Exercise 1

- Explore the TfL bike share data visually:
 create a timeseries of reported bike shares on weekend days
 - Highlight day and night encoded by colors and shapes.
 - Connect the points of each period with lines.
 - What is the difference between geom_line() and geom_path()?
 - Apply your favorite theme to the plot.
 - Add meaningful labels.
 - Bonus: use shape to encode Saturday vs Sunday instead.
- Save the plot as a vector graphic with a decent plot size.

Import the Data Set

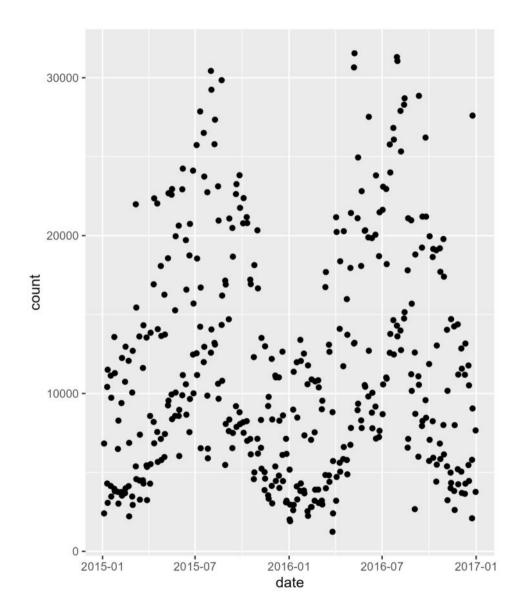
```
bikes <- readr::read_csv(
here::here("data", "london-bikes-custom.csv"),
col_types = "Dcfffilllddddc"

bikes$season <- forcats::fct_inorder(bikes$season)

library(tidyverse)</pre>
```

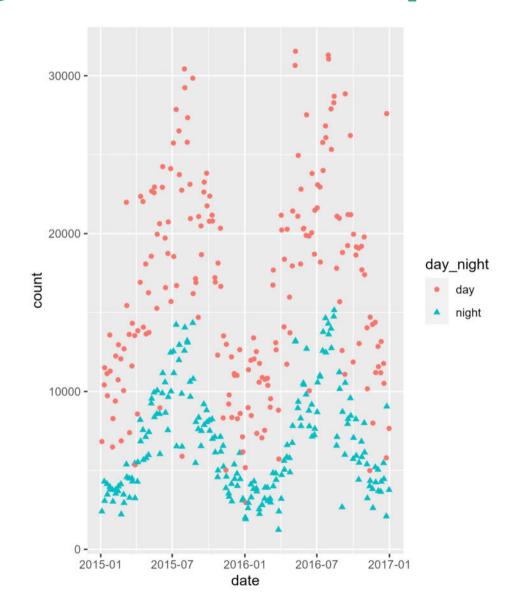
Scatterplot Counts vs. Date

```
1 ggplot(
2  filter(bikes, is_weekend == TRUE),
3  aes(x = date, y = count)
4 ) +
5 geom_point()
```



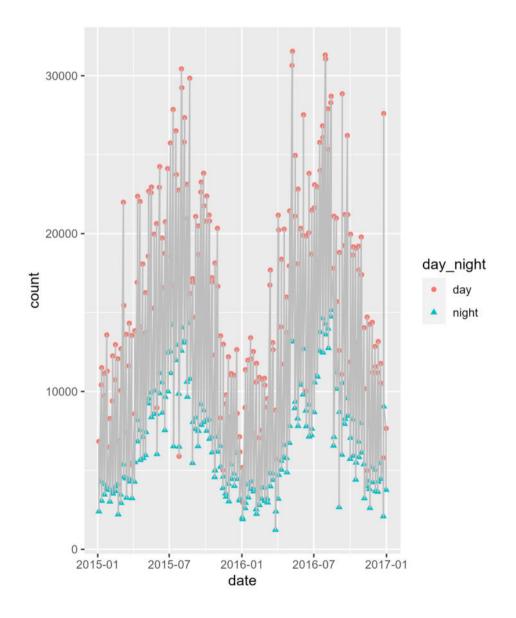
Encode Day Period by Colors and Shapes

```
1 ggplot(
2   filter(bikes, is_weekend == TRUE),
3   aes(x = date, y = count)
4  ) +
5   geom_point(
6   aes(color = day_night,
7   shape = day_night)
8  )
```



