# Package CompSign

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**CompSign** is a toolkit for the analysis of mutational signatures with an emphasis on the compositional analysis of exposures. An overview of the compositional nature of the exposures to mutational signatures, which has been often overlooked, is found elsewhere<sup>1</sup>.

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#### 1 Installation

CompSign can be installed as usual from github:

```
library(devtools)
devtools::install_github("lm687/CompSign")
```

 $<sup>^{1}\</sup>mathrm{cite}$  myself

```
library(CompSign)
library(mcMcpack) ## for sampling from Dirichlet
library(ggplot2)
library(gridExtra)
library(ComplexHeatmap)
library(circlize)
```

#### 2 Datasets

```
## if the folder data/ is not in github
for(i in list.files("../data/", pattern = "*rda", full.names = TRUE)){load(i)}
```

The package contains several datasets of exposures to mutational signatures and metadata of the corresponding samples. These datasets are:

- SNV signatures
  - Data for 560 breast cancer patients

```
# data("Breast560")
metadataBreast560 <- metadata(Breast560)
exposuresBreast560 <- count_matrix(Breast560)
dim(metadataBreast560); dim(exposuresBreast560)
## [1] 560 47
## [1] 560 12</pre>
```

- Pan-cancer from EMu[2] (cite dataset)
- Copy Number signatures
  - Ovarian cancer-derived signatures, as described in [4]. It contains data for 12k TCGA samples.

```
#data("CNA_12K_TCGA")
metadataCNA_12K_TCGA <- metadata(CNA_12K_TCGA)
exposuresCNA_12K_TCGA <- count_matrix(CNA_12K_TCGA)</pre>
```

- Pan-cancer copy number signatures
- Synthetic data

Data can be visualised as follows add this to the functions of the package

```
source("../CDA_in_Cancer/code/functions/meretricious/pretty_plots/prettySignatures.R", predictions/meretricious/pretty_plots/prettySignatures.R", predictions/meretricious/pretty_plots/prettySignatures.R", predictions/meretricious/pretty_plots/prettySignatures.R", predictions/meretricious/pretty_plots/prettySignatures.R", predictions/meretricious/pretty_plots/prettySignatures.R", predictions/meretricious/pretty_plots/prettySignatures.R", predictions/meretricious/pretty_plots/prettySignatures.R", predictions/meretricious/pretty_plots/prettySignatures.R", predictions/meretricious/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/pretty_plots/p
createBarplot(count_matrix(Breast560), remove_labels = TRUE,
                                                                                             order = names(sort(count_matrix(Breast560)[,1])))
## Creating plot... it might take some time if the data are large. Number of samples: 560
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Signature.∠
                                    1.00
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Signature.3
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Signature.5
                                   0.75
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Signature.6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Signature.8
                                   0.50
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    Signature.13
                                   0.25
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Signature.17
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    Signature.18
```

Signature.20

## 3 Create a CompSign object

0.00

This is a minimal example for transforming a matrix into a sign object

```
basic_matrix <- matrix(runif(12), nrow = 4)</pre>
colnames(basic_matrix) <- paste0('s', 1:3)</pre>
rownames(basic_matrix) <- paste0('Sample ', 1:4)</pre>
basic_sign <- to_sign(basic_matrix)</pre>
basic_sign
## An object of class "sign"
## Slot "id":
## [1] "basic_matrix"
##
## Slot "id_samples":
## [1] "Sample 1" "Sample 2" "Sample 3" "Sample 4"
##
## Slot "id_signatures":
## [1] "s1" "s2" "s3"
##
## Slot "count_matrix":
##
                                 s2
                                            s3
                     s1
## Sample 1 0.02741007 0.75203933 0.11588400
## Sample 2 0.60616372 0.19558005 0.99337677
## Sample 3 0.65219228 0.50651666 0.03865218
## Sample 4 0.81721006 0.06463305 0.96269333
## Slot "modified":
## [1] FALSE
```

