CONTENTS

Regression Trees and Classification Trees

Yifei Sun

Contents

tegression Trees				
The CART approach				
Conditional inference trees				
caret 1				
Classification trees 14				
rpart				
ctree				
caret 1				

```
# for data
library(ISLR)
library(mlbench)

library(caret)

library(rpart) #implement CART algorithm (classification, regression tree)
library(rpart.plot) # for tree diagram
library(party) #conditional inference tree CIT, no pruning needed
library(partykit) # useful for visualization of tree diagram

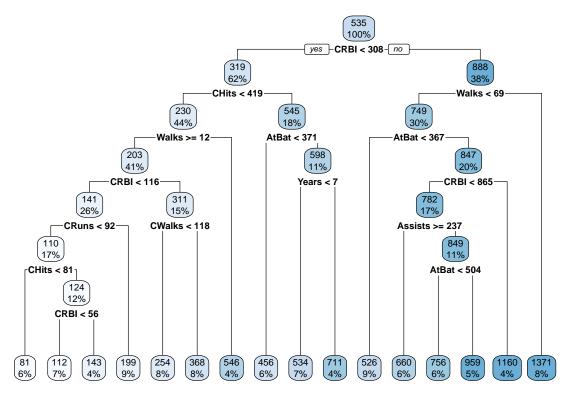
library(plotmo)
library(pROC)
```

Regression Trees

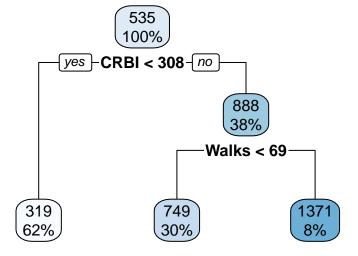
Predict a baseball player's salary on the basis of various statistics associated with performance in the previous year. Use ?Hitters for more details.

The CART approach

We first apply the regression tree method to the Hitters data. cp is the complexity parameter. The default value for cp is 0.01. Sometimes the default value may over prune the tree. rpart package does 10-fold CV for you.



We get a smaller tree by increasing the complexity parameter.



Pruning

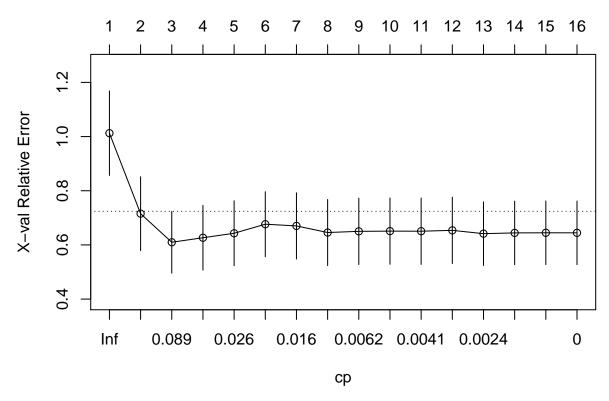
We next apply cost complexity pruning to obtain a tree with the right size. The functions printcp() and plotcp() give the set of possible cost-complexity prunings of a tree from a nested set. For the geometric means of the intervals of values of cp for which a pruning is optimal, a cross-validation has been done in the initial construction by rpart().

The cptable in the fit contains the mean and standard deviation of the errors in the cross-validated prediction against each of the geometric means, and these are plotted by plotcp(). Rel error (relative error) is \((1 - R^2\)). The x-error is the cross-validation error generated by built-in cross validation. A good choice of cp for pruning is often the leftmost value for which the mean lies below the horizontal line.

printcp(tree1) #variables used in tree construction are usually important

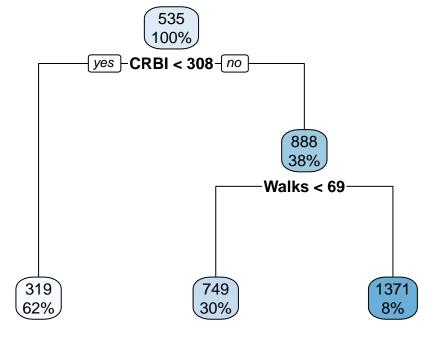
```
##
## Regression tree:
## rpart(formula = Salary ~ ., data = Hitters, subset = trRows,
##
       control = rpart.control(cp = 0))
##
## Variables actually used in tree construction:
## [1] Assists AtBat
                       CHits
                                CRBI
                                        CRuns
                                                CWalks Walks
                                                                 Years
##
## Root node error: 39912455/200 = 199562
##
## n= 200
##
##
              CP nsplit rel error xerror
                                              xstd
## 1
     0.38192590
                      0
                          1.00000 1.01246 0.15599
## 2
      0.12805512
                      1
                          0.61807 0.71544 0.13636
## 3
     0.06250035
                      2
                          0.49002 0.60987 0.11431
                      3
                          0.42752 0.62652 0.11953
## 4
     0.03215783
## 5 0.02075481
                      4
                          0.39536 0.64304 0.11992
                      5
## 6
     0.01897401
                          0.37461 0.67643 0.12001
## 7
     0.01378337
                      6
                          0.35563 0.67016 0.12223
## 8 0.00690975
                      7
                          0.34185 0.64575 0.12195
## 9 0.00561556
                      8
                          0.33494 0.65010 0.12252
## 10 0.00414395
                      9
                          0.32932 0.65090 0.12242
## 11 0.00401868
                     10
                          0.32518 0.65060 0.12248
## 12 0.00245210
                     11
                          0.32116 0.65378 0.12251
## 13 0.00233886
                     12
                          0.31871 0.64156 0.11732
## 14 0.00034311
                     13
                          0.31637 0.64435 0.11740
## 15 0.00013069
                     14
                          0.31603 0.64479 0.11740
## 16 0.00000000
                     15
                          0.31590 0.64461 0.11740
# number of terminal nodes = nsplit + 1
# pick one with the smallest error
cpTable <- tree1$cptable</pre>
plotcp(tree1)
```



