Simon Llewellyn

1. Yes. I have used SVN 2. Yes. Bash 3. git-add: adds the modified version of a file to the change history in the repo 4. git-commit: updates the local repo with the new version of a file 5. git-push: updates the repo with the current version of a file. 6. There are 2 people on my time, one of which is me. There are 3 (soon to be 4) versions of our repository 2 local (1 on each machine. This will soon be 3 as I will be adding one for my desktop) 1 remote 7. 3 commits 8. I did 9. Change the README file. Adding the "First change" to the end of the file. 10. 2 People, 3 branches 11. 0 on master, 1 on each branch 12. Creates a variant of another branch (master by default) that is a fork of the parent. Any changes made to the branch are not added to the parent branch. 13. Fetches a repo or branch 14. 2 People (1 is me) And 3 versions of the README 15. 2 People on a team. 2 merges. 1 fastforward, 1 manual 16. 3 branches 17. No, we are not at the same point as master, we are both 1 tick behind.