



INFS1200/7900 Assignment 1

Due: 1 September, 2023 @ 04:00 PM

Version: 1.0

Weighting: 25%

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1. Overview

The purpose of this assignment is to test your ability to use conceptual modelling, such as ER and EER diagrams, and the relational model, to capture important aspects of a system which need to be stored in a database. The assignment comprises two sections:

- **Section 1** of this assignment will test your knowledge on conceptual modelling via the Entity Relationship (ER) model and ability to apply it to capture important aspects of a system which need to be stored in a database.
- **Section 2** of this assignment tests your knowledge on the relational model and your ability to map an ER model to a relational schema.

This assignment must be completed individually.

2. Submission

All submissions must be made through an electronic marking tool called **Gradescope**, which will also be used for marking and providing feedback. You **must** record all your answers in the spaces provided in this document and upload it to Gradescope. Altering the format or layout of this document in anyway will attract penalties. You may however add landscape images in the submission boxes without changing the orientation of the page. All submissions must have the name and ID boxes filled out in order to be identified.

3. Marking

Assignment 1 is worth 25% of your final course mark.

4. Plagiarism

The University has strict policies regarding plagiarism. Penalties for engaging in unacceptable behaviour can range from cash fines or loss of grades in a course, through to expulsion from UQ. You are required to read and understand the policies on academic integrity and plagiarism in the course profile (Section 6.1). If you have any questions regarding acceptable level of collaboration with your peers, please see either the lecturer or your tutor for guidance. Remember that ignorance is not a defence!

In particular, you are permitted to use generative AI tools to help you complete this assessment task. However, if you do, please provide complete copies of your interactions with the AI tool in the space provided at the end of your submission. Please note that if you use generative AI but fail to acknowledge this by attaching your interaction to the end of the assignment, it will be considered misconduct as you are claiming credit for work that is not your own.

5. Task

This assignment contains two sections:

Section 1 focuses on Conceptual Modelling and has 3 parts, each containing a brief UoD that provides contextual information regarding a system or organisation. Please note that all UoDs included in this assignment are fictional. If the UoD is unclear regarding specific aspects of the brief you may note assumptions on your ER diagram. However, please beware that your assumptions must not conflict with or violate any aspects of the UoD.

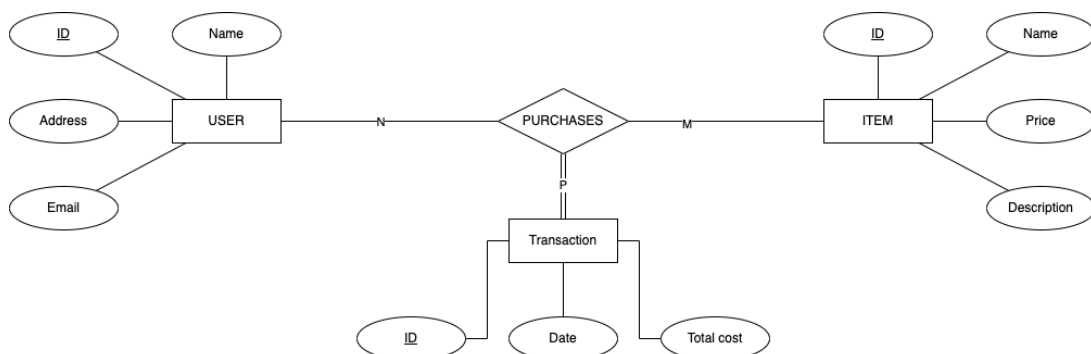
Section 2 focuses on the Relational Model, and has two parts. The first contains a relational model schema along with other contextual information. Based on this information, you will need to analyse different database operations. For each, identify which, if any, integrity constraint(s) would be violated by these operations and how they violate said integrity constraint. An example has been provided below. The second part provides you with an ER diagram, and your task is to perform relational mapping and state only the final relational schema for the ER diagram, including any foreign keys which were created during the process.

Section 1 – Conceptual Modelling

(12 Marks)

1.1 This question contains a brief UoD that provides contextual information regarding a system or organisation. You will need to create an Entity Relational (ER) diagram, or Extended Entity Relational (EER) diagram based on the UoD. If the UoD is unclear regarding specific aspects of the brief you may note assumptions on your ER diagram. However, please beware that your assumptions must not conflict with or violate any aspects of the UoD.

