

Spectral Lagrangian methods (in particular for SW)

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- Governing equations
- Scheme and motivation
- Numerics
 - Sod
 - Smooth periodic
- Continuous FEM
- Well-balancing
 - Spatial part
 - Stabilization, continuous interior penalty
- Numerical results



Section 1

Governing equations



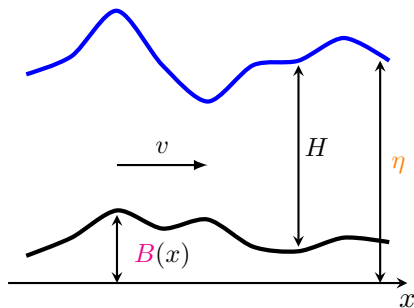
Shallow water equations, Eulerian

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \mathbf{u} + \operatorname{div}_{\mathbf{x}} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{u}) = \mathbf{S}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{u}), \quad (\mathbf{x}, t) \in \Omega \times [0, T]$$

$$\mathbf{u} := \begin{pmatrix} H \\ H\mathbf{v} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{u}) := \begin{pmatrix} H\mathbf{v} \\ H\mathbf{v} \otimes \mathbf{v} + g \frac{H^2}{2} \mathbb{I} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{S}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{u}) := - \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ gH \nabla_{\mathbf{x}} B(\mathbf{x}) \end{pmatrix}$$



$$\eta := H + B$$



Shallow water equations, simplification of Euler (with gravity)

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \mathbf{u} + \operatorname{div}_{\mathbf{x}} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{u}) = \mathbf{S}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{u}), \quad (\mathbf{x}, t) \in \Omega \times [0, T]$$

$$\mathbf{u} := \begin{pmatrix} H \\ H\mathbf{v} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{u}) := \begin{pmatrix} H\mathbf{v} \\ H\mathbf{v} \otimes \mathbf{v} + g \frac{H^2}{2} \mathbb{I} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{S}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{u}) := - \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ gH \nabla_{\mathbf{x}} B(x) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$H \sim \rho$$

$$p \sim g \frac{H^2}{2}$$

$$B(x) \sim \phi(x)$$

Neglecting the energy equation



Section 2

Scheme and motivation

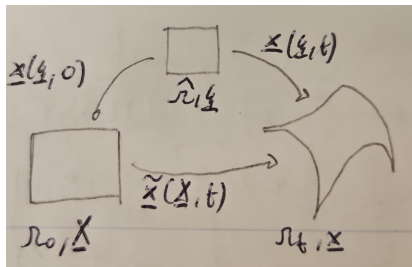


Shallow water equations, Lagrangian

$$\Omega_0 \ni \mathbf{X} \longrightarrow \mathbf{x} = \tilde{\mathbf{x}}(\mathbf{X}, t) \in \Omega_t$$

$$\hat{\Omega} \ni \boldsymbol{\xi} \longrightarrow \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{x}(\boldsymbol{\xi}, t) \in \Omega_t$$

$$\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{x}(\boldsymbol{\xi}, 0)$$



Shallow water equations, Lagrangian

- Motion

$$\frac{d}{dt}\mathbf{x}(\boldsymbol{\xi}, t) = \mathbf{v}(\mathbf{x}(\boldsymbol{\xi}, t), t)$$

- Water height/density (SMC)

$$H(\mathbf{x}(\boldsymbol{\xi}, t), t) = \frac{\hat{H}(\boldsymbol{\xi})}{\det \mathbf{J}(\boldsymbol{\xi}, t)}, \quad \mathbf{J}(\boldsymbol{\xi}, t) = \frac{\partial \mathbf{x}}{\partial \boldsymbol{\xi}}(\boldsymbol{\xi}, t)$$

- Velocity

$$\begin{aligned} H(\mathbf{x}, t) \frac{d}{dt} \mathbf{v}(\mathbf{x}, t) &= -\nabla_{\mathbf{x}} p - gH \nabla_{\mathbf{x}} B \\ &= -\nabla_{\mathbf{x}} \left(\frac{gH^2}{2} \right) - gH \nabla_{\mathbf{x}} B \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \mathbf{v}(\mathbf{x}, t) = -g \nabla_{\mathbf{x}} (H + B)$$



Shallow water equations, FEM discretization

$$\begin{aligned}\widehat{\varphi}_i &\in \mathbb{P}_{M+1} && \text{continuous} \\ \widehat{\psi}_i &\in \mathbb{P}_M && \text{discontinuous}\end{aligned}$$

$$\varphi_i(\mathbf{x}(\boldsymbol{\xi}, t), t) = \widehat{\varphi}_i(\boldsymbol{\xi})$$

$$\psi_i(\mathbf{x}(\boldsymbol{\xi}, t), t) = \widehat{\psi}_i(\boldsymbol{\xi})$$

$$\mathbf{x}_h(\boldsymbol{\xi}, t) = \sum_i \mathbf{x}_i(t) \widehat{\varphi}_i(\boldsymbol{\xi})$$

$$\mathbf{v}_h(\boldsymbol{\xi}, t) = \sum_i \mathbf{v}_i(t) \widehat{\varphi}_i(\boldsymbol{\xi})$$

$$H_h(\boldsymbol{\xi}, t) = \sum_i H_i(t) \widehat{\psi}_i(\boldsymbol{\xi})$$

$$\mathbf{v}_h(\mathbf{x}, t) = \sum_i \mathbf{v}_i(t) \widehat{\varphi}_i(\boldsymbol{\xi}(\mathbf{x}, t))$$

$$H_h(\mathbf{x}, t) = \sum_i H_i(t) \widehat{\psi}_i(\boldsymbol{\xi}(\mathbf{x}, t))$$



