

# Assymetric\_encryption\_in\_python

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## 1 Assymetric Encryption in Python

For this example we will be using the rsa library

```
[1]: import rsa
```

Using rsa, we can create a public and private key

```
[5]: publicKey, privateKey = rsa.newkeys(nbits=512)
```

The generated publicKey and privateKey are unique 512 bit keys. The valuable thing is, they are linked.

Now I can give the publicKey to whomever I want. They can then use that public key to encrypt a message before sending it to me.

```
[12]: plaintext = b'This Message is Private'

ciphertext = rsa.encrypt(plaintext, publicKey)
```

```
[8]: ciphertext
```

```
[8]: b"V\xea>\xaa\x07\xbb\xc7\x9d\re\x1c\xc2=u\x03mC'\xa0\xb5\x90\xb5m\xaa\x90\xea~#0
\x8e\xe5P\x10a\x86n\x9e\xda\x89%G\xa7\x80\xb6o&=9|t<\x8c\x96P\xe8\x14\x9eG\xbc\x
92\x050\xc9\xbd"
```

Because the public and private keys are linked, I can then use the privateKey to decrypt the same message that the sender encrypted

```
[19]: decrypted_message = rsa.decrypt(ciphertext, privateKey)
decrypted_message
```

```
[19]: b'This Message is Private'
```

Now we can test that this does not work with any key:

```
[16]: new_publicKey, new_privateKey = rsa.newkeys(nbits=512)

new_ciphertext = rsa.encrypt(plaintext, new_publicKey)
```

Now we have encrypted the same plaintext message with the original publicKey. Next we try to decrypt it with the newly made privateKey

```
[17]: new_decrypted_message = rsa.decrypt(new_ciphertext, privateKey)
```

```
-----
DecryptionError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[17], line 1
----> 1 new_decrypted_message = rsa.decrypt(new_ciphertext, privateKey)

File ~\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python310\lib\site-packages\rsa\pkcs1.py:
  281, in decrypt(crypto, priv_key)
    279 anything_bad = cleartext_marker_bad | sep_idx_bad
    280 if anything_bad:
--> 281     raise DecryptionError("Decryption failed")
    283 return cleartext[sep_idx + 1 :]

DecryptionError: Decryption failed
```

As expected, the decryption failed.

This is because the public key used to encrypt and the private key we attempt to decrypt with, are not linked ...

## 1.1 Saving your Keys for later use

```
[20]: # Private key
with open(r"./private.pem", 'wb') as f:

    f.write(privateKey.save_pkcs1())

# Public key
with open(r"./public.pem", 'wb') as f:
    f.write(publicKey.save_pkcs1())
```

The saved files looks like this:

```
-----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
MIIBPAIBAAJBAKPcEb5D3XNK9Bge+WRVSw6+zud6sylN8bbII3YhOJpc
A26Yfbdu4+13hQR96Kp9/moky7zGWvneQzMCAwEAAQJAGycgmZLNY4mMIWMgmIu5
wFvGFX2zqqiL4W7fDXg7r25SSOZbrjhckgT3aQWY04DKs7YjllSJC+bMD4xZ2BpW
AQIjAOKW376w/b/k7b8J0s160k8443j2hSiOqGQe0YiBIGfc7kECHwC5IM74px7g
sjXz4DKXQ9n8FCaM1yKVo7qfIPHMCiWdYU3NcVLMCP5jgqCbIgHh1ana6FyKa
/ok26vuE0+4JKpuBAh5RTweYTk5Rnn3aE4p/p45saNcA72qvhKChpbArUeECImuS
1HimjiF3MbJYsXQRFSeUPVUOv4rsgEEQrvkoHxY6jYM=
-----END RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
8zA-
```

## 1.2 Loading saved keys

We will now save the key to a .pem file so we are able to use it later.

Now, lets imagine we are both the sender of the message and the recipient - where the recipient is the one who made the key-pairs.

In reality, the sender will load the public key, and the recipient will load the private key.

```
[22]: # Load the public key from a file
with open(r"./public.pem", 'rb') as f:
    publicKeyData = f.read()
    publicKey = rsa.PublicKey.load_pkcs1(publicKeyData)

# Load the private key from a file
with open(r"./private.pem", 'rb') as f:
    privateKeyData = f.read()
    privateKey = rsa.PrivateKey.load_pkcs1(privateKeyData)
```

```
[23]: plaintext = b'Can we decrypt this?'
ciphertext = rsa.encrypt(plaintext, publicKey)
ciphertext
```

```
[23]: b'd\r]\xb6\xc8\xee\x95Z]\x1a\x80\xb2\x83\xcd\xda\\-\n\x19\xc4\xf3\x8ao\xdf\x8d\xad/\xf8\xcd\xb4\xf4.\xa0\xb4\x9f+\xaa7\xcb\xde~f\xe42\nYo\xc0\xae\xe7F\xa0m\xdd%\x99\xbd\xc8z\xbfP\x8a\xf60\xeb.'
```

Once again, we have successfully encrypted our plaintext message. Now we decrypt it with the privatekey:

```
[24]: decrypted_message = rsa.decrypt(ciphertext, privateKey)
decrypted_message
```

```
[24]: b'Can we decrypt this?'
```

### 1.2.1 Success!

Thanks for reading, I hope this was useful :)

```
[ ]:
```