# A sign object can be summarised as follows: add\_together\_matrix?? what is this?

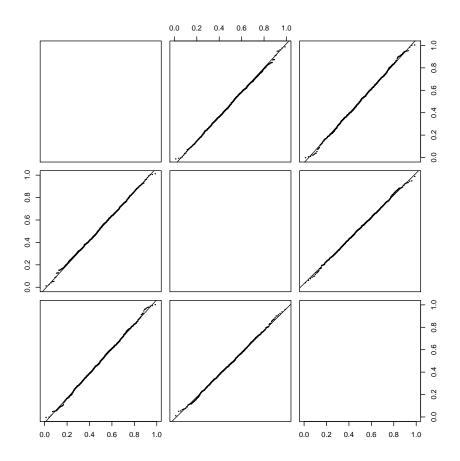
```
results_sumarise <- summarise(add_together_matrix(basic_sign))</pre>
results_sumarise
## $General
## [1] "Object of class sign"
## $`Number of signatures`
## [1] 3
##
## $`Number of samples`
## [1] 4
##
## $`Geometric means of signatures`
## s1 s2 s3
## 0.3067626 0.2634228 0.2558291
##
## $Covariance
   s1 s2 s3
##
## s1 0.11858189 -0.09205059 0.1025393
## s2 -0.09205059 0.09596213 -0.1460490
## s3 0.10253934 -0.14604904 0.2716114
```

## 4 Battery of tests

This section takes largely from Aitchison's pioneering work[1] and its succession[5].

#### 4.1 Test for normality

```
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
# qqnorm.acomp(acomp(two_normal_pops@count_matrix), pch=19, cex=0.2)
qqnorm.acomp(acomp(two_normal_pops@count_matrix[1:1000,]), pch=19, cex=0.2)
```



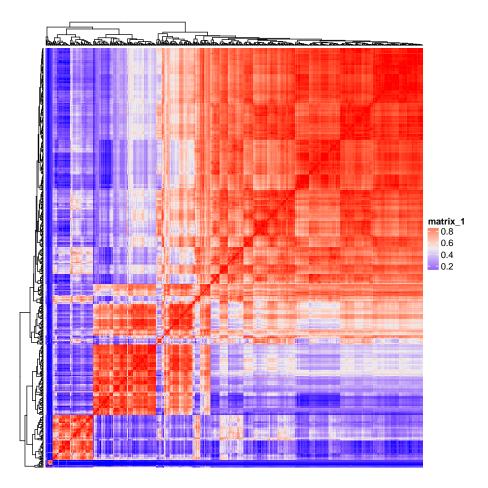
#### 4.2 Test for equality

Test for equality of means.

```
compare_populations(predictors = count_matrix(Breast560),
                    response = as.numeric(as.factor(metadata(Breast560)$final.ER)))
## $note
## [1] "James test"
##
## $mesoi
##
                               X2
                                        ХЗ
                                                     X4
                                                               Х5
                                                                         X6
                    X1
## Sample 1 -1.6969917 -0.9470633 1.923296 -0.103998542 0.2707288 1.528197
## Sample 2 0.8022291 -3.6033765 2.143807 0.002721535 0.6369184 1.607875
                  X7
                           Х8
                                    Х9
                                            X10
## Sample 1 1.271388 1.248926 1.016479 1.017358
## Sample 2 1.086473 1.283400 1.083742 1.048809
##
## $info
##
                                 p-value
                                                 correction
                 test
         2.359067e+02
                            5.324172e-43
                                               1.042820e+00
##
## corrected.critical
    1.909095e+01
```

## 5 Clustering of samples

Samples can simply be clustered by the cosine similarity of their exposures, as done in Ren et al.



```
# res_outerCosineSimilarityCNA <- outerCosineSimilarity(exposuresCNA_12K_TCGA[metadataCNA_1])
# exposuresCNA_12K_TCGA[metadataCNA_1];
# verbose=FALSE)
# ComplexHeatmap::Heatmap(res_outerCosineSimilarityCNA)</pre>
```

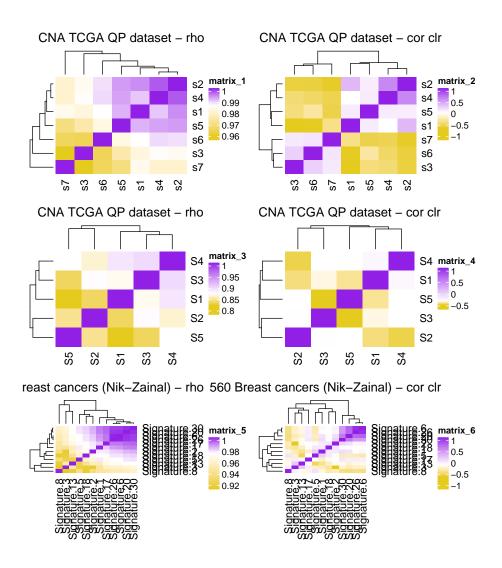
# 6 Symmetric balances for correlation between signatures

Pearson pointed out ([6]) that spurious correlations appear when closed, compositional, data, are analysed. Therefore normal correlation coefficients can be ruled out of our analysis.