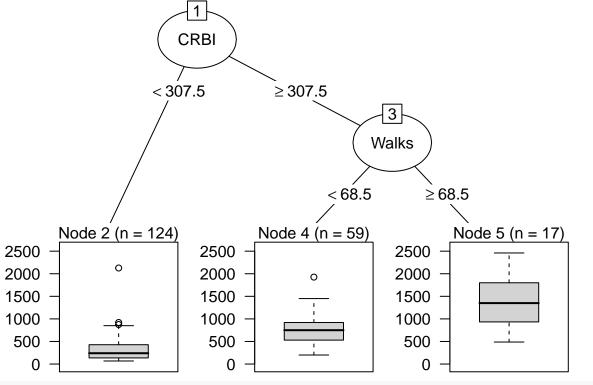


Prune the tree based on the cp table.

```
# minimum cross-validation error
minErr <- which.min(cpTable[,4])
tree3 <- prune(tree1, cp = cpTable[minErr,1]) #final tree
rpart.plot(tree3)</pre>
```



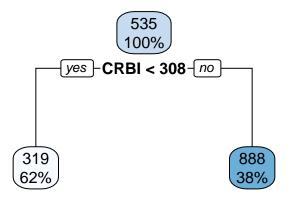
plot(as.party(tree3)) #boxplot show the distribution of the data



summary(tree3)

```
## Call:
## rpart(formula = Salary ~ ., data = Hitters, subset = trRows,
##
       control = rpart.control(cp = 0))
##
     n = 200
##
##
             CP nsplit rel error
                                    xerror
                                                 xstd
## 1 0.38192590
                     0 1.0000000 1.0124567 0.1559889
                     1 0.6180741 0.7154425 0.1363587
## 2 0.12805512
## 3 0.06250035
                     2 0.4900190 0.6098656 0.1143107
##
## Variable importance
##
      CRBI CAtBat
                     CHits
                             CRuns
                                    CHmRun
                                             CWalks
                                                      Walks
                                                               Runs PutOuts
                                                                                Hits
##
        18
                16
                        16
                                14
                                         14
                                                 13
                                                          6
                                                                  2
                                                                          1
                                                                                   1
##
## Node number 1: 200 observations,
                                        complexity param=0.3819259
##
     mean=535.4117, MSE=199562.3
##
     left son=2 (124 obs) right son=3 (76 obs)
##
     Primary splits:
##
         CRBI
               < 307.5 to the left,
                                       improve=0.3819259, (0 missing)
##
         CHits < 450
                         to the left,
                                       improve=0.3792192, (0 missing)
##
         CRuns < 218.5 to the left,
                                       improve=0.3735094, (0 missing)
##
         CAtBat < 1929.5 to the left,
                                       improve=0.3726771, (0 missing)
##
         CWalks < 216
                         to the left,
                                       improve=0.3330730, (0 missing)
##
     Surrogate splits:
##
         CAtBat < 2316.5 to the left, agree=0.95, adj=0.868, (0 split)
##
         CHits < 669
                         to the left, agree=0.95, adj=0.868, (0 split)
```

```
##
         CRuns < 301
                         to the left, agree=0.92, adj=0.789, (0 split)
##
         CHmRun < 54.5 to the left, agree=0.90, adj=0.737, (0 split)
         CWalks < 216
##
                        to the left, agree=0.90, adj=0.737, (0 split)
##
## Node number 2: 124 observations
    mean=319.2769, MSE=72904.09
##
##
## Node number 3: 76 observations,
                                      complexity param=0.1280551
##
     mean=888.0527, MSE=205641.4
     left son=6 (59 obs) right son=7 (17 obs)
##
##
     Primary splits:
##
         Walks
                 < 68.5
                          to the left, improve=0.3270252, (0 missing)
##
         AtBat
                < 424
                          to the left, improve=0.2172819, (0 missing)
##
         Hits
                 < 123.5 to the left, improve=0.2106275, (0 missing)
##
         Runs
                 < 55
                          to the left, improve=0.2010831, (0 missing)
##
         PutOuts < 809
                          to the left, improve=0.1887649, (0 missing)
##
     Surrogate splits:
##
         Runs
                 < 84.5
                         to the left, agree=0.842, adj=0.294, (0 split)
##
         PutOuts < 1171 to the left, agree=0.816, adj=0.176, (0 split)
##
         Hits
                 < 184.5 to the left, agree=0.803, adj=0.118, (0 split)
##
         AtBat < 603.5 to the left, agree=0.789, adj=0.059, (0 split)
##
         CHmRun < 273
                          to the left, agree=0.789, adj=0.059, (0 split)
##
## Node number 6: 59 observations
    mean=748.8511, MSE=98543.27
##
## Node number 7: 17 observations
    mean=1371.164, MSE=276688.3
# 2 types of splits: primary splits and surrogate splits
# surrogate splits is used when data contain missing values
with(Hitters[trRows,], table(cut(CRBI, c(-Inf, 307.5, Inf)), #primary
                             cut(CAtBat, c(-Inf, 2316.5, Inf)))) #surrogate
##
##
                (-Inf, 2.32e+03] (2.32e+03, Inf]
##
     (-Inf,308]
                            114
                                             10
##
     (308, Inf]
                              0
                                             76
# 2x2 table
# 1SE rule
tree4 <- prune(tree1,
               cp = cpTable[cpTable[,4] <cpTable[minErr,4] +cpTable[minErr,5],1][1])</pre>
rpart.plot(tree4)
```



