

Output:

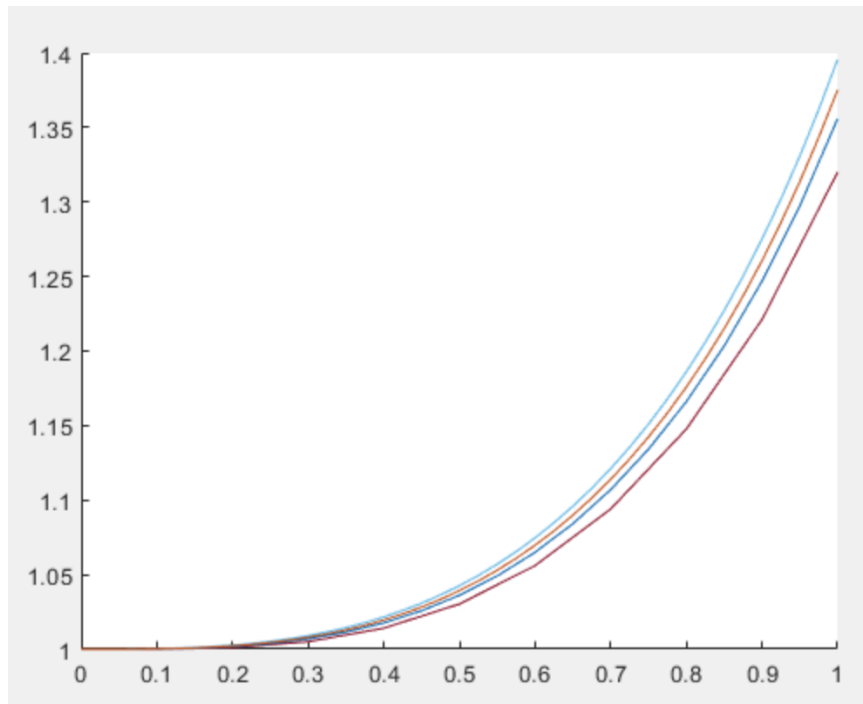
Section 6.1 Computer Problems:

Problem 1b:

Table of Euler's Method with step size $h = 0.1$ on $[0, 1]$ for the IVP $y' = t^2 * y$, $y(0) = 1$

ti	wi	Error
0	1	0
0.1	1	0.0003
0.2	1.001	0.0017
0.3	1.005	0.004
0.4	1.014	0.0075
0.5	1.0303	0.0123
0.6	1.056	0.0186
0.7	1.094	0.0271
0.8	1.1477	0.0384
0.9	1.2211	0.054
1	1.32	0.0756

Problem 2b:



The **turquoise** line represents the exact solution for the IVP $y' = t^2 * y$, $y(0) = 1$ on $[0, 1]$.
The **orange** line represents an Euler's Method approximation of the IVP with step size $h = 0.025$.
The **blue** line represents an Euler's Method approximation of the IVP with step size $h = 0.05$.
The **red** line represents an Euler's Method approximation of the IVP with step size $h = 0.1$.

Section 6.2 Computer Problems:

