (right) for the in the text mentioned selection and the Phase-2 scenario. For $\cos \theta_Z^*$, additionally $p_T(Z) > 200$ GeV is applied.

for $C_{tZ} = 2 (\Lambda/\text{TeV})^2$ and $C_{tZ}^{[\text{Im}]} = 2 (\Lambda/\text{TeV})^2$. We normalize the BSM distributions to the SM yield in the plots to visualize the discriminating features of the parameters. The part of the signal which does not contain information on the Wilson coefficients is shown hatched, backgrounds are shown in solid colors.

4 Results

The predicted yields are estimated for the 3 ab^{-1} HL-LHC scenario at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV and scaled to 14 TeV, where an additional small background from non-prompt leptons is taken from Ref. [26] and scaled to 3 ab^{-1} . We perform a profiled maximum likelihood fit of the binned likelihood function $L(\theta)$ and consider $q(r) = -2 \log(L(\hat{\theta})/L(\hat{\theta}_{\text{SM}}))$, where $\hat{\theta}$ and $\hat{\theta}_{\text{SM}}$ are the set of nuisance parameters maximizing $L(\theta)$ at the BSM and SM point, respectively. Experimental uncertainties are estimated based on the expected performance of the Phase-2 CMS detector. In Fig. 2, the log-likelihood scan for the $t\bar{t}Z$ process is shown in the $C_{\phi Q}/C_{\phi t}$ parameter plane (left) and the dipole moment parameter plane $C_{tZ}/C_{tZ}^{[\text{Im}]}$ (right). The green (red) lines show the 1σ (2σ) contour line and the SM parameter point corresponds to $C_{\phi t} = C_{\phi Q} = 0$ and $C_{tZ} = C_{tZ}^{[\text{Im}]} = 0$. In Tab. 1, the 68% and 95% CL intervals of the likelihood scans are summarized, where the second Wilson coefficient of the parameter plane is included in the profiling of nuisance parameters. In Tab. 2, the 68% and 95% CL intervals of the 1D likelihood scan is shown, where only one Wilson coefficient at a time is considered non-zero.

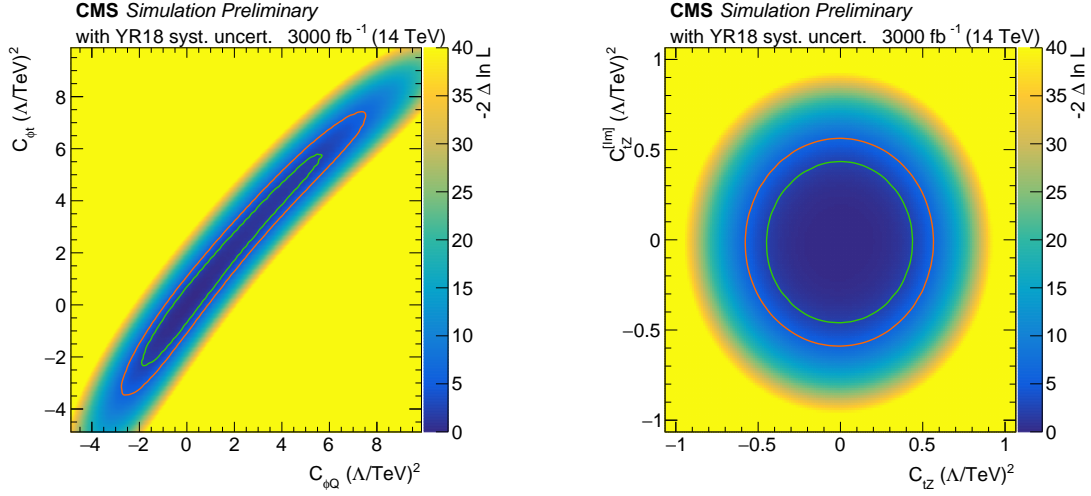


Figure 2: Scan of the negative log-likelihood in the $C_{\phi Q}/C_{\phi t}$ (left) and $C_{tZ}/C_{tZ}^{[Im]}$ parameter planes (right) for the $t\bar{t}Z$ process. The $\pm 1\sigma$ ($\pm 2\sigma$) contour lines are given in green (red).

Table 1: Expected 68 % and 95 % CL intervals for the selected Wilson coefficients in a profiled scan.

Wilson coefficient	68 % CL $(\Lambda/\text{TeV})^2$	95 % CL $(\Lambda/\text{TeV})^2$
$C_{\phi t}$	[-1.66, 3.41]	[-2.94, 6.82]
$C_{\phi Q}$	[-1.35, 2.97]	[-2.37, 6.76]
C_{tZ}	[-0.37, 0.35]	[-0.53, 0.51]
$C_{tZ}^{[Im]}$	[-0.38, 0.35]	[-0.54, 0.50]

Table 2: Expected 68 % and 95 % CL intervals, where one Wilson coefficient at a time is considered non-zero.

Wilson coefficient	68 % CL $(\Lambda/\text{TeV})^2$	95 % CL $(\Lambda/\text{TeV})^2$
$C_{\phi t}$	[-0.67, 0.67]	[-1.24, 1.24]
$C_{\phi Q}$	[-0.56, 0.55]	[-1.05, 1.02]
C_{tZ}	[-0.37, 0.35]	[-0.53, 0.51]
$C_{tZ}^{[Im]}$	[-0.38, 0.35]	[-0.54, 0.50]

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