Finally, the function $\mathtt{predict}()$ can be used for prediction from a fitted \mathtt{rpart} object.

predict(tree3, newdata = Hitters[-trRows,])

##	-Andres Galarraga	-Buddy Bell	-Bob Brenly	-Bob Melvin
##	319.2769	1371.1643	319.2769	319.2769
##	-BillyJo Robidoux	-Chris Bando	-Carmen Castillo	-Chili Davis
##	319.2769	319.2769	319.2769	1371.1643
##	-Curt Ford	-Chet Lemon	-Candy Maldonado	-Craig Reynolds
##	319.2769	748.8511	319.2769	748.8511
##	-Cory Snyder	-Dave Concepcion	-Don Mattingly	-Dwayne Murphy
##	319.2769	748.8511	748.8511	748.8511
##	-Darryl Strawberry	-George Bell	-Glenn Braggs	-Glenn Davis
##	1371.1643	748.8511	319.2769	319.2769
##	-Greg Gagne	-Gary Matthews	-Gary Redus	-Garry Templeton
##	319.2769	748.8511	319.2769	748.8511
##	-Hal McRae	-Herm Winningham	-Juan Beniquez	-John Cangelosi
##	748.8511	319.2769	748.8511	319.2769
##	-Jack Clark	-Jose Cruz	-Jim Dwyer	-John Kruk
##	748.8511	748.8511	319.2769	319.2769
##	-Jeffrey Leonard	-Jim Rice	-Jerry Royster	-Joel Youngblood
##	748.8511	748.8511	748.8511	748.8511
##	-Kent Hrbek	-Ken Oberkfell	-Leon Durham	-Lance Parrish
##	1371.1643	319.2769	748.8511	748.8511
##	-Marty Barrett	-Mickey Tettleton	-Ozzie Virgil	-Pete Incaviglia
##	319.2769	319.2769	319.2769	319.2769
##	-Paul Molitor	-Pat Tabler	-Rick Burleson	-Ron Hassey
##	748.8511	319.2769	748.8511	748.8511
##	-Ray Knight	-Rick Manning	-Rey Quinones	-Rafael Ramirez
##	748.8511	748.8511	319.2769	319.2769
##	-Ron Roenicke	-Robby Thompson	-Sid Bream	-Tony Bernazard
##	319.2769	319.2769	319.2769	748.8511
##	-Tom Foley	-Tommy Herr	-Tony Phillips	-Ted Simmons
##	319.2769	1371.1643	319.2769	748.8511
##	-Wally Joyner	-Wayne Tolleson	-Willie Wilson	
##	319.2769	319.2769	748.8511	

Missing data

```
Hitters2 <- Hitters
Hitters2$CRBI[sample(1:nrow(Hitters2), 50)] <- NA
set.seed(1)</pre>
```