Shallow water equations, discretized equations

- Motion

$$\frac{d}{dt}\mathbf{x}_i(t) = \mathbf{v}_i(t)$$

- Water height/density (SMC) \Rightarrow PP

$$H_i(t) = \frac{\hat{H}_i}{\det \mathbf{J}(\boldsymbol{\xi}_i, t)}, \quad \mathbf{J}(\boldsymbol{\xi}, t) = \frac{\partial \mathbf{x}}{\partial \boldsymbol{\xi}}(\boldsymbol{\xi}, t)$$

- Velocity

$$\begin{aligned} & \sum_{K \in K_i} \sum_{\mathbf{x}_j \in K} \left(\int_K \varphi_i \varphi_j d\mathbf{x} \right) \frac{d}{dt} \mathbf{v}_j(t) \\ &= -g \sum_{K \in K_i} \left[\int_K \varphi_i \nabla_{\mathbf{x}} (H_h + B_h) d\mathbf{x} \right] - \sum_{K \in K_i} \mathbf{C} T_i^K - \mathbf{S} T_i^K \end{aligned}$$



Shallow water equations, discretized equations

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{K \in K_i} \sum_{\mathbf{x}_j \in K} \left(\int_K \varphi_i \varphi_j d\mathbf{x} \right) \frac{d}{dt} \mathbf{v}_j(t) \\ = -g \sum_{K \in K_i} \left[\int_K \varphi_i \nabla_{\mathbf{x}} (H_h + B_h) d\mathbf{x} \right] - \sum_{K \in K_i} \mathbf{CT}_i^K - \mathbf{ST}_i \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbf{CT}_i^K = g \int_{\partial K} \varphi_i (\eta^* - \eta|_K) \boldsymbol{\nu} d\boldsymbol{\sigma}$$

$$\mathbf{ST}_i^{CIP} := \sum_f \alpha_f \left\| \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \varphi_i \right\| \left\| \frac{\partial}{\partial x} v \right\|, \quad \mathbf{ST}_i^{LxF} := \sum_{K \in K_i} \alpha_K (\mathbf{v}_i - \bar{\mathbf{v}}_K)$$

Last but not least an ODE integrator



Problem: mass matrix

$$\sum_{K \in K_i} \sum_{\mathbf{x}_j \in K} \left(\int_K \varphi_i \varphi_j d\mathbf{x} \right) \frac{d}{dt} \mathbf{v}_j(t)$$
$$= -g \sum_{K \in K_i} \left[\int_K \varphi_i \nabla_{\mathbf{x}} (H_h + B_h) d\mathbf{x} \right] - \sum_{K \in K_i} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{T}_i^K - \mathbf{S} \mathbf{T}_i$$

$$\mathcal{M} \frac{d}{dt} \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{r}$$



- LO mass lumping
- DeC Remi¹ (problems for order 4 on)
- Spectral methods $\varphi_i \sim x_i$ (1D GLB, 2D tensor product or Cubature)

¹Abgrall, High order schemes for hyperbolic problems using globally continuous approximation and avoiding mass matrices, 2017



Price to pay: time-dependent mass matrix

$$\begin{aligned}\int_{K(t)} \varphi_i(\mathbf{x}, t) \varphi_j(\mathbf{x}, t) d\mathbf{x} &= \int_{\hat{K}} \hat{\varphi}_i(\boldsymbol{\xi}) \hat{\varphi}_j(\boldsymbol{\xi}) \det \mathbf{J}(\boldsymbol{\xi}, t) d\boldsymbol{\xi} \\ &\approx \delta_{i,j} \hat{\omega}_i \det \mathbf{J}(\boldsymbol{\xi}_i, t)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\int_{K(t)} H_h(\mathbf{x}, t) \varphi_i(\mathbf{x}, t) \varphi_j(\mathbf{x}, t) d\mathbf{x} &= \int_{\hat{K}} H_h(\boldsymbol{\xi}, t) \hat{\varphi}_i(\boldsymbol{\xi}) \hat{\varphi}_j(\boldsymbol{\xi}) \det \mathbf{J}(\boldsymbol{\xi}, t) d\boldsymbol{\xi} \\ &\approx \delta_{i,j} \hat{\omega}_i H_h(\boldsymbol{\xi}_i, t) \det \mathbf{J}(\boldsymbol{\xi}_i, t)\end{aligned}$$

However, only a point evaluation



$$\frac{d}{dt}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{v}, \quad \frac{d}{dt}\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{r}, \quad \text{SMC}$$

- Truly arbitrary high order (no problems as for Bernstein and β -limiting)
- Extendible to Euler
- Extendible to multi-D (quads, PGL, tensor products, Cubature)
- Whatever time integration method.