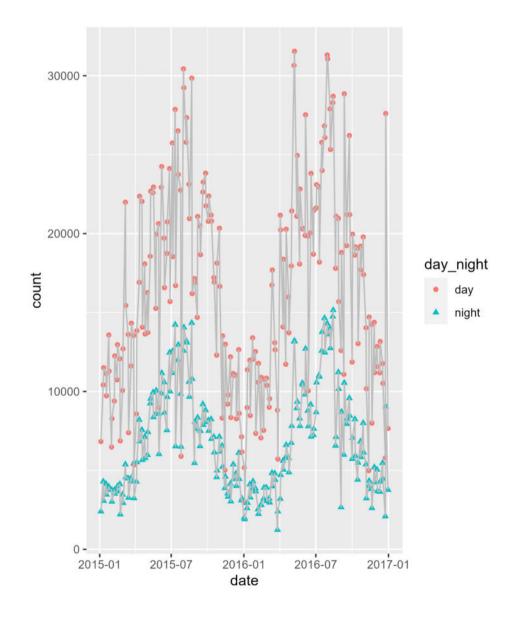
Add Line

```
1 ggplot(
       filter(bikes, is_weekend == TRUE),
       aes(x = date, y = count)
 3
 4
     geom_point(
       aes(color = day_night,
           shape = day_night)
     geom_line(
       color = "grey"
10
11
```



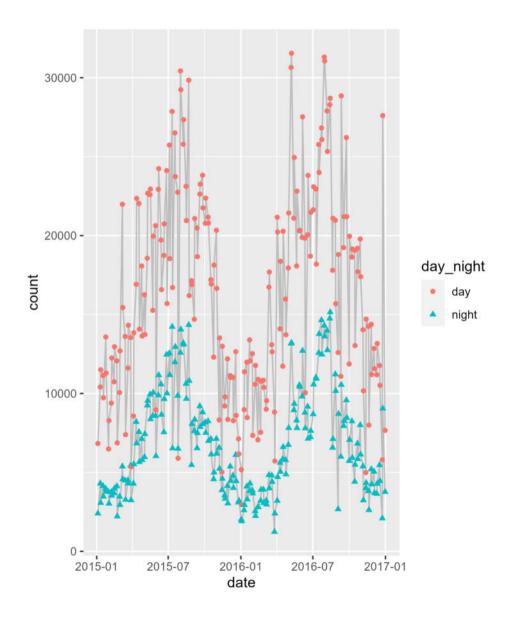
Group Lines by Day Period

```
1 ggplot(
       filter(bikes, is weekend == TRUE),
       aes(x = date, y = count)
     geom point(
       aes(color = day_night,
            shape = day night)
     geom line(
10
       aes(group = day_night),
11
       color = "grev"
12
```



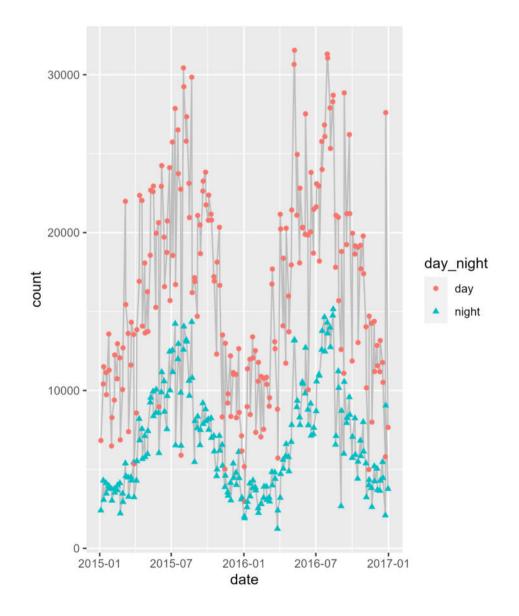
Order Layers

```
1 ggplot(
       filter(bikes, is_weekend == TRUE),
 3
       aes(x = date, y = count)
 4
     geom_line(
       aes(group = day_night),
       color = "grey"
     geom_point(
10
       aes(color = day_night,
11
           shape = day_night)
12
```



Use `geom_path() `instead

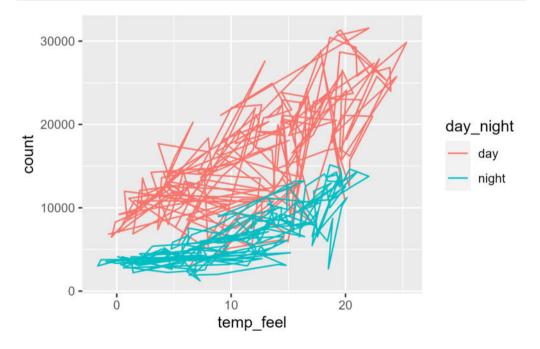
```
1 ggplot(
       filter(bikes, is weekend == TRUE),
 3
       aes(x = date, y = count)
     geom path(
       aes(group = day_night),
       color = "grey"
     geom point(
10
       aes(color = day night,
11
            shape = day_night)
12
```