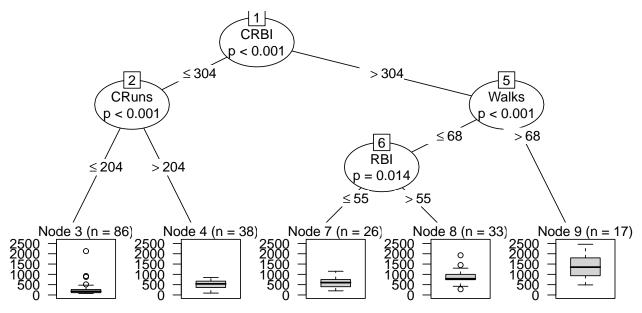
```
tree_m <- rpart(Salary ~ . ,</pre>
                data = Hitters2,
                subset = trRows,
                control = rpart.control(cp = 0))
cpTable_m <- tree_m$cptable</pre>
tree2_m <- prune(tree_m, cp = cpTable_m[which.min(cpTable_m[,4]),1])</pre>
summary(tree_m, cp = cpTable_m[which.min(cpTable_m[,4]),1])
## Call:
## rpart(formula = Salary ~ ., data = Hitters2, subset = trRows,
       control = rpart.control(cp = 0))
##
##
     n = 200
##
##
                CP nsplit rel error
                                        xerror
                                                    xstd
## 1
     0.3792191672
                        0 1.0000000 1.0124567 0.1559889
## 2
     0.1346129886
                         1 0.6207808 0.7051947 0.1375911
## 3
     0.0466533613
                         2 0.4861678 0.6162435 0.1162865
     0.0406985313
                        3 0.4395145 0.7006591 0.1228920
## 5
     0.0230367844
                        4 0.3988160 0.6979655 0.1221345
## 6
     0.0184611980
                        5 0.3757792 0.7157471 0.1214443
## 7 0.0176141868
                        6 0.3573180 0.7245008 0.1213859
## 8 0.0151385132
                        7 0.3397038 0.7174090 0.1235906
## 9
     0.0058500417
                        8 0.3245653 0.6932186 0.1236323
## 10 0.0045489952
                        9 0.3187152 0.6969256 0.1237107
## 11 0.0038721016
                       10 0.3141662 0.6936291 0.1235962
## 12 0.0018360746
                       11 0.3102941 0.6849839 0.1236191
## 13 0.0006536496
                       12 0.3084581 0.6812802 0.1192290
## 14 0.0003431087
                       13 0.3078044 0.6809116 0.1192366
## 15 0.0001055580
                       14 0.3074613 0.6808523 0.1192365
## 16 0.0000000000
                       15 0.3073557 0.6807566 0.1192392
## Variable importance
    CAtBat
             CHits
                     CRuns
                             CWalks
                                      Years
                                             CHmRun
                                                       Walks
                                                                Runs
                                                                        Hits
                                                                                AtBat
                16
                                                           6
                                                                   3
                                                                           3
                                                                                    3
##
        16
                         15
                                 14
                                         11
                                                 10
               RBI
## PutOuts
##
         2
                 1
##
## Node number 1: 200 observations,
                                        complexity param=0.3792192
##
     mean=535.4117, MSE=199562.3
##
     left son=2 (91 obs) right son=3 (109 obs)
##
     Primary splits:
##
         CHits < 450
                         to the left,
                                        improve=0.3792192, (0 missing)
##
         CRuns < 218.5 to the left,
                                        improve=0.3735094, (0 missing)
##
         CAtBat < 1929.5 to the left,
                                        improve=0.3726771, (0 missing)
##
                                        improve=0.3330730, (0 missing)
         CWalks < 216
                         to the left,
##
         CRBI
               < 310
                         to the left,
                                        improve=0.3230103, (35 missing)
##
     Surrogate splits:
##
         CAtBat < 1537
                                        agree=0.975, adj=0.945, (0 split)
                         to the left,
##
         CRuns < 210.5 to the left,
                                        agree=0.965, adj=0.923, (0 split)
##
         CWalks < 131
                         to the left,
                                        agree=0.910, adj=0.802, (0 split)
##
         Years < 5.5
                         to the left,
                                        agree=0.860, adj=0.692, (0 split)
##
         CHmRun < 31.5
                        to the left, agree=0.830, adj=0.626, (0 split)
```

Conditional inference trees 10

```
##
## Node number 2: 91 observations
     mean=234.3352, MSE=58560.08
##
##
## Node number 3: 109 observations,
                                        complexity param=0.134613
     mean=786.7692, MSE=178421.3
##
     left son=6 (86 obs) right son=7 (23 obs)
##
##
     Primary splits:
##
         Walks < 67
                         to the left,
                                        improve=0.2762627, (0 missing)
##
         AtBat < 426.5
                         to the left,
                                        improve=0.2124849, (0 missing)
##
         RBI
                < 59.5
                         to the left,
                                        improve=0.1941918, (0 missing)
##
                < 124.5
                                        improve=0.1932516, (0 missing)
         Hits
                         to the left,
                                        improve=0.1766360, (0 missing)
##
         CHmRun < 102.5
                         to the left,
##
     Surrogate splits:
##
         Runs
                 < 83.5
                                         agree=0.826, adj=0.174, (0 split)
                           to the left,
##
         CWalks
                 < 687.5
                          to the left,
                                         agree=0.817, adj=0.130, (0 split)
##
                                         agree=0.817, adj=0.130, (0 split)
         PutOuts < 1171
                          to the left,
##
         CAtBat < 1635
                           to the right, agree=0.807, adj=0.087, (0 split)
##
         CHmRun < 273
                          to the left, agree=0.798, adj=0.043, (0 split)
##
## Node number 6: 86 observations
     mean=671.954, MSE=86244.51
##
##
                                       complexity param=0.04665336
## Node number 7: 23 observations,
     mean=1216.078, MSE=289485.1
##
head(predict(tree2_m, newdata = Hitters2[-trRows,]))
## -Andres Galarraga
                           -Buddy Bell
                                              -Bob Brenly
                                                                 -Bob Melvin
##
            234.3352
                              1216.0780
                                                1216.0780
                                                                    234.3352
                           -Chris Bando
## -BillyJo Robidoux
##
            234.3352
                               234.3352
```

