

Introductory Databases

Exercise 2: A Database Application for the Christmas Parties

Deadline	<p>You must have <i>submitted your code to Canvas</i> for this exercise by 3rd December, 12:00. After this date a penalty of 5 marks per day (or part of a day) will apply - except in cases where we have <i>explicit</i> permission to grant an extension from the welfare team. Students with extensions granted should also notify the course lecturer by email.</p> <p>Vivas will take place in the ground floor lab. In the last week of term (w/c 10th December). Vivas will be scheduled by a timetable, which will be published on the module web page. The viva must demonstrate your code working on the lab. machines and using the school DB server</p>
Marking scheme	<p>This exercise is worth 10% of your total mark for Introductory Databases</p> <p>Your mark will be determined by the amount of the exercise you have completed <i>and</i> the quality of your solution.</p>
Marking format	<p>Marks will be awarded by viva and may be altered by supplementary tests, including plagiarism detection, which we perform on your electronic submission. You should also fill out a viva form <i>before</i> your viva so as not to delay the demonstration. The code that you demonstrate in your viva <i>must</i> be the code that you submitted electronically.</p>
Printable sheets	<p>Viva form is available on the module Canvas page.</p>

Introduction

For this exercise you will set up and manipulate a simple data base to record and manipulate information for the Christmas Party Company. The data base is a simplified system which does not capture all of the intricacies that would be necessary in a real system.

The exercise has three parts:

1. Completing the design of the database
2. Setting up and populating the data base
3. Creating an interface to the DB using Java's JDBC package. You will use this interface to create a database management program with a number of different functions.

Part 1: Data Definition (20%)

The Christmas Party Company runs bespoke Christmas parties. Each party has an **individual price** that is charged (this is set when the company quotes for the party). A party is made up of a **venue, a menu and entertainment**. It also has the **number of guests, an individual name and the date and time** when it takes place. Each venue has a name recorded and a hire cost. Every menu has a name, a brief description and a

cost price (the cost to produce per person). Every entertainment has a brief description and a cost price.

An outline of the database design is:

- Party (pid, name, mid, vid, eid, price, timing, numberofguests)
- Venue(vid, name, venuecost)
- Menu(mid, description, costprice)
- Entertainment(eid, description, costprice)

The aim is to set up this database with some test data and to generate some example reports.

Part 1.1 (20%)

Write down the full definition of the database include domains for the attributes and any constraints that you identify. Do this as a set of SQL DDL statements.

Part 2: Creating and populating the Data Base (30%)

This part involves writing a Java program to set up and populate the database. You should do this using a separate java program which will set up a clean database for use during development and testing.

Part 2.1 (10%)

For the data base in part 1 you should set up the data base tables. Make sure that you include all the appropriate constraints. You'll have to show the code that does this in the viva

Part 2.2 (20%)

Populate the data base with a set of test data that is, at least, adequate to test and demonstrate the functionality in part 3.

As a guideline, you should have:

1. At least 1000 Parties
2. At least 100 Venues
3. At least 100 Menus
4. At least 100 Entertainments
5. Sufficient realistic data to demonstrate the later part of the exercise. For instance, you should have at least 10 sensible entries for each category.

Note: You can do this by:

1. Explicitly creating a small amount of this data
2. Using loops to create the rest as synthetic data eg. Generating Menus with the text "Menu<n>" and a randomly generated costprice.

Show your data set to the demonstrator in the viva and be prepared to justify its adequacy.

Part 3: An interface using JDBC (50%)

The Christmas Party Company wants to test the database by generating example reports and being able to insert new data and check that the data base integrity is preserved.

Note:

1. This exercise is *not* about the UI. You can produce a sophisticated interface but it is also perfectly okay to have a very simple text based interface with no error checking (infact, see point 2 below)
2. You need to be able to show that your underlying database and java code will detect and correctly handle errors (e.g. selecting a mid that is not in the database). So, bear this in mind when you design the UI.

Part 3.1 (20%)

Produce a report for a Party. Select the Party by inputting the Party's id. Your report should list:

- The party id and name
- The venue name
- The menu description
- The description of the entertainment
- The number of guests
- The price charged
- The total cost price (e.g. venue, entertainment, menu*number of guests)
- The net profit

Part 3.2 (20%)

Produce a report for a menu item. You should read the menu's id and use that to select the data. You should show:

- The menu's id and description
- The menu's cost price
- The number of times the menu was used – the number of parties and the total number of guests

Part 3.3 (10%)

Insert a new party into the data base.

You should read and insert:

- The pid,
- The party's name,
- The mid,
- The vid,
- The eid,
- The quoted price
- The date and time
- And number of guests

It's important that you can demonstrate that if any constraints **SHOULD** be violated then these are detected **BY THE DATABASE** and handled by your Java code – so don't restrict the input to legal values!

Marking scheme

The mark scheme is documented on the viva form. You should download, print out and fill in the form prior to asking a demonstrator to give you your viva.