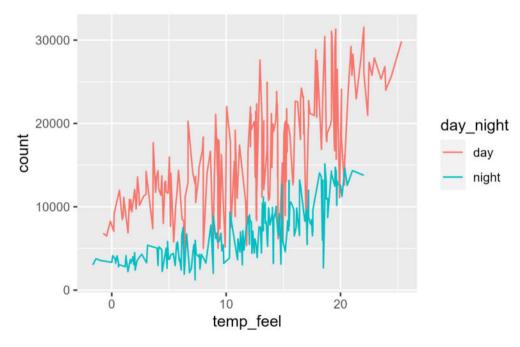


`geom_line()`vs.`geom_path()`

```
1 ggplot(
2  filter(bikes, is_weekend == TRUE),
3  aes(x = temp_feel, y = count)
4 ) +
5  geom_path(
6  aes(color = day_night)
7 )
```

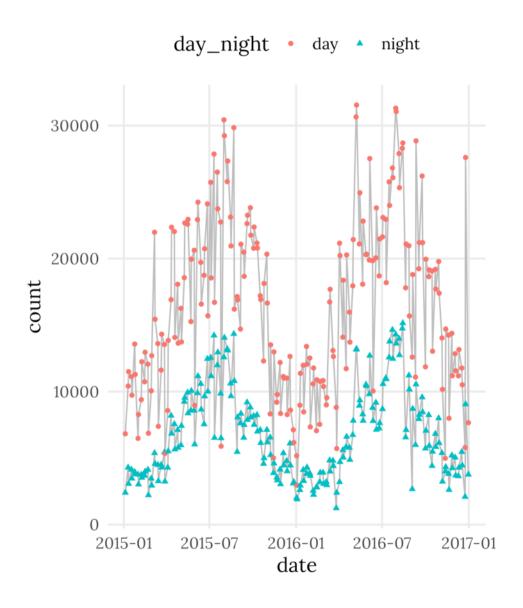
```
1 ggplot(
2  filter(bikes, is_weekend == TRUE),
3  aes(x = temp_feel, y = count)
4 ) +
5  geom_line(
6  aes(color = day_night)
7 )
```





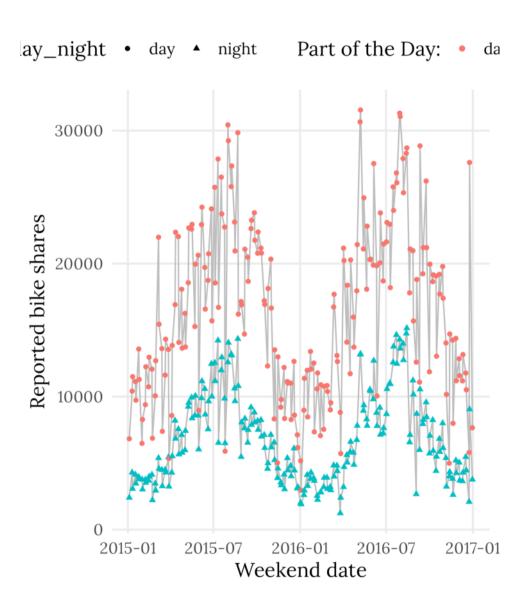
Apply a Theme

```
g <- ggplot(
       filter(bikes, is weekend == TRUE),
 3
       aes(x = date, y = count)
 4
     geom line(
       aes(group = day_night),
       color = "grey"
 8
      ) +
     geom point(
10
       aes(color = day_night,
11
            shape = day night)
12
13
14 g +
15
     theme minimal(
16
       base size = 15,
17
       base family = "Lora"
18
     ) +
19
     theme(
20
       legend.position = "top",
21
       panel.grid.minor = element blank()
22
```