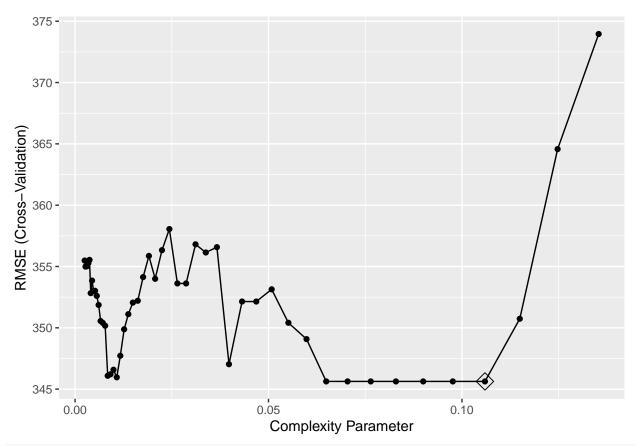
Conditional inference trees

The implementation utilizes a unified framework for conditional inference, or permutation tests. Unlike CART, the stopping criterion is based on p-values. A split is implemented when (1 - p-value) exceeds the value given by mincriterion as specified in ctree_control(). This approach ensures that the right-sized tree is grown without additional pruning or cross-validation, but can stop early. At each step, the splitting variable is selected as the input variable with strongest association to the response (measured by a p-value corresponding to a test for the partial null hypothesis of a single input variable and the response). Such a splitting procedure can avoid a variable selection bias towards predictors with many possible cutpoints.

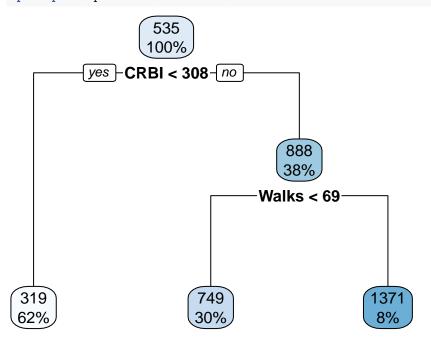


Note that tree5 is a party object. The function predict() can be used for prediction from a fitted party object.

caret



rpart.plot(rpart.fit\$finalModel)



We can also fit a conditional inference tree model. The tuning parameter is mincriterion.

```
method = "ctree",
tuneGrid = data.frame(mincriterion = 1-exp(seq(-6, -2, length = 50))),
trControl = ctrl)
ggplot(ctree.fit, highlight = TRUE)

346

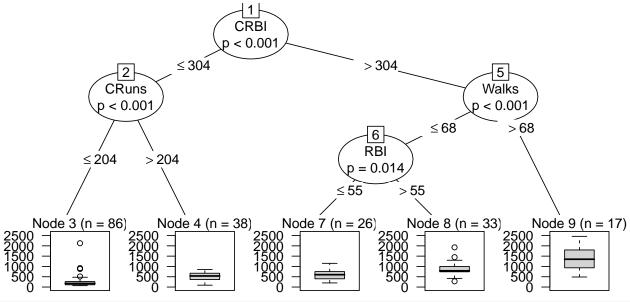
(0344

338-
```

0.95

1.00

plot(ctree.fit\$finalModel)



1 - P-Value Threshold

summary(resamples(list(rpart.fit, ctree.fit)))

```
##
## Call:
## summary.resamples(object = resamples(list(rpart.fit, ctree.fit)))
##
## Models: Model1, Model2
## Number of resamples: 10
##
```

0.90

```
## MAE
##
                              Median
              Min. 1st Qu.
                                         Mean 3rd Qu.
                                                            Max. NA's
## Model1 197.0586 213.6735 253.6719 249.9659 279.2418 319.9003
## Model2 132.8015 211.5980 221.4816 229.0189 260.9666 298.8747
                                                                    0
##
## RMSE
              Min. 1st Qu.
                              Median
                                         Mean 3rd Qu.
## Model1 235.4672 284.1624 331.0820 345.6295 357.909 509.5493
                                                                   0
## Model2 171.9460 274.9534 335.9821 336.7650 373.203 531.4344
##
## Rsquared
##
                  Min.
                         1st Qu.
                                    Median
                                                Mean
                                                        3rd Qu.
## Model1 2.353772e-05 0.3227309 0.4309238 0.4308392 0.6016268 0.7701476
## Model2 8.244983e-02 0.3366112 0.5148029 0.4795865 0.6603520 0.8140052
RMSE(predict(rpart.fit, newdata = Hitters[-trRows,]), Hitters$Salary[-trRows])
## [1] 389.4528
RMSE(predict(ctree.fit, newdata = Hitters[-trRows,]), Hitters$Salary[-trRows])
## [1] 346.8838
```

Classification trees

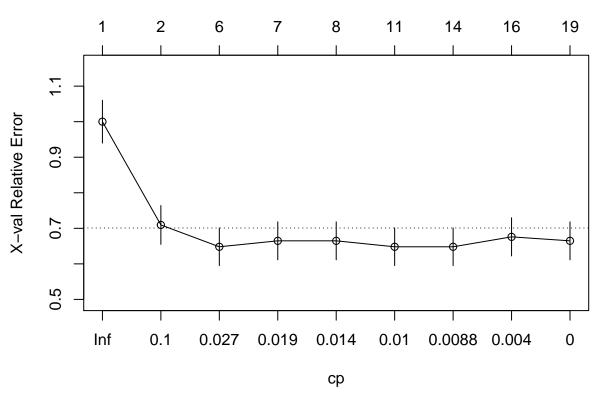
We use the Pima Indians Diabetes Database for illustration. The data contain 768 observations and 9 variables. The outcome is a binary variable diabetes.