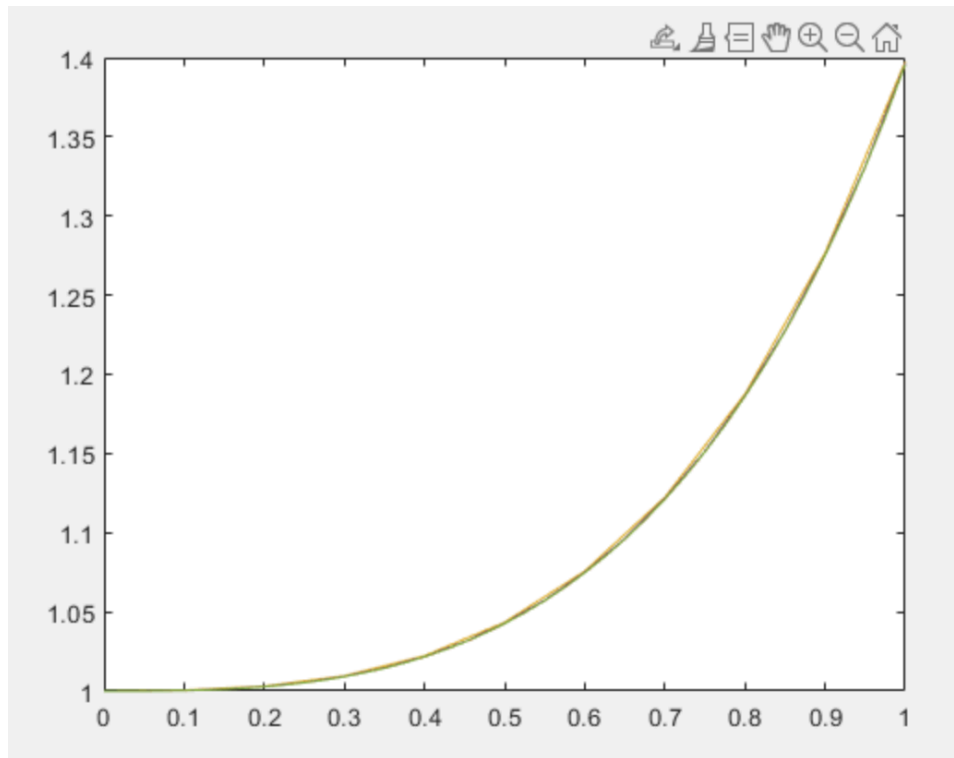
Problem 1b:

Table of Explicit Trapezoid Method with step size $h = 0.1$ on $[0, 1]$ for the IVP $y' = t^2 * y$, $y(0) = 1$

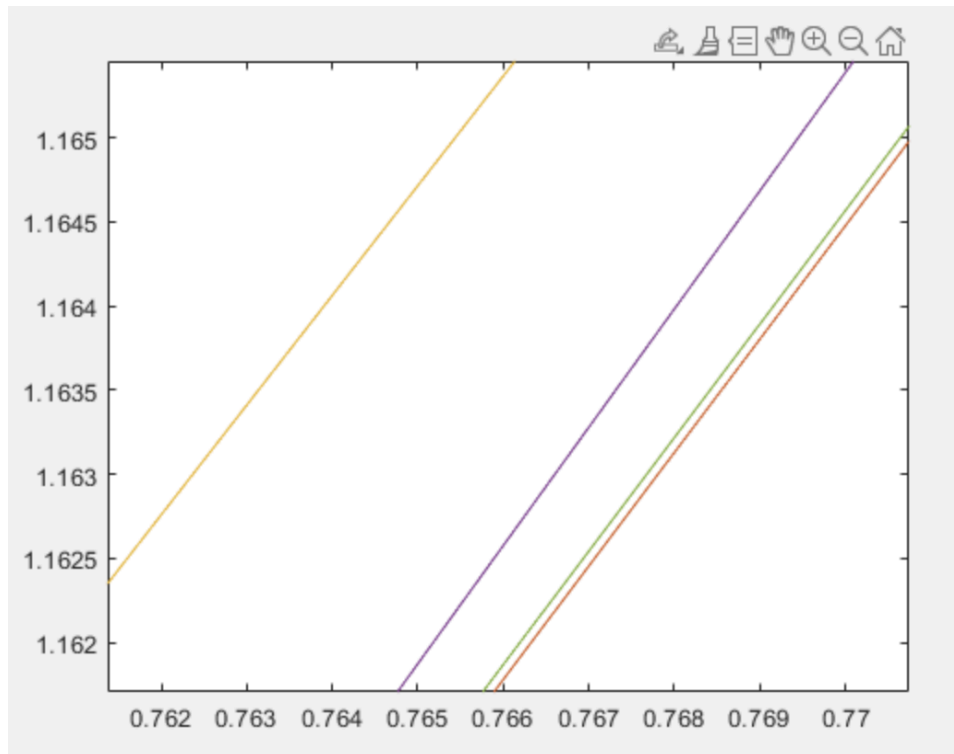
t_i	w_i	Global Truncation Error
0	1	0
0.1	1.0005	0.0002
0.2	1.003	0.0003
0.3	1.0095	0.0005
0.4	1.0222	0.0007
0.5	1.0434	0.0008
0.6	1.0757	0.001
0.7	1.1224	0.0012
0.8	1.1875	0.0014

0.9	1.2767	0.0016
1	1.3974	0.0018

Problem 2b:



Zoomed in to better see the exact and approximate solutions:



The orange line represents the exact solution for the IVP $y' = t^2 * y$, $y(0) = 1$ on $[0, 1]$.