Section 3

Numerics



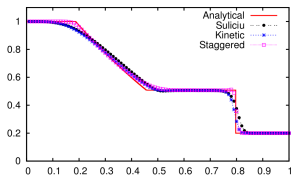
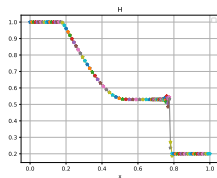
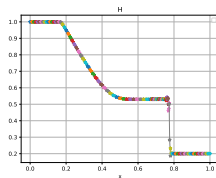


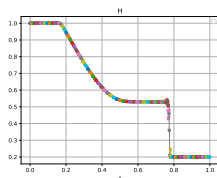
Figure: Reference



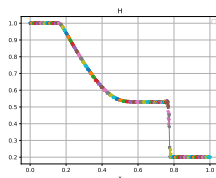
(a) order 2



(b) order 3



(c) order 4

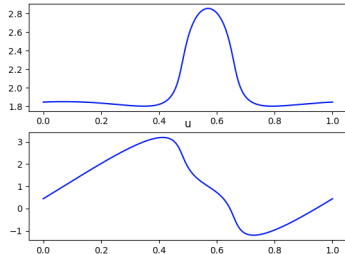


(d) order 5

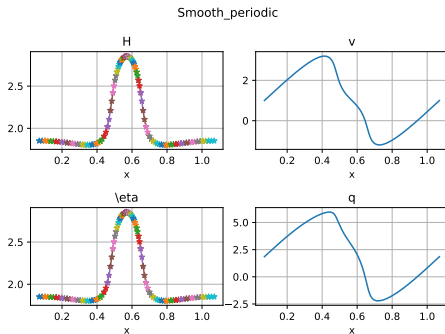


Numerics, Convergence

$$\begin{cases} H = 2 + \cos(2\pi x) \\ v = 1 \end{cases}$$



(a) Eulerian



(b) Lagrangian



Numerics, Convergence² (2p)

ORDER 2 P1P2

N	error x	Order x	Error v	Order v
50	2.850e-04	0.000	1.305e-02	0.000
100	7.166e-05	1.992	3.021e-03	2.111
200	1.798e-05	1.995	7.579e-04	1.995
400	4.504e-06	1.997	1.901e-04	1.996
800	1.127e-06	1.998	4.756e-05	1.999

ORDER 3 P2P3

N	error x	Order x	Error v	Order v
50	1.197e-06	0.000	9.768e-04	0.000
100	1.497e-07	2.999	4.086e-05	4.579
200	9.487e-09	3.980	4.666e-06	3.131
400	6.040e-10	3.973	3.973e-07	3.554
800	3.811e-11	3.986	2.878e-08	3.787

ORDER 4 P3P4 (final plateau probably due to the fact that H hit machine precision)

N	error x	Order x	Error v	Order v
50	2.696e-07	0.000	8.121e-05	0.000
100	7.205e-09	5.226	4.995e-06	4.023
200	7.689e-11	6.550	6.990e-08	6.159
400	1.060e-12	6.181	1.087e-09	6.007
800	1.739e-14	5.930	1.606e-10	2.758

ORDER 5 P4P5

N	error x	Order x	Error v	Order v
50	2.973e-08	0.000	3.642e-05	0.000
100	2.038e-10	7.188	2.641e-07	7.108
200	9.721e-13	7.712	1.196e-09	7.786



Numerics, well-balancing

In particular (in Eulerian) $\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \mathbf{u} \equiv 0 \Leftrightarrow \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{u}) = \mathbf{S}(x, \mathbf{u})$

- Refine a lot the mesh \Rightarrow Longer computational time
- Well-balancing

$$\mathbf{u}_{eq} := \begin{pmatrix} \eta - B \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$\eta = H + B \equiv const$$



Figure: Lake of Zürich at rest



Lake at rest is exactly preserved

$$\frac{d}{dt}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{v}, \quad \frac{d}{dt}\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{r}, \quad \text{SMC}$$

$$H(\mathbf{x}(\boldsymbol{\xi}, t), t) = \frac{\hat{H}(\boldsymbol{\xi})}{\det \mathbf{J}(\boldsymbol{\xi}, t)}, \quad \mathbf{J}(\boldsymbol{\xi}, t) = \frac{\partial \mathbf{x}}{\partial \boldsymbol{\xi}}(\boldsymbol{\xi}, t)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sum_{K \in K_i} \sum_{\mathbf{x}_j \in K} \left(\int_K \varphi_i \varphi_j d\mathbf{x} \right) \frac{d}{dt} \mathbf{v}_j(t) \\ &= -g \sum_{K \in K_i} \left[\int_K \varphi_i \nabla_{\mathbf{x}} (H_h + B_h) d\mathbf{x} \right] - \sum_{K \in K_i} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{T}_i^K - \mathbf{S} \mathbf{T}_i \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} & \sum_{K \in K_i} \sum_{\mathbf{x}_j \in K} \left(\int_K \varphi_i \varphi_j d\mathbf{x} \right) \frac{d}{dt} \mathbf{v}_j(t) \\ &= -g \sum_{K \in K_i} \left[\int_K \varphi_i \nabla_{\mathbf{x}} (H_h + B_h) d\mathbf{x} \right] - \sum_{K \in K_i} \mathbf{CT}_i^K - \mathbf{ST}_i \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbf{CT}_i^K = g \int_{\partial K} \varphi_i (\eta^* - \eta|_K) \boldsymbol{\nu} d\sigma$$

$$\mathbf{ST}_i^{CIP} := \sum_f \alpha_f \left[\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \varphi_i \right] \right] \left[\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{v} \right] \right], \quad \mathbf{ST}_i^{LxF} := \sum_{K \in K_i} \alpha_K (\mathbf{v}_i - \bar{\mathbf{v}}_K)$$



Numerics, well-balancing

Non-smooth bathymetry, only C^0

$$\eta(x) = \begin{cases} \eta_{eq} + A \exp\left(1 - \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{x-6}{0.5}\right)^2}\right) & 5.5 < x < 6.5 \\ \eta_{eq} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

with $A = 5 \cdot 10^{-5}$.

