

RAVAGES OF THE YELLOW FEVER.

THE SCOURGE AT GRENADA, MISS.

The mortality here is terrible. The scene cannot be described. Dr. Mandeville, an experienced yellow fever physician, says he never saw anything that would begin to compare with it. It is fearful beyond description. Total deaths over seventy, with no abatement and no hopeful cases reported. Several deaths have just been reported. It seems as if none are to be spared.

A Grenada special says that three of the Howard nurses are prostrated by fever. The deaths were: J. C. Stokes and Henry Hart, the latter agent for a St. Louis hardware firm. Mr. and Mrs. Friedman will recover. Champagne is used freely to patients with excellent results. John Brannon and John Holland of the Chamberlain House have fled from the pestilence. Examination shows the city to have been in a very filthy condition, all the outhouses overflowing and stagnant water in many places.

TWO HUNDRED CASES IN VICKSBURG.

The health officers are unable to give official figures, but estimate that there are two hundred cases in the city, and the epidemic is increasing rapidly. There were four interments and there have been eighteen deaths up to the present time. There were twelve deaths in twenty-four hours, among them R. H. Shelby, a lawyer. Among the new cases were Dr. Balfour, health officer, and Dr. Robbins. By authority of the Most Worshipful Grand Master Murphy appeal is made to all Masons, wheresoever dispersed, to contribute to the relief of the sick and destitute in this city.

PANIC AT JACKSON, MISS.

The register and receiver at Jackson Miss., sent the following despatch to the commissioner of the general land office:—

There is great excitement in Jackson. People are fleeing in all directions. The board of health advises all to leave. There are 160 cases in Vicksburg and 20 in Canton. The fever is liable to appear at any moment; then to escape from the city would be impossible, as a rigid quarantine would be established against Jackson by the surrounding country. What shall we do?

The following answer has been sent:—

You may close your office and leave the city when it becomes necessary by local regulations or by actual visitation of the city by the fever.

THE REPORT FROM MEMPHIS.

The board of health report twelve new cases of yellow fever in one day. Among the sick is Dr. Saupe, who has been working faithfully among the sick.

RIGID PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES.

A Nashville despatch says the quarantine against Memphis is so rigid in towns in West Tennessee that their own citizens are not allowed to return, and two ladies jumped out of the windows of a car at Union City. The conductors are forced to lock their cars.

At Columbus, Ky., Sunday, a company of armed citizens stopped a Mobile train a short distance from the place, had the through passengers locked in and allowed those who got out to stroll leisurely to the town. A steamer from Memphis attempted to land 200 passengers, but was not allowed to.

The steamer John Porter has anchored three miles below Gallipolis, the engineers refusing to remain longer. Gallipolis health officers have placed a strong guard over her to prevent any one leaving the boat. Two cases, Charles DeGelman, engineer, from Pittsburg, and William Kohler, from Pomeroy, have died. There are ten cases on board, three very ill.

NO NEW CASES IN NEW YORK.

William Reilly, who was taken from that city suffering from yellow fever, died at quarantine on the 19th. He was attacked with black vomit, and died with great suffering. No new cases of the fever are reported, but a young man who was taken from one of the Southern steamers some days ago has died. The health authorities are confident that there is no danger of an epidemic.

The symptoms of William Schaltz, of 132 Dykeman street, Brooklyn, became so apparent that the physicians became satisfied that the patient was really afflicted with yellow fever. He was sent to the lower bay quarantine.