

Contents

0.1	Project Outline	1
0.1.1	Project Phases	1
0.1.2	Methods	2
1	Bibliography	4

0.1 Project Outline

0.1.1 Project Phases

Phase 1: Problem Analysis

- **Exploratory Phase:** *The purpose of this phase is to gain a broad knowledge regarding mechanical ventilation, and the way it affects the physiology of the respiratory system*
- **Structured Phase:** *In this phase, structured literature searches and possible interviews will be employed, in order to understand the clinical aspects of the problem*
- **Defining The Problem:** *The result of this phase will be a problem statement*

Phase 2: User Requirements

- **User requirements:** *Based on the problem analysis, a set of clinically relevant user requirements will be derived*

Phase 3: Modeling

- **Data Source:** *How was the data collected, which patient demographics, inclusion/exclusion criteria, study type and other relevant aspects.*
- **Empirical vs. Knowledge Based:** *This phase uncovers the pros and cons of the two modelling approaches in relation to the uncovered problem, in order to make an informed choice of modelling approach. Since this is a data driven project, empirical methods are assumed to be applied at the date of this writing.*
- **IF KNOWLEDGE BASED APPROACH:** *Describe the physiological variables and concepts of interests, and how they relate to a clinical setting*
- **IF EMPIRICAL APPROACH:** *Describe the empirical approach employed, how the applied statistical and mathematical tools relate to clinically relevant physiology, and how this modelling could be applied in a real-world setting*
- **Relate models to DSS** *From the provided knowledge of previous DSS, relate how the models fit into the rest of the system.*

- **Assumptions:** *Describe the assumptions necessary for the model to be implemented. E.g. which measurements would clinicians provide, which are provided as output from other models etc.*

Phase 4: System requirements

- **Functional- and nonfunctional- requirements**
- **Requirement specification** *A requirements specification (RS) document will be created, containing every user-, functional- and nonfunctional- requirement.*

Phase 5: Iterative Implementation

- **Implementation:** *The proposed model will be implemented in the newest stable Python release*
- **Unit Testing:** *Every functional unit of the implemented model will be tested against system requirements.*
- **System Testing:** *The fully implemented system will be tested against system requirements.*

Phase 6: User requirement testing and results

- **User requirement testing:** *The implemented model will be tested against the user requirements. Depending on choice of approach (empirical or knowledge based), this will require a set of test scenarios based on clinical relevance, as well as testing the models performance on collected data.*

0.1.2 Methods

- **Structured Literature Search:** *The structured literature search will primarily be based on the PubMed database, and provide insights into current state of the art (SOTA) within physiological modelling of P_{ESO}*
- **Modelling approaches:**
- **IF EMPIRICAL APPROACH**
 - *Exponential Profiles, Power-Law profiles and ANALYSIS.*
- **IF KNOWLEDGE BASED APPROACH**
 - *Compartmental Modelling, Finite Element models (not likely but possible).*

- **Semi-Structured interview:** *In addition to the Structured literature search, a semi-structured interview with an ICU clinician or someone of similar expertise may provide valuable insights*
- **V-Model:** *The V-Model will be used a process support model. The benefits of it is that it provides project coherency (clear steps with a clear beginning and end), it ensures appropriate testing for every requirement, and every step is encapsulated with a clear input-and-output.*

1 | Bibliography