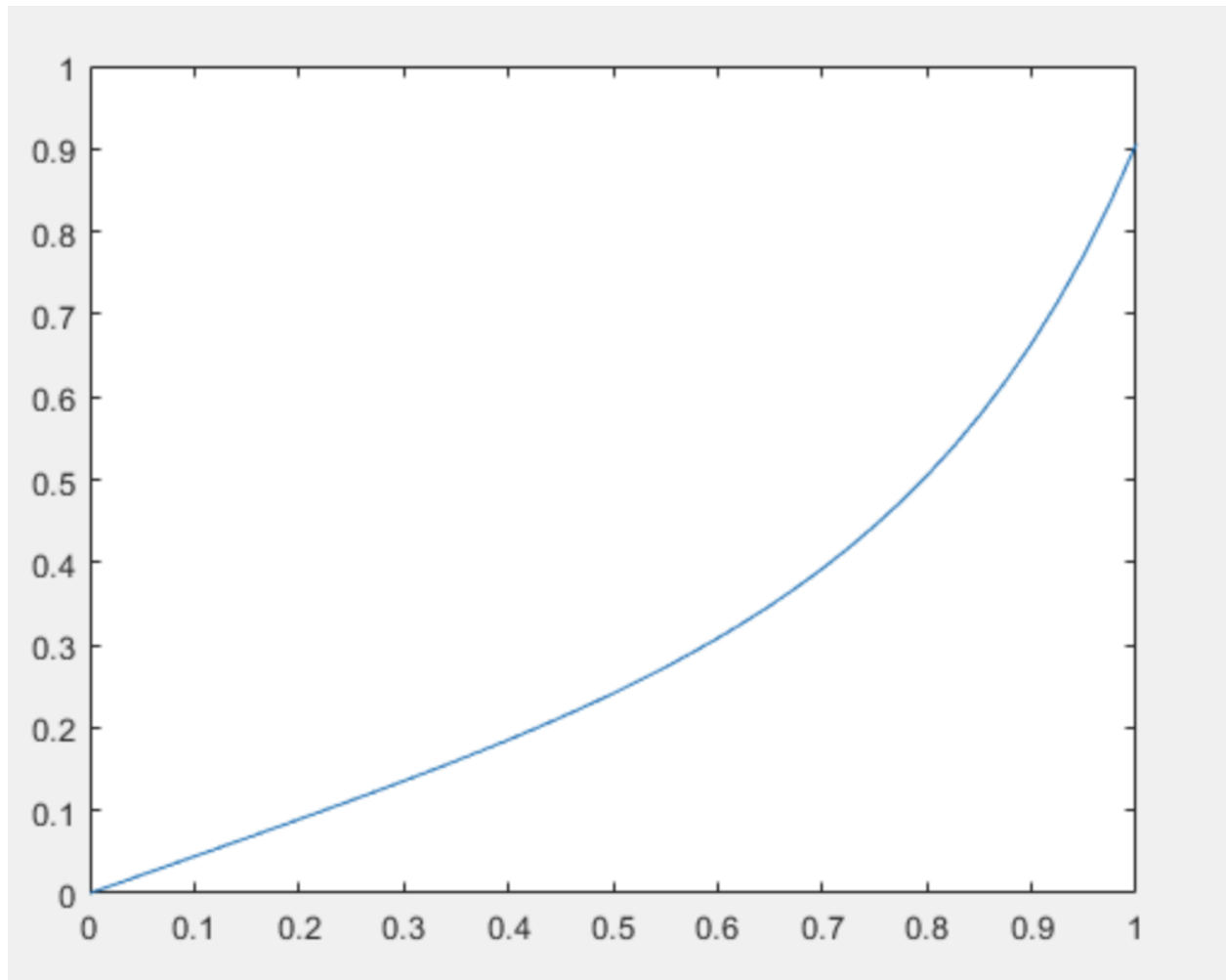
The green line represents an Explicit Trapezoid Method approximation of the IVP with step size $h = 0.025$.

The purple line represents an Explicit Trapezoid Method approximation of the IVP with step size $h = 0.05$.

