Architectural Design

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 $\mathrm{May}\ 27,\ 2016$

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Introduction

Design Goals

The design goals are things we want to accomplish in terms of our design of the product. These can be divided in several categories.

Fully tested and integrated

Every week a working build is produced with high coverage testing and integration with Unity Cloud Build. We must ensure that a user will not experience any system breakdowns or bugs. The people who will use our system are often mentally fragile and any negative experience can have longlasting or permanent negative consequences.

Performance

Immersion is a key part of virtual reality and to get the best experience we need to deliver a product that can maintain a consistent and high frame rate. Since the Oculus Rift can display images at a refresh rate of 90Hz our product needs to be able to deliver a minimum frame rate of 90 fps.

Tracking precision

We need to allow users to pick up items within the virtual world. Manus VR and the Leap Motion will allow these interactions with high precision tracking of the hand and fingers. The kinect will be used to track the rest of the body for extra immersion.

Loss of tracking

Immersion can be compromised when we lose tracking of a part of the body. We can't prevent these moments when tracking is lost but since we have multiple tracking devices we need to use data of another device to fill in the gaps. If no data is available for the current position we can still predict the position using using old tracking data.

Chapter 1

Software architecture views

This chapter lists both the functional and non-functional requirements The MoSCoW method is a prioritization technique, we divided our requirements into must, should, could, and won't haves.

1.1 Programming languages and programs

The program will run on Unity3D, version 5.3.4p1. The program will be developed in the C# language using Microsoft Visual Studio as the script editor.

1.2 Continuous Integration

To test and build the Unity program, we make use of a service called Unity Cloud Build provided by Unity Technologies.

1.3 Hardware/software mapping

The system uses several hardware components. A computer will run the program through Unity3D, while the Kinect, Leap Motion and Manus VR will provide measured tracking data for the program while active. The hardware used for tracking will be connected to the computer.

1.4 Version control

Version control will be provided by git. To assure good code quality, pullrequests will be used to review changes before merging these changes to the main branch.

1.5 Concurrency

To ensure concurrency between the several hardware and software components we make use of, we only use them in a setting as suggested by the product owners and use strictly the versions of each program that is known to support concurrent use of software.

Chapter 2

Glossary

Unity3D

Unity3D is a crossplatform game engine developed by Unity Technologies and used to develop video games for PC, consoles, mobile devices and websites. In this context the engine will be used to develop the program and environment.

Manus VR

The Manus glove is the first consumer glove specifically designed for virtual reality. It tracks hand movement using a combination of hightech sensors all contained inside the glove. With this technology, the Manus glove provides accurate and reliable hand and finger tracking.

Kinect

Kinect is a webcamlike motion sensing input device by Microsoft. It uses two cameras to track the user, as well as an infrared sensor to measure the distance from the user, and to create depth. It can be used for tracking rough movements of the human body, but fails to track small, precise movements, like moving separate fingers.

Leap Motion

Leap Motion is a device that can be used to track the user's hands and fingers using infrared LEDs and two cameras. The main difference between the Leap Motion and the Kinect is the smaller range of the Leap which in return results in increased precision. Now with the increasing interest in virtual reality the developers of Leap Motion implemented a virtual reality mode where the sensor is put on the virtual reality headset (the Oculus Rift in our case).

Oculus Rift

VR System developed and released by the Oculus Company. This system includes a Head Mounted Display. It has a gyroscope for accurate rotational tracking and limited positional tracking capabilities.

Chapter 3

\mathbf{UML}