## TOEFL ITP 2022 - Grammar

1. All s	sailboats are equipped with a keel, or a similar device, which acts as a flat longitudinal
plane	the boat from moving sideways through the water.
A.	prevents
	the prevention that
C.	to prevent
D.	and preventing
2	where the American craft movement seems to have flourished most
vigoro	usly, partly through its association with the Prairie School of Architecture.
A.	Was the Midwest
B.	The Midwest as
C.	It was the Midwest
D.	The Midwest being
3. Mic	rowave radiation cooks food by penetrating the food by vibrating
	ules—mainly liquid molecules—within the food.
	than
	and
	so that
D.	as well
	abundance of mineral resources,, furnished the base for Pennsylvania's
	ful iron and steel industry.
	especially coal
	coal was especially
	that coal especially
D.	coal was especially that
	the House of Representatives, in which rules limit speaking time, the United
	Senate allows unlimited debate on a bill.
	As unlike
	Unlike
	Unlike is
D.	Whereas unlike
6. Whi	ile it is only theon Earth, carbon forms by far the greatest number of
differe	nt compounds.
Α.	fourteenth most common element
B.	
_	common most element fourteenth
D.	common most fourteenth element

7. Large-scale peace societies in the United States during the time of the Fir World War by women who wanted to prevent wars from occurring.
A. were formed
B. forming
C. to form
D. be formed
8. After a young penguin sheds the last of its fine down feathers and acquires its first adult
plumage, to fend for itself.
A. ready B. and ready
C. it is ready
D. when it is ready
8. Made of hard wood, the boomerang is roughly V-shaped, with arms skewed
A. of slightly
B. are slightly
C. slightly
D. that those are slightly
9. Most tangerine trees and their flowers and fruits resemble the orange,
although tangerines are generally smaller.  A. of those
B. which of those
C. those of
D. which are of
10. By using their trunks, elephants can tell the shape of an object and is
rough or smooth, or
hot or cold.
A. it
B. whether it C. how
D. since it
11. In 1974 the space probe Mariner 10 discovered Mercury's surface is
cratered by meteorite impacts.
A. that the planet
B. of the planet
C. the planet that
D. which planet is
12. The assembly line, carrying the work through a series of assembly
areas, was introduced in 1913.
A. is a conveyor belt     B. a conveyor belt is
C. a conveyor belt
D. which a conveyor belt

<ul> <li>13. The invention of sharpened flint blades by Paleolithic humans made the creation of the earliest art objects, which were small carved pieces of wood, ivory, and bone A. it possible</li> <li>B. that it was possible</li> <li>C. what possible</li> <li>D. possible</li> </ul>
14. The invention of sharpened flint blades by Paleolithic humans made the
creation of the earliest art objects, which were small carved pieces of wood, ivory, and bone
A. it possible
B. that it was possible
C. what possible
D. possi <mark>ble</mark>
<ul> <li>15. Not until the eighteenth century the complex chemistry of metallurgy.</li> <li>A. when scientists began to appreciate</li> <li>B. did scientists begin to appreciate</li> <li>C. scientists who were beginning to appreciate</li> <li>D. the appreciation of scientists began</li> </ul>
16. Swimming is one <u>type of activity who exercises</u> most of the joints, the places in the body <u>where two bones meet.</u>
17. Developmental psychology is the <u>study</u> of behavioral <u>changes</u> accompanying the <u>growth</u> and development of organisms throughout <u>theirs</u> life spans.
18. Cement is produced <u>commercially</u> by <u>to heat</u> a mixture of limestone and clay <u>in a</u> large, <u>slowly rotating</u> cylindrical furnace.
19. <u>Tooth</u> enamel is <u>the hardest</u> tissue of <u>the human</u> body <u>because the</u> very high concentration, about 96 percent, of mineral salts in it.
20. <u>In the 1833</u> , Oberlin Collegiate Institute, <u>later renamed</u> Oberlin College, <u>opened</u> as the <u>first</u> coeducational degree-granting college in the United States.
21. <u>It</u> was the <u>opening of the Illinois Waterway in 1933 that <u>allowed to modern barge traffic to pass between the Great Lakes and the Mississippi River.</u></u>

24. The thyroid, a <u>small</u>, butterfly-shaped gland, <u>is located nearly</u> the collarbone, at the base of the <u>throat</u>.

23. <u>Virtually</u> no disease exists today <u>for which</u> there is no drug that can be given, <u>neither</u> to

22. The wolf was once the most widely distributed kind of mammal on the world.

cure the disease or to alleviate its symptoms.

- 25. In colonial New England, enfranchised <u>citizens</u> met at town meetings <u>to choose</u> officials, determine <u>taxes</u>, and <u>discussion</u> affairs.
- 26. It may be argued that genetics, the <u>study</u> of heredity and variation, <u>underwent</u> the <u>most rapid</u> development of any <u>science biological</u> in the twentieth century.
- 27. Physician and the poet William Carlos Williams often expressed resentment at having to practice medicine to pay the way for his writing.
- 28. Lying <u>on the coast of the Pacific Ocean, British Columbia is Canada's westernmost province and its third largest</u> in both area <u>or population.</u>
- 29. There <u>were once</u> only eight major lakes or reservoirs in Texas, but <u>today</u> there are over 180, <u>many</u> built <u>to storing</u> water against periodic droughts.
- 30. Chemistry is <u>best defined</u> as the science <u>that it</u> deals with the <u>properties</u> and reactions of different kinds of matter.
- 31. <u>Although many</u> smaller mammals bear <u>several</u> young <u>at a time</u>, multiple births are <u>relative</u> uncommon in humans.
- 32. Clastic rocks are <u>made them</u> up <u>of detritus-particles</u> or <u>fragments derived</u> from <u>older</u> rocks.
- 33. A merger is achieved when a company purchases the property <u>of other</u> firms, <u>thus</u> absorbing them <u>into</u> one corporate structure <u>that retain</u> its original identity.
- 34. <u>As distinguished from stirring, which involves mixing masses of material, diffusion is a molecular process, depending solely on the motions random of individual molecules.</u>
- 35. The guitar, a stringed instrument probably <u>develop</u> in Spain, <u>has often been</u> associated with folk and popular music, especially Spanish flamenco.
- 36. The United States Department of Labor's Employment and Training Administration <u>assists</u> the states in <u>maintaining</u> public employment services intended <u>for</u> help <u>workers find</u> jobs.
- 37. <u>Covering</u> her stages in black velvet, dancer Loie Fuller designed <u>and implemented</u> one of the first <u>system</u> of projected stage lighting <u>ever invented</u>.
- 38. The Blackfoot, a <u>closely related</u> confederacy of Native American tribes of Algonquian <u>linguistic</u> stock, were <u>expert horseback</u> riders, noted buffalo <u>hunts</u>, and fierce warriors.
- 39. The carbohydrates <u>containing</u> the most <u>nutritious</u> are the <u>complex</u> ones, such as unrefined <u>grains</u>, tubers, vegetables, and fruit.

40. <u>Perhaps</u> more than <u>any other</u> United States city, San Francisco is <u>a collection of neighborhood</u> .