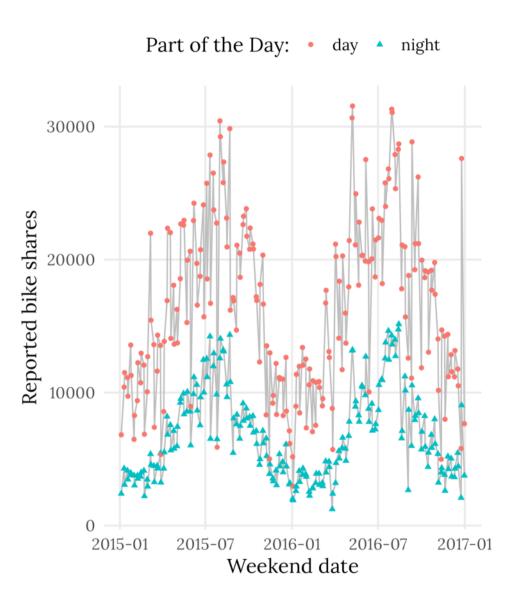
Add Meaningful Labels

```
g +
     labs(
       x = "Weekend date",
       y = "Reported bike shares",
       color = "Part of the Day:"
     ) +
     theme_minimal(
       base size = 15,
       base family = "Lora"
10
     ) +
11
     theme(
12
       legend.position = "top",
13
       panel.grid.minor = element_blank()
14
```



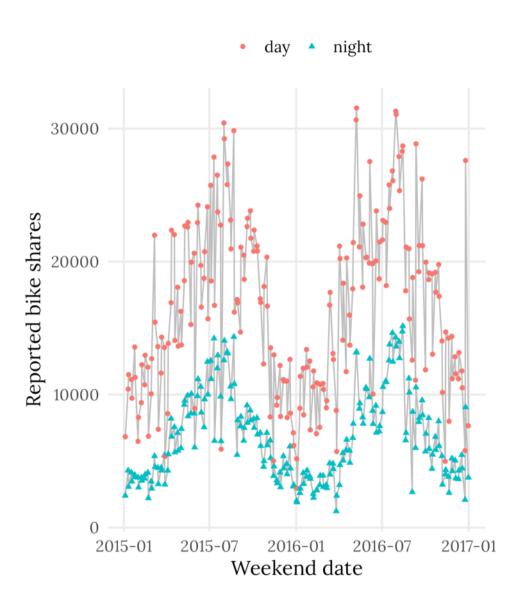
Add Meaningful Labels

```
g +
     labs(
       x = "Weekend date",
       y = "Reported bike shares",
       color = "Part of the Day:",
       shape = "Part of the Day:"
     theme minimal(
       base size = 15,
       base family = "Lora"
10
11
     ) +
12
     theme(
13
       legend.position = "top",
14
       panel.grid.minor = element_blank()
15
```



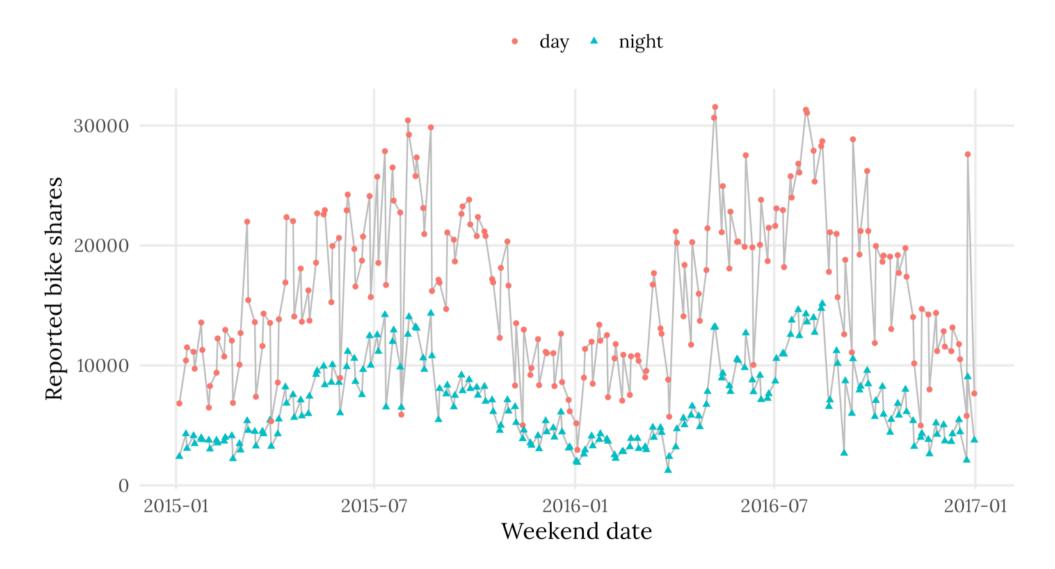
Add Meaningful Labels

```
g +
     labs(
       x = "Weekend date",
       y = "Reported bike shares",
       color = NULL,
       shape = NULL
     theme minimal(
       base size = 15,
       base family = "Lora"
10
11
     ) +
12
     theme(
13
       legend.position = "top",
       panel.grid.minor = element_blank()
14
15
```