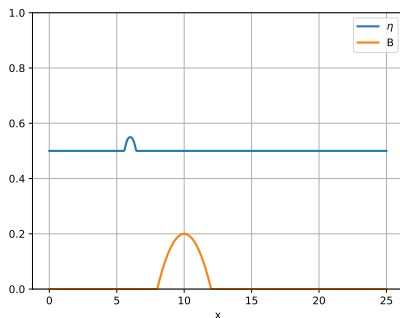
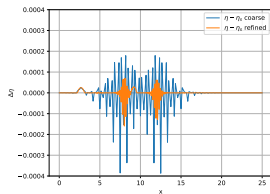


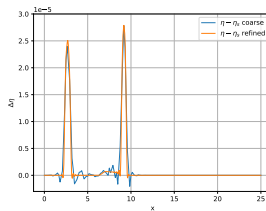
Figure: Perturbation amplified by 1000



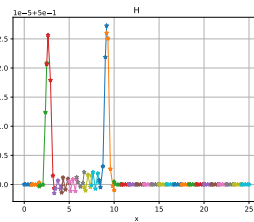
Order 5, 30 elements



(a) Eulerian, non WB



(b) Eulerian, WB



(c) Lagrangian



P1P2 -> order 2

N	L ¹ (v)	Order v	L ¹ (H)	Order H	L ¹ (q)	Order q	v ₂	Order v	H ₂	Order H
25	4.281e-02	0.000	1.837e-02	0.000	1.875e-01	0.000	3.024e-03	0.000	1.113e-03	0.000
50	1.021e-02	2.068	5.229e-03	1.813	4.787e-02	1.970	8.202e-04	1.882	3.348e-04	1.733
100	2.431e-03	2.070	9.872e-04	2.405	1.045e-02	2.196	1.884e-04	2.122	6.528e-05	2.359
200	4.775e-04	2.348	1.446e-04	2.771	1.928e-03	2.438	3.731e-05	2.336	1.091e-05	2.581
400	1.125e-04	2.086	2.981e-05	2.278	4.510e-04	2.096	8.973e-06	2.056	2.450e-06	2.155
800	2.793e-05	2.010	7.313e-06	2.027	1.126e-04	2.002	2.243e-06	2.000	6.048e-07	2.018

P2P3 -> order 3 (instead I get 2)

N	L ¹ (v)	Order v	L ¹ (H)	Order H	L ¹ (q)	Order q	v ₂	Order v	H ₂	Order H
25	9.342e-03	0.000	3.326e-03	0.000	3.702e-02	0.000	9.183e-04	0.000	3.003e-04	0.000
50	1.945e-03	2.264	7.998e-04	2.056	1.033e-02	1.841	1.574e-04	2.545	7.969e-05	1.914
100	4.239e-04	2.198	1.947e-04	2.038	2.180e-03	2.244	3.369e-05	2.224	1.590e-05	2.325
200	8.308e-05	2.351	3.091e-05	2.655	3.042e-04	2.841	6.592e-06	2.354	2.444e-06	2.702
400	1.833e-05	2.180	5.953e-06	2.376	4.774e-05	2.672	1.523e-06	2.114	4.756e-07	2.361
800	4.502e-06	2.026	1.455e-06	2.033	1.120e-05	2.092	3.758e-07	2.019	1.150e-07	2.048

P3P4 -> order 4

N	L ¹ (v)	Order v	L ¹ (H)	Order H	L ¹ (q)	Order q	v ₂	Order v	H ₂	Order H
25	3.877e-03	0.000	1.475e-03	0.000	1.573e-02	0.000	5.056e-04	0.000	2.086e-04	0.000
50	7.459e-04	2.378	3.024e-04	2.286	3.726e-03	2.078	6.793e-05	2.896	3.157e-05	2.724
100	9.525e-05	2.969	5.184e-05	2.544	6.887e-04	2.436	7.144e-06	3.249	4.526e-06	2.802
200	9.417e-06	3.338	4.700e-06	3.463	6.982e-05	3.302	6.768e-07	3.400	3.857e-07	3.553
400	3.955e-07	4.574	1.974e-07	4.573	2.982e-06	4.549	2.757e-08	4.618	1.556e-08	4.632

P4P5 -> order 5

N	L ¹ (v)	Order v	L ¹ (H)	Order H	L ¹ (q)	Order q	v ₂	Order v	H ₂	Order H
25	2.130e-03	0.000	8.068e-04	0.000	7.579e-03	0.000	2.959e-04	0.000	1.281e-04	0.000
50	3.021e-04	2.818	1.253e-04	2.687	1.390e-03	2.447	2.776e-05	3.414	2.241e-05	2.515
100	2.822e-05	3.420	1.237e-05	3.340	1.310e-04	3.407	2.418e-06	3.521	2.042e-06	3.456
200	1.202e-06	4.553	5.293e-07	4.547	6.777e-06	4.273	9.730e-08	4.635	7.038e-08	4.859



Section 4

Continuous FEM



- A tessellation $\mathcal{T}_h = \{K\}$ of Ω ;



Continuous FEM

- A tessellation $\mathcal{T}_h = \{K\}$ of Ω ;
- The space V_h of continuous piecewise polynomial functions;



Continuous FEM

- A tessellation $\mathcal{T}_h = \{K\}$ of Ω ;
- The space V_h of continuous piecewise polynomial functions;
- a basis $\{\varphi_i\}_{i=1,\dots,I}$ of V_h (Bn , Pn , $PGLn$);



