## S. Exam

## Time Limit: 3 seconds

## **Problem description**

The New Year comes with a pine tree and happy moments of family and friends around the dinner table. But for students, the New Year also comes with an exam schedule for the end of the semester. For the subject under consideration, the experience sessions are for **n** consecutive days. Each student can register for the exam on one of those days.

The result is that on day  $\mathbf{i}$  there are  $\mathbf{a_i}$  students registering, but on this day the Department can only accept  $\mathbf{b_i}$  students. To schedule the exams for all students, the Department must arrange some students who registered on day  $\mathbf{i}$  to take the exam on day  $\mathbf{j}$  to ensure that day  $\mathbf{j}$  does not have more than  $\mathbf{b_j}$  candidates. For students whose exam date is changed, the dissatisfaction level will be  $|\mathbf{i-j}|$ .

Determine the smallest total dissatisfaction level that could be achieved.

## **Input:**

The first line is a integer number  $\mathbf{n}$  ( $1 \le \mathbf{n} \le 10^6$ ).

The second line contains n integer numbers  $\mathbf{a_1}$ ,  $\mathbf{a_2}$ , ...,  $\mathbf{a_n}$   $(1 \le \mathbf{a_i} \le 10^9, \mathbf{i} = 1 \div \mathbf{n})$ .

The third line contains n integer numbers  $\mathbf{b_1}$ ,  $\mathbf{b_2}$ , ...,  $\mathbf{b_n}$   $(1 \le \mathbf{b_i} \le 10^9, \mathbf{i} = 1 \div \mathbf{n})$ .

**Output**: a integer number as the smallest total dissatisfaction level that could be achieved, or **-1** if the schedule cannot be adjusted.

Example:

INPUT	OUTPUT
4	2
6 14 70 1	
70 3 16 5	