Introduction to ggplot

Andrew Bell

Learning Objectives

- Review Rzero
- Understand ggplot syntax
- Learn the grammar of graphics
- Start adding to your data visualization toolset

Review RZero

In essence, most everything you do in R involves **objects**. **Functions** take **arguments** (some of which are objects) and produce outputs (which you can assign to a new object).

Data frames are made up of multiple lists. You can create dataframes using the data frame() function.

```
#new object "my_kids" assigned the output of the function "c". The function c creates a list of strings
my_family <- c("Katie", "Finn", "Jack", "Josie")</pre>
kid ages \leftarrow c(NA,2,4,6)
df <- data_frame(my_family, kid_ages)</pre>
## Warning: 'data_frame()' was deprecated in tibble 1.1.0.
## Please use 'tibble()' instead.
df
## # A tibble: 4 x 2
     my_family kid_ages
##
##
     <chr>
                   <dbl>
## 1 Katie
## 2 Finn
                       2
## 3 Jack
                       4
## 4 Josie
                       6
```

• Operators - can manipulate objects (this manipulation can be assigned to a new object). To reference specific columns within a dataframe use the \$ symbol (i.e. dataframe\$columnname).

```
#new object "how_old_my_kids_will_be_in_5_years" is assigned to the output of kids_ages plus 5
how_old_my_kids_will_be_in_5_years <- df$kid_ages + 5
how_old_my_kids_will_be_in_5_years</pre>
```

```
## [1] NA 7 9 11
```

• Functions - accept objects and returns the result of the function (which can be assigned to a **new object**). NA values can be the bane of any R coder's existence. Try running the code below without the argument na.rm = TRUE, what does the function return? What do you think na.rm does?

```
#new object "average_age" is assigned to the output the function mean() which is accepting the kid_ages
average_age <- mean(kid_ages, na.rm = TRUE)
average_age</pre>
```

[1] 4

friends info

At this point, if you don't feel comfortable with the differences between objects, functions, arguments, and operators go back to Rzero and work through that lesson again.

Learning ggplot syntax

We want to be able to make visualizations from data - so we need a function that outputs a plot based on the objects and arguments we give it. Enter the **ggplot()** function. Below is most basic syntax (structure of code required to make the function work) of the ggplot function.

```
ggplot(data = <DATA>) + <GEOM_FUNCTION>(mapping = aes(<MAPPINGS>))
```

We are going to use the friends_info dataset we used at the end of Rzero to get started with ggplot().

First let's take a look at our friends_info. Note how many variables and observations are found in the dataset.

```
friends_info <- read_csv("data/friends_info.csv")

## Rows: 236 Columns: 8

## -- Column specification ------
## Delimiter: ","

## chr (3): title, directed_by, written_by

## dbl (4): season, episode, us_views_millions, imdb_rating

## date (1): air_date

##

##

## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.

## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 236 x 8
                                directed_by written_by air_date
##
      season episode title
                                                                     us_views_millio~
##
       <dbl>
               <dbl> <chr>
                                <chr>
                                             <chr>
                                                          <date>
                                                                                 <dbl>
##
   1
           1
                   1 The Pilot James Burro~ David Cran~ 1994-09-22
                                                                                 21.5
                   2 The One ~ James Burro~ David Cran~ 1994-09-29
                                                                                 20.2
##
                   3 The One ~ James Burro~ Jeffrey As~ 1994-10-06
##
           1
                                                                                  19.5
```

```
##
                   4 The One ~ James Burro~ Alexa Junge 1994-10-13
                                                                                 19.7
##
    5
                   5 The One ~ Pamela Frym~ Jeff Green~ 1994-10-20
                                                                                 18.6
           1
##
    6
                   6 The One ~ Arlene Sanf~ Adam Chase~ 1994-10-27
                                                                                 18.2
                   7 The One ~ James Burro~ Jeffrey As~ 1994-11-03
                                                                                 23.5
##
    7
           1
##
    8
                   8 The One ~ James Burro~ Marta Kauf~ 1994-11-10
                                                                                 21.1
   9
           1
                   9 The One ~ James Burro~ Jeff Green~ 1994-11-17
                                                                                 23.1
##
                  10 The One ~ Peter Bonerz Adam Chase~ 1994-12-15
                                                                                 19.9
## 10
## # ... with 226 more rows, and 1 more variable: imdb_rating <dbl>
```