- A tessellation $\mathcal{T}_h = \{K\}$ of Ω ;
- The space V_h of continuous piecewise polynomial functions;
- a basis $\{\varphi_i\}_{i=1,\dots,I}$ of V_h (Bn, Pn, PGLn);
- We look for $\mathbf{u}_h(x, t) := \sum_{j=1}^I \mathbf{c}_j(t) \varphi_j(x)$ s.t.

$$\int_{\Omega} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \mathbf{u}_h + \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{u}_h) - \mathbf{S}(x, \mathbf{u}_h) \right]_h \right) \varphi_i(x) + \mathbf{ST}_i(\mathbf{u}_h) = \mathbf{0} \quad \forall i$$



- A tessellation $\mathcal{T}_h = \{K\}$ of Ω ;
- The space V_h of continuous piecewise polynomial functions;
- a basis $\{\varphi_i\}_{i=1,\dots,I}$ of V_h (Bn, Pn, PGLn);
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$$\int_{\Omega} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \mathbf{u}_h + \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{u}_h) - \mathbf{S}(x, \mathbf{u}_h) \right]_h \right) \varphi_i(x) + \mathbf{ST}_i(\mathbf{u}_h) = \mathbf{0} \quad \forall i$$

\Downarrow

$$\mathcal{M} \frac{d}{dt} \mathbf{c}(t) = \mathbf{H}(\mathbf{c}(t))$$



- A tessellation $\mathcal{T}_h = \{K\}$ of Ω ;
- The space V_h of continuous piecewise polynomial functions;
- a basis $\{\varphi_i\}_{i=1,\dots,I}$ of V_h (Bn, Pn, PGLn);
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$$\int_{\Omega} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \mathbf{u}_h + \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{u}_h) - \mathbf{S}(x, \mathbf{u}_h) \right]_h \right) \varphi_i(x) + \mathbf{ST}_i(\mathbf{u}_h) = \mathbf{0} \quad \forall i$$

\Downarrow

$$\mathcal{M} \frac{d}{dt} \mathbf{c}(t) = \mathbf{H}(\mathbf{c}(t))$$

$$\mathbf{u}_{eq} := \begin{pmatrix} \eta - B \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \eta = H + B \equiv \text{const}$$



Section 5

Well-balancing



Subsection 1

Spatial part



$$\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{u}_h) - \mathbf{S}(x, \mathbf{u}_h) \right]_h = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{F}_h(x) - \mathbf{S}_h(x)$$
$$\mathbf{F}_h(x) = \sum_j \mathbf{F}_j \varphi_j(x), \quad \mathbf{S}_h(x) = \sum_j \mathbf{S}_j \varphi_j(x)$$



$$\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{u}_h) - \mathbf{S}(x, \mathbf{u}_h) \right]_h = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{F}_h(x) - \mathbf{S}_h(x) \neq 0 \text{ for lake at rest}$$
$$\mathbf{F}_h(x) = \sum_j \mathbf{F}_j \varphi_j(x), \quad \mathbf{S}_h(x) = \sum_j \mathbf{S}_j \varphi_j(x)$$



$$\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{u}_h) - \mathbf{S}(x, \mathbf{u}_h) \right]_h = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{F}_h(x) - \mathbf{S}_h(x) \neq 0 \text{ for lake at rest}$$

$$\mathbf{F}_h(x) = \sum_j \mathbf{F}_j \varphi_j(x), \quad \mathbf{S}_h(x) = \sum_j \mathbf{S}_j \varphi_j(x)$$

Special WB discretization³

$$\begin{aligned} \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{u}_h) - \mathbf{S}(x, \mathbf{u}_h) \right]_h &= \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \begin{pmatrix} H v \\ H v^2 + g \frac{H^2}{2} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ g H \frac{\partial}{\partial x} B \end{pmatrix} \right]_h \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left[\begin{pmatrix} H v \\ H v^2 \end{pmatrix} \right]_h + \left(g H_h \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ H_h + B_h \end{pmatrix} \right) \end{aligned}$$

³Ricchiuto and Bollermann. Stabilized residual distribution for shallow water simulations, 2009



$$\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{u}_h) - \mathbf{S}(x, \mathbf{u}_h) \right]_h = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{F}_h(x) - \mathbf{S}_h(x) \neq 0 \text{ for lake at rest}$$

$$\mathbf{F}_h(x) = \sum_j \mathbf{F}_j \varphi_j(x), \quad \mathbf{S}_h(x) = \sum_j \mathbf{S}_j \varphi_j(x)$$

Special WB discretization³

$$\begin{aligned} \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{u}_h) - \mathbf{S}(x, \mathbf{u}_h) \right]_h &= \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \begin{pmatrix} H v \\ H v^2 + g \frac{H^2}{2} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ g H \frac{\partial}{\partial x} B \end{pmatrix} \right]_h \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left[\begin{pmatrix} H v \\ H v^2 \end{pmatrix} \right]_h + \left(g H_h \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ H_h + B_h \end{pmatrix} \right) = \mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$$

³Ricchiuto and Bollermann. Stabilized residual distribution for shallow water simulations, 2009



Subsection 2

Stabilization, continuous interior penalty



$$\int_{\Omega} \varphi_i(x) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \mathbf{u}_h d\mathbf{x} + \int_{\Omega} \varphi_i(x) \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{u}_h) - \mathbf{S}(x, \mathbf{u}_h) \right]_h + \mathbf{ST}_i(\mathbf{u}_h) = \mathbf{0} \quad \forall i$$



$$\int_{\Omega} \varphi_i(x) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \mathbf{u}_h d\mathbf{x} + \int_{\Omega} \varphi_i(x) \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{u}_h) - \mathbf{S}(x, \mathbf{u}_h) \right]_h + \mathbf{ST}_i(\mathbf{u}_h) = \mathbf{0} \quad \forall i$$