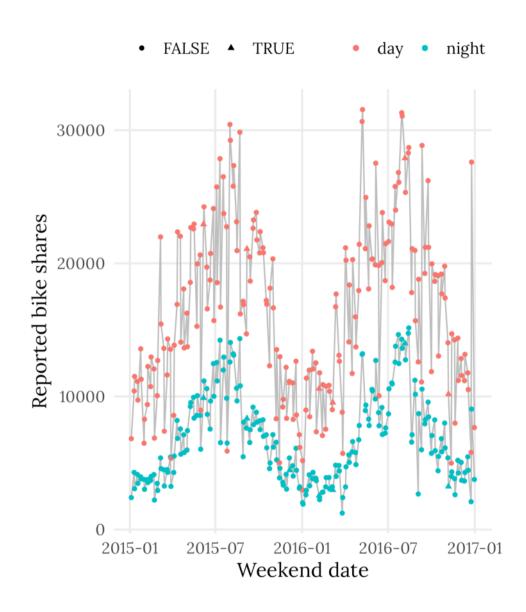
Save the Plot

```
1 ggsave(here::here("exercises", "plots", "02_concepts_pt1_ex1.pdf"),
2 width = 9, height = 5, device = cairo_pdf)
```



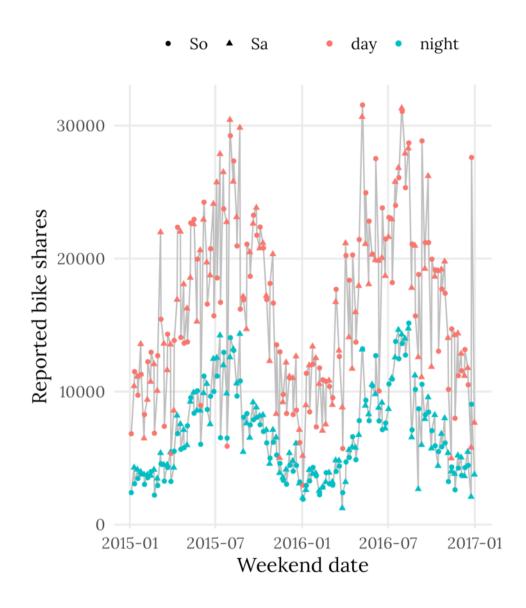
Bonus: Use Shape to Encode Sat vs Sun

```
ggplot(
       filter(bikes, is weekend == TRUE),
       aes(x = date, v = count)
     geom line(
       aes(group = day night),
       color = "grev"
     ) +
     geom point(
10
       aes(color = day night,
            shape = lubridate::dav(date) == 6)
11
12
     ) +
13
     labs(
14
     x = "Weekend date",
15
      y = "Reported bike shares",
16
     color = NULL,
17
       shape = NULL
18
     ) +
19
     theme minimal(
20
       base size = 15,
21
       base family = "Lora"
22
     ) +
23
     theme(
```



Bonus: Use Shape to Encode Sat vs Sun

```
ggplot(
       filter(bikes, is weekend == TRUE),
       aes(x = date, v = count)
     geom line(
       aes(group = day night),
       color = "grev"
     geom point(
10
       aes(color = day night,
            shape = lubridate::wday(date, label =
11
12
     ) +
13
     labs(
14
      x = "Weekend date",
15
      y = "Reported bike shares",
16
     color = NULL,
17
       shape = NULL
18
     ) +
19
     theme minimal(
20
       base size = 15,
21
       base family = "Lora"
22
     ) +
23
     theme(
```



Bonus: Use Shape to Encode Sat vs Sun

```
1 invisible(
     Sys.setlocale("LC TIME", "C")
 3
 4
   ggplot(
       filter(bikes, is weekend == TRUE),
       aes(x = date, y = count)
     geom_line(
10
       aes(group = day night),
       color = "grev"
11
12
     ) +
13
     geom point(
14
       aes(color = day night,
15
            shape = lubridate::wday(date, label =
16
     ) +
17
     labs(
18
      x = "Weekend date",
19
       y = "Reported bike shares",
20
      color = NULL,
21
       shape = NULL
22
      ) +
     theme minimal(
23
```