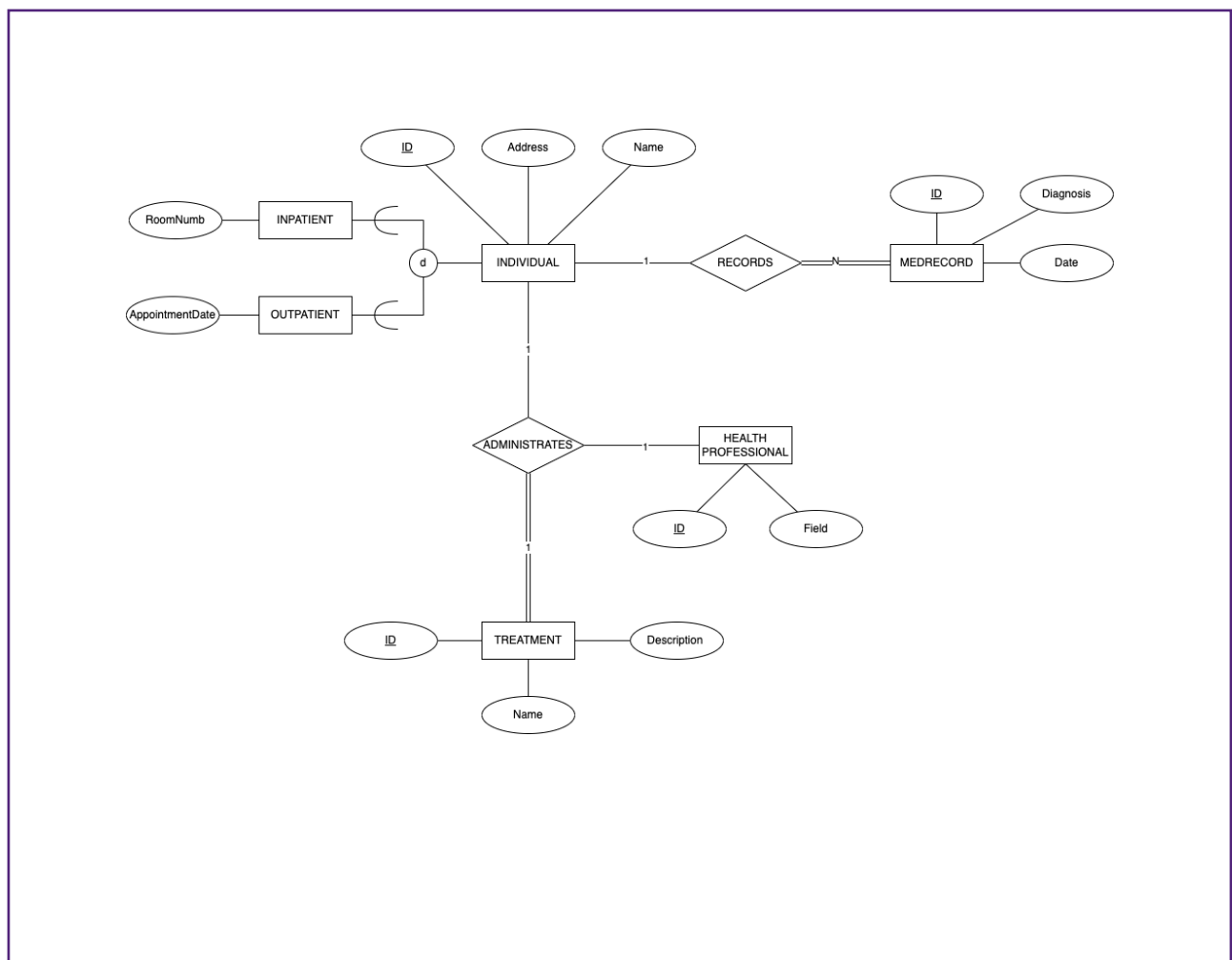
On a large online retail platform, different users can log in using their unique identifiers and shop for various items. Each of these items comes with a unique identification code, name, price, and detailed description. Users, apart from their unique identifiers, also provide their name, email, and shipping address. These users can make multiple purchases on different dates, with each transaction assigned an identification code unique to the user, along with recording the date of the transaction and the total cost. Each transaction can consist of one or more items, and the same item could be part of various transactions made by the same or different users.