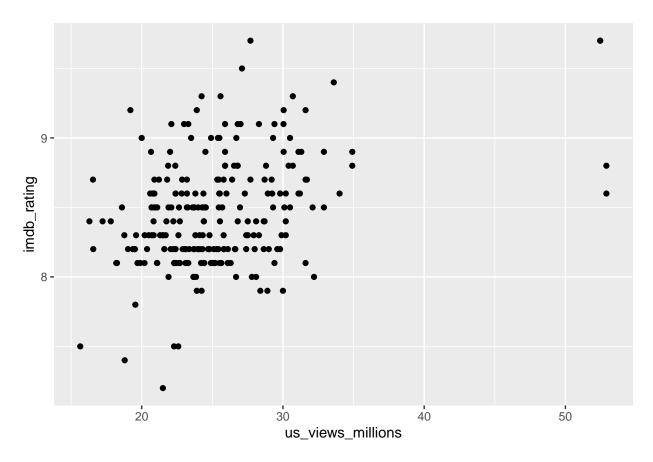
head(friends_info)

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 8
##
     season episode title
                                directed_by written_by
                                                          air_date
                                                                     us_views_millio~
##
      <dbl>
              <dbl> <chr>
                                <chr>
                                            <chr>>
                                                          <date>
                                                                                <dbl>
## 1
          1
                  1 The Pilot James Burr~ David Crane~ 1994-09-22
                                                                                 21.5
## 2
                  2 The One w~ James Burr~ David Crane~ 1994-09-29
          1
                                                                                 20.2
## 3
          1
                  3 The One w~ James Burr~ Jeffrey Ast~ 1994-10-06
                                                                                 19.5
## 4
                  4 The One w~ James Burr~ Alexa Junge 1994-10-13
                                                                                 19.7
## 5
                  5 The One w~ Pamela Fry~ Jeff Greens~ 1994-10-20
                                                                                 18.6
          1
                  6 The One w~ Arlene San~ Adam Chase ~ 1994-10-27
## 6
                                                                                 18.2
## # ... with 1 more variable: imdb_rating <dbl>
```

We want to create an object (first_viz) that contains a visualization created by the ggplot function. The ggplot function takes two essential arguments: data and the mapping of variables to specific aesthetics (like x and y coordinates). For our first visualization, we are going to plot the number of view (US_views_millions) by the critic ratings (imdb_rating)

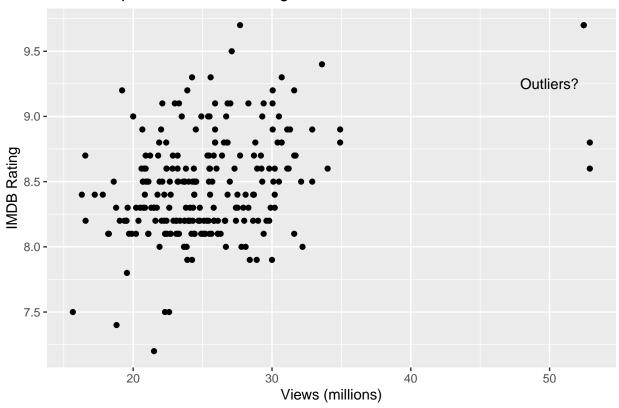
Our object now needs a geom layer (think plot type, e.g. scatterplot or bar plot) so we'll add that layer to our existing first_viz object.

```
first_viz <- first_viz + geom_point()
first_viz</pre>
```

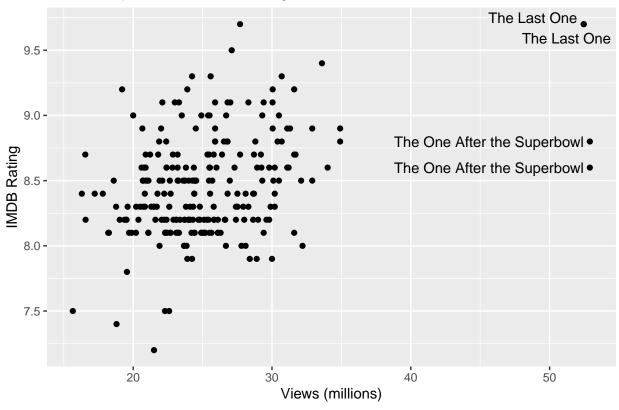


We can continue to add layers to our visualization to do things like format the axis labels, change the axis scales, annotate specific elements of the plot area, etc.

Friends Episodes: IMDB Rating vs Viewers







Exercise: Creating a visualization

I want you to now create your own visualization that explores the how the shows popularity changed over time.

Instructions:

- 1 Create a new object that contains your visualization (use the friends info dataset)
- 2 Use a geom to create a scatterplot that maps time to the x axis and USA views to the y axis
- 3 Make sure your visualization has a proper title and axis labels

#your code here

Learning all of ggplot's layers

This simply takes lots of practice. The discoverability of these layers requires knowledge of the options. One the major downsides to R but there are many resources to help.

Resources to help:

- ggplot cheatsheat
- Esquisser package as a GUI introduction to the ggplot syntax.

 $\textbf{Esquisse} \ \ \textbf{This is a great tool to get students comfortable with ggplot's layer / syntax.}$

#esquisser()