rpart

rpart 15

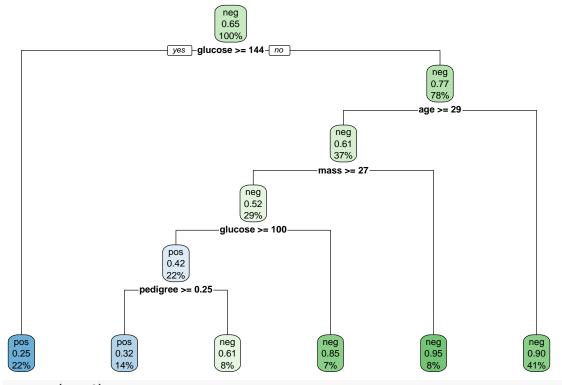
```
## Root node error: 179/513 = 0.34893
##
## n= 513
##
##
            CP nsplit rel error xerror
## 1 0.3184358
                    0
                        1.00000 1.00000 0.060310
## 2 0.0335196
                    1
                        0.68156 0.70950 0.054611
## 3 0.0223464
                        0.53073 0.64804 0.052931
                    5
## 4 0.0167598
                    6
                        0.50838 0.66480 0.053408
## 5 0.0111732
                    7
                        0.49162 0.66480 0.053408
## 6 0.0093110
                   10
                        0.45810 0.64804 0.052931
## 7 0.0083799
                   13
                        0.43017 0.64804 0.052931
## 8 0.0018622
                   15
                         0.41341 0.67598 0.053719
## 9 0.0000000
                   18
                        0.40782 0.66480 0.053408
plotcp(tree1)
```

size of tree



```
# minimum cross-validation error; may also use the 1SE rule
minErr <- which.min(cpTable[,4])
tree2 <- prune(tree1, cp = cpTable[minErr,1])
rpart.plot(tree2)</pre>
```

rpart 16



summary(tree2)

```
## Call:
## rpart(formula = diabetes ~ ., data = dat, subset = rowTrain,
##
       control = rpart.control(cp = 0))
##
     n = 513
##
             CP nsplit rel error
                                    xerror
                                                  xstd
                     0 1.0000000 1.0000000 0.06030982
## 1 0.31843575
## 2 0.03351955
                     1 0.6815642 0.7094972 0.05461146
## 3 0.02234637
                     5 0.5307263 0.6480447 0.05293130
##
## Variable importance
##
   glucose
                                       insulin pedigree pressure triceps
                 age
                         mass pregnant
##
         49
                  15
                                     8
                           10
                                               5
                                                        5
##
## Node number 1: 513 observations,
                                       complexity param=0.3184358
##
     predicted class=neg expected loss=0.3489279 P(node) =1
##
       class counts:
                       179
                             334
##
      probabilities: 0.349 0.651
##
     left son=2 (113 obs) right son=3 (400 obs)
##
     Primary splits:
##
         glucose < 143.5 to the right, improve=47.13993, (0 missing)
##
                  < 28.5
                           to the right, improve=25.25772, (0 missing)
         age
##
                  < 26.45 to the right, improve=24.97639, (0 missing)
##
                           to the right, improve=18.37466, (0 missing)
         pregnant < 6.5
##
         pedigree < 0.7305 to the right, improve=10.54990, (0 missing)
##
     Surrogate splits:
##
         insulin < 281
                           to the right, agree=0.793, adj=0.062, (0 split)
         pedigree < 1.756 to the right, agree=0.788, adj=0.035, (0 split)
##
```

