

23 6. Wörtgabe o. Wortschatz Boston.

1. a. $(\sin x \cdot \cos x)' = (\sin x)'(\cos x) + \sin x(\cos x)' =$
 $= (\cos^2 x)^2 + (\sin x)^2$

b. $(\ln(2x+1)^3)' =$ $f = (2x+1)^3$
 $= \ln' f \cdot f' = \frac{1}{f} \cdot f' =$
 $= \frac{1}{(2x+1)^3} \cdot 3 \cdot (2x+1)^2 \cdot (2x+1)' = \frac{6}{2x+1}$

c. $\left(\sqrt{\sin^2(\ln(x^3))} \right)' = \left(f^{\frac{1}{2}} \right)' = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{f^{\frac{1}{2}}} \cdot f' =$ $\sin(\ln(x^3)) = g$
 $= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\sin^2(\ln(x^3))}} \cdot (g^2)' = \frac{1}{2f} \cdot 2g \cdot g' =$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{g}{f} \cdot (\sin h)' = \frac{g}{f} \cdot \cosh \cdot h' = \quad \ln(x^3) = h \\ &= \frac{g}{f} \cdot \cosh h \cdot \frac{1}{x^3} \cdot 2x^2 = 2 \frac{g \cdot \cosh h}{f \cdot x} = \\ &= 2 \frac{\sin(\ln(x^3)) \cdot \cos(\ln(x^3))}{\sin^2(\ln(x^3)) \cdot x} = 2x \cdot \operatorname{tg}(\ln(x^3)) \end{aligned}$$

d. $\left(\frac{x^4}{\ln(x)} \right)' = \frac{(x^4)' \cdot \ln(x) + x^4 \cdot \frac{1}{x}}{(\ln(x))^2} = \frac{4x^3 \cdot \ln(x) + x^3}{(\ln(x))^2} =$
 $= \frac{x^3 (4 \ln(x) + 1)}{\ln(x)^2}$

$$2. f(x) = \cos(x^2 + 3x), x_0 = \sqrt{\pi}$$

$$f'(x) = \sin(x^2 + 3x) \cdot (x^2 + 3x)' =$$

$$= \sin(x^2 + 3x) \cdot (2x + 3) = -\sin(3\sqrt{\pi})(2\sqrt{\pi} + 3)$$

$$4. f(x) = \sqrt{3x} \cdot \ln x, x_0 = 1$$

$$f'(x) = (\sqrt{3x})' \cdot \ln x + \sqrt{3x} \cdot \frac{1}{x} =$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{x}} \cdot \ln x + \frac{\sqrt{3x}}{x} = \sqrt{3}$$

$$f \circ \lambda = \sqrt{3} \Rightarrow \lambda = 60^\circ$$

$$3. f(x) = \frac{x^3 - x^2 - x - 1}{1 + 2x + 3x^2 + 4x^3}, x_0 = 0$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{f'h + f \cdot h'}{h^2} \text{ при } x=0, h=1, f=-1$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{оцкн гд статоцко в бн чеснть } f' - h' =$$

$$= (x^3 - x^2 - x - 1 - 1 \cdot 2x - 3x^2 + 4x^3) =$$

нровзбогие всех стечнен $x > 1$ в токре

$$x_0 \text{ пабл} \Rightarrow 0 =$$

$$= (-3x)' = -3$$