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In [1]:
         import numpy as np
         class NeuralNetwork(object):
             def __init__(self, input_nodes, hidden_nodes, output_nodes, learning ra
                 # Set number of nodes in input, hidden and output layers.
                 self.input nodes = input nodes
                 self.hidden nodes = hidden nodes
                 self.output_nodes = output_nodes
                 # Initialize weights
                 self.weights input to hidden = np.random.normal(0.0, self.input no
                                                 (self.input nodes, self.hidden node)
                 self.weights hidden to output = np.random.normal(0.0, self.hidden)
                                                 (self.hidden nodes, self.output node
                 self.lr = learning_rate
                 #### TODO: Set self.activation function to your implemented sigmoid
                 # Note: in Python, you can define a function with a lambda express
                 # as shown below.
                 self.activation function = lambda \times : 1.0 / (1.0 + np.exp(-1.0*x))
                 ### If the lambda code above is not something you're familiar with
                 # You can uncomment out the following three lines and put your
                 # implementation there instead.
                 #
                 \#def\ sigmoid(x):
                      return 0 # Replace 0 with your sigmoid calculation here
                 #self.activation function = sigmoid
             def train(self, features, targets):
                  ''' Train the network on batch of features and targets.
                     Arguments
                     features: 2D array, each row is one data record, each column is
                     targets: 1D array of target values
                 n_records = features.shape[0]
                 delta weights i h = np.zeros(self.weights input to hidden.shape)
                 delta_weights_h_o = np.zeros(self.weights_hidden_to_output.shape)
                 for X, y in zip(features, targets):
                     final_outputs, hidden_outputs = self.forward pass train(X) #
                     # Implement the backpropagation function below
                     delta weights i h, delta weights h o = self.backpropagation(fil
                 self.update_weights(delta_weights_i_h, delta_weights_h_o, n_record;
             def forward_pass_train(self, X):
                  ''' Implement forward pass here
                     Arguments
                     _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
                     X: features batch
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final_inputs = np.dot(hidden_outputs, self.weights_hidden_to_outpu)
    final outputs = final inputs # signals from final output layer
    return final outputs, hidden outputs
def backpropagation(self, final_outputs, hidden_outputs, X, y, delta_we
    ''' Implement backpropagation
       Arguments
        final outputs: output from forward pass
        y: target (i.e. label) batch
        delta_weights_i_h: change in weights from input to hidden laye
        delta_weights_h_o: change in weights from hidden to output laye
    #### Implement the backward pass here ####
    ### Backward pass ###
    ##NOTA: en el excel unit tests model.xlsx mostramos el cálculo de
    # del error respecto a cada uno de los parámetros, justificando la:
    # TODO: Output error - Replace this value with your calculations.
    # Output layer error is the difference between desired target and
    error = np.transpose(y - final_outputs)
    # TODO: Calculate the hidden layer's contribution to the error
    hidden error = np.outer(X,(hidden outputs*(1-hidden outputs)))
    # TODO: Backpropagated error terms - Replace these values with you
    output error term = -1.0*error*hidden outputs # Para que esto sea
    \# ser E(y_{hat}) = (1/2)*(y_{hat})**2, de modo que la derivada respe
    # una función diferente, este término cambiaría
    hidden_error_term = -1.0*error*hidden_error*np.transpose(self.weigl
    # Weight step (input to hidden)
    delta_weights_i_h += hidden_error_term*-1.0
    # Weight step (hidden to output)
    delta weights h o += np.expand dims(output error term*-1.0, axis=1
    return delta_weights_i_h, delta_weights_h_o
def update_weights(self, delta_weights_i_h, delta_weights_h_o, n_record
    ''' Update weights on gradient descent step
        Arguments
        delta weights i h: change in weights from input to hidden laye
        delta_weights_h_o: change in weights from hidden to output laye
        n_records: number of records
    self.weights_hidden_to_output += (1 / n_records) * self.lr * delta
    self.weights input to hidden += (1 / n records) * self.lr * delta \
def run(self, features):
    ''' Run a forward pass through the network with input features
```

return final_outputs

Set your hyperparameters here

iterations = 100

learning_rate = 0.1

hidden_nodes = 2

output_nodes = 1