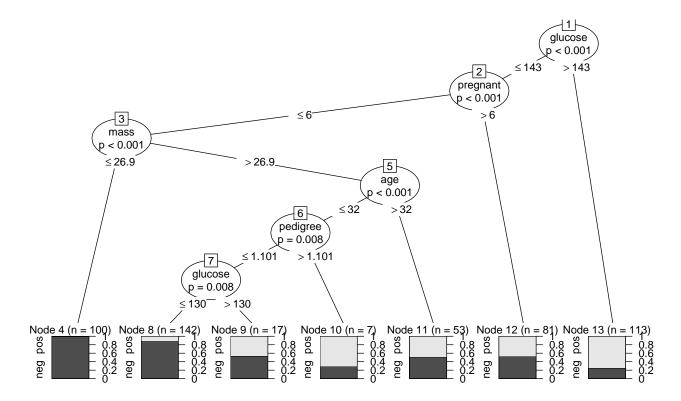
rpart 17

```
##
                           to the right, agree=0.784, adj=0.018, (0 split)
         pressure < 109
##
         triceps < 53
                           to the right, agree=0.784, adj=0.018, (0 split)
                  < 47.55 to the right, agree=0.782, adj=0.009, (0 split)
##
##
## Node number 2: 113 observations
##
     predicted class=pos expected loss=0.2477876 P(node) =0.2202729
##
       class counts:
                        85
##
      probabilities: 0.752 0.248
##
## Node number 3: 400 observations,
                                       complexity param=0.03351955
##
     predicted class=neg expected loss=0.235 P(node) =0.7797271
                             306
##
       class counts:
                        94
##
      probabilities: 0.235 0.765
##
     left son=6 (188 obs) right son=7 (212 obs)
##
     Primary splits:
##
                  < 28.5
                           to the right, improve=16.671870, (0 missing)
         age
##
                  < 26.95 to the right, improve=14.292070, (0 missing)
         mass
##
         pregnant < 6.5
                           to the right, improve=12.341070, (0 missing)
##
         glucose < 101.5 to the right, improve=11.532000, (0 missing)
##
         pedigree < 0.731 to the right, improve= 7.224033, (0 missing)
##
     Surrogate splits:
                           to the right, agree=0.802, adj=0.580, (0 split)
##
         pregnant < 3.5
##
         pressure < 71
                           to the right, agree=0.662, adj=0.282, (0 split)
##
         insulin < 8
                           to the left, agree=0.625, adj=0.202, (0 split)
##
         triceps < 7.5
                           to the left, agree=0.623, adj=0.197, (0 split)
##
         glucose < 113.5 to the right, agree=0.615, adj=0.181, (0 split)
##
##
  Node number 6: 188 observations,
                                       complexity param=0.03351955
     predicted class=neg expected loss=0.3882979 P(node) =0.3664717
##
##
                        73
                             115
       class counts:
     probabilities: 0.388 0.612
##
##
     left son=12 (148 obs) right son=13 (40 obs)
##
     Primary splits:
##
                  < 26.95 to the right, improve=11.630130, (0 missing)
         mass
##
         glucose < 99.5
                           to the right, improve= 9.960993, (0 missing)
                           to the right, improve= 4.907038, (0 missing)
##
         insulin < 128
##
                           to the left, improve= 4.407857, (0 missing)
##
         pedigree < 1.105 to the right, improve= 4.053126, (0 missing)
##
     Surrogate splits:
##
                 < 66.5
                          to the left, agree=0.809, adj=0.100, (0 split)
                          to the right, agree=0.793, adj=0.025, (0 split)
##
         glucose < 59
##
##
  Node number 7: 212 observations
     predicted class=neg expected loss=0.0990566 P(node) =0.4132554
##
##
       class counts:
                        21
                           191
##
      probabilities: 0.099 0.901
##
## Node number 12: 148 observations,
                                        complexity param=0.03351955
##
     predicted class=neg expected loss=0.4797297 P(node) =0.288499
##
       class counts:
                        71
##
      probabilities: 0.480 0.520
##
     left son=24 (114 obs) right son=25 (34 obs)
##
     Primary splits:
##
                         to the right, improve=9.770019, (0 missing)
         glucose < 99.5
```

ctree 18

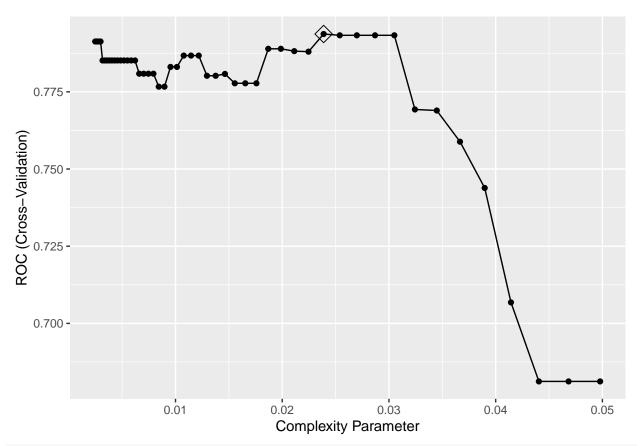
```
##
         pedigree < 0.528 to the right, improve=5.757891, (0 missing)
##
                          to the right, improve=2.993970, (0 missing)
         insulin < 128
##
                 < 56.5 to the left, improve=2.604198, (0 missing)
##
                          to the right, improve=1.545045, (0 missing)
         pregnant < 6.5
##
## Node number 13: 40 observations
     predicted class=neg expected loss=0.05 P(node) =0.07797271
##
                       2
##
       class counts:
                             38
##
      probabilities: 0.050 0.950
##
## Node number 24: 114 observations,
                                      complexity param=0.03351955
     predicted class=pos expected loss=0.4210526 P(node) =0.2222222
##
##
      class counts:
                     66
                             48
##
     probabilities: 0.579 0.421
##
     left son=48 (73 obs) right son=49 (41 obs)
##
     Primary splits:
##
        pedigree < 0.253 to the right, improve=4.559903, (0 missing)
##
                 < 56.5 to the left, improve=2.836624, (0 missing)
##
                          to the left, improve=2.390223, (0 missing)
        pressure < 67
        glucose < 107.5 to the right, improve=1.601170, (0 missing)
##
##
         insulin < 123.5 to the right, improve=1.478613, (0 missing)
##
     Surrogate splits:
        glucose < 135.5 to the left, agree=0.702, adj=0.171, (0 split)
##
                          to the left, agree=0.667, adj=0.073, (0 split)
        pressure < 99
##
##
                 < 58
                          to the left, agree=0.658, adj=0.049, (0 split)
## Node number 25: 34 observations
    predicted class=neg expected loss=0.1470588 P(node) =0.0662768
##
##
                             29
       class counts:
                       5
##
      probabilities: 0.147 0.853
##
## Node number 48: 73 observations
##
     predicted class=pos expected loss=0.3150685 P(node) =0.1423002
##
      class counts: 50
                             23
##
      probabilities: 0.685 0.315
##
## Node number 49: 41 observations
##
    predicted class=neg expected loss=0.3902439 P(node) =0.07992203
##
      class counts:
                       16
                             25
##
     probabilities: 0.390 0.610
ctree
tree2 <- ctree(formula = diabetes ~ . ,</pre>
              data = dat.
               subset = rowTrain)
```