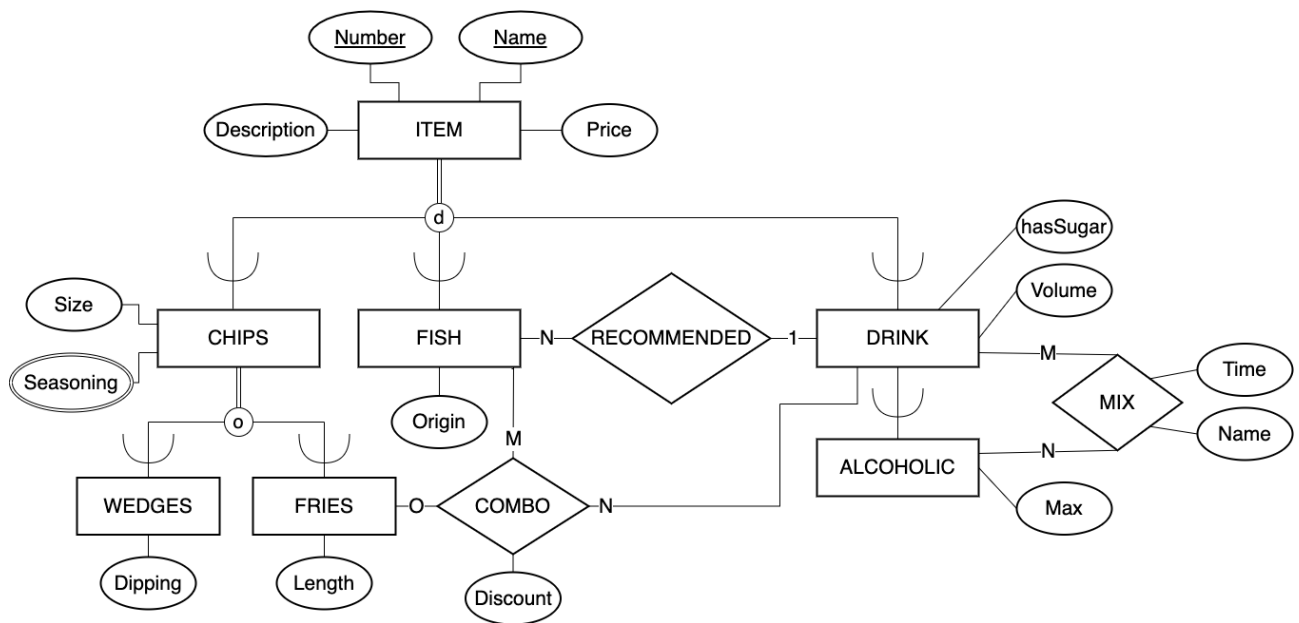
1.2. This question contains a brief UoD that provides contextual information regarding a system or organisation. You will need to create an Entity Relational (ER) diagram, or Extended Entity Relational (EER) diagram based on the UoD. If the UoD is unclear regarding specific aspects of the brief you may note assumptions on your ER diagram. However, please beware that your assumptions must not conflict with or violate any aspects of the UoD.

In a busy medical facility, individuals are treated and identified by a unique code, and their names and home addresses are kept on record. There are two types of individuals, one who stays in the facility and is assigned a room number (Inpatient), and the other who visits the facility and is given a date for their next appointment (Outpatient). Additionally, the medical facility keeps medical records for all patients. Each record is associated with a unique number, the date it was created, and a diagnosis.

The medical facility also maintains a detailed catalog of health professionals, each with their unique identifiers and specialty fields. These professionals are involved in the administration of various treatments, each of which is given a unique code, a name, and a detailed description. A treatment can be administered by a health professional to an individual at a given date and time.



1.3. Consider the entity relationship diagram below for a new Fish and Chips store in the St Lucia campus at UQ.



Evaluate the following statements and provide your opinion on whether each statement is correct or incorrect. Please include a brief justification for each of your responses.

Example: Each item on the menu has a unique number but item names are not unique

The statement is incorrect. All items on the menu are distinguished by a unique name and number, as indicated by the underlined text in the ovals representing the attributes "Number" and "Name." This underlining serves as evidence of their uniqueness.

1.3.a. Chips are offered in multiple sizes and can have multiple seasonings.

This statement is incorrect. Chips are offered in only one size, as indicated by one-line-oval.

1.3.b. The system stores a recommended fish to go along with some drink items.

This statement is incorrect. The system stores a recommended fish to go along with only one drink item.

1.3.c. Alcoholic drink can only be mixed with a non-alcoholic drink.

This statement is incorrect. Alcoholic drink can be mixed to all drink because of M-N relationship.