CIP⁴ stabilization terms (**jump c**)

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{ST}_i(\mathbf{u}_h) &:= \sum_f \alpha_f \int_f \llbracket \nabla_x \varphi_i \rrbracket \llbracket \nabla_x \mathbf{u}_h \rrbracket d\sigma \\ &= \sum_f \alpha_f \left[\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \varphi_i \right] \right] \left[\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{u}_h \right] \right] \end{aligned}$$

⁴J. Douglas Jr and T. Dupont Interior Penalty Procedures for Elliptic and Parabolic Galerkin Methods, 1976



$$\int_{\Omega} \varphi_i(x) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \mathbf{u}_h d\mathbf{x} + \int_{\Omega} \varphi_i(x) \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{u}_h) - \mathbf{S}(x, \mathbf{u}_h) \right]_h + \mathbf{ST}_i(\mathbf{u}_h) = \mathbf{0} \quad \forall i$$

CIP⁴ stabilization terms (**jump c**)

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{ST}_i(\mathbf{u}_h) &:= \sum_f \alpha_f \int_f \llbracket \nabla_{\mathbf{x}} \varphi_i \rrbracket \llbracket \nabla_{\mathbf{x}} \mathbf{u}_h \rrbracket d\sigma \\ &= \sum_f \alpha_f \left\llbracket \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \varphi_i \right\rrbracket \left\llbracket \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{u}_h \right\rrbracket \\ &= \sum_f \alpha_f \left\llbracket \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \varphi_i \right\rrbracket \left\llbracket \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\begin{matrix} H_h \\ (Hv)_h \end{matrix} \right) \right\rrbracket \neq \mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$$

⁴J. Douglas Jr and T. Dupont Interior Penalty Procedures for Elliptic and Parabolic Galerkin Methods, 1976



Stabilization part, novel well-balanced jumps

- **jump t** (total height)

$$\mathbf{ST}_i(\mathbf{u}_h) := \sum_f \alpha_f \left[\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \varphi_i \right] \right] \left[\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \begin{pmatrix} \eta \\ H v \end{pmatrix} \right] \right]$$



Stabilization part, novel well-balanced jumps

- **jump t** (total height)

$$\mathbf{ST}_i(\mathbf{u}_h) := \sum_f \alpha_f \left[\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \varphi_i \right] \left[\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \begin{pmatrix} \eta \\ H v \end{pmatrix} \right] \right]$$

- **jump e** (entropy variables)

$$\mathbf{ST}_i(\mathbf{u}_h) := \sum_f \alpha_f \left[\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \varphi_i \right] \frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{w}} \left[\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{w} \right] \right], \quad \mathbf{w} := \begin{pmatrix} g\eta - \frac{v^2}{2} \\ v \end{pmatrix}$$



Stabilization part, novel well-balanced jumps

- **jump t** (total height)

$$\mathbf{ST}_i(\mathbf{u}_h) := \sum_f \alpha_f \left[\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \varphi_i \right] \left[\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \begin{pmatrix} \eta \\ H v \end{pmatrix} \right] \right]$$

- **jump e** (entropy variables)

$$\mathbf{ST}_i(\mathbf{u}_h) := \sum_f \alpha_f \left[\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \varphi_i \right] \frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{w}} \left[\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{w} \right] \right], \quad \mathbf{w} := \begin{pmatrix} g\eta - \frac{v^2}{2} \\ v \end{pmatrix}$$

- **jump r** (residual)

$$\mathbf{ST}_i(\mathbf{u}_h) := \sum_f \alpha_f \left[\left[\mathbf{J} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \varphi_i \right] |\mathbf{J}|^{-1} \left[\left[\mathbf{J} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{u} - \mathbf{S} \right] \right], \quad \mathbf{J} := \frac{\partial \mathbf{F}}{\partial \mathbf{u}}$$

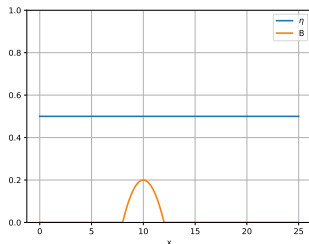


Section 6

Numerical results



Well-balancing



Framework	L^1 error H	L^1 error Hv
WB-HS jc	3.007E-004	5.963E-004
WB-HS jt	9.403E-013	4.418E-012
WB-HS je	9.396E-013	4.415E-012
WB-HS jr	9.409E-013	4.415E-012

Table: PGL4 with 100 elements at $T_f = 10$

Same with P_n and B_n



Small perturbation of lake at rest

Same domain, non-smooth bathymetry, only C^0

$$\eta(x) = \begin{cases} \eta_{eq} + A \exp\left(1 - \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{x-6}{0.5}\right)^2}\right) & 5.5 < x < 6.5 \\ \eta_{eq} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

with $A = 5 \cdot 10^{-5}$.

