# Optimal Control and Optimization in Robotics

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#### Introduction

My internship is co-supervised by Justin Carpentier (Willow, Inria Paris) and Nicolas Mansard (Gepetto, LAAS/CNRS) in the Willow research group at INRIA Paris in France.



Figure 1: Justin Carpentier



Figure 2: Nicolas Mansard

# Hosting institution



L'Institut national de recherche en informatique et en automatique (Inria) est un établissement public à caractère scientifique et technologique français spécialisé en mathématiques et informatique, placé sous la double tutelle du ministère de l'Enseignement supérieur, de la Recherche et de l'Innovation et du ministère de l'Économie et des Finances créé le 3 janvier 1967 dans le cadre du « plan calcul ».

#### Research teams

#### WILLOW





WILLOW is based in the Laboratoire d'Informatique de l'École Normale Superiéure (CNRS/ENS/INRIA UMR 8548) and is a joint research team between INRIA Rocquencourt, École Normale Supérieure de Paris and Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique.

Their research is concerned with representational issues in visual object recognition and scene understanding.

### Motivations and Problems in a general context

I want my robot to move one thing somewhere and pass some point at some moment with a lowest cost.

Optimization: lowest cost

Control: from some point to another point

and Constraints

#### **Outline**

# Optimal Control Problem

Goal 1: Controllability

Goal 2: Optimal Control

Transformation of the problem

Adding penalty

Discretization

Differential Dynamic Programming

Dynamic Programming

Linear Quadratic Regulator (LQR)

Backward and Forward pass

Roll-out

**Optimal Control Problem** 

# **Optimal Control Problem**

### Goal 1: Controllability

find 
$$u$$
  
subject to  $x(0) = x_0, x(T) = p,$   $\dot{x}(t) = f(x(t), u(t)).$  (1)

#### Goal 2: Optimal Control

minimize 
$$\int_{0}^{T} I(x(t), u(t)) dt$$
subject to 
$$x(0) = x_{0}, x(T) = p,$$

$$\dot{x}(t) = f(x(t), u(t)).$$
(2)

# Transformation of the problem

Adding penalty to the terminal lost:

minimize 
$$\int_{[0,T[} I(x(t), u(t))dt + I_T(x(T))$$
subject to 
$$x(0) = x_0,$$

$$\dot{x}(t) = f(x(t), u(t)).$$
(3)

Discretization of functions and variables:

$$\underset{x \in \ell_{N+1}^{\infty}, u \in \ell_{N}^{\infty}}{\text{minimize}} \quad J(x, u) = \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} L(x_{i}, u_{i}) + L_{T}(x_{N})$$
subject to 
$$x(0) = x_{0},$$

$$x_{i+1} = F(x_{i}, u_{i}) \ \forall i \in [0..N-1]$$

Differential Dynamic

**Programming** 

# **Dynamic Programming**

Optimize one by one:

$$\min_{U} J(U) = \min_{u_0} \min_{u_1} \dots \min_{u_{N-1}} J(U)$$
 (5)

Definitions of Value Function and Q-functions:

$$V_{i}(x_{i}) = \min_{u_{i}} L(x_{i}, u_{i}) + V_{i+1}(x_{i+1})$$

$$V_{N}(x_{N}) = L_{T}(x_{N})$$
(6)

$$Q_{i}(x_{i}, u_{i}) = L(x_{i}, u_{i}) + V_{i+1}(x_{i+1})$$

$$= L(x_{i}, u_{i}) + V_{i+1}(f(x_{i}, u_{i}))$$

$$= L(x_{i}, u_{i}) + \min_{u_{i+1}} Q_{i+1}(f(x_{i}, u_{i}), u_{i+1}), i \leq N - 2$$

$$(7)$$

$$V_i(x_i) = \min_{u_i} Q_i(x_i, u_i)$$
 (8)

# Linear Quadratic Regulator (LQR)

The LQR is an algorithm that solves the problem 4 *in one iteration* in case  $L, L_T$  are quadratic and F is linear.

Two phases in the algorithm:

- Backward and Forward pass:
   Compute V<sub>x</sub>, V<sub>xx</sub> and Q<sub>u</sub>, Q<sub>uu</sub>, Q<sub>ux</sub> alternately
- Roll-out: Compute  $\delta_u^*$  by  $V_x, V_{xx}$  and  $Q_u, Q_{uu}, Q_{ux}$

# Backward and Forward pass

**Backward** pass: from the partial derivatives of  $V_{i+1}$  back to the partial derivatives of  $Q_i$ 

$$Q_{u} = L_{u} + \underline{V}'_{x} F_{u}^{1}$$

$$Q_{uu} = L_{uu} + \underline{V}'_{x} \cdot F_{uu} + F_{u}^{T} \underline{V}'_{xx} F_{u}$$

$$Q_{ux} = L_{ux} + \underline{V}'_{x} \cdot F_{ux} + F_{u}^{T} \underline{V}'_{xx} F_{x}$$

$$(9)$$

**Forward** pass: from the partial derivatives of  $Q_i$  back to the partial derivatives of  $V_i$ 

$$V_{x} = Q_{x} - Q_{u}Q_{uu}^{-1}Q_{ux} = Q_{x} + Q_{u}K$$

$$V_{xx} = Q_{xx} - Q_{xu}Q_{uu}^{-1}Q_{ux} = Q_{xx} + Q_{xu}K$$
(10)

 $<sup>{}^{1}</sup>$  " Q, V' " mean "  $Q_i, V_{i+1}$  ".

#### Roll-out

Roll-out: determine the new trajectory x, u by computing the best control change  $\delta_u$ .

$$\delta_{u}^{*}(i) := \arg\min_{\delta_{u}(i)} Q_{i}(x_{i} + \delta_{x}(i), u_{i} + \delta_{u}(i)) 
\delta_{u}^{*} = -Q_{uu}^{-1}(Q_{u} + Q_{ux}\delta_{x}) \quad \forall i \in [0..N - 1] 
u^{*} := u + \delta_{u}^{*}, 
x_{0}^{*} = x_{0}, 
x_{i+1}^{*} = F(x_{i}^{*}, u_{i}^{*}) \quad \forall i \in [0..N - 1]$$
(11)