1.3.d. The combo deal includes a fish, a drink and chips.

This statement is incorrect. The combo deal includes fishes, drinks and chips. Because of the M-N-O relationship, the diagram does not imply that there is only one fish and one drink.

1.3.e. Discounts can be given on combos that only have a drink and a fish.

This statement is incorrect. Discounts are available on combos that include fries, fish, and drinks.

1.3.f. Discounts are captured as a negative number representing amount to be saved

This statement is correct. The diagram does not give any information related to discount so we can make our own assumption.

Section 2 – The relational data model

(13 Marks)

2.1. Data analytics projects need to consider the integrity or the correctness of the data that they are provided. Errors may be introduced in case integrity constraints are not implemented in the databases their data is sourced from. The question below provides contextual information, relational schema and instance data provided for an example related to Olympic games. For each part of the question, determine whether executing the provided query would trigger an integrity constraint violation. **Note: Do not take into consideration changes which may have been made by operations in earlier questions.**

Contextual Information:

Our database represents a subset of data related to the Olympic Games. It captures essential details about countries, sports, athletes, events, and the medals won in these events.

1. **Countries** table lists all the participating countries in the Olympic games. Each country has a unique identifier (CountryID), a name (CountryName), and is associated with a specific geographical region (Region).
2. **Sports** table contains information about various sports played in the Olympics. Each sport has a unique identifier (SportID) and a name (SportName).
3. **Athletes** table records all athletes participating in the games. Each athlete is uniquely identified by an AthleteID, and they also have a name (AthleteName). They are associated with a specific country, represented by the CountryID, which links to the Countries table. An athlete can only compete in one sport.
4. **Events** table represents the events held in different sports. Each event is uniquely identified by an EventID and is associated with a specific sport, represented by the SportID, which refers to the Sports table.
5. **Medals** table archives the allocation of medals. Each entry, denoting a medal, is uniquely associated with a particular athlete (AthleteID) and a specific event (EventID), and it documents the category of the medal (MedalType - Gold, Silver, or Bronze) won by the athlete. The AthleteID references the Athletes table, and the EventID refers to the Events table.

Relational Schema:

Countries [CountryID, CountryName, Region]

Sports [SportID, SportName]

Athletes [AthleteID, AthleteName, CountryID]

Events [EventID, SportID]

Medals [AthleteID, EventID, MedalType]

Foreign Keys:

Athletes.CountryID references Countries.CountriesID

Events.SportID references Sports.SportID

Medals.AthleteID references Athletes.AthleteID

Medals.EventID references Events.EventID

Instance Data (clean data examples):

Countries			Sports		Atheletes		
CountryID	CountryName	Region	SportID	SportName	AthleteID	AthleteName	CountryID
1	United States	Americas	1	Swimming	1	John Doe	1
2	China	Asia	2	Gymnastics	2	Jane Smith	1
3	Russia	Europe	3	Track & Field	3	Li Wei	2
4	Australia	Oceania	4	Basketball	4	Olga Petrova	3
5	Kenya	Africa	5	Boxing	5	Michael Johnson	4

Events		Medals		
EventID	SportID	AthleteID	EventID	MedalType
1	1	1	1	Gold
2	2	2	2	Silver
3	3	3	3	Bronze
4	4	4	4	Gold
5	5	5	5	Bronze

Describe what happens if you attempt the given DB modifications:

- Write “success” if there is no integrity constraint violation.
- Otherwise, state which constraint will be violated with reference to the attributes, for example “A foreign key constraint will be violated because XYZ is not a primary key in table T.”

Example: Insert (1, 'Liam Johnson', 1) into Athletes.

A Key Constraint violation would occur as AthleteID '1' already exists in the Athletes table.

2.1.a. Insert (1, 1, 'Platinum') into Medals.

A Key Constaint violation would occur as AthleteID '1' and EventID '1' already exist in Medals table.

2.1.b. Delete (2, China, Asia) from Countries.

A Referential Integrity Constaint violation would occur as CountryID of Athletes table references CountryID of Countries table.

2.1.c. Update (3, 3, Bronze) in Medals to (2, 3, Bronze)

A Semantic Integrity violation would occur as Athlele '2' has medals in both Event '2' and '3'. This means that Athlete '2' competes in two sports (SportID '2' - Gymnastics and SportID '3' - Track & Field). However, an athlete can only compete in one sport.