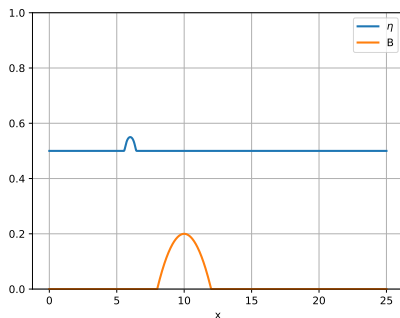
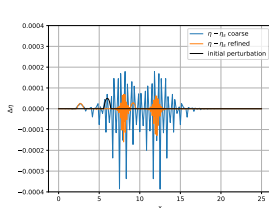


Figure: Perturbation amplified by 1000

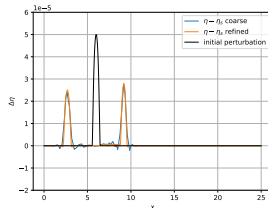


Small perturbation of lake at rest

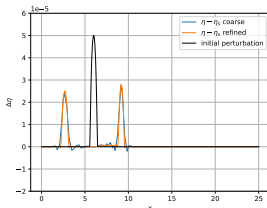
PGL4; coarse: 30 elements; refined: 128 elements



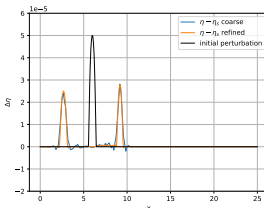
(a) Jump c



(b) Jump t



(c) Jump e



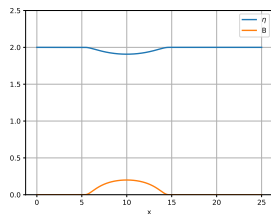
(d) Jump r



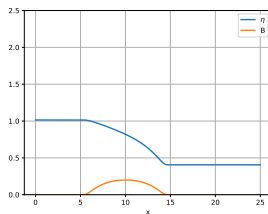
What about the other steady states?



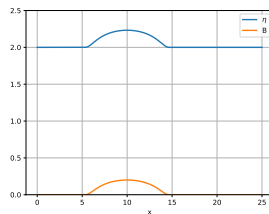
Convergence, PGL4



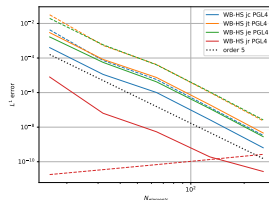
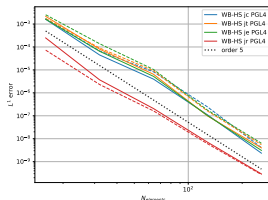
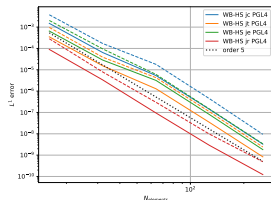
(a) Sub, $H\nu \equiv 4.42$



(b) Trans, $H\nu \equiv 1.53$



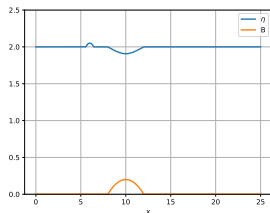
(c) Super, $H\nu \equiv 24$



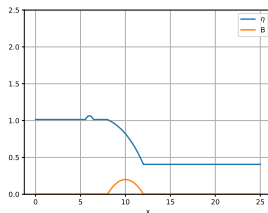
Continuous H , Dashed $H\nu$



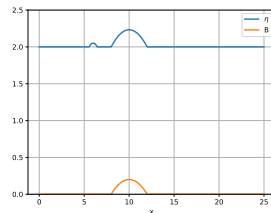
Small perturbation



(a) Subcritical



(b) Transcritical

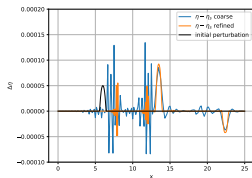


(c) Supercritical

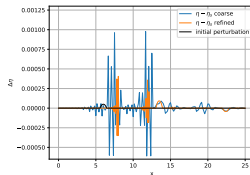
Figure: Perturbation amplified by 1000



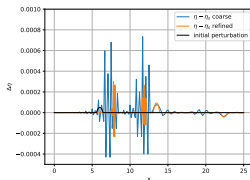
Supercritical



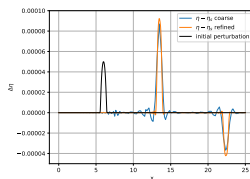
(a) Jump c



(b) Jump t



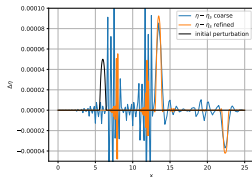
(c) Jump e



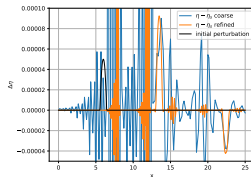
(d) Jump r



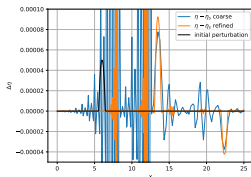
Supercritical



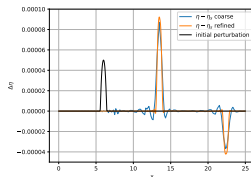
(a) Jump c



(b) Jump t



(c) Jump e



(d) Jump r



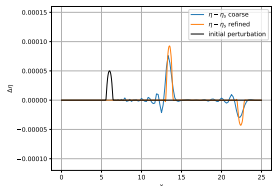
Analogous results

Analogous results for...