plot(tree2)

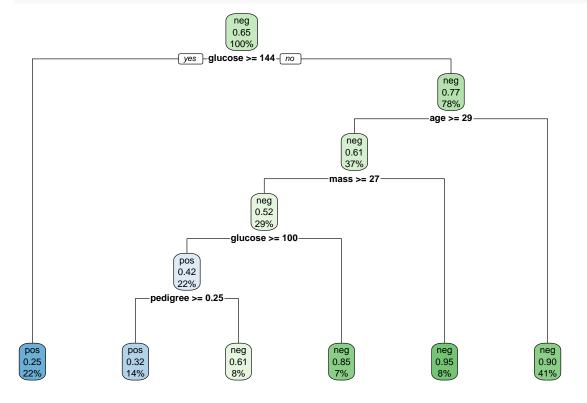


caret

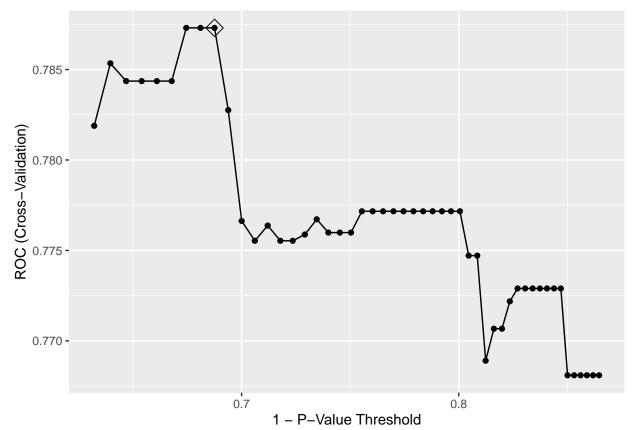
CART



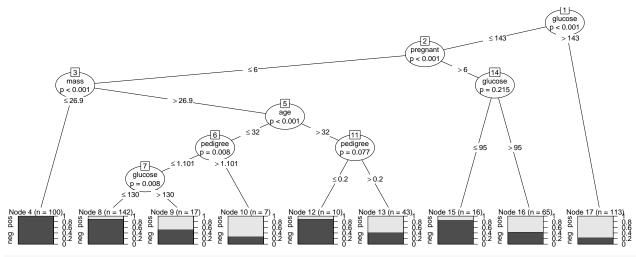
rpart.plot(rpart.fit\$finalModel)



CIT



plot(ctree.fit\$finalModel)



summary(resamples(list(rpart.fit, ctree.fit)))

Setting direction: controls > cases

roc.ctree <- roc(dat\$diabetes[-rowTrain], ctree.pred)</pre>

```
##
## Call:
## summary.resamples(object = resamples(list(rpart.fit, ctree.fit)))
##
## Models: Model1, Model2
## Number of resamples: 10
##
## ROC
##
               Min.
                       1st Qu.
                                  Median
                                               Mean
                                                      3rd Qu.
## Model1 0.6784512 0.7396886 0.7852421 0.7937263 0.8472037 0.9011438
  Model2 0.7045455 0.7417929 0.8063478 0.7873018 0.8164983 0.8685121
##
## Sens
##
               Min.
                       1st Qu.
                                  Median
                                               Mean
                                                      3rd Qu.
## Model1 0.6111111 0.6805556 0.7222222 0.7490196 0.8120915 0.9444444
                                                                            0
## Model2 0.5000000 0.5833333 0.6944444 0.6767974 0.7638889 0.8235294
##
## Spec
                                                                    Max. NA's
##
                       1st Qu.
                                  Median
                                                      3rd Qu.
               Min.
                                               Mean
## Model1 0.6363636 0.7112299 0.8333333 0.7869875 0.8518271 0.8823529
                                                                            0
## Model2 0.6666667 0.7352941 0.7575758 0.7604278 0.7941176 0.8484848
                                                                            0
rpart.pred <- predict(tree1, newdata = dat[-rowTrain,])[,1]</pre>
rpart.pred2 <- predict(rpart.fit, newdata = dat[-rowTrain,],</pre>
                        type = "prob")[,1]
ctree.pred <- predict(ctree.fit, newdata = dat[-rowTrain,],</pre>
                        type = "prob")[,1]
roc.rpart <- roc(dat$diabetes[-rowTrain], rpart.pred2)</pre>
## Setting levels: control = pos, case = neg
```