2.1.d. Update (3, 3, Bronze) in Medals to (3, 2, Bronze)

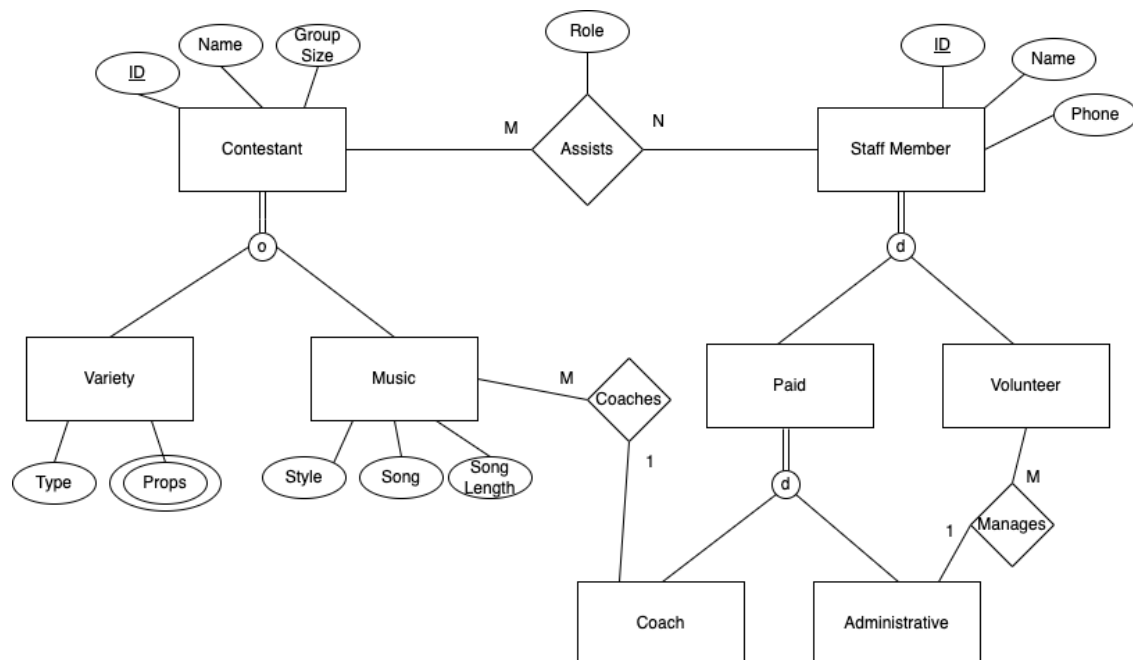
Success

2.1.e. Update (5, 5, Bronze) in Medals to (5, Null, Bronze)

An Entity Integrity violation would occur as EvenID, a part of key of Medals table, has NULL value.

2.2. The description and ER diagram below capture information about *UQ's new Got Talent* show, which is being launched in 2023 to bring some fun and competition to campus. Convert the given ER to a relational schema including any foreign keys which were created in the process.

Contestants are assigned an ID to go with their name & group size when they register to the competition. Their acts are classified as either Variety, Music, or both. Variety acts record the specific type of act, as well as any props required, while the music acts record the style, song, and song length for scheduling purposes. *UQ's Got Talent* staff have an ID, name and phone number recorded in the system. As this is a large event, there will be both paid and volunteer staff. Each act will have staff assigned to assist them with the process in several different roles. Paid staff will be responsible for managing the event and volunteers, or they will be specialist performers engaged as coaches for the musical acts. Each volunteer staff member will have one member of administrative staff assigned to be their manager. Each musical contestant will have a single coach assigned to them



Relations:

Contestant[cID, Name, GroupSize]
Variety[cID, Type]
Music[cID, Style, Song, SongLength, sID]
StaffMember[sID, Name, Phone]
Paid[sID]
Volunteer[sID-1, sID-2]
Coach[sID]
Administrative[sID]
Assists[cID, sID, Role]
VarietyProps[cID, Props]

Foreign Keys:

Variety.cID references Contestant.cID
Music.cID references Contestant.cID
Paid.sID references StaffMember.sID
Volunteer.sID-1 references StaffMember.sID
Coach.sID references Paid.sID
Administrative.sID references Paid.sID
Assists.cID references Contestant.cID
Assists.sID references StaffMember.sID
Music.sID references Coach.sID
Volunteer.sID-2 references Administrative.sID
VarietyProps.cID references Variety.cID

Please use this page for recording any generative AI interactions used to complete this assessment task.