I implement a correlation coefficient based on symmetric balances as introduced in [3].

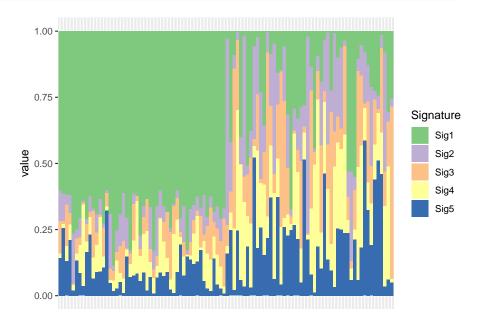
Code not shown because it's quite messy and under development, but check function plotcomputeRho()

```
## Pseudocount of 1e-07 added
## Pseudocount of 1e-07 added
## Pseudocount of 0 added
## Pseudocount of 0 added
## Pseudocount of 1e-07 added
## Pseudocount of 1e-07 added
```

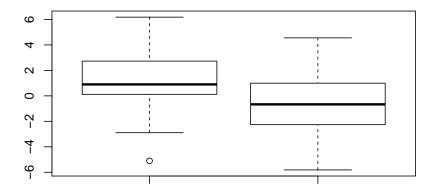


## 7 Optimal selection of partition

```
## simulated data
Nsig <- 5; Nsamp <- 100
props <- MCMCpack::rdirichlet(Nsamp, c(rep(1,Nsig)))
colnames(props) <- paste0('Sig', 1:Nsig)
rownames(props) <- paste0('Sam ', 1:Nsamp)
## increase exposure to signature 1 in the first
## Nsamp/2, and re-normalise (two groups)
props[1:floor(Nsamp/2), 1] <- props[1:floor(Nsamp/2), 1] + 1.5
props <- sweep(props, 1, rowSums(props), '/')
createBarplot(props, remove_labels = TRUE)
## Creating plot... it might take some time if the data are large. Number of samples: 100</pre>
```

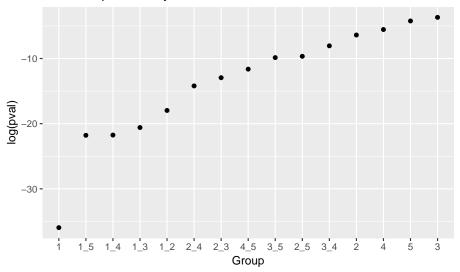


#### Comparison of ilr of (s1, s2, s3) vs (s4, s5) for the two groups



```
t.test(ilr(props, V = V)[1:floor(Nsamp/2)],
       ilr(props, V = V)[(floor(Nsamp/2)+1):Nsamp])$p.value
## [1] 8.913039e-06
it_partitions <- c()</pre>
if(Nsig > 8){warning('Large number of signatures')}
for(k in 1:floor(Nsig/2)){
 it_partitions <- c(it_partitions, lapply(1:ncol(combn(1:Nsig, k)), function(x) combn(1:Nsig, k))
pvals <- rep(NA, length(it_partitions))</pre>
ict <- 1
for(i in it_partitions){
 V <- rep(-1, Nsig)</pre>
 V[i] <- 1
 pvals[ict] <- t.test(ilr(props, V = V)[1:floor(Nsamp/2)],</pre>
         ilr(props, V = V) [(floor(Nsamp/2)+1):Nsamp])$p.value
  ict <- ict + 1
groups <- sapply(it_partitions, paste0, collapse='_')</pre>
ggplot(data.frame(pval=pvals, group=groups),
       aes(x=factor(group, levels=groups[order(pvals)]), y=log(pval)))+
 geom_point() + ggtitle('P value for comparing a group (x-axis)\nto its complementary')+
 labs(x='Group')
```

# P value for comparing a group (x-axis) to its complementary



```
##' We expected 1 to be the one with lowest p-val
##' as this is how we created the dataset.
##' Groups containing signature 1 follow.
```

#### References

- [1] John Aitchison. "The statistical analysis of compositional data". In: Journal of the Royal Statistical Society. Series B (Methodological) (1982), pp. 139–177.
- [2] Andrej Fischer, Christopher JR Illingworth, Peter J Campbell, and Ville Mustonen. "EMu: probabilistic inference of mutational processes and their localization in the cancer genome". In: *Genome biology* 14.4 (2013), R39.
- [3] Petra Kynčlová, Karel Hron, and Peter Filzmoser. "Correlation between compositional parts based on symmetric balances". In: *Mathematical Geosciences* 49.6 (2017), pp. 777–796.
- [4] Geoff Macintyre, Teodora E Goranova, Dilrini De Silva, Darren Ennis, Anna M Piskorz, Matthew Eldridge, Daoud Sie, Liz-Anne Lewsley, Aishah Hanif, Cheryl Wilson, et al. "Copy number signatures and mutational processes in ovarian carcinoma". In: *Nature genetics* (2018), p. 1.
- [5] Vera Pawlowsky-Glahn, Juan José Egozcue, and Raimon Tolosana-Delgado. *Modeling and analysis of compositional data*. John Wiley & Sons, 2015.
- [6] Karl Pearson. "Mathematical contributions to the theory of evolution.—on a form of spurious correlation which may arise when indices are used in the measurement of organs". In: Proceedings of the royal society of london 60.359-367 (1897), pp. 489–498.

#### 8 Session info

## [49] dplyr\_0.8.0.1

```
sessionInfo()
## R version 3.5.1 (2018-07-02)
## Platform: x86_64-apple-darwin15.6.0 (64-bit)
## Running under: macOS High Sierra 10.13.6
##
## Matrix products: default
## BLAS: /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/3.5/Resources/lib/libRblas.0.dylib
## LAPACK: /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/3.5/Resources/lib/libRlapack.dylib
##
## locale:
## [1] en_GB.UTF-8/en_GB.UTF-8/en_GB.UTF-8/C/en_GB.UTF-8/en_GB.UTF-8
## attached base packages:
## [1] grid
                           graphics grDevices utils
                                                          datasets methods
                 stats
## [8] base
##
## other attached packages:
                              RColorBrewer_1.1-2
## [1] Compositional_3.4
                                                    reshape2_1.4.3
## [4] ggthemr_1.1.0
                              circlize_0.4.6
                                                     ComplexHeatmap_1.20.0
## [7] gridExtra_2.3
                              ggplot2_3.1.1
                                                    MCMCpack_1.4-4
## [10] MASS_7.3-51.4
                                                     compositions_1.40-2
                              coda_0.19-2
## [13] bayesm_3.1-1
                              energy_1.7-5
                                                    robustbase_0.93-4
## [16] tensorA_0.36.1
                              CompSign_0.1.0
                                                     knitr_1.22
##
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
## [1] maps_3.3.0
                            foreach_1.4.4
                                                dotCall64_1.0-0
##
   [4] sn_1.5-3
                            emplik_1.0-4.3
                                                 assertthat_0.2.1
## [7] highr_0.8
                            stats4_3.5.1
                                                numDeriv_2016.8-1
## [10] pillar_1.3.1
                            lattice_0.20-38
                                                quantreg_5.38
## [13] glue_1.3.1
                            digest_0.6.18
                                                colorspace_1.4-1
## [16] Matrix_1.2-17
                            plyr_1.8.4
                                                pkgconfig_2.0.2
## [19] GetoptLong_0.1.7
                            SparseM_1.77
                                                purrr_0.3.2
## [22] scales_1.0.0
                            MatrixModels_0.4-1 tibble_2.1.1
## [25] withr_2.1.2
                            lazyeval_0.2.2
                                                mnormt_1.5-5
## [28] magrittr_1.5
                                                mcmc_0.9-6
                            crayon_1.3.4
## [31] evaluate_0.13
                            doParallel_1.0.14
                                                RcppZiggurat_0.1.5
## [34] tools_3.5.1
                            GlobalOptions_0.1.0 stringr_1.4.0
## [37] munsell_0.5.0
                            Rfast_1.9.3
                                                 compiler_3.5.1
## [40] rlang_0.3.4
                            iterators_1.0.10
                                                rjson_0.2.20
## [43] spam_2.2-2
                                                boot_1.3-20
                            labeling_0.3
## [46] gtable_0.3.0
                            codetools_0.2-16
                                                R6_2.4.0
```

shape\_1.4.4

stringi\_1.4.3

## [52] parallel_3.5.1	Rcpp_1.0.1	fields_9.7
## [55] mixture_1.5	DEoptimR_1.0-8	tidyselect_0.2.5
## [58] xfun_0.6		