Problem 5- Stream Vignere Cipher Decryption

February 27, 2020

The autoreload extension is already loaded. To reload it, use: %reload_ext autoreload

```
[6]: cipher_text =
      → "TOSIEBCBBPKZINTEKMKEZTIBIMTSXMFADGZETGXIQWUQSVFTVCPWRSQHGXLLBVGFBDIWKDTBJXDFLBKVLSWEMMGONF
      11 11 11
      This problem is based on Stinson's problem 2.29 p.58.
     First I need to use a similar technique to what I did in problem 1. The main,
      \hookrightarrowadjustment I need to make is when building my y1,y2,etc. They are supposed
      →to still be representative of the letter frequencies in the alphabet overall.
      \hookrightarrow But I need to account for the incrementing of the key. So for example: if \sqcup
      \hookrightarrow I'm checking a potential key length of 4 to see what the IC's of the y's_{\sqcup}
      \rightarroware, I add first character to y1, second to y2, third to y3, and fourth to_{\sqcup}
      \rightarrow y4. Next in a normal Vignere I would add the fifth to y1, however, I know.
      \hookrightarrow the keyword has been incremented. So I need to add a character one less than \sqcup
      \hookrightarrow that to account for the shift in keyword. When I get around to the ninth_{\sqcup}
      \hookrightarrow character, I need to subtract the character by two before adding to y1 to_\sqcup
      \hookrightarrowpreserve the appropriate character frequencies. This worked and I discovered.
      \hookrightarrowmy key length is 6.
```

[6]: "\nThis problem is based on Stinson's problem 2.29 p.58.\nFirst I need to use a similar technique to what I did in problem 1. The main adjustment I need to make is when building my y1,y2,etc. They are supposed to still be representative of

the letter frequencies in the alphabet overall. But I need to account for the incrementing of the key. So for example: if I'm checking a potential key length of 4 to see what the IC's of the y's are, I add first character to y1, second to y2, third to y3, and fourth to y4. Next in a normal Vignere I would add the fifth to y1, however, I know the keyword has been incremented. So I need to add a character one less than that to account for the shift in keyword. When I get around to the ninth character, I need to subtract the character by two before adding to y1 to preserve the appropriate character frequencies. This worked and I discovered my key length is $6.\n$ "

```
[7]: k = 6  # looks to be the appropriate keyword

print("k= "+ str(k))
  [y1,y2,y3,y4,y5,y6,y7] = utils.calc_ys_mod(k, cipher_text)
  print(utils.index_of_coincidence(y1))
  print(utils.index_of_coincidence(y2))
  print(utils.index_of_coincidence(y3))
  print(utils.index_of_coincidence(y4))
  print(utils.index_of_coincidence(y5))
  print(utils.index_of_coincidence(y6))
  # print(utils.index_of_coincidence(y7))
```

k = 6

- 0.061038961038961045
- 0.060389610389610396
- 0.0551948051948052
- 0.062337662337662345
- 0.07532467532467534
- 0.04870129870129871

```
[8]: # now calculate Mg(y)s
    print("y1-")
    utils.calc_M(y1) # T? 0.06
    print("y2-")
    utils.calc_M(y2) # H? 0.063
    print("y3-")
    utils.calc_M(y3) # E? 0.056
    print("y4-")
    utils.calc_M(y4) # 0? 0.066
    print("y5-")
    utils.calc_M(y5) # R? 0.063
    print("y6-")
    utils.calc_M(y6) # y? 0.062
# print("y7-")
# utils.calc_M(y7) # E here 0.066
```

y1-

A-G: 0.041 0.031 0.033 0.038 0.042 0.037 0.045

```
D-U: 0.031 0.041 0.037 0.033 0.03 0.06 0.048
    V-Z: 0.033 0.036 0.048 0.034 0.039
    y2-
    A-G: 0.04 0.037 0.032 0.042 0.034 0.035 0.04
    H-N: 0.063 0.038 0.035 0.04 0.039 0.028 0.041
    D-U: 0.036 0.032 0.041 0.041 0.042 0.036 0.05
    V-Z: 0.038 0.038 0.039 0.034 0.029
    y3-
    A-G: 0.049 0.026 0.025 0.037 0.056 0.037 0.034
    H-N: 0.044 0.04 0.037 0.037 0.046 0.035 0.037
    D-U: 0.036 0.038 0.033 0.038 0.043 0.046 0.036
    V-Z: 0.027 0.044 0.038 0.045 0.037
    v4-
    A-G: 0.037 0.047 0.047 0.046 0.03 0.027 0.041
    H-N: 0.042 0.032 0.032 0.044 0.029 0.032 0.043
    D-U: 0.066 0.037 0.036 0.036 0.041 0.033 0.041
    V-Z: 0.039 0.03 0.034 0.038 0.041
    y5-
    A-G: 0.028 0.037 0.04 0.032 0.038 0.056 0.052
    H-N: 0.042 0.029 0.036 0.037 0.039 0.03 0.037
    D-U: 0.03 0.027 0.052 0.063 0.043 0.025 0.046
    V-Z: 0.049 0.038 0.029 0.04 0.027
    y6-
    A-G: 0.03 0.038 0.044 0.031 0.037 0.041 0.038
    H-N: 0.035 0.039 0.039 0.039 0.042 0.042 0.042
    D-U: 0.036 0.033 0.034 0.042 0.035 0.034 0.04
    V-Z: 0.035 0.035 0.041 0.062 0.037
[9]: # keyword is THEORY
     # Now another change needs to be made so that every time the shift is used (i.e.
     \rightarrow every k=6 letters), the values in the array are incremented by one
     shift = [alphabet.index("T"), alphabet.index("H"), alphabet.index("E"),__
     →alphabet.index("0"), alphabet.index("R"), alphabet.index("Y")]
     numerical_cipher_text = [0]*len(cipher_text)
     for letter in range(len(cipher_text)):
       numerical_cipher_text[letter] = alphabet.index(cipher_text[letter])
     # decrypt using keyword
     for dec let in range(len(numerical cipher text)):
       if dec let % k == 0:
         numerical_cipher_text[dec_let:dec_let+k] = [(x - y)\%26 \text{ for } x, y \text{ in}_{\bot}]
      →zip(numerical_cipher_text[dec_let:dec_let+k], shift)]
         shift = [x+y for x, y in zip(shift, [1,1,1,1,1,1])]
     for i in range(len(numerical_cipher_text)):
       numerical_cipher_text[i] = alphabet[numerical_cipher_text[i]]
```

H-N: 0.036 0.036 0.042 0.041 0.033 0.03 0.047

```
print(''.join(numerical_cipher_text))
```

AHOUNDITWASANENORMOUSCOALBLACKHOUNDBUTNOTSUCHAHOUNDASMORTALEYESHAVEEVERSEENFIREB URSTFROMITSOPENMOUTHITSEYESGLOWEDWITHASMOULDERINGGLAREWITHLONGBOUNDSTHEHUGECREAT UREWASFOLLOWINGHARDUPONTHEFOOTSTEPSOFOURFRIENDWESAWSIRHENRYLOOKINGBACKHISFACEWHI TEINTHEMOONLIGHTHISHANDSRAISEDINHORRORGLARINGHELPLESSLYATTHEFRIGHTFULTHINGWHICHW ASHUNTINGHIMDOWN