The yellow line represents an Explicit Trapezoid Method approximation of the IVP with step size $h = 0.1$.

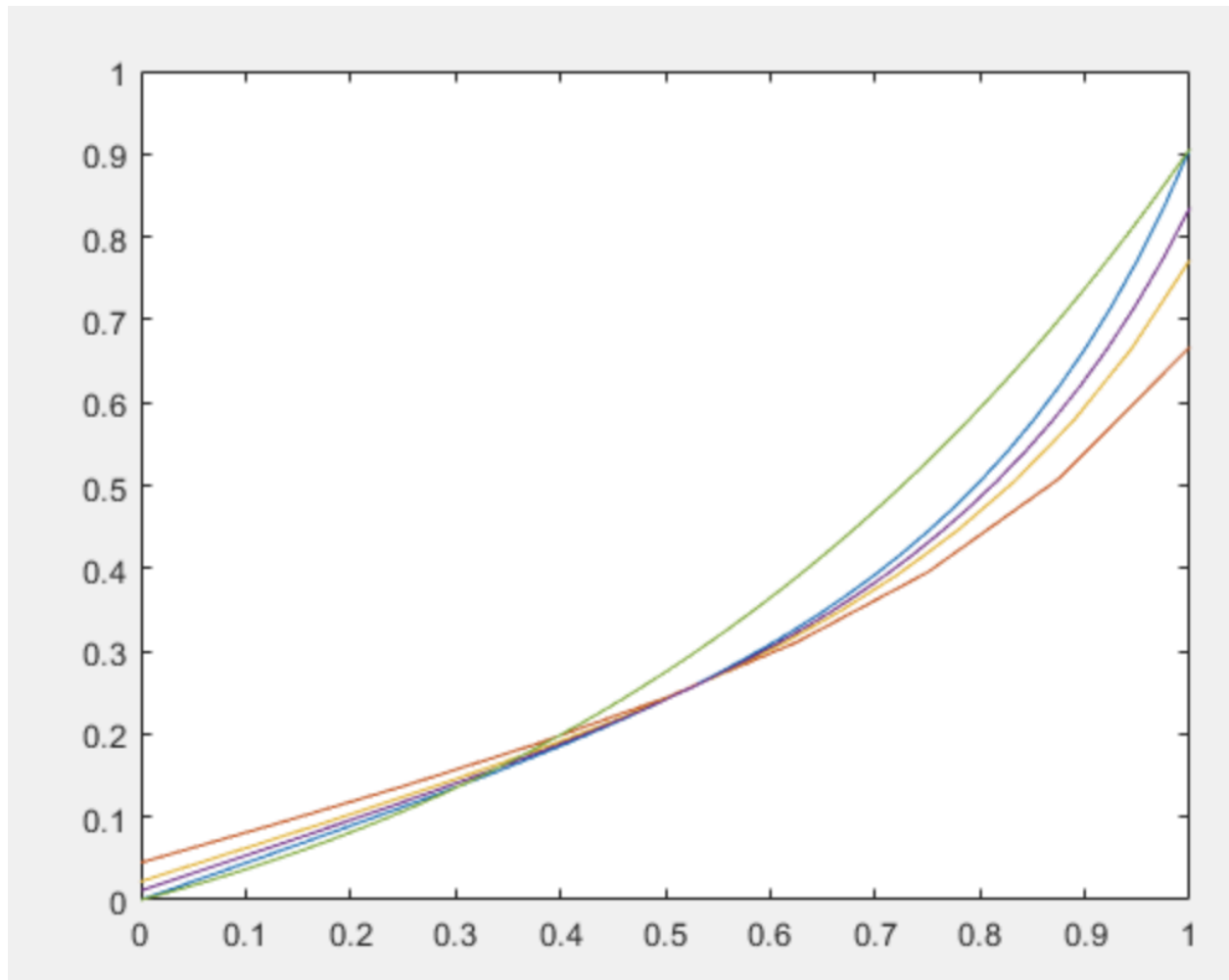
Section 7.1 Computer Problems:

Problem 1a:



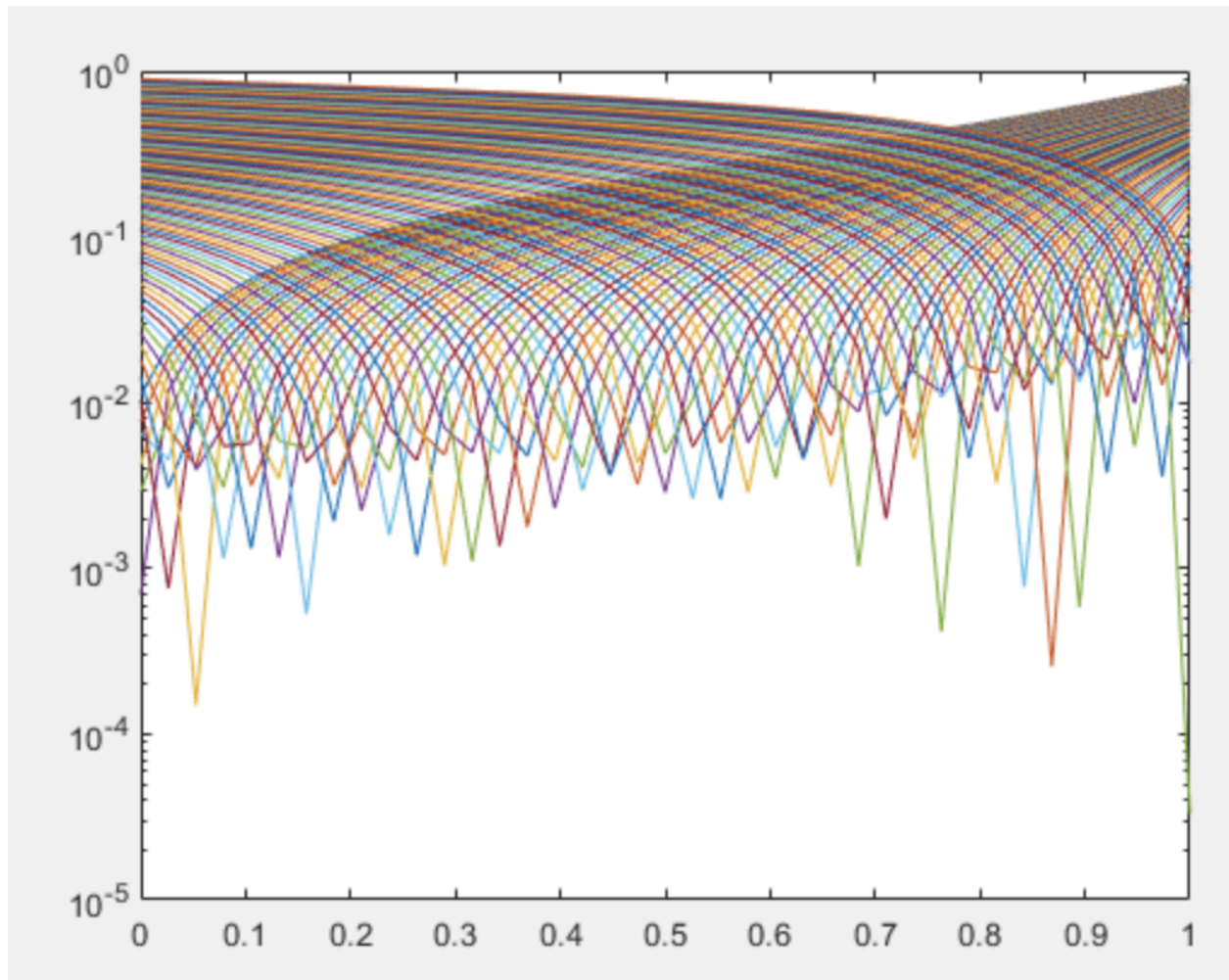
Section 7.2 Computer Problems:

Problem 1a:



The green line represents the exact solution for the BVP $y'' = y + (2/3)e^t$, $y(0) = 0$, $y(1) = (1/3)e$.
The dark orange line represents a finite difference approximation of the BVP with $n = 9$ steps.
The yellow line represents a finite difference approximation of the BVP with $n = 19$ steps.
The purple line represents a finite difference approximation of the BVP with $n = 39$ steps.

Note: Ignore the blue line, I am dealing with a problem with MATLAB and/or Citrix that is showing an unrelated function.



Note: This graph is supposedly representing the errors as a function of t for the same BVP based on the three previously described finite difference method approximations.