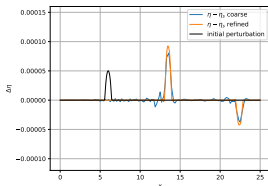


Analogous results

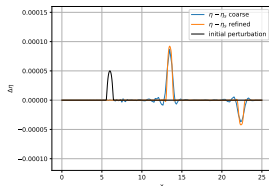
- for other basis functions (B_n , P_n and PGL_n)



(a) PGL2



(b) PGL3



(c) PGL4

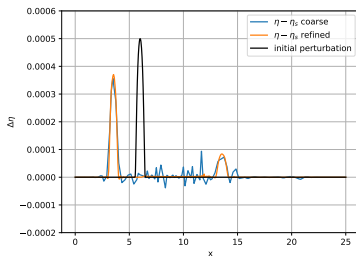
Supercritical: "fair" comparison with 60, 40 and 30 elements

(Constant number of DoFs)

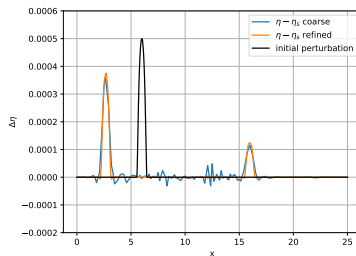


Analogous results

- for other tests



(a) Transcritical



(b) Subcritical

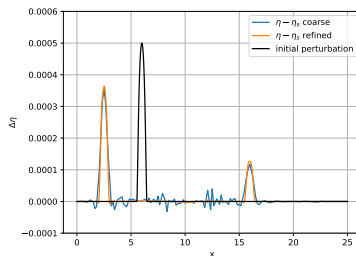
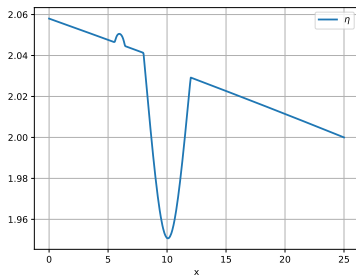
(NB: No limiting at all)



Analogous results

- with friction

$$\mathbf{S}(x, \mathbf{u}) = - \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ gH \frac{\partial}{\partial x} B \end{pmatrix} - g \frac{n^2 |Hv|}{H^{\frac{7}{3}}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ Hv \end{pmatrix}$$

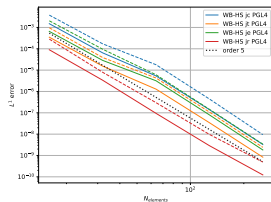


Subcritical: perturbation amplified by 100

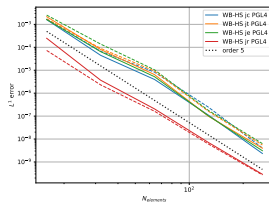
(Same for supercritical)



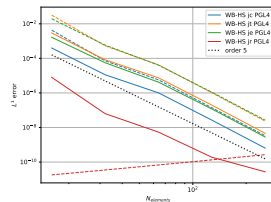
Global flux, $G = F - \int_{x_L}^x S$



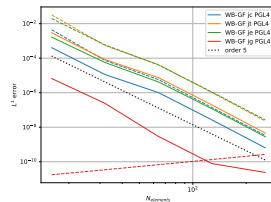
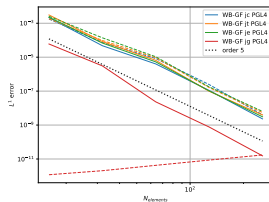
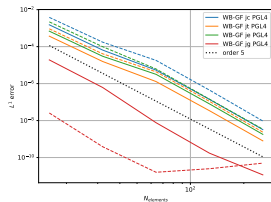
(a) Subcritical



(b) Transcritical



(c) Supercritical



Section 7

Conclusions



Conclusions



- WB space discretization (w.r.t. lake at rest)



Conclusions

- WB space discretization (w.r.t. lake at rest)
- Three new well-balanced CIP stabilizations
 - jt (total height)
 - je (entropy variables)
 - jr (residual)



- WB space discretization (w.r.t. lake at rest)
- Three new well-balanced CIP stabilizations
 - jt (total height)
 - je (entropy variables)
 - jr (residual)
- The numerical results confirm
 - Exact well-balancing for lake at rest
 - HO accuracy
 - Ability of jr to handle general steady states



*Thank you*⁵

Novel well-balanced continuous interior penalty stabilizations;
Micalizzi, Ricchiuto, Abgrall; 2023

⁵Looking for a postdoc position in the U.S.



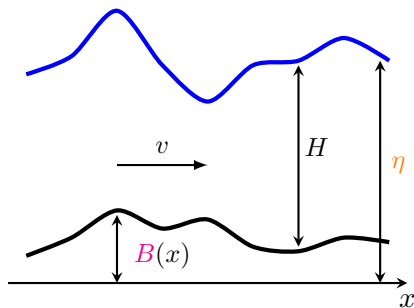
Shallow water equations, Eulerian

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \mathbf{u} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{u}) = \mathbf{S}(x, \mathbf{u}), \quad (x, t) \in \Omega \times [0, T], \quad \Omega := (x_L, x_R)$$

$$\mathbf{u} := \begin{pmatrix} H \\ H v \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{u}) := \begin{pmatrix} H v \\ H v^2 + g \frac{H^2}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{S}(x, \mathbf{u}) := - \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ g H \frac{\partial}{\partial x} B(x) \end{pmatrix}$$



$$\eta := H + B$$



Shallow water equations, simplification of Euler (with gravity)

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \mathbf{u} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{u}) = \mathbf{S}(x, \mathbf{u}), \quad (x, t) \in \Omega \times [0, T], \quad \Omega := (x_L, x_R)$$

$$\mathbf{u} := \begin{pmatrix} H \\ H v \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{u}) := \begin{pmatrix} H v \\ H v^2 + g \frac{H^2}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{S}(x, \mathbf{u}) := - \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ g H \frac{\partial}{\partial x} B(x) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$H \sim \rho$$

$$p \sim g \frac{H^2}{2}$$

$$B(x) \sim \phi(x)$$

